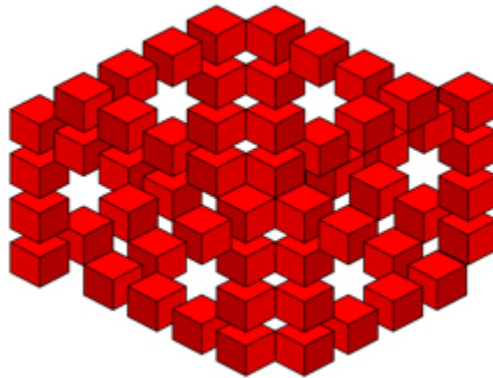


Paradoxes to Paradigms

Principles and Practice of Connectivity



Dr Shoumen Palit Austin Datta

Research Affiliate, Department of Mechanical Engineering, Massachusetts Institute of Technology • shoumen@mit.edu

MIT Auto-ID Labs • <http://autoid.mit.edu/people-2>

IoT Digital-by-Design Metaphor



A Connected Sense of the Future

This is an extremely incomplete & biased collection of IoT thoughts.

- [0] Introduction / Context
- [1] Evolution / Historical
- [2] Examples (IT+OT+TELCO)
 - Transport
 - Digital Twins
 - AI & Analytics
- [3] Monetization

<http://bit.ly/MIT-IOT>



[0] Introduction / Context

Can my mobile phone in Boston move a taxi in Beijing ?

A 2 B

Apple invests \$1 billion Didi Chuxing



travis kalanick 

@travisk

 Follow

girlfriend owns @apple shares which makes her a didi investor...

#Smh #ridesharewars #domesticissues #thanksALotTim

3:10 AM - 13 May 2016

A 2 B

Atoms to Bits

My mobile phone in Boston can move a taxi in Beijing

Cannot transform design vision from the drawing board to customer reality without convergence of IT, OT and telecommunications (telco)

Atoms to Bits

IoT Digital-by-Design Metaphor

IT

OT

TELCO

→ **Converge**

Complement

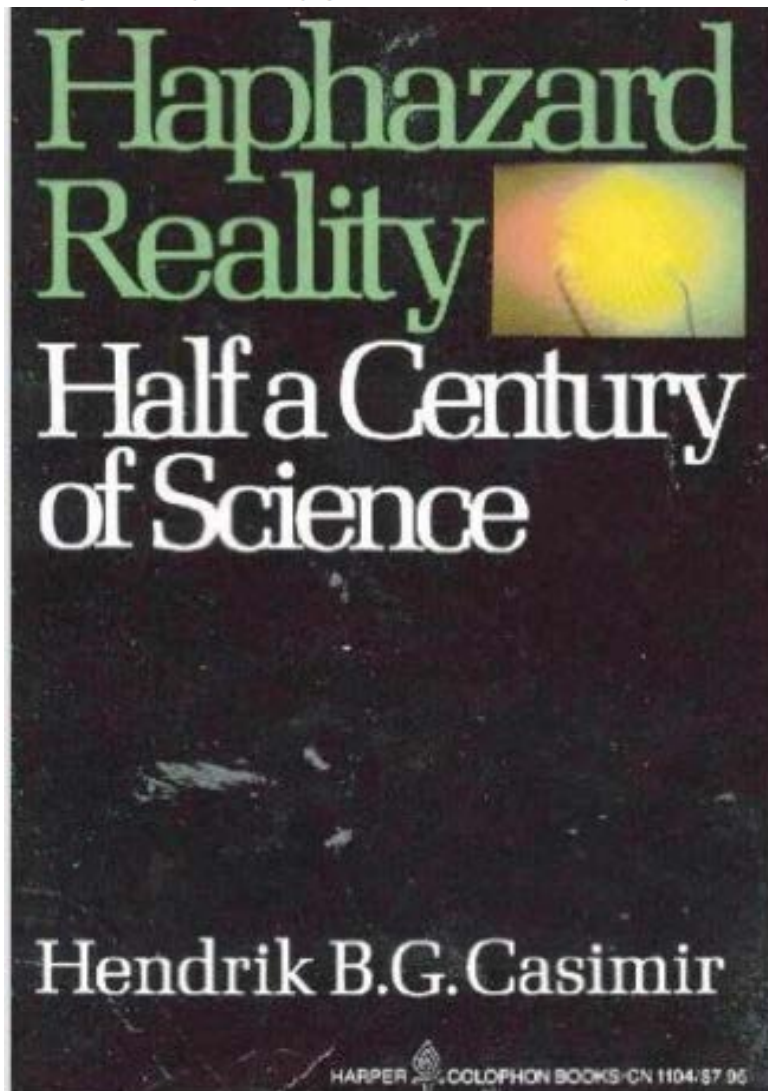
Community

Connect

Curate

Clone

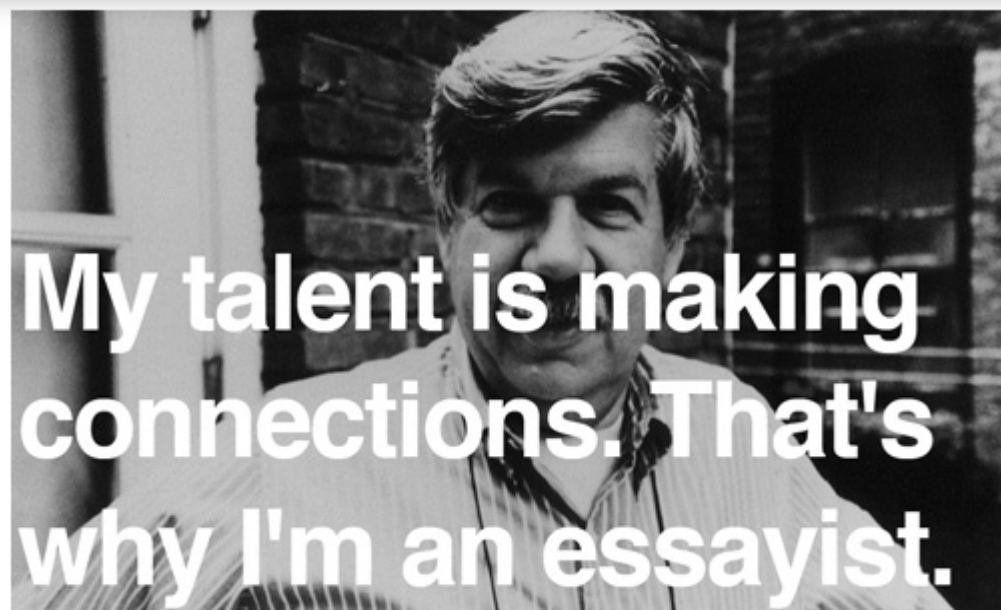
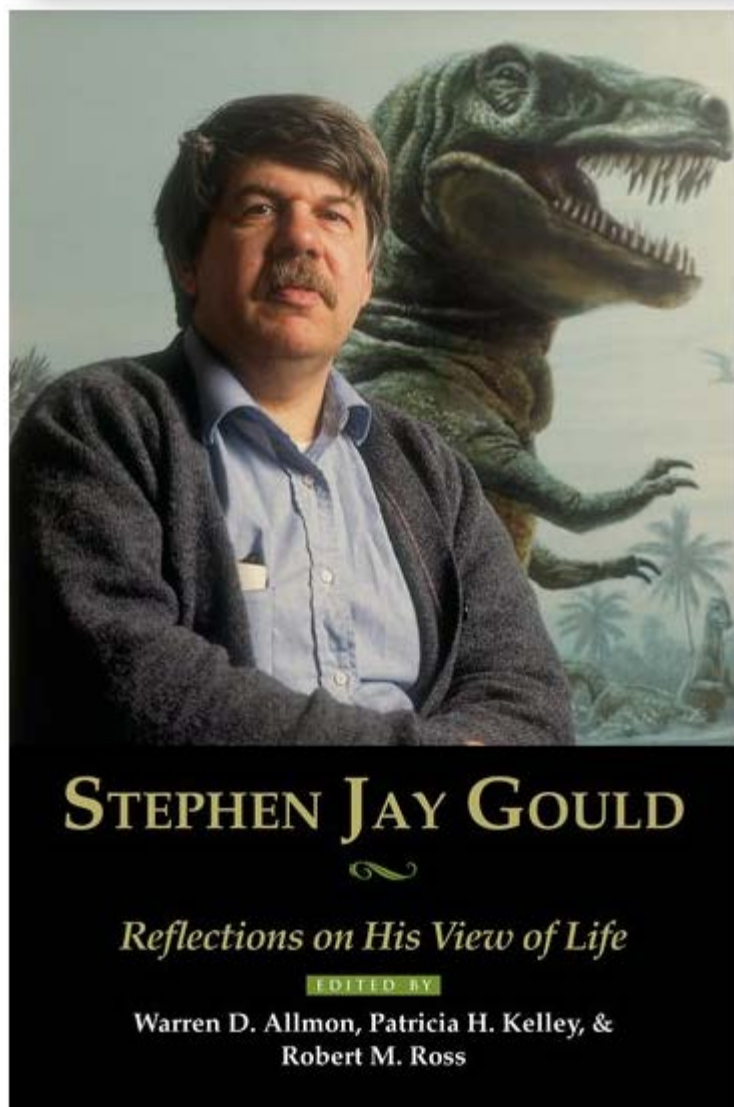
Casimir, himself a famous physicist, studied and worked with three great physicists of the twentieth century: Niels Bohr, Wolfgang Pauli and Paul Ehrenfest. In his autobiography, the brilliant theoretician lets the reader witness the revolution that led to quantum physics, whose influence on modern society turned out to be many times larger than the first atomic physicists could have imagined. Through his involvement in the technical-scientific and the business aspects of physics, through management positions at Philips Research Laboratory and as a member of the Board of Directors of Philips, Professor Casimir is the ideal person to place half a century of developments in physics within the context of important events in the world.



Hendrik "Henk" Brugt Gerhard Casimir
Born 15 July 1909 • Died 4 May 2000

Progress is not always a shrink-wrapped point solution!

BEFORE CONNECTIVITY ... FIRST CONNECT THE DOTS ...



If genius has any common denominator, I would propose breadth of interest and the ability to construct fruitful analogies between fields.

in Darwin's Middle Road

SYNTHESIZE ?



Edward Osborne Wilson

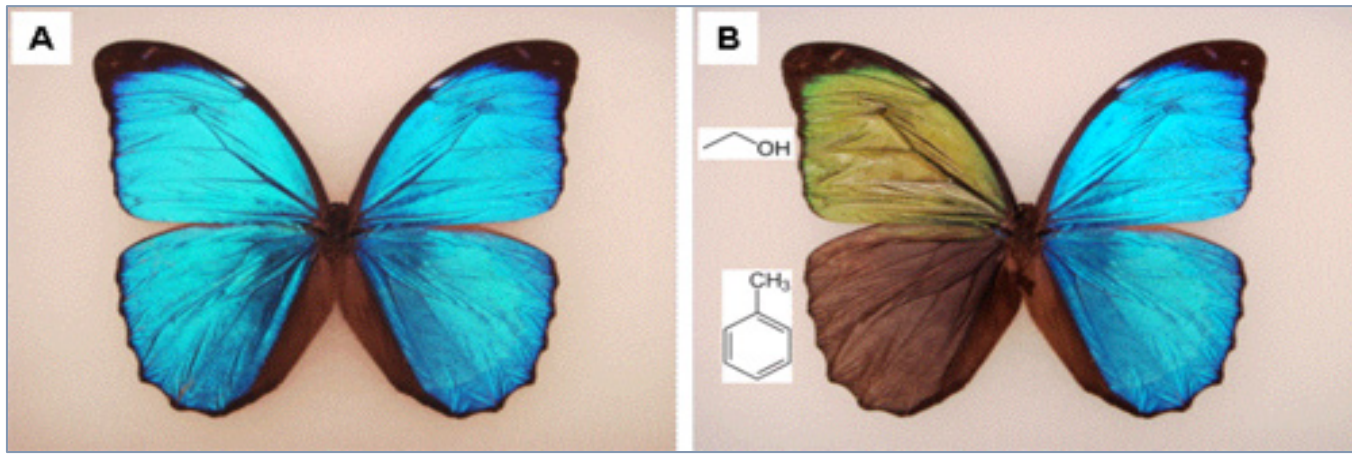
We are drowning in information, while starving for wisdom. The world henceforth will be run by synthesizers, people able to put together the right information at the right time, think critically about it, and make important choices, wisely.



May 2014
Harvard

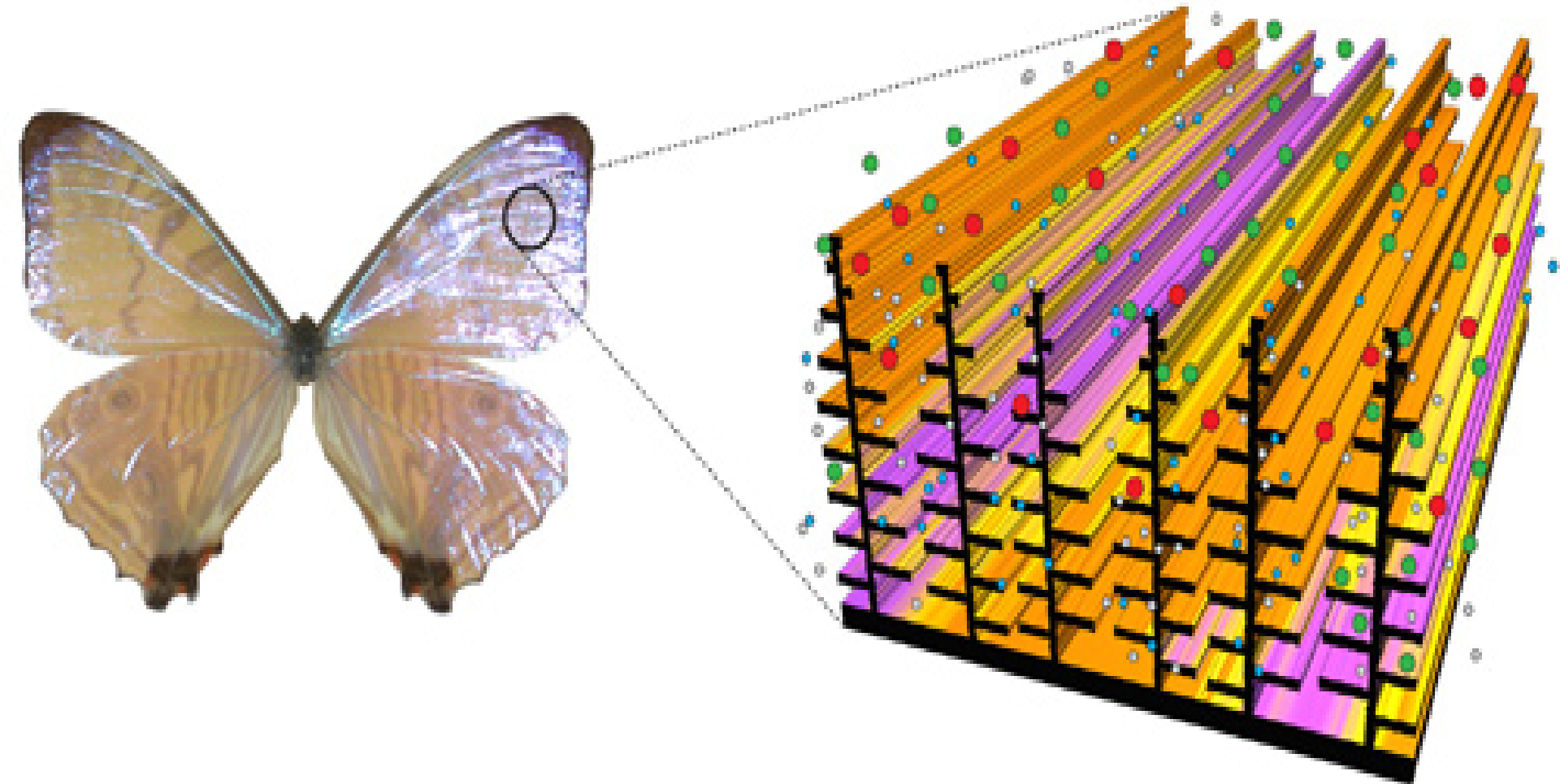
Emergence of IoS Preventive Medicine Era • Wearable Diagnostic Devices with High Performance Ultra-Sensitive Nano-Sensors

Swiss engineer George de Mestro invented Velcro after his dog came home covered with thistle burrs, Speedo learned from sharkskin to make faster swimsuits, and chemical companies designed self-cleaning paint after studying lotus leaves.



GE scientists have observed that *Morpho* wings change their color when they come into contact with heat, gases and chemicals. The normal iridescent blue color of butterfly wings (A) changes when exposed to ethanol (panel B top) or toluene (panel B bottom). Radislav Potyrailo's team at GE wants to use their findings to develop fast, ultra-sensitive thermal and chemical imaging sensors for applications in night vision goggles, super-sensitive surveillance cameras, handheld or wearable medical diagnostic devices. www.gereports.com/post/80985289914/like-a-butterfly-out-of-hell-the-next-wave-of

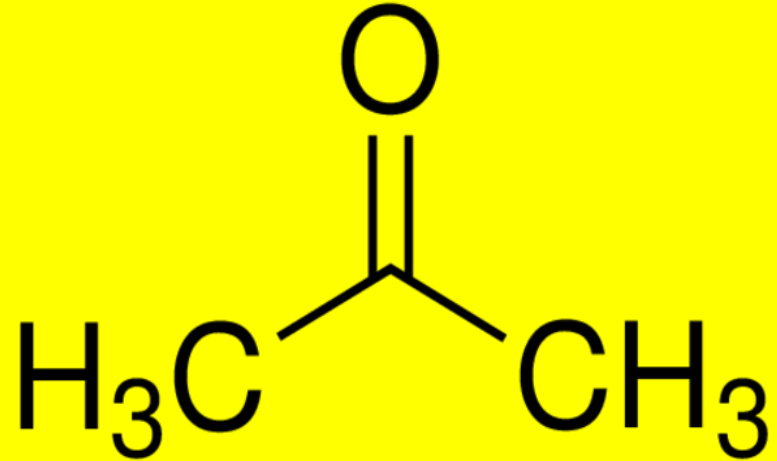
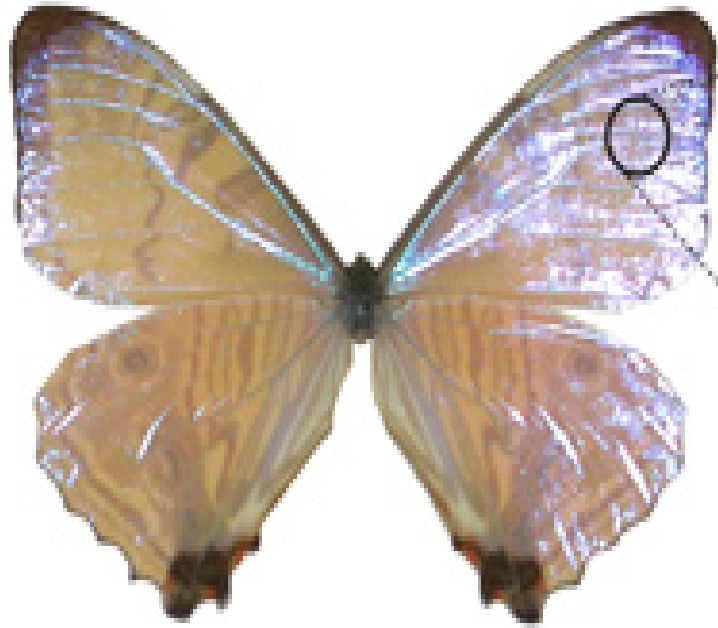
Changes to be ushered in by the connectivity potential from the IoT will shape the global economy in ways which could be limited only by our imagination



Scientists at GE Global Research discovered that the nanostructures on the wing scales of Morpho butterflies have excellent sensing capabilities. They could allow them to build sensors that can detect heat and also as many as 1,000 different chemicals. Image: GE Global Research

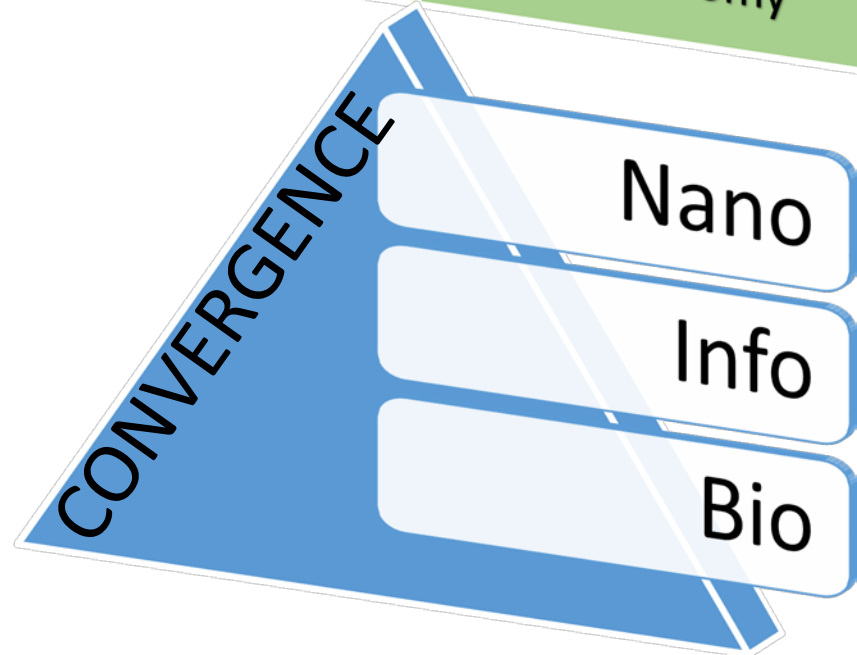
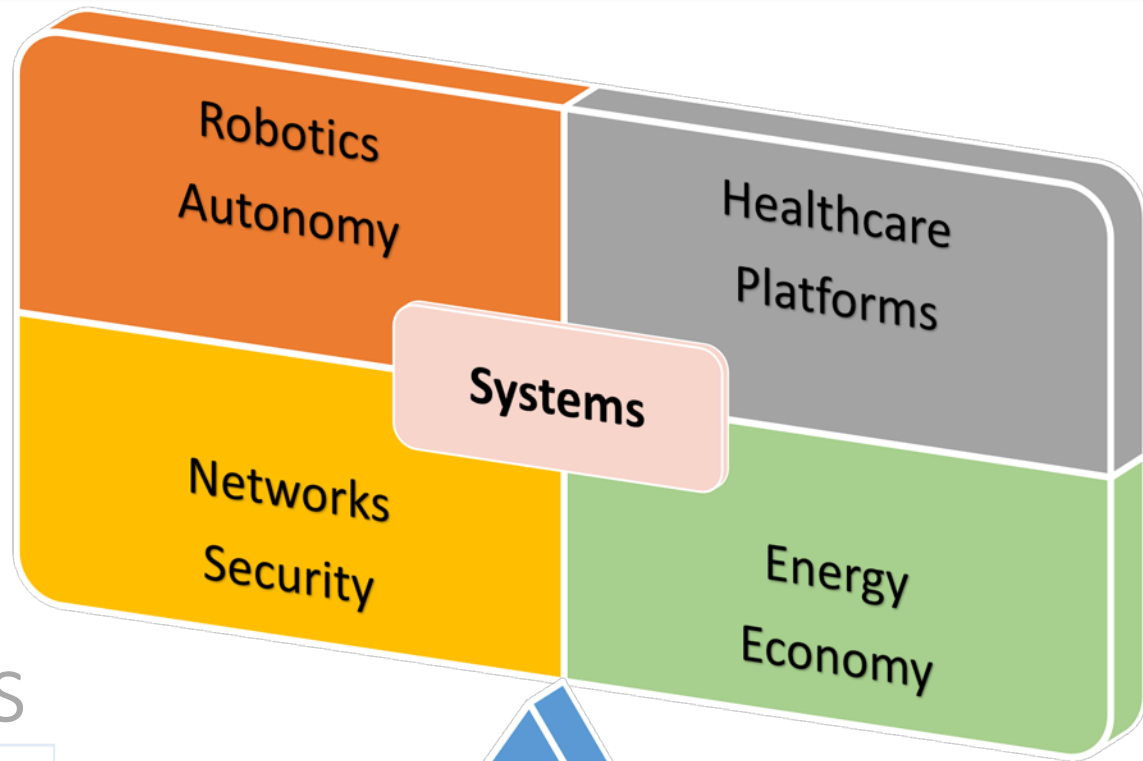
Can Butterflies Help Prevent Diabetes?

This is only a suggestion by the author and not a fact or system which is under investigation or is available at present.



Dual Acetone Sensors on a single chip may differentiate between acetone in the environment vs acetone in the blood, breath or urine of diabetics. Subtractive analysis alerts to blood ketones. Occurs when body uses fat instead of glucose. It signals insulin dysfunction. If undiagnosed, it may lead to diabetic ketoacidosis (DKA) which may result in diabetic coma and may be fatal. The acetone (ketone bodies) sensors may be able to detect trace levels (nano milli moles eq) and may help preventive care to stem the clinical onset of type II diabetes mellitus (glucose >120 mg/dl).

CONVERGENCE – WHY THE BIG PICTURE IS ESSENTIAL



Lippenbekenntnis



John Chambers 
Executive Chairman

Reflecting on the Edison Awards: Why It's Important to Dream Big

Apr 28, 2016

On Thursday I attended a gala in New York where I had the tremendous honor of receiving the Edison Achievement Award, which celebrates leaders who have made significant contributions to innovation and whose efforts in the space are positively impacting the world. It was humbling to be mentioned in the same breath as Thomas Edison – the epitome of ingenuity – and past award winners like Elon Musk and Steve Jobs. I was so proud to accept this award both personally and on behalf of my Cisco family – we truly made it happen together.

- Bohr's principle of complementarity is the cornerstone of quantum mechanics.
- Complementarity is fundamental to structure of DNA & biological regulation.

Complementarity is crucial to the future of business and profitability

Software is becoming Hard

COMPLEMENTARITY

Hardware is becoming Soft

Software is becoming Hard

- Google
 - Purchased 8 robotics companies in 6 months
- Amazon
 - Kindle, Fire, Phone, Echo, Drones, 2lemetry
- Facebook
 - Oculus, Ascenta, Drones
- Paypal
 - Registers, Dongle, card readers

Amazon Warehouse – Amazing Software Company?



Obsolescence imminent?

<http://bit.ly/BEAM-ME-UP-SCOTTY>

Hardware is becoming Soft

- GE
 - Quirky, Pivotal, GE Digital
- Monsanto
 - Climate Company, Precision Planting
- John Deere
 - Farm Manager App in Apple's App Store
- Nokia
 - Is now Microsoft

<http://www.economist.com/news/business/21605916-it-has-taken-ge-boss-jeffrey-immelt-13-years-escape-legacy-his-predecessor-jack>

<http://www.forbes.com/sites/bruceupbin/2013/10/02/monsanto-buys-climate-corp-for-930-million/>

<http://www.wsj.com/articles/SB10001424052702304707604577422162132896528>

https://stellarsupport.deere.com/en_US/categories/downloads/apex-update/

<http://www.zdnet.com/article/microsoft-the-hardware-company/>

Hardly soft



Softly hard

Apple Inc.

NASDAQ: AAPL - Feb 17 7:59 PM ET

127.83 ▲ 0.75 (0.59%)

After-hours: 127.67 ▼ 0.16 (0.13%)

1 day

5 day

1 month

3 month

1 year

5 year

max



Open 127.49

High 128.88

Low 126.92

Market cap 740.9B

P/E ratio (ttm) 17.22

Dividend yield 1.47%

APPLE'S ELECTRIC CAR MAY HIT THE ROAD IN 2019

By Trevor Mogg — September 22, 2015



APPLE
COMPUTER

APPLE
PHONE

APPLE
CARS

outdated

Apple is "outdated" and losing momentum in China, billionaire entrepreneur Jia Yueting told CNBC in his first international television interview.

Jia is chief executive and chairman of Chinese conglomerate LeEco (formerly LeTV), which is best known for being the "Netflix of China," but has a product range that includes smartphones, televisions, mountain bikes and, most recently, electric vehicles.

Last week LeEco launched the self-driving, smart LeSEE supercar, designed to rival Tesla's Model X. In the latest evolution of the "LeEco ecosystem," Jia hopes to sell content, including movies, TV shows and music to LeSEE drivers.



VCG/VCG | Getty Images

Jia Yueting introduces the all-electric battery 'concept' car LeSEE on April 20, 2016 in Beijing.

CONVERGENCE

COMPLEMENTARITY

CONNECTIVITY

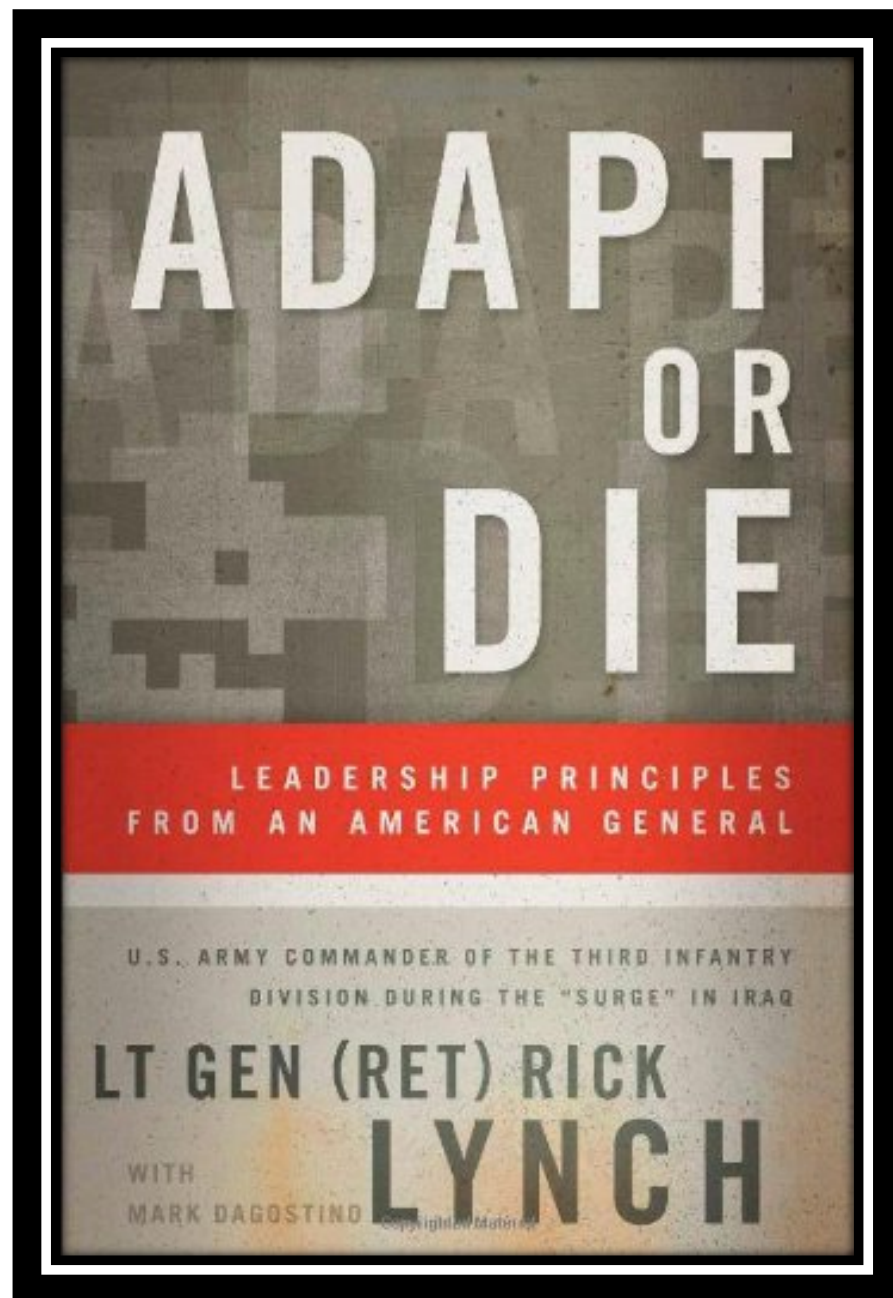
is not a point, it is a fabric, if you cannot adapt, you die

ADAPT OR DIE

**Transforming Your Supply Chain into an
Adaptive Business Network**

CLAUS HEINRICH

with Bob Betts



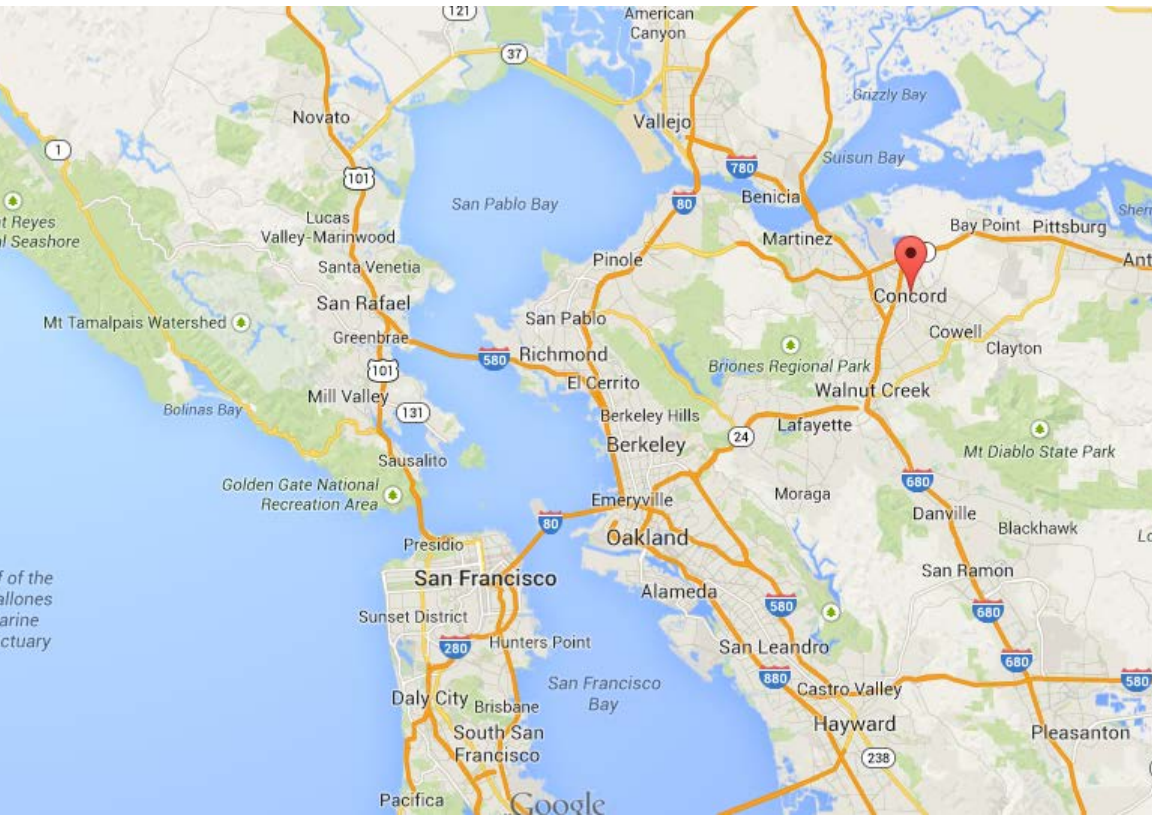
Is your imagination out of focus? Market trend?

In 1959, GE asked Arthur D. Little in Boston to conduct a study and forecast whether there was a market for portable TV sets that GE could now build using solid state transistors. Several months later in 1959, after spending \$5 million in fees, focus groups and discussions, Arthur D. Little Inc. sent the forecast to GE suggesting that they do not believe there is any market for such B&W television sets. GE management pushed aside the project proposed by its engineers. Just before Christmas in 1959, Sony introduced a small B&W television in US. Sony sold 4 million television sets in a month.



[1] Evolution / Historical

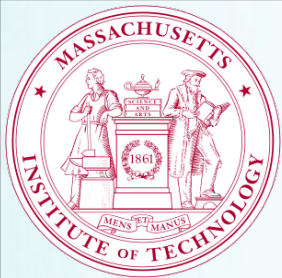
Diffusion of the Internet - NetDay 1996



President [Bill Clinton](#) installing computer cables with Vice President [Al Gore](#) on NetDay at [Ygnacio Valley High School](#) (Concord, CA - March 9, 1996)

Global Automobile Manufacturers in Silicon Valley





30,200 active
companies



4.6 million people
employed



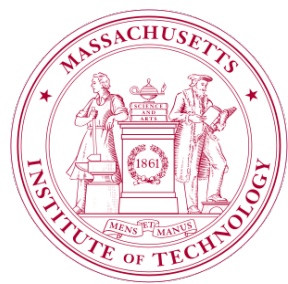
\$1.9 trillion in
annual revenues



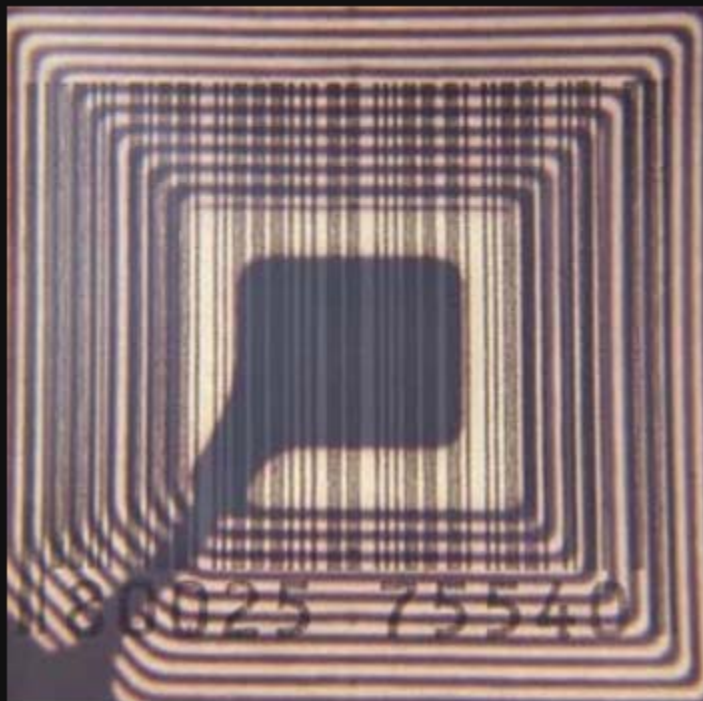
<http://web.mit.edu/innovate/entrepreneurship2015.pdf>

<http://economics.mit.edu/files/1909>

A new report estimates that, as of 2014, MIT alumni have launched 30,200 active companies, employing roughly 4.6 million people, and generating roughly \$1.9 trillion in annual revenues.



The Auto-ID Center at MIT and Supply Chain RFID



RFID tag developed by the Auto-ID Center

Paving the way for commercialized RFID solutions

Los Alamos National Laboratory led RFID development efforts in the 70's and 80's with RFID tags for gate access into nuclear facilities and for tracking nuclear materials, and then passive RFID technology for identifying cows and their antibiotic levels for the US Department of Agriculture. Companies commercialized the 125-kHz systems pioneered by Los Alamos and then moved on to high-frequency RFID systems that operated at 13.56-MHz. These especially caught on in Europe,

Professor Sanjay Sarma, MIT, Co-Founder, MIT Auto ID Center 1999
IoT was coined at the MIT Auto ID Center by Kevin Ashton (~ 2000)



<http://bit.do/SANJAY-ODL>

Professor David Clark, Research Scientist, MIT
Chief Architect (1981-1989) of DARPA created
Internet Architecture Board which hosts IETF



The Birth of the Internet of Things and the nascent Industrial Internet

1953

In my story “Sally,” published in 1953, I described computerized cars that had almost reached the stage of having lives of their own. In the last few years, we do indeed have computerized cars that can actually talk to the driver. ([Robot Dreams](#) by Isaac Asimov aka [Isaak Ozimov](#))

1987

[Herbert Simon](#) (June 15, 1916 – February 9, 2001) in his [paper](#) “*The Steam Engine and the Computer: What makes technology revolutionary*” framed his thoughts about the computer, “*you have to make friends with it, talk to it, let it talk to you.*”

1991

[Mark Weiser](#) (July 23, 1952 – April 27, 1999) of Xerox Palo Alto Research Center coined the term “ubiquitous computing” and suggested in 1988 that computers may “*weave themselves into the fabric of everyday life*” and influence the future of business ([Scientific American, 1991](#)).

2000

The seminal paper [The Networked Physical World](#) by [Sanjay Sarma](#) *et al* spread the concept of the Internet of Things (IoT) through the creation of the Auto ID Center at MIT.

2013

After sixty years of *Robot Dreams*, the evolution of the internet and the industrial revolution merged to conceive and create the [Industrial Internet Consortium](#) (03/27/2014) to catalyze global economic growth (www.iiconsortium.org). Sponsored by 5 founders with \$1T market cap.

At the beginning • How did the IoT concept / industrial internet start ?

The grand vision of the Industrial Internet may have started circa 1988 with the work of Mark Weiser of Xerox Palo Alto Research Center (XPARC) who predicted that computers may “*weave themselves into the fabric of everyday life*” and influence the future of business as well as lifestyle technologies, in his 1991 article in the *Scientific American*. The release of the commercial internet in 1995 paved the way for the Industrial Internet of the future. In 1998, Sanjay Sarma (MIT) extended the idea of using RFID tags to use RFID tags in supply chain management (<http://bit.ly/SANJAY-SARMA>). The price of the RFID tag had to be reduced and Sarma suggested RFID tags contain only a reference number EPC (electronic product code) rather than any actual data about the object. It was against the conventional wisdom. At the time, RFID tags were used and designed to contain data about the object or product. By eliminating need for data storage on the tag, the cost of the RFID tags were reduced. Sarma designed the EPC to act as an unique URL to access the object data stored on the Internet. In 1999, Sarma along with David Brock and Sunny Siu co-founded the MIT Auto ID Center to transform this vision made possible by the “emerging” medium and the platform of the internet. The internet was still immature to act as a catalyst to augment business processes and industrial productivity. Sarma, Brock and Siu were later joined by Kevin Ashton, a marketing manager at Proctor & Gamble who was loaned to the Auto ID Center at MIT. Auto ID Center at MIT developed the EPC and other technical concepts and standards prevalent today in the global RFID industry. Sarma, Brock and Ashton coined the term Internet of Things which envisioned objects /things connected to object-specific data on the internet which could be accessed using the unique EPC on the tag attached to the object. IoT is a vision, not a technology. In 2000, a paper by Sarma *et al* summarized the IoT concept as it related to the network society in general.

MIT-AUTOID-WH-001 ▪ *THE NETWORKED PHYSICAL WORLD* ▪ <http://tinyurl.com/Industrial-Internet>

Prof Sarma talked about the origin of IoT at the MIT Sloan Symposium <http://tinyurl.com/MIT-IoT-1998>

I was a part of the Auto ID initiative since 1999 as a member of the Technology Board at Auto ID Center.

Published October 1, 2000. Distribution restricted to Sponsors until January 1, 2001.



WHITE PAPER

The Networked Physical World

Proposals for Engineering the Next Generation of Computing, Commerce & Automatic-Identification

Sanjay Sarma, David L. Brock & Kevin Ashton

MIT AUTO-ID CENTER MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, 77 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE, BUILDING 3-449G, CAMBRIDGE, MA 02139-4307

ABSTRACT

The Auto-ID Center at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology is a new industry sponsored lab charged with researching and developing automated identification technologies and applications. The Center is creating the infrastructure, recommending the standards, and identifying the automated identification applications for a networked physical world. All technologies and intellectual property developed at the Auto-ID Center are freely distributed. This white paper outlines the Auto-ID Center's key conclusions and research progress after its first year of research.

Agents

Where Artificial Intelligence meets Natural Stupidity

Summary Prepared by Dr Shoumen Datta

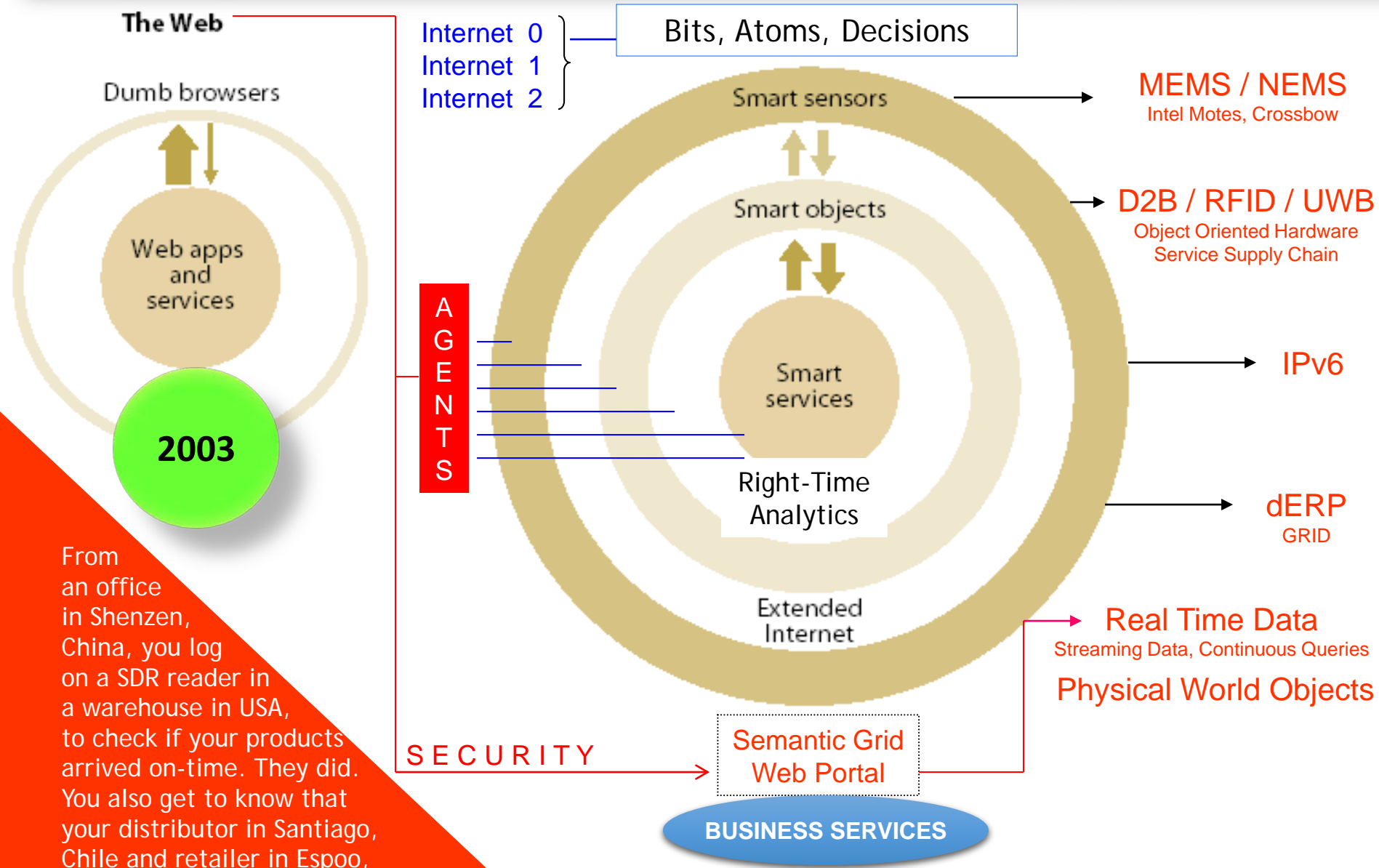
Engineering Systems Division, School of Engineering, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA 02139

Disclaimer

This summary on [Agents](#) is not an original work by the author (Shoumen Datta). I have merely written it in simple English to make it suitable for understanding by a large number of non-experts, myself included. I neither have the talent nor the training to produce the concepts and formulations described in this article. Failure to represent the ideas with clarity is entirely my fault. If you have understood and appreciated the scope of Agents, then, the credit is solely due to the brilliance of the scientists whose work I have quoted/paraphrased. I have used papers from Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT), Carnegie-Mellon University (CMU) and University of Michigan, Ann Arbor. The monographs by H. Van Dyke Parunak deserves special acknowledgement. Email: shoumen@mit.edu

<https://dspace.mit.edu/handle/1721.1/41914>

Integrating Ubiquitous Analytics in Real-Time with Data, Information, Application



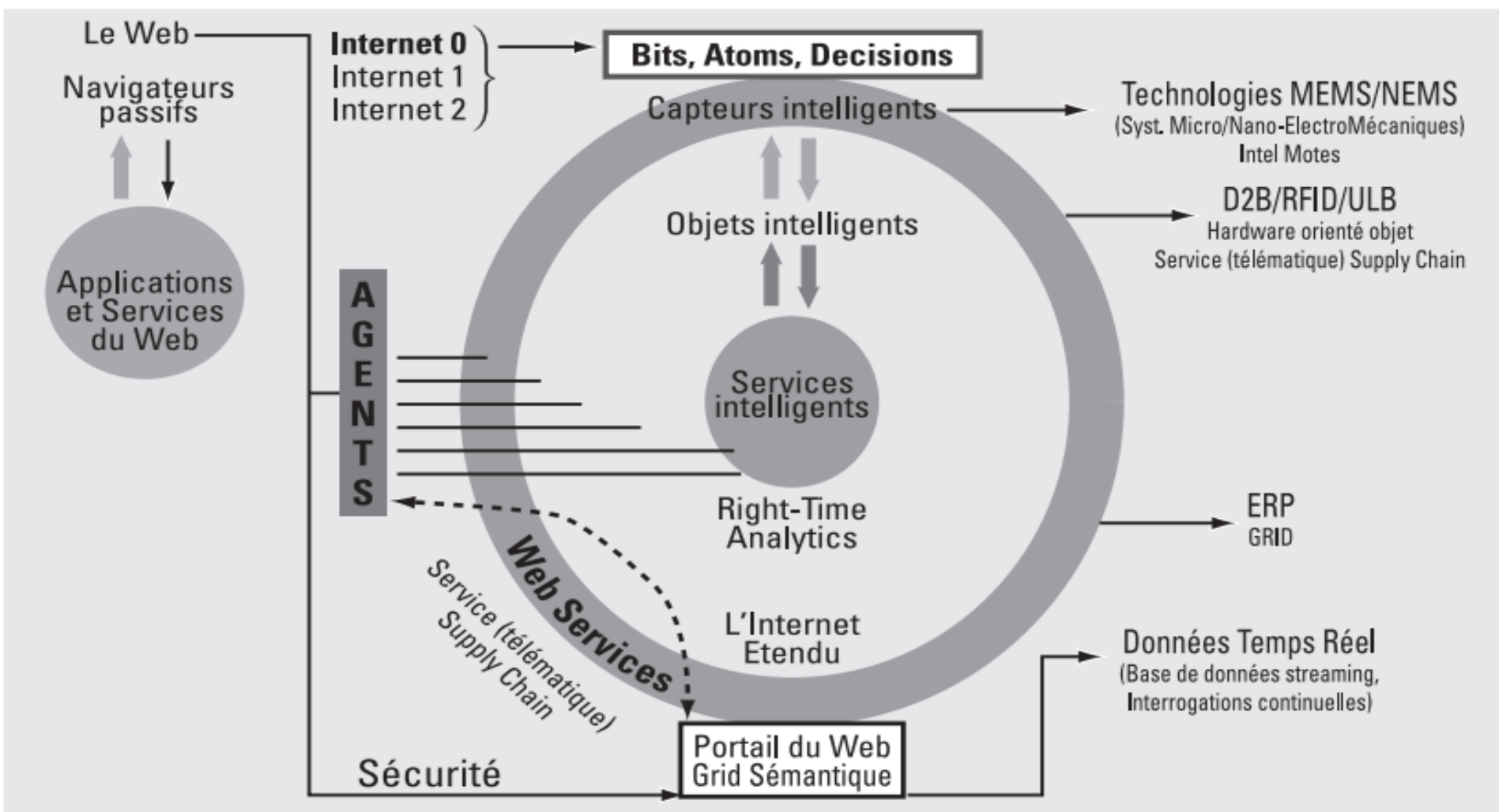
From an office in Shenzhen, China, you log on a SDR reader in a warehouse in USA, to check if your products arrived on-time. They did. You also get to know that your distributor in Santiago, Chile and retailer in Espoo, Finland also checked the delivery status, moments before you logged on.

ADAPTER, OPTIMISER, PRÉVOIR
***La convergence des concepts, des outils,
des technologies et des normes peut-elle
accélérer l'innovation ?***

Dr Shoumen DATTA

*Chercheur, Département Ingénierie des Systèmes, Forum pour l'Innovation dans la chaîne logistique
Directeur général de l'Ecole d'Ingénierie, Massachusetts Institute of Technology*

Figure 3 : Pour l'émergence de systèmes décisionnels adaptifs, il est nécessaire de mettre en communication bits, atomes et décisions.



Depuis un bureau à Shinzen en Chine, vous vous connectez à un lecteur SDR situé dans un entrepôt aux Etats-Unis de manière à vérifier si vos produits sont arrivés en temps voulu. Ce fut le cas. Vous allez aussi apprendre que votre distributeur à Santiago du Chili et votre détaillant à Espoo en Finlande ont eux aussi vérifié où en était la livraison quelques instants avant vous

ADAPTIVE VALUE NETWORKS

*Convergence of Emerging Tools, Technologies and Standards as Catalytic Drivers**

Shoumen Datta¹, Bob Betts², Mark Dinning³, Feryal Erhun⁴, Tom Gibbs⁵, Pinar Keskinocak⁶, Hui Li¹, Mike Li¹, Micah Samuels⁷

Massachusetts Institute of Technology¹, Timogen Inc.², Dell Corporation³, Stanford University⁴, Intel Corporation⁵, Georgia Institute of Technology⁶, Amazon.com⁷

Abstract: If a typhoon in the South China Sea impacts the shipment and delivery of memory chips to an assembly plant in Mexico City, you can count on the ripple effect to impact financial service providers, manufacturers and suppliers, shippers in charge of logistics and of course, the end-consumer. Can we plan to reduce the risk arising from such uncertainties? Can businesses (semiconductor plants, banks, logistics providers) cooperate to minimize uncertainties? Conventional wisdom states that uncertainties are equivalent to accidents and hence by nature remain unpredictable. However, application of tools and technologies based on emerging standards may partially disprove such wisdom. Focus on demand management may be the guiding light for supply chain practitioners. Can we collapse information asymmetries (between manufacturers and their lending institutions, for example) and add far more value to networks or demand webs? Real-time operational adaptability is key, especially in fast 'clockspeed' industries. Confluence of emerging tools, technologies and standards are required to converge to catalyze the evolution of such adaptable enterprise. Can real-time distributed data, in-network processing, Agent-based autonomy, taken together, tame the Bullwhip Effect? Can the (semantic) web catalyze the "Nash Equilibrium" of people (games) and information (theory) in our quest for real time "predictive" decision support systems? We will explore a few of these issues and how they may coalesce to enable the adaptive value network of the future.

EVOLUTION OF SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

Symbiosis of Adaptive Value Networks and ICT



Edited by
Yoon S. Chang
Harris C. Makatsoris
Howard D. Richards

$$Y_t = \beta_0 + \sum_{j=1}^{N_y} \varphi_j Y_{t-j} + \sum_{k=1}^k \sum_{i=1}^{N_{X_{KT}}} \alpha_{ki} X_{kt-i} + \varepsilon_t$$

$$\sigma_t^2 = \theta_0 + \theta_1 \varepsilon_{t-1}^2 + \theta_2 \varepsilon_{t-2}^2 + \dots + \theta_q \varepsilon_{t-q}^2$$

La variance du terme d'erreur aléatoire dépend non seulement des valeurs précédentes de ε ($t-1, t-2, \dots, t-q$) mais aussi des valeurs précédentes de la variance $\sigma^2(t-1, t-2, \dots, t-p)$.

$$Y_t = \beta_0 + \sum_{j=1}^{N_y} \varphi_j Y_{t-j} + \sum_{k=1}^k \sum_{i=1}^{N_{X_{KT}}} \alpha_{ki} X_{kt-i} + \varepsilon_t$$

$$\sigma_t^2 = \theta_0 + \sum_{i=1}^q \theta_i \varepsilon_{t-i}^2 + \sum_{j=1}^p \tau_j \varepsilon_{t-j}^2 \quad (6)$$

MIT Data Center – About Big Data before “Big Data” → Datta & Granger (2003 – 2005)

$$y_t = \beta_0 + \sum_{j=1}^{N_y} \phi_j y_{t-j} + \sum_{k=1}^K \sum_{i=1}^{N_{x_{kt}}} \alpha_{ki} x_{kt-i} + \varepsilon_t$$

$$\sigma_t^2 = \theta_0 + \theta_1 \varepsilon_{t-1}^2 + \theta_2 \varepsilon_{t-2}^2 + \dots + \theta_q \varepsilon_{t-q}^2$$

Variance of the random error term **DEPENDS NOT ONLY** on previous lagged errors (t-1, t-2, ..., t-q) but also on **LAGGED VALES OF THE VARIANCE** (t-1, t-2, ..., t-p)

$$y_t = \beta_0 + \sum_{j=1}^{N_y} \phi_j y_{t-j} + \sum_{k=1}^K \sum_{i=1}^{N_{x_{kt}}} \alpha_{ki} x_{kt-i} + \varepsilon_t$$

$$\sigma_t^2 = \theta_0 + \sum_{i=1}^q \theta_i \varepsilon_{t-i}^2 + \sum_{j=1}^p \tau_j \sigma_{t-j}^2$$

Generalized Auto Regressive Conditional Heteroskedasticity



Massachusetts Institute of Technology
Engineering Systems Division

Working Paper Series

ESD-WP-2006-11

ADVANCES IN SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT:
POTENTIAL TO IMPROVE FORECASTING ACCURACY

Shoumen Palit Austin Datta¹ and Clive W. J. Granger²

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School of Engineering
Massachusetts Institute of Technology
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Department of Economics
University of California
cgranger@ucsd.edu





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 SAP Releases Latest Addition to Fast-Growing Cloud-Based Supply Chain Planning Platform >

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SAP Launches First RFID Solution to Help Customers Automate RFID-Enabled Business Processes

January 12, 2004 | SAP -

Packaged RFID Solution for Supply Chain Management Will Deliver Value through Seamless Integration of RFID Data into Applications

NEW YORK, NY - Delivering on its vision of adaptive supply chain networks, SAP AG (NYSE: SAP) today announced the launch of the first packaged radio frequency identification (RFID) solution for supply chain management. Demonstrating leadership in the RFID space, SAP is delivering a solution that is the first of its kind developed and built entirely from the ground up to help companies manage the data reads from and writes to RFID tags. SAP, the world's leading provider of supply chain management solutions, made its announcement at the National Retail Federation (NRF) show, being held Jan. 11-14, 2004 in New York.

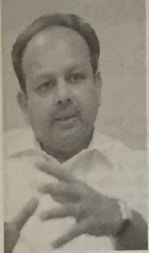
Drawing upon experience from customer projects with leading companies like Procter & Gamble and the METRO Group, as well as six years of RFID research and involvement in RFID standards organizations, SAP has developed technology that will dramatically change supply chain management in the retail and consumer product industries. Companies can leverage data captured through RFID tags in their business processes by integrating ERP and SCM functionalities with RFID-enabled applications. Examples include packing and unpacking, shipping and receiving and tracking and tracing across the supply chain.

The Java-based RFID solution packages the new SAP Auto-ID Infrastructure, SAP® Event Management (SAP EM), a component of mySAP™ Supply Chain Management (mySAP SCM), and SAP® Enterprise Portal (SAP EP), a component of SAP NetWeaver™, the industry's leading integration and application platform. Currently available to pilot customers, the SAP RFID packaged solution will be more widely available to customers in mid-2004.

情報通信技術

新春対談

RFIDで情報共有



MIT

ショウメータッタ博士

位置や状態 誰もが把握

本紙「RFID」の特集は、RFIDの活用が、製造業から小売業まで、幅広い分野で進んでいる。RFIDの活用は、RFIDの活用が、製造業から小売業まで、幅広い分野で進んでいる。RFIDの活用は、RFIDの活用が、製造業から小売業まで、幅広い分野で進んでいる。

未来展望

無線機器がいたる小型チップのRFID(無線ICタグ)が、昔を懐かしている。情報の発信と書き込み可能なタグ、さまざまな物に活用できる。RFIDの活用は、RFIDの活用が、製造業から小売業まで、幅広い分野で進んでいる。



パワードコム社長 中根 滋氏

中根氏は、パワードコム社長の中根 滋氏。RFIDの活用は、RFIDの活用が、製造業から小売業まで、幅広い分野で進んでいる。

通信インフラも重要に

RFIDの利用概念図

SCMにおけるRFID情報共有モデル

RFIDとは

RFIDとは、無線ICタグが、製造業から小売業まで、幅広い分野で進んでいる。RFIDの活用は、RFIDの活用が、製造業から小売業まで、幅広い分野で進んでいる。

緊急IoTフォーラム

2015.09.09

特別講演 2



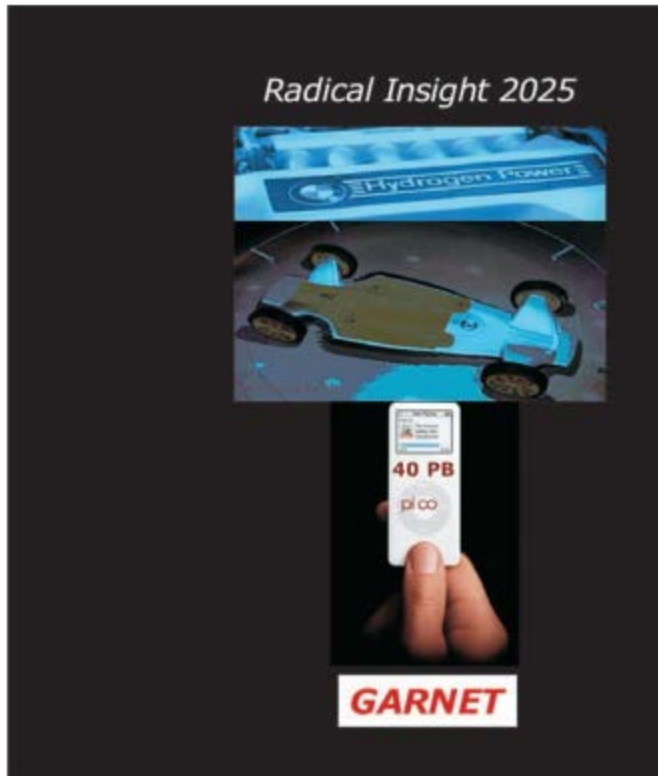
Internet of Systems
-Transdisciplinarity of IoT and CPS may transform paradoxes to paradigms-

Dr. Shoumen Palit Austin Datta
Research Affiliate, School of Engineering, MIT
Senior Vice President, Industrial Internet Consortium

破壊的変革で「もうける」仕組み創出
「基礎研究」女性の教育「国を変える」

私は本日、フロンティアネットワーク・オプティミズムの開幕をします。このシステムは、IoTとCPSの融合による、新しい産業の創造を促すものです。IoTとCPSの融合による、新しい産業の創造を促すものです。IoTとCPSの融合による、新しい産業の創造を促すものです。

Technology Review 196/2006
Helsinki 2006



Charlie's Skypeout Strategy: The Chocolate Factory Relocates to Tallinn 41

5.1 Epilogue 41

5.1.1 Introduction 41

5.1.2 Connecting Bits To Atoms: Does it Guarantee Value From Use of Resulting Information? 42

5.1.3 Connecting Bits to Atoms: Is Auto "Mobile" Platform an Innovation down the Toilet? 47

5.1.4 Is Interoperability a Catalyst for Change or is Change a Pre-requisite for Interoperability? 49

5.1.5 Can Standards Drive Interoperability? 50

5.1.6 Concluding Comments 51

POC ● 2009 ● <http://bit.do/Smooth-Operator>

Figure 26. Radical Insight?

Identification of information with a digital signature at every instance when (time) property, relationship, attribute, dependency, links or status may change.



Massachusetts Institute of Technology
Engineering Systems Division

Working Paper Series

ESD-WP-2007-17

UNIFIED THEORY OF RELATIVISTIC IDENTIFICATION OF
INFORMATION IN A SYSTEMS AGE:

*Proposed Convergence of Unique Identification with Syntax
and Semantics through Internet Protocol version 6*

Shoumen Palit Austin Datta

Research Scientist, Engineering Systems Division
Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering
Research Director & Co-Founder
MIT Forum for Supply Chain Innovation
School of Engineering
Massachusetts Institute of Technology
shoumen@mit.edu

International Journal of Advanced Logistics

Volume 1, Issue 1, 2012



Original Articles

**An Unified Theory of Relativistic
Identification of Information in the Systems
Age: Proposed Convergence of Unique
Identification with Syntax and Semantics
through Internet Protocol version 6 (IPv6)**

DOI: 10.1080/2287108X.2012.11006070

S. P. A. Datta^{a*}
pages 66-82

<http://hdl.handle.net/1721.1/41902> • <http://bit.do/UTRI-IPv6>

Connecting (each instance) Objects, Data and Decisions Is it conceptually a precursor to the idea of blockchain?

Identification of information with a digital signature at every instance when (time) property, relationship, attribute, dependency, security or/if status changes.



UNIFIED THEORY OF RELATIVISTIC IDENTIFICATION OF INFORMATION IN A SYSTEMS AGE:

Proposed Convergence of Unique Identification with Syntax and Semantics through Internet Protocol version 6

Shoumen Palit Austin Datta

Research Scientist, Engineering Systems Division
Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering
Research Director & Co-Founder
MIT Forum for Supply Chain Innovation
School of Engineering
Massachusetts Institute of Technology
shoumen@mit.edu

Figure 1. Blockchain: How it works

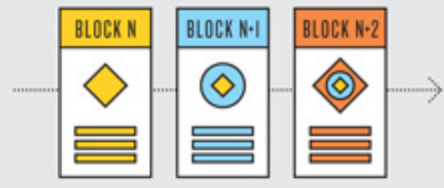
Blockchain allows for the secure management of a shared ledger, where transactions are verified and stored on a network without a governing central authority. Blockchains can come in different configurations, ranging from public, open-source networks to private blockchains that require explicit permission to read or write. Computer science and advanced mathematics (in the form of cryptographic hash functions) are what make blockchains tick, not just enabling transactions but also protecting a blockchain's integrity and anonymity.



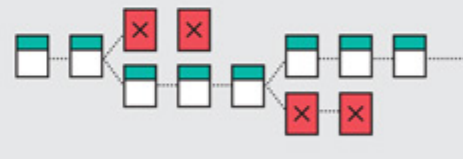
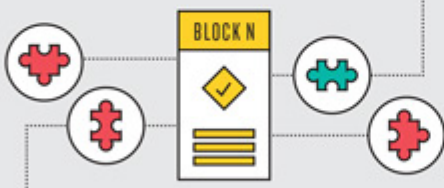
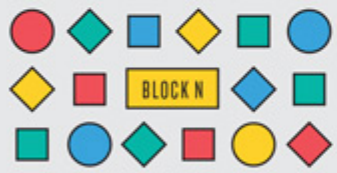
1 TRANSACTION Two parties exchange data; this could represent money, contracts, deeds, medical records, customer details, or any other asset that can be described in digital form.



2 VERIFICATION Depending on the network's parameters, the transaction is either verified instantly or transcribed into a secured record and placed in a queue of pending transactions. In this case, nodes—the computers or servers in the network—determine if the transactions are valid based on a set of rules the network has agreed to.



3 STRUCTURE Each block is identified by a hash, a 256-bit number, created using an algorithm agreed upon by the network. A block contains a header, a reference to the previous block's hash, and a group of transactions. The sequence of linked hashes creates a secure, interdependent chain.



4 VALIDATION Blocks must first be validated to be added to the blockchain. The most accepted form of validation for open-source blockchains is proof of work—the solution to a mathematical puzzle derived from the block's header.

5 BLOCKCHAIN MINING Miners try to "solve" the block by making incremental changes to one variable until the solution satisfies a network-wide target. This is called "proof of work" because correct answers cannot be falsified; potential solutions must prove the appropriate level of computing power was drained in solving.

6 THE CHAIN When a block is validated, the miners that solved the puzzle are rewarded and the block is distributed through the network. Each node adds the block to the majority chain, the network's immutable and auditable blockchain.

7 BUILT-IN DEFENSE If a malicious miner tries to submit an altered block to the chain, the hash function of that block, and all following blocks, would change. The other nodes would detect these changes and reject the block from the majority chain, preventing corruption.

Why we needed more than RFID? Why connect objects with data and intelligent decision support? (World Customs Organization Brussels 2006)

Network

Global

Mobile Water Systems
GE Water
GE Energy
GE Healthcare

Yards

Container
Cab

Assets

- Refrigerant Temperature Sensor
- Loaded Trailer (meter)
- Remote trailer diagnostics
- RFID application
- Engine Diagnostics
- Trailer ID Sensor
- Tire Pressure Sensor
- Hub Diagnostics Sensor
- Engine Linking Sensor

Multilevel network reveals complex order at each level
Strive for system "consciousness"

Any Asset. Anywhere. Anytime.

Monitor. Manage. Optimize.

Joseph Salvo, Clive Granger, Michel Danet



Dr Joseph James Salvo
Founder, IIC (2013-2016)
Founder & Director IIC, GE



[2] Examples (IT+OT+TELCO) - Transport

Now Book Your Tata Nano GenX AMT with Advance Payment of Rs 5,000

Published On April 28, 2015 12:13 PM By Sourabh Sharma at CarDekho.com

- 3/31/16 - 11:50pm - At end of the reveal, Musk announced Tesla already had 115,000 reservations
- 4/1/16 - 12:07am - [TheVerge](#) reports Tesla is over 133k pre-orders.

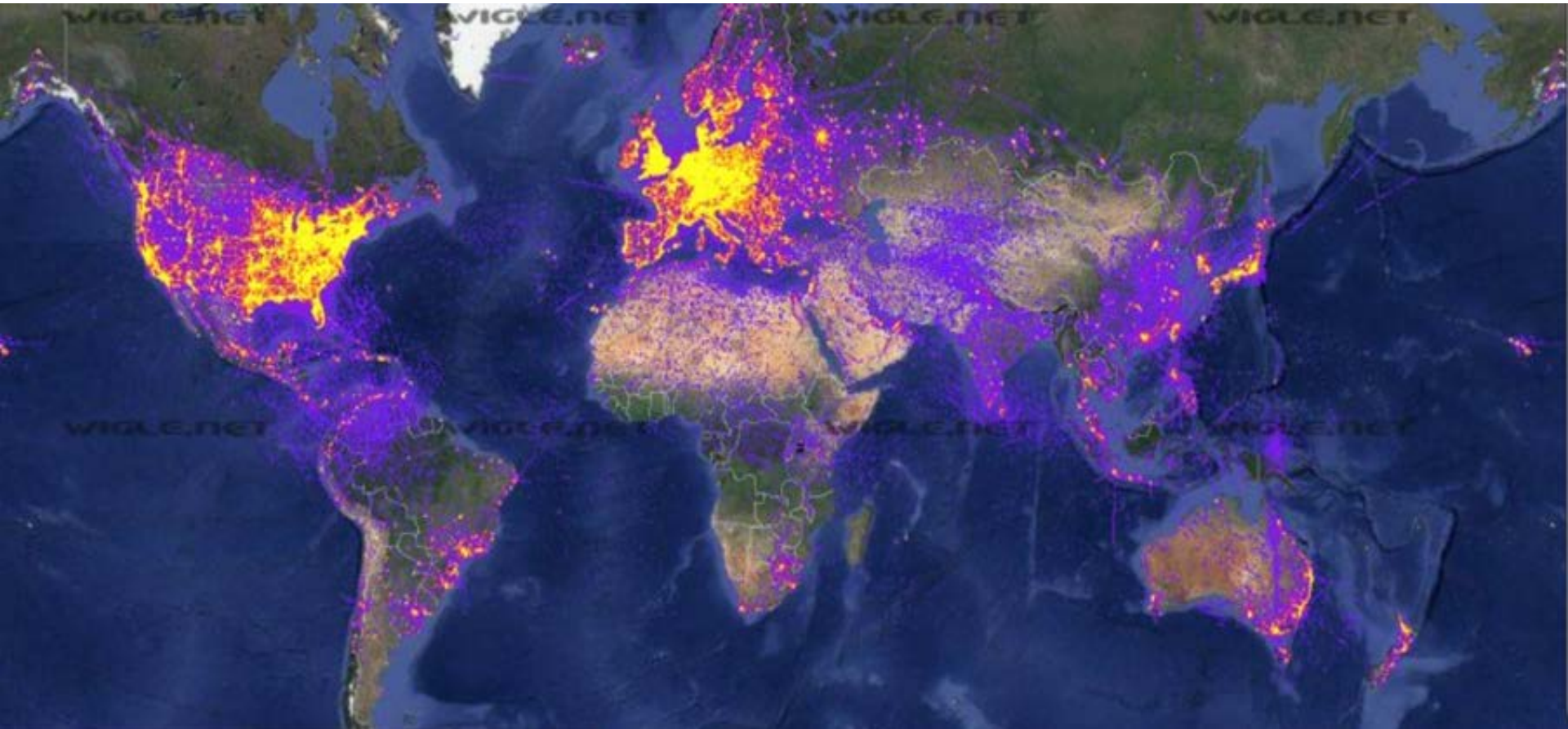
Tesla "sales" isn't \$11 billion but 325,000 orders (\$1K advance for \$35K) is an order book **worth** \$11 billion. The world delivered \$11B capital to Tesla on the books (may not have to sell more shares of the company to acquire capital).



Auto industries in other countries routinely use the pre-order mechanism and it is a standard in the aircraft industry but it is still a Musky move given the volume and volume of publicity as the single biggest 1-week pre-order of a car.

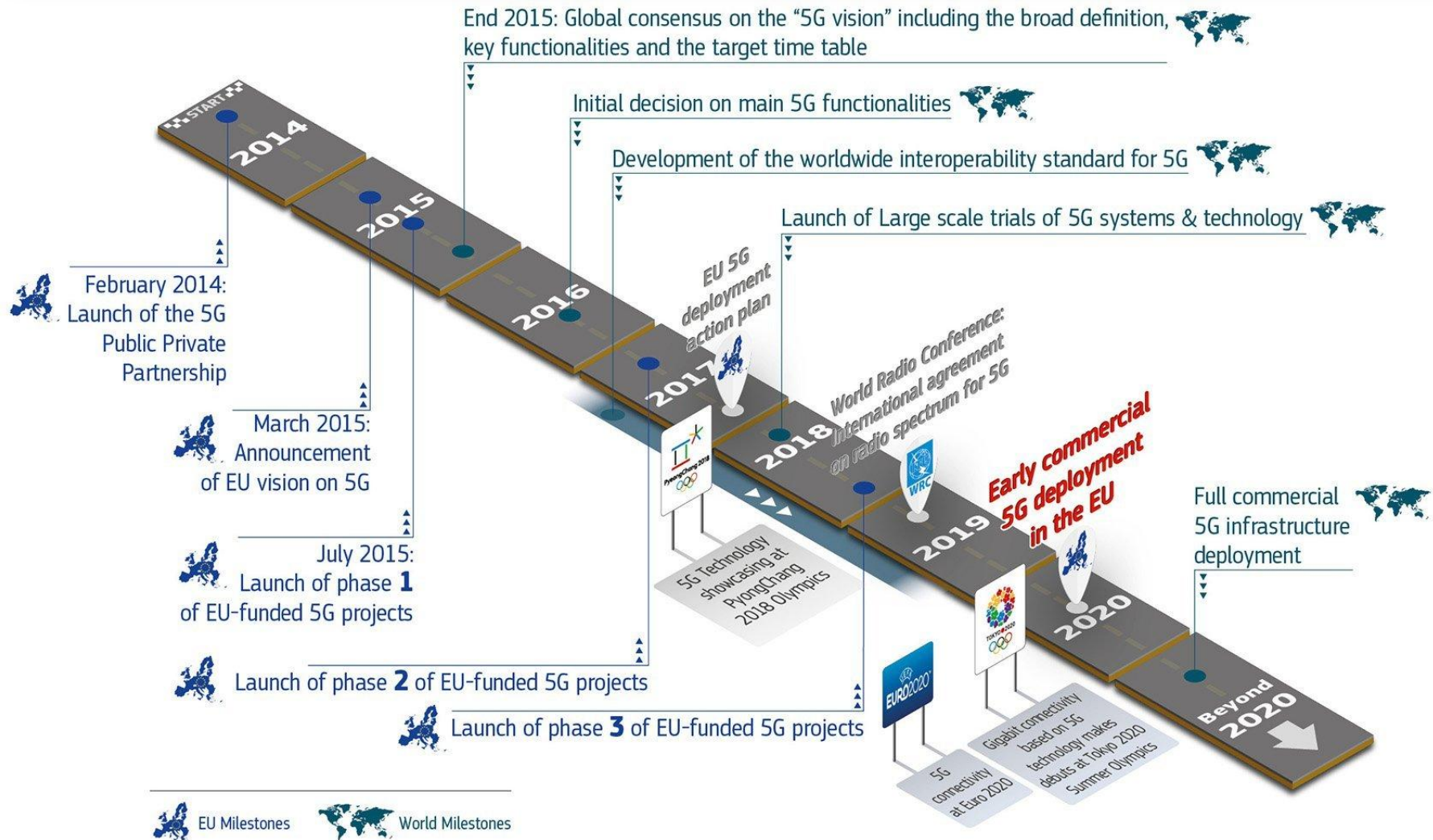
- 4/1/16 - 10:23am - Musk says he thought the reservations would slow, but they haven't & they're up to 198k
- 4/1/16 - 7:26pm - Elon [tweeted](#) they were up to 232k pre-orders.
- 4/2/16 - 12:09pm - Elon [updated](#) as of 7am, they're at 253k
- 4/3/16 - 11:28am - [up to 276k](#) by end of day on Saturday, the 2nd
- 4/7/16 - 10:45am EST - More than 325,000 reservations received "making this the single biggest one-week any product ever"

Reality Check



Global WiFi Networks

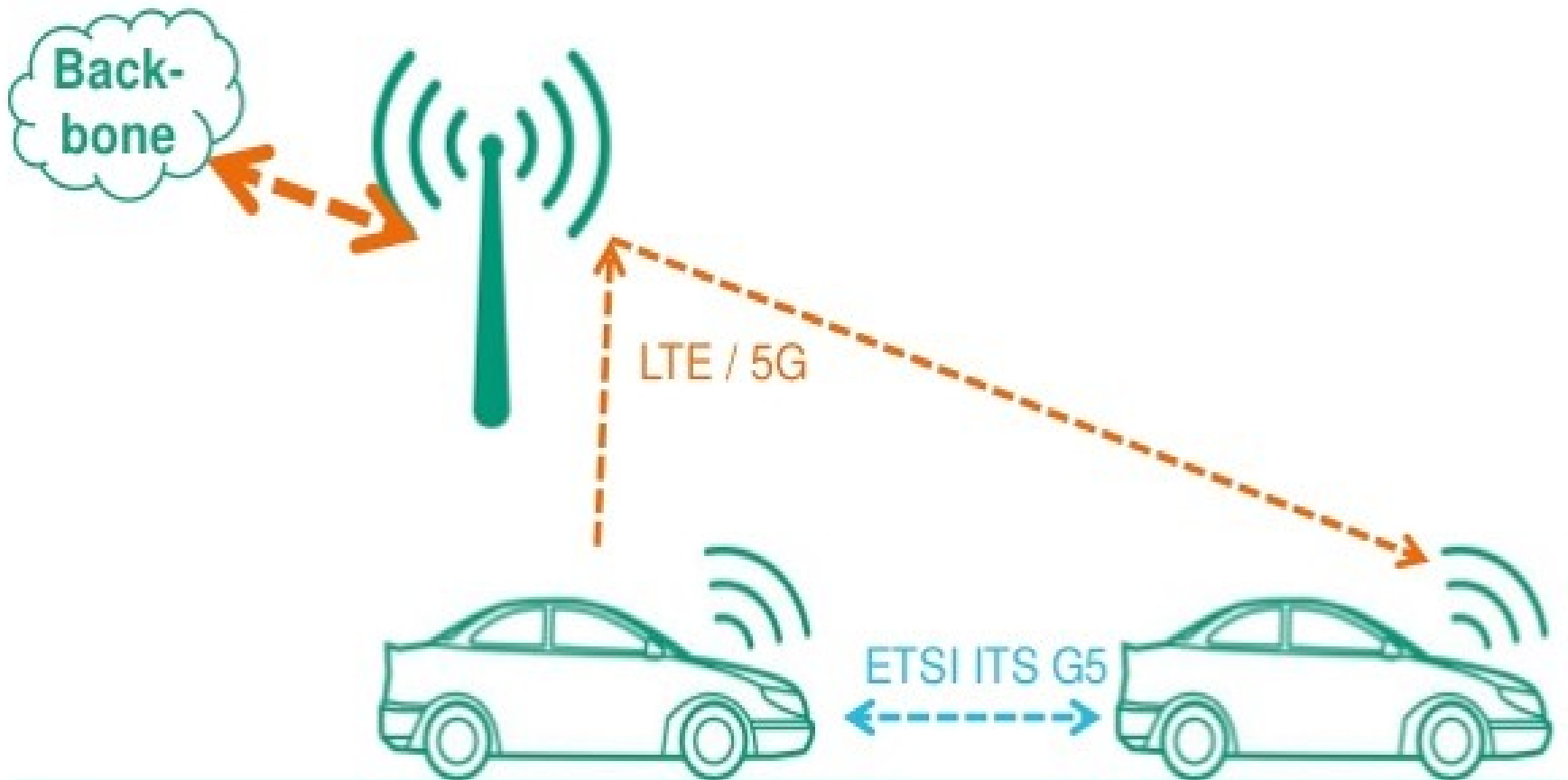
5G ROADMAP



2035 ?

Fraunhofer Car-to-X

Fraunhofer technical solution (scheme)



1st Place – Carnegie Mellon University

3rd DARPA GRAND CHALLENGE – 2007

Autonomous Driving in Urban Environments: Boss and the Urban Challenge

Chris Urmson^{1,*}, Joshua Anhalt¹, Drew Bagnell¹, Christopher Baker¹, Robert Bittner¹, M.N. Clark¹, John Dolan¹, Dave Duggins¹, Tugrul Galatali¹, Chris Geyer¹, Michele Gittleman¹, Sam Harbaugh¹, Martial Hebert¹, Thomas M. Howard¹, Sascha Kolski¹, Alonzo Kelly¹, Maxim Likhachev¹, Matt McNaughton¹, Nick Miller¹, Kevin Peterson¹, Brian Pilnick¹, Raj Rajkumar¹, Paul Rybski¹, Bryan Salesky¹, Young-Woo Seo¹, Sanjiv Singh¹, Jarrod Snider¹, Anthony Stentz¹, William “Red” Whittaker¹, Ziv Wolkowicki¹, Jason Ziglar¹, Hong Bae², Thomas Brown², Daniel Demitrish², Bakhtiar Litkouhi², Jim Nickolaou², Varsha Sadekar², Wende Zhang², Joshua Struble³, Michael Taylor³, Michael Darms⁴, and Dave Ferguson⁵



Boss Wins!

¹ Carnegie Mellon University
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15213
curmson@ri.cmu.edu

² General Motors Research and Development
Warren, Michigan

³ Caterpillar Inc.
Peoria, Illinois 61656

⁴ Continental AG
Auburn Hills, Michigan 48326

⁵ Intel Research
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15213





Chris Urmson

Robotician

[+GoogleSelfDrivingCars](#)

Chris Urmson is the Director of Self-Driving Cars at Google[x].

Why you should listen

Since 2009, Chris Urmson has headed up Google's self-driving car program. So far, the team's vehicles have driven over three quarters of a million miles. While early models included a driverless Prius that TEDsters got to test- ... um, -not-drive in 2011, more and more the team is building vehicles from the ground up, custom-made to go driverless.

Prior to joining Google, Urmson was on the faculty of the Robotics Institute at Carnegie Mellon University, where his research focused on motion planning and perception for robotic vehicles. During his time at Carnegie Mellon, he served as Director of Technology

Raj Rajkumar (CEO, Ottomatika) provides the brain and nervous system any automaker can use.

www.wired.com/2014/11/delphi-automated-driving-system/

ottomatikaTM

Connected Automation



Professor Raj Rajkumar, CMU



<http://pjtec.info/a-system-that-any-automaker-can-use-to-build-self-driving-cars/>

www.ctvnews.ca/sci-tech/dutch-approve-driverless-cars-for-public-large-scale-testing-1.2203969

Adapt “brain and nervous system” for cargo/commercial vehicles for large scale deployment ?

<http://bit.ly/KATHLEEN-CAR-HACKED>



<http://bit.ly/WASHINGTON-DC>
Prof Raj Rajkumar (CMU) + House Transportation and Infrastructure Committee Chairman Rep Bill Shuster (R-PA) in DC on 06/24/14 [↓]

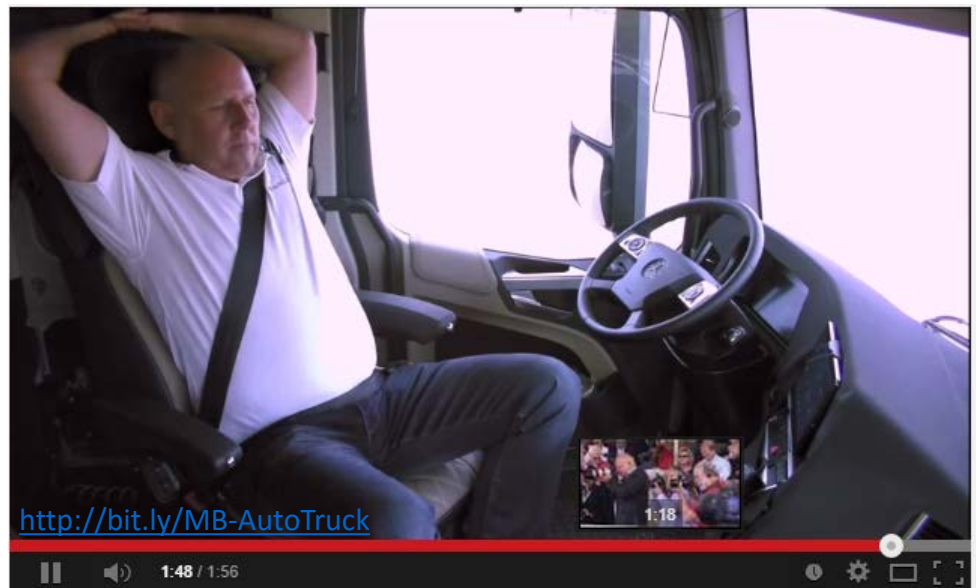


<http://bit.ly/SCHUSTER-AUTONOMOUS>

<http://bit.ly/RAJKUMAR-CMU>



<http://bit.ly/AUDI-CONCEPT-7>



<http://bit.ly/MB-AutoTruck>

Mercedes-Benz Future Truck 2025 | Autonomous driving

Daimler AG

DAIMLER

Subscribed

38,508

Add to Share More

111 5

Published on Jul 8, 2014

Mercedes-Benz Future Truck 2025: Autonomous driving in long-distance truck operations with the "Highway Pilot".

AUTONOMOUS TRANSPORTATION

← → ↻ www.wired.com/2015/03/delphis-self-driving-car-taking-cross-country-road-trip/

WIRED

An Autonomous Car Is Going Cross-Country for the First Time

ALEX DAVIES GEAR 03.13.15 6:19 PM

AN AUTONOMOUS CAR IS GOING CROSS-COUNTRY FOR THE FIRST TIME



Delphi's self-driving technology, packed into an Audi SQ5, is headed across the country. ©

MARCH 22, 2015

CARNEGIE MELLON SPINOFF OTTOMATIKA ACQUIRED BY DELPHI

Company Builds on University Strengths in Pioneering Autonomous Vehicle

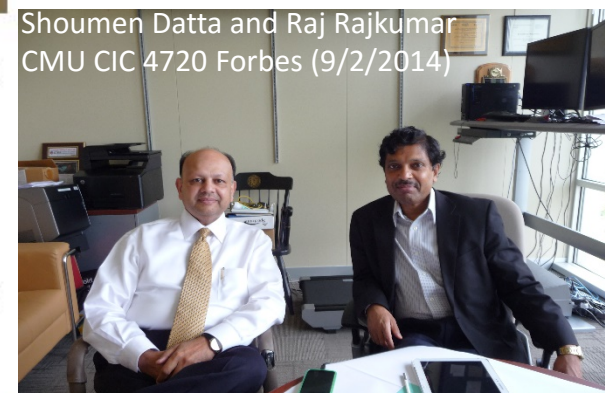
Tuesday 4th August 2015 www.cmu.edu/news/stories/archives/2015/august/spinoff-acquired.html



Professor Raj Rajkumar poses between CMU's latest self-driving car, a Cadillac SRX, and the university's first autonomous vehicle 30 years ago.

Ottomatika Inc., a Carnegie Mellon University spinoff company that provides software and systems development for self-driving vehicles, has been acquired by the global vehicle technology company Delphi Automotive PLC.

Led by Electrical and Computer Engineering Professor Raj Rajkumar, Ottomatika spun off from Carnegie Mellon in 2013 and received an investment from Delphi in November 2014.



Shoumen Datta and Raj Rajkumar
CMU CIC 4720 Forbes (9/2/2014)

Autonomous Freight Transport



Context – Roadways

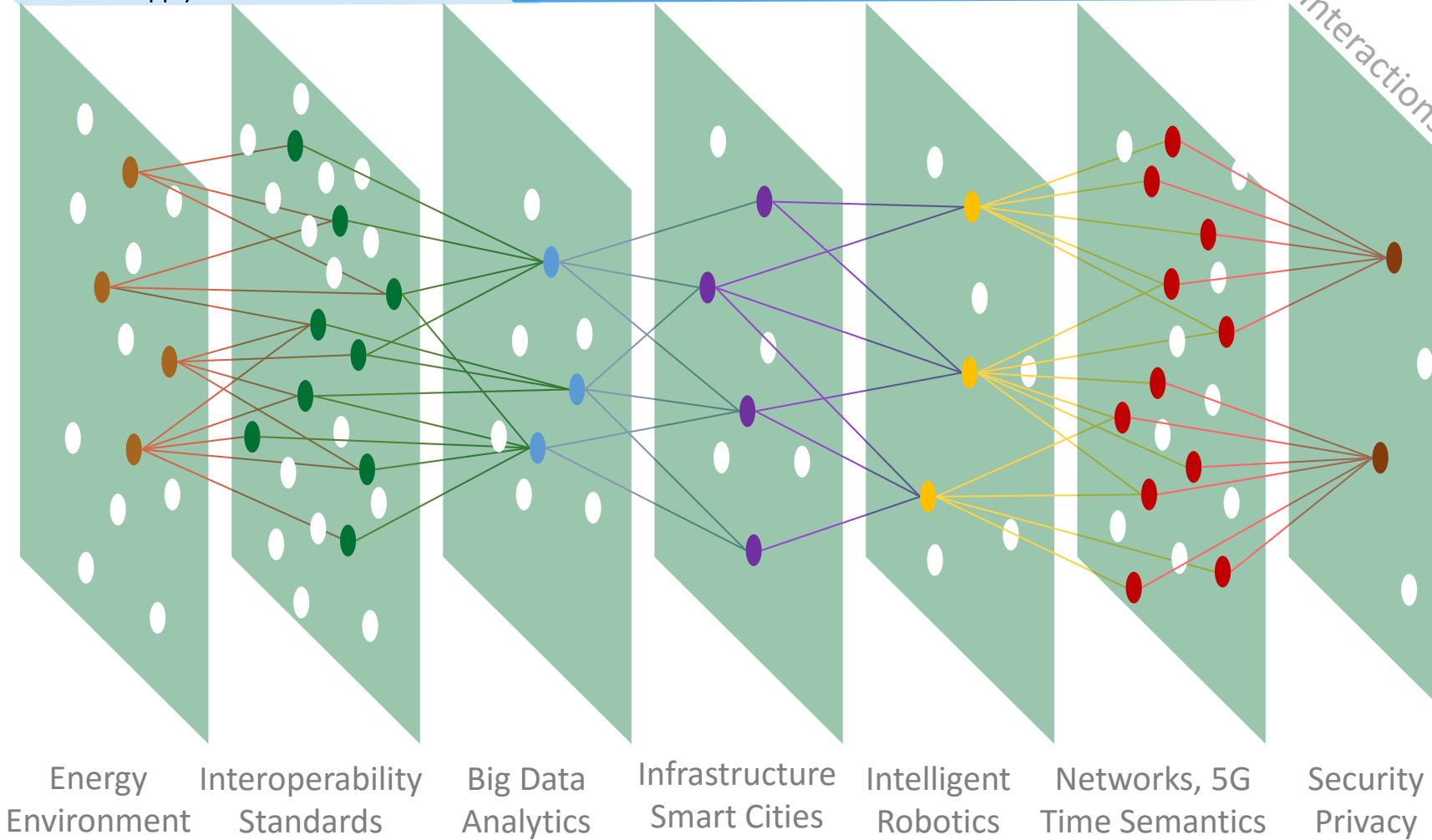
DEPLOYMENT SCENARIO

Context – Intermodal Visibility

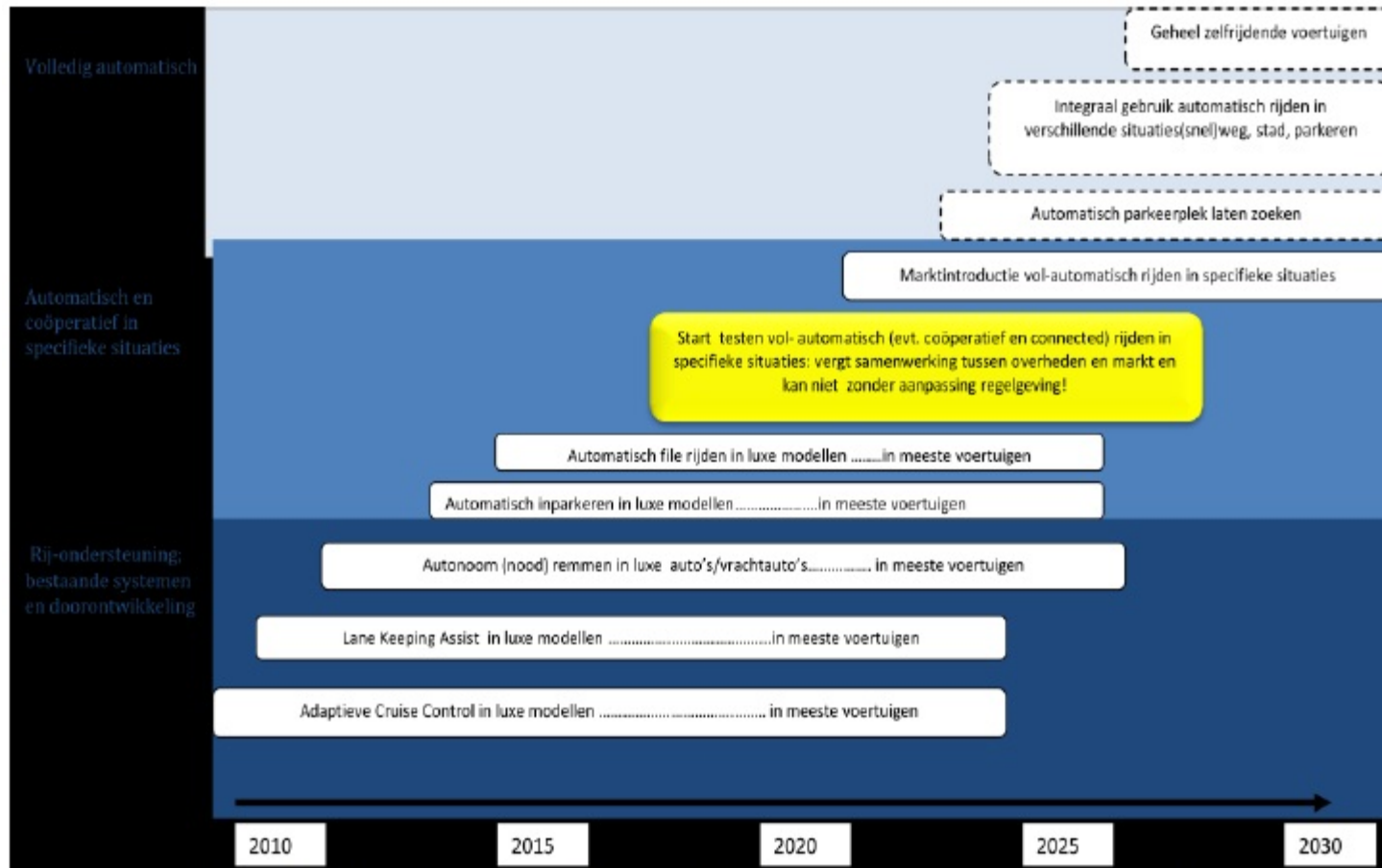
Human-Robot Interactions

Context – Supply Chain Network Distribution

Integration Platform



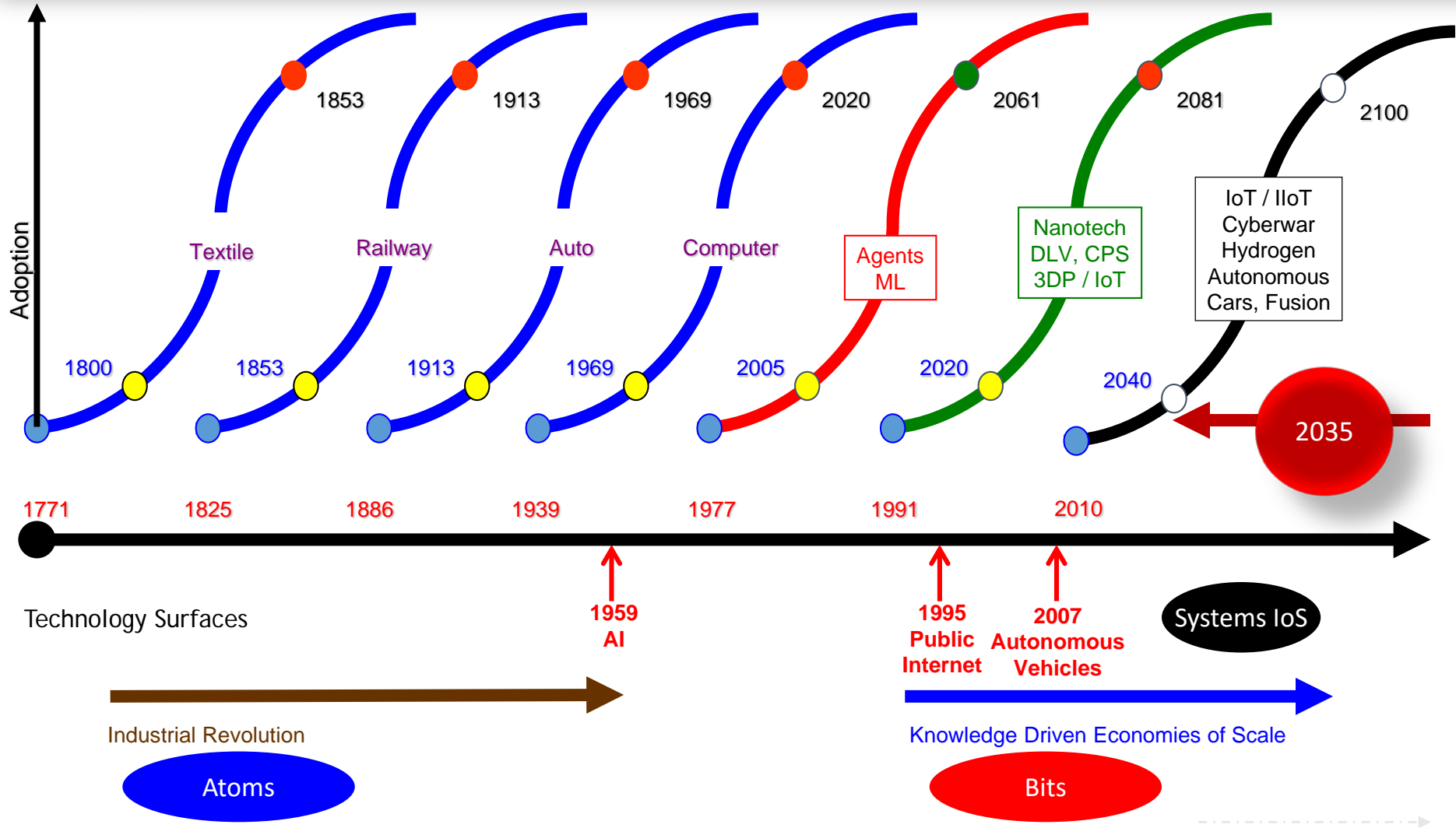
Go Dutch – Autonomous Vehicles by 2030 ?



Figuur 1 Globaal beeld (mogelijke) ontwikkelingen van automatische functies

The Wealth of Nations • Nature of the Firm (Transaction Cost Economics)

Economic history and data related to Textile, Railway, Automobiles and Computers taken from work by Norman Poire



It takes about 28-30 years for an idea to be socialized before it is accepted and adopted. 1999 was the birth year for IoT concept. Expect exponential growth of IoS ~ 2025-2026.

Simple Problem

EXAMPLE



How does an autonomous vehicle understand the difference between an object without threat in a run time collision avoidance context?

Without algorithmic solutions, even a harmless plastic bag in the air may cause an accident.





plastic bag



Oh I see a plastic bag

What is the “brain” of the autonomous vehicle thinking?

The Wolfram Language Image Identification Project



person



cement mixer



person



spotlight



flying boat



American lobster



hunting dog



stealth bomber

The Wolfram Language Image Identification Project

ImageIdentify[



]



cheetah



cheetah (animal)

scientific name: *Acinonyx jubatus*
weight: 62 to 140 pounds
body temperature: 102.2 °F
max. speed on land: 75 mph
maximum age: 20.5 years
species authority: Schreber, 1775

See full results from  WolframAlpha



Tell ImageIdentify how it did:

Great!

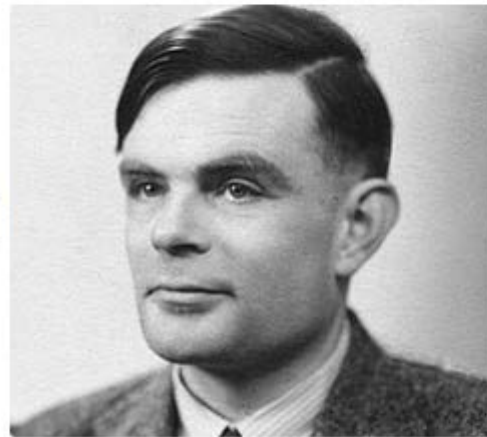
Could be better

Missed the point

What the heck?!

The Wolfram Language Image Identification Project

```
ImageIdentify[
```



```
]
```



```
person
```

```
Classify["NotablePerson",
```

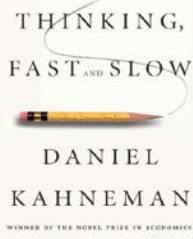
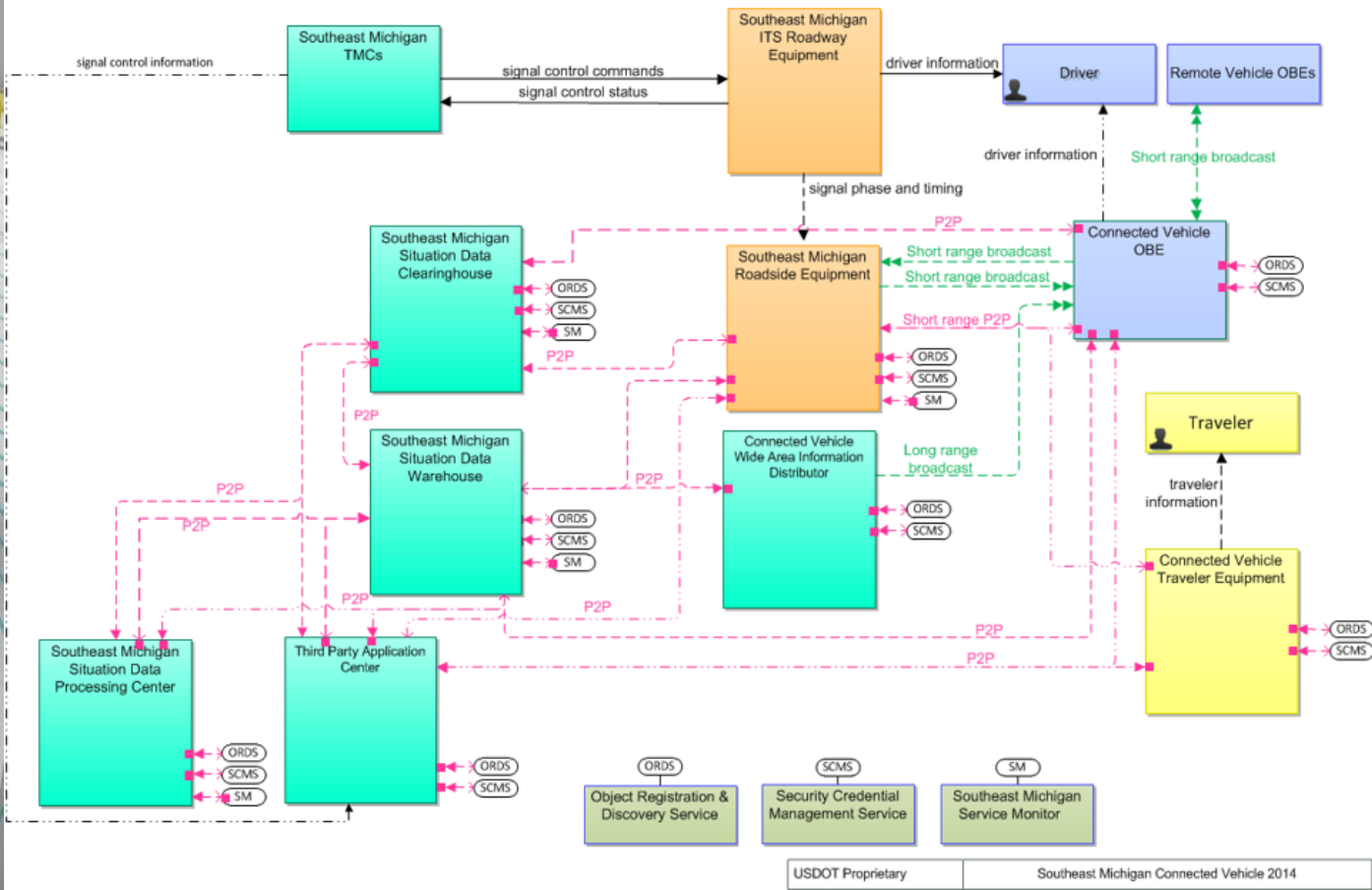
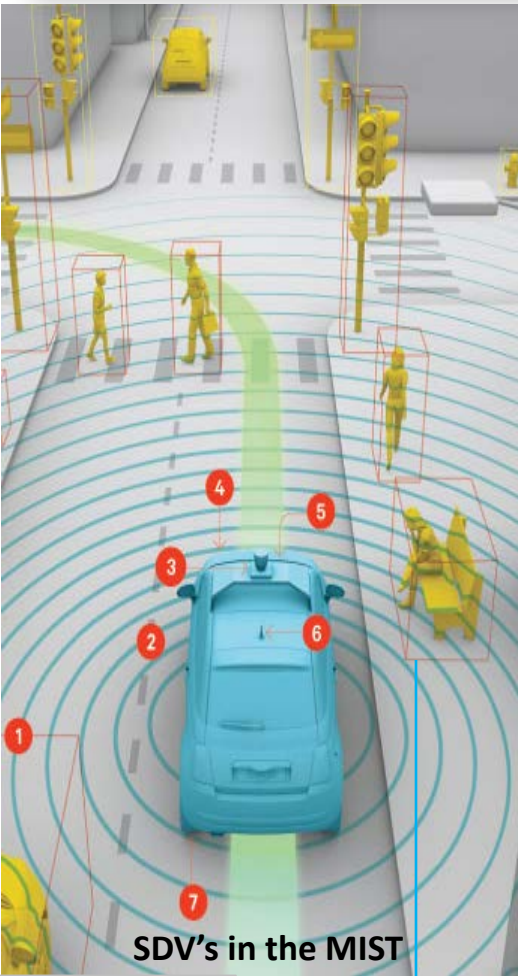


```
]
```

Tools for real-time image identification & semantic (context/relevance) image for autonomous vehicle

*Critical real-time AI/ANN/CNN computation at the edge
and collision avoidance guidance to autonomous vehicle*

Hellabytes of images and other data from road side scenarios for analysis by SDV



Run-time
Uncertainty
Estimation?

Where is the data? Where are the sense and response run time analytical engines?

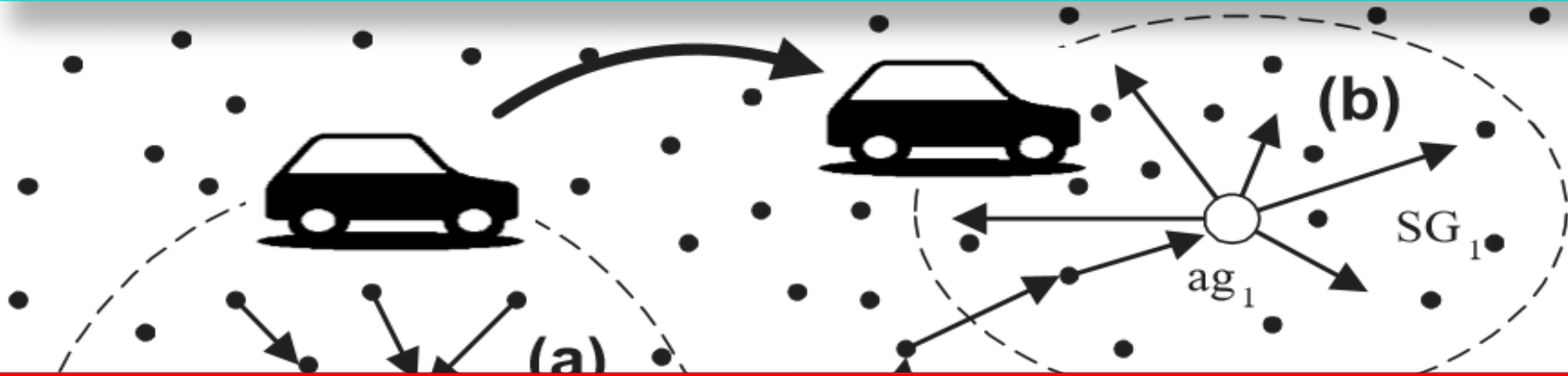
- Depends on bounded latency
- Cloud or Fog for Software Defined Vehicles? Think closer, think Mist Computation.

What is the Mist? [Ad hoc Composable Mobile Dynamic Grid Computing](#)
 Access available computing power in near field vehicles for run time analytics (Mist)
 Reuse concept of "grid computing to solve protein structure by using idle computers"
[Globus Tool Kit by Steve Tuecke](#) (do not confuse with marketing material by [MS Cloud](#))

Mist Computing

“Mist Computing” does not exist. It is a suggestion by the author.

CNN • Edge Network Processing



Convolutional Networks for Fast, Energy-Efficient Neuromorphic Computing

Steven K. Esser, * Paul A. Merolla, * John V. Arthur, * Andrew S. Cassidy, * Rathinakumar Appuswamy, * Alexander Andreopoulos, * David J. Berg, * Jeffrey L. McKinstry, * Timothy Melano, * Davis R. Barch, * Carmelo di Nolfo, * Pallab Datta, * Arnon Amir, * Brian Taba, * Myron D. Flickner, * and Dharmendra S. Modha *

*IBM Research – Almaden



MIT
Open Access Articles

EDGE INTELLIGENCE

Eyeriss: An Energy-Efficient Reconfigurable Accelerator for Deep Convolutional Neural Networks

EYERISS

Citation	Chen, Yu-Hsin, Tushar Krishna, Joel Emer, and Vivienne Sze. "Eyeriss: An Energy-Efficient Reconfigurable Accelerator for Deep Convolutional Neural Networks." in ISSCC 2016, IEEE International Solid-State Circuits Conference, Jan. 31-Feb. 4, 2016. San Francisco, CA.
As Published	https://submissions.mirasmart.com/isscc2016/PDF/ISSCC2016AdvanceProgram.pdf
Publisher	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE)

Movidius puts deep learning USB drive

By [Alex Brokaw](#) on April 28, 2016 11:45 am



DLED

•

DEEP

LEARNING

AT

THE

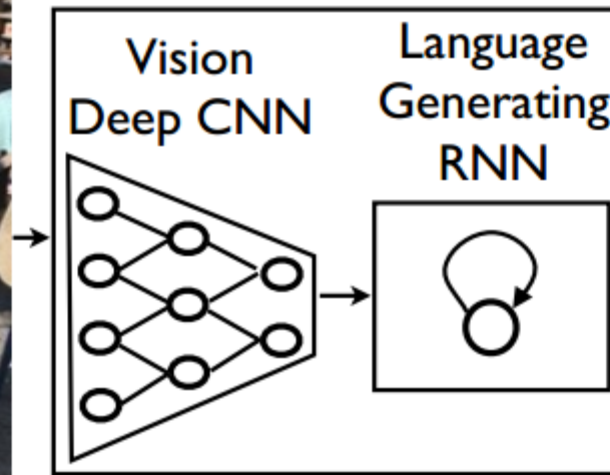
EDGE

ON

DEMAND

Neural Image Caption (NIC) Generator

Translates images to natural language



A group of people shopping at an outdoor market.

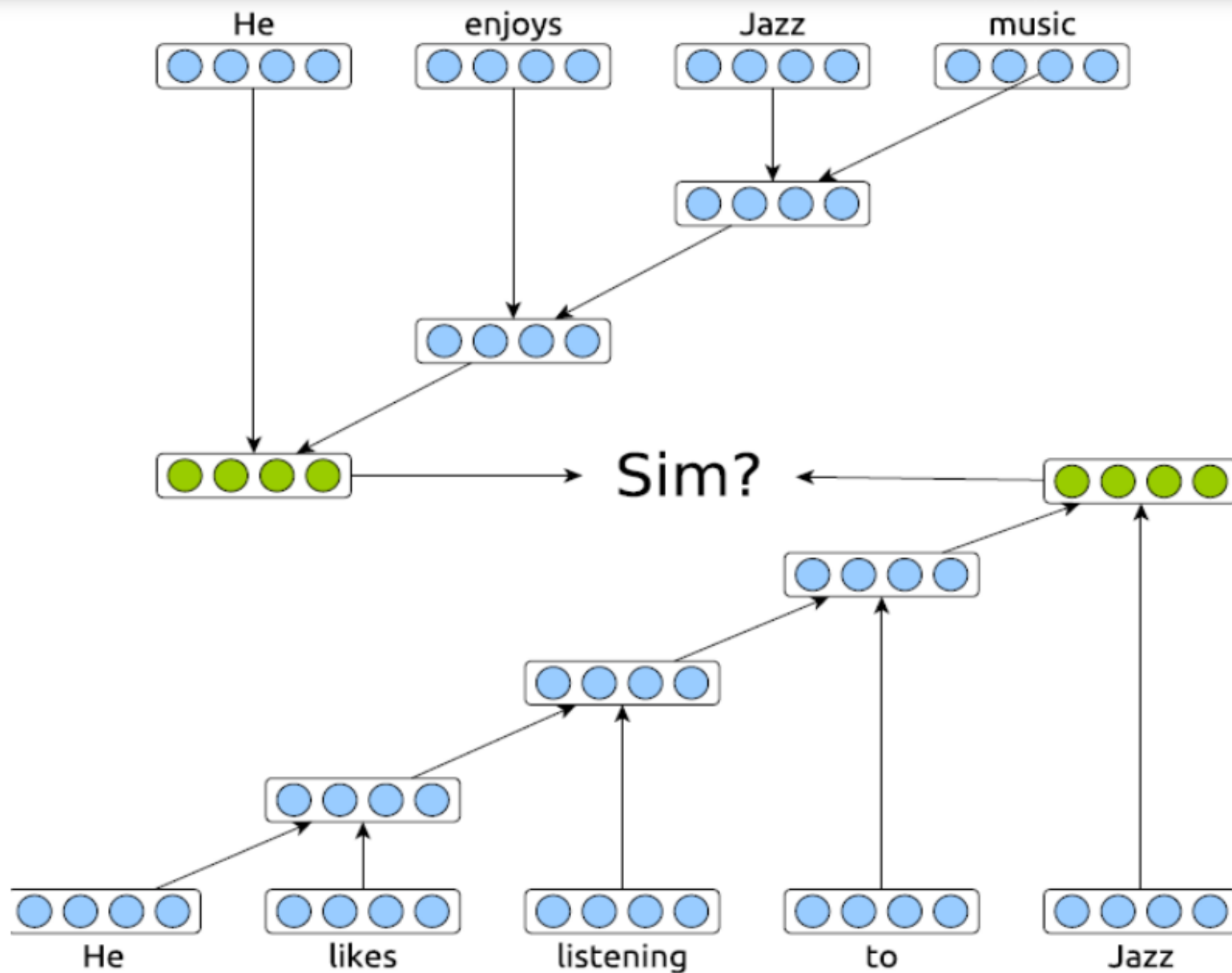
There are many vegetables at the fruit stand.

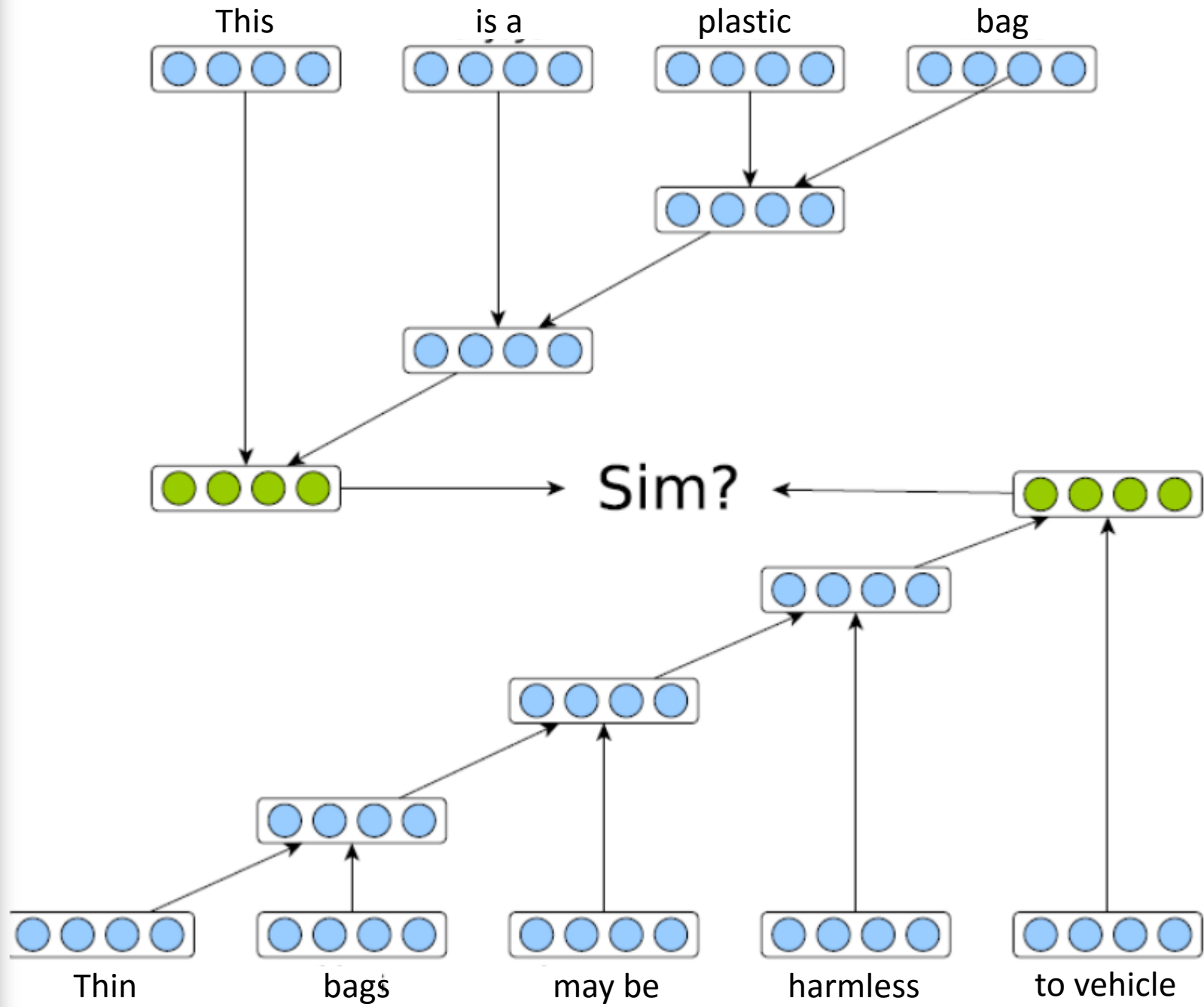
<http://arxiv.org/pdf/1411.4555v1.pdf>

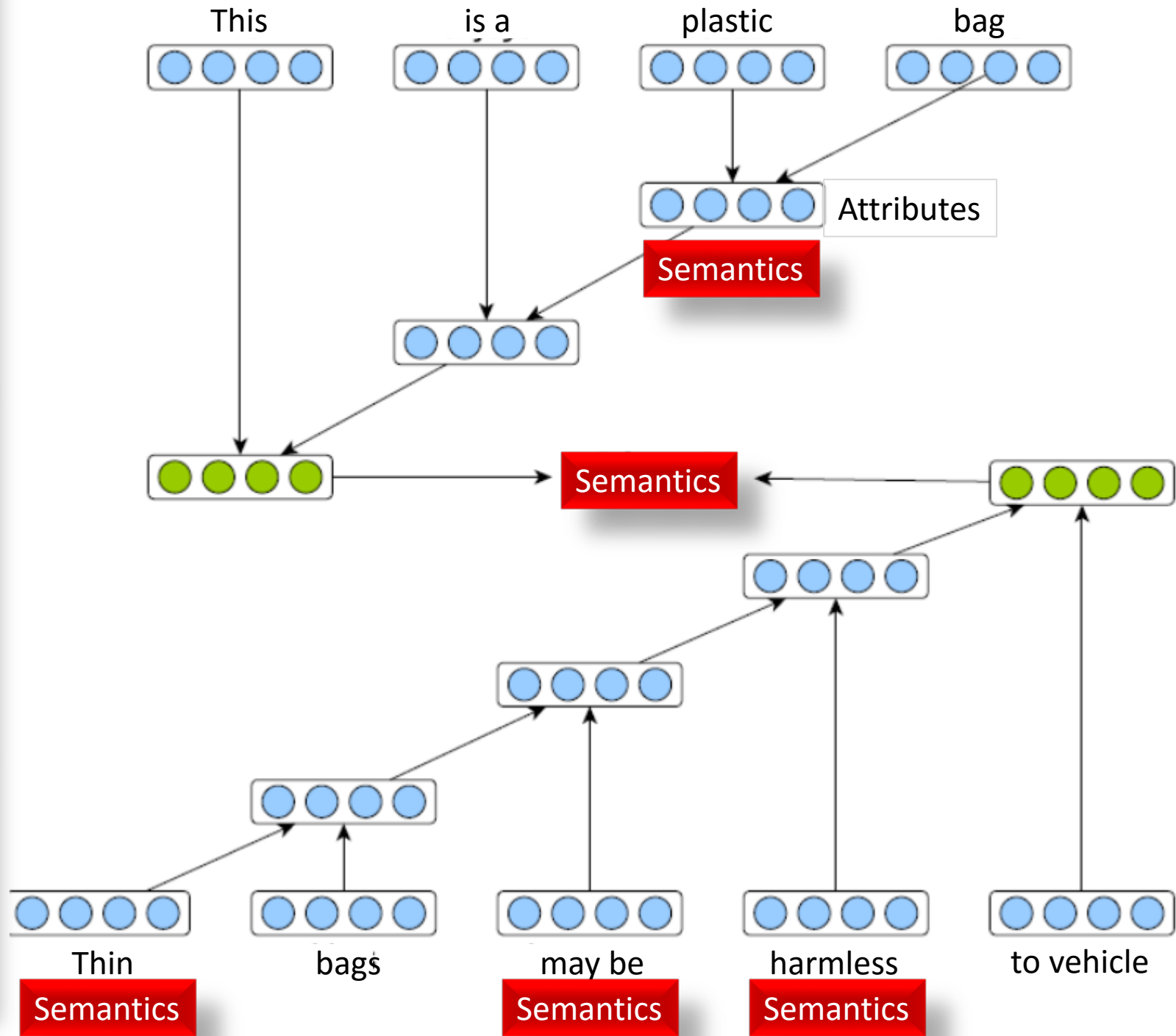
To translate languages, [Recurrent Neural Network](#) (RNN) transforms a French sentence into a [vector representation](#), and a second RNN uses that vector representation to generate a target sentence in German. Replace first RNN and input words with deep [Convolutional Neural Network](#) (CNN) trained to classify objects in images and add known classes of objects in semantic baffles with corresponding behavior (plastic bag versus wooden plank) with assigned probability of object in the image (environment). Feed CNN's rich encoding of the image into a RNN designed to produce phrases. We can then train the whole system directly on images and their captions, so it maximizes the likelihood that descriptions it produces best match the training descriptions for each image. The natural language spoken by human (inside vehicle) better trains the algorithms.

Author's idea is adapted from → <http://googleresearch.blogspot.co.uk/2014/11/a-picture-is-worth-thousand-coherent.html>

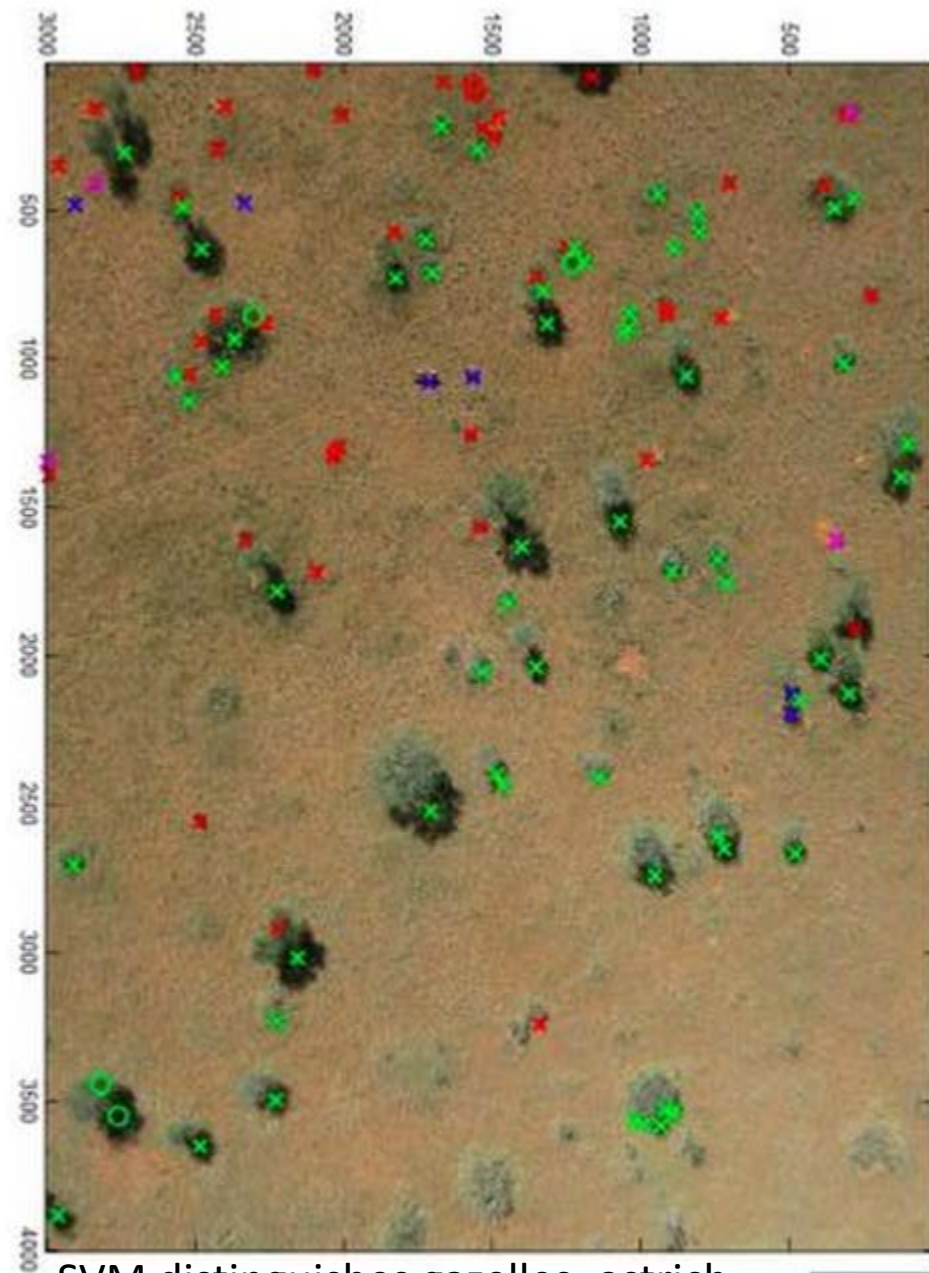
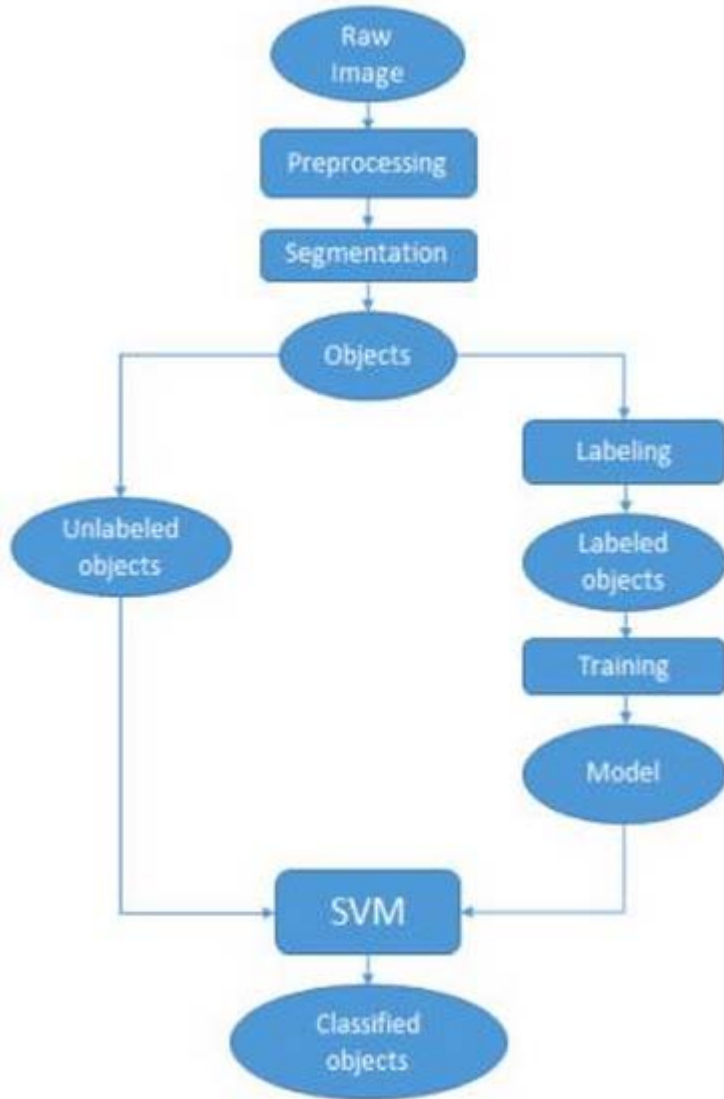
Siamese Networks – Paraphrase Detection







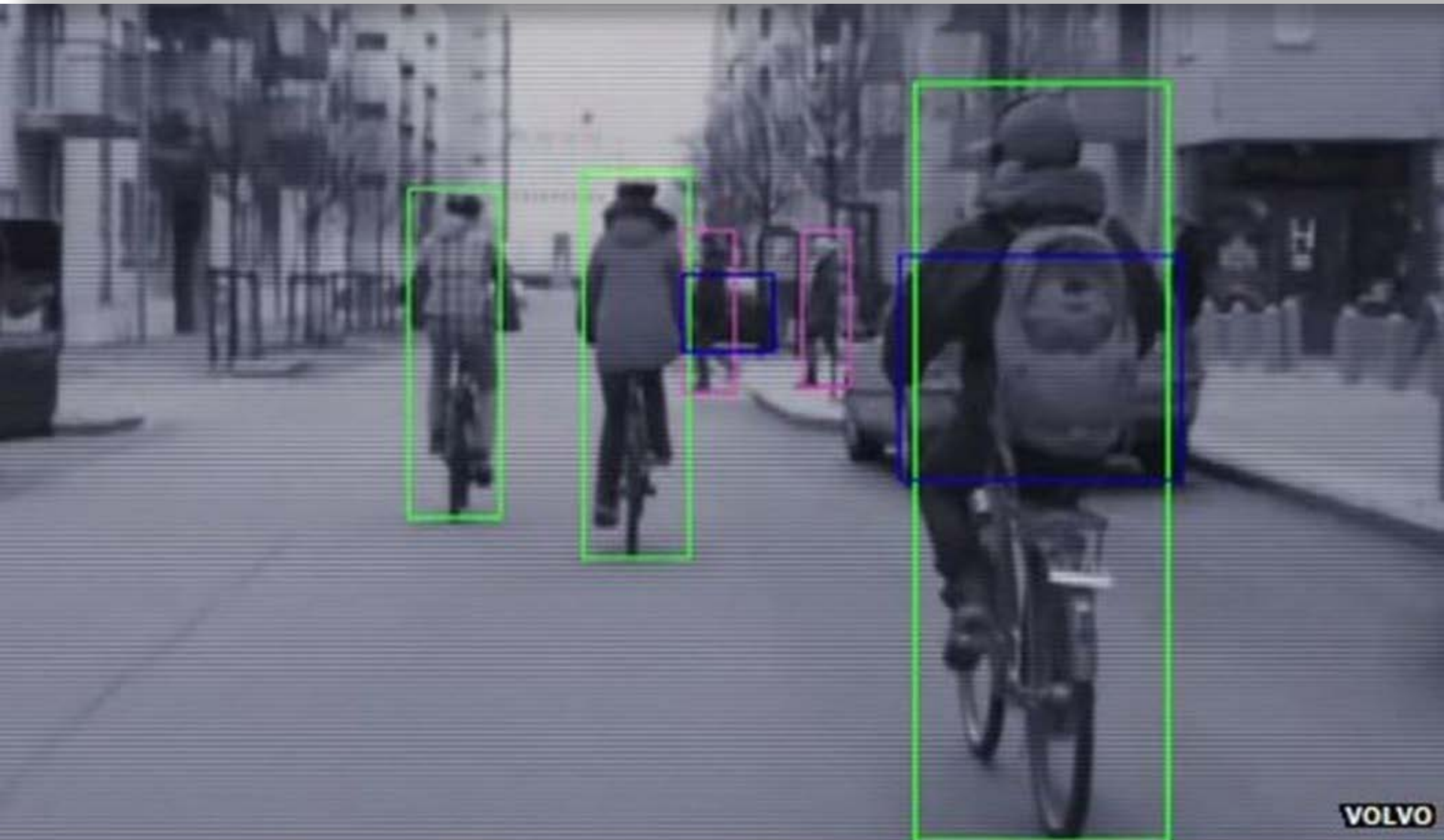
Connected Vehicle Mist Computing Tool Support Vector Machine



SVM distinguishes gazelles, ostrich, trees and ground in Namibia, Africa



Support Vector Machines for ITS in China



Volvo has fitted some of its cars with sensors and software that can tell cyclists apart from other objects

Google Autonomous Vehicle *“baffled by a man” on a bike*



Google's self-driving cars are very careful.

When Google released its first accident reports in June, the company revealed that in the combined 1.8 million miles its cars had been on the road, they had been involved in 12 minor accidents, none of which were their fault.

But this default to caution can cause strange incidents when Google cars run into humans engaging in nonstandard behavior.

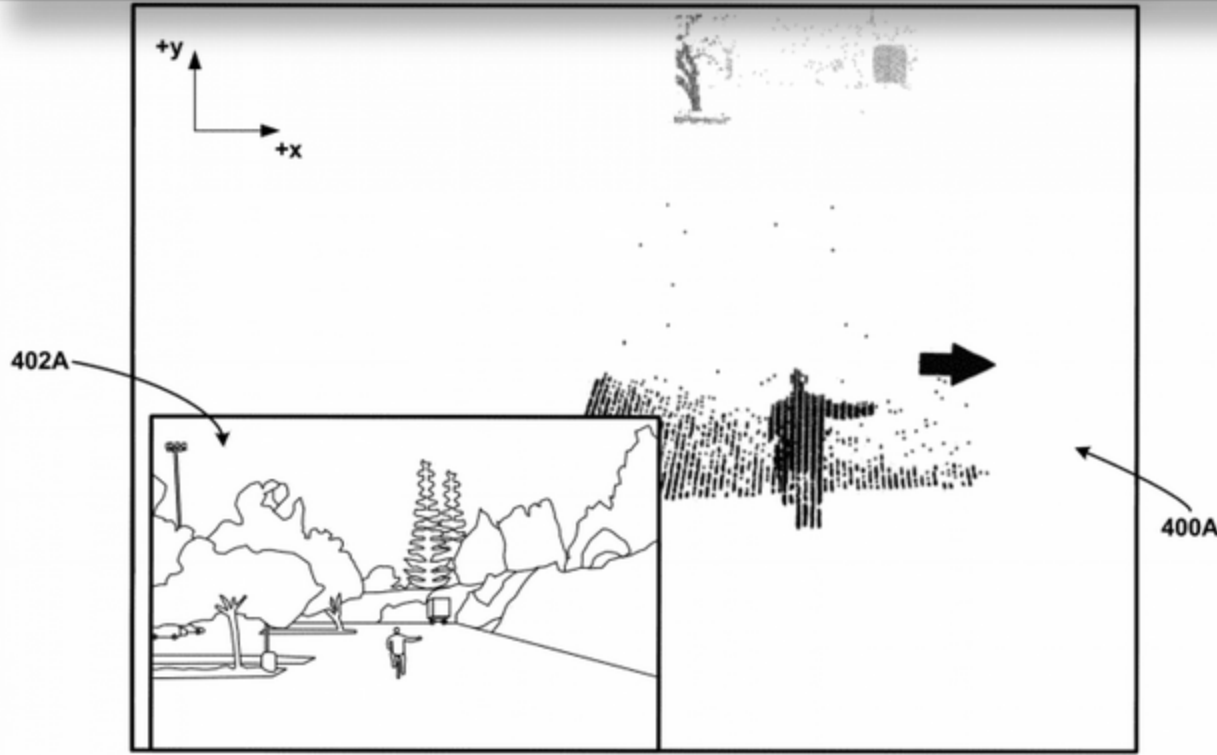


One of Google's self-driving cars.

One such incident reportedly occurred earlier this month in Austin, when a robot car was baffled by a man riding a fixed-gear bike — aka a fixie, a favorite of so-called hipsters around the world — The Washington Post reports.

<http://bit.ly/GOOGLE-PATENT-CYCLISTS>

Autonomous Vehicles - interpreting hand signals of cyclists



Here we see how the driverless car's sensors identify the cyclist and his intent to turn right. (U.S. Patent and Trademark Office)

A year ago, Google made an impressive announcement. Its self-driving cars were [capable of interpreting the hand signals of cyclists](#).

Google didn't offer much detail then on how this system worked, but a [patent issued to the tech giant in April](#) gives a window into how it plans to use machine learning to make self-driving cars a reality on city streets.

Google granted patent for interpreting hand signals of cyclists

United States Patent
Kretzschmar , et al.

9,014,905
April 21, 2015

Cyclist hand signal detection by an autonomous vehicle

Abstract

Methods and systems for detecting hand signals of a cyclist by an autonomous vehicle are described. An example method may involve a computing device receiving a plurality of data points corresponding to an environment of an autonomous vehicle. The computing device may then determine one or more subsets of data points from the plurality of data points indicative of at least a body region of a cyclist. Further, based on an output of a comparison of the one or more subsets with one or more predetermined sets of cycling signals, the computing device may determine an expected adjustment of one or more of a speed of the cyclist and a direction of movement of the cyclist. Still further, based on the expected adjustment, the computing device may provide instructions to adjust one or more of a speed of the autonomous vehicle and a direction of movement of the autonomous vehicle.

Inventors: **Kretzschmar; Henrik** (Freiburg, DE), **Zhu; Jiajun** (Palo Alto, CA)

Applicant:

Name	City	State	Country	Type
------	------	-------	---------	------

Google Inc.	Mountain View	CA	US	
-------------	---------------	----	----	--

Assignee: **Google Inc.** (Mountain View, CA)

Family ID: 52822648

Appl. No.: 14/166,502

Filed: January 28, 2014

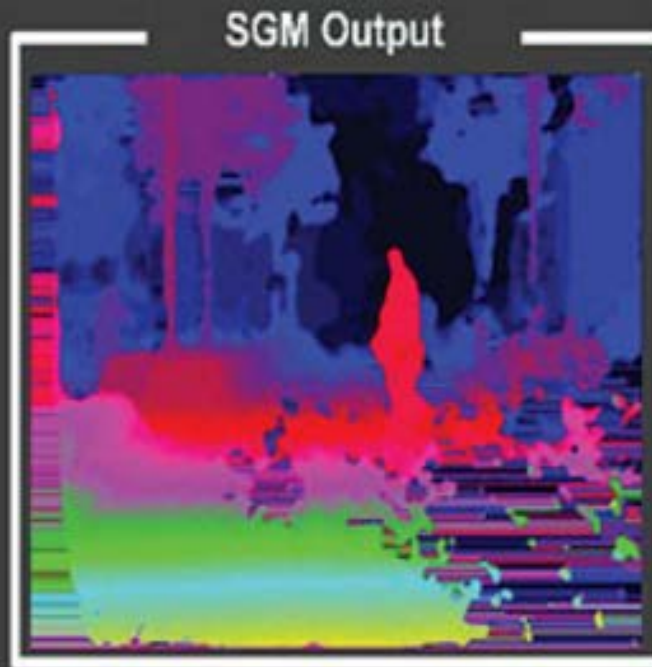
Can machine learning
semantics distinguish
between scenarios?







Viktor Weisskopf, Maria Göppert, Max Born
Göttingen (1920)



Object List

OID	object class
1	Ped
2	Ped
3	Ped
4	Ped
5	Ped
6	Ped
7	Ped
8	Ped



Can machine learning semantics distinguish between scenarios?

Sufficient run-time accuracy for collision avoidance by autonomous vehicles?

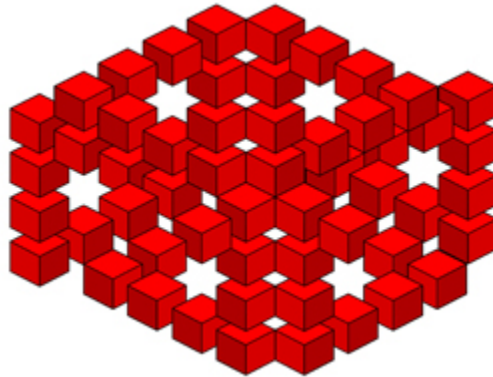
For additional discussion related to transport, please see 05_TRANSPORT (PDF) available in the zipped folder 'REVIEW IOT' which is here – <http://bit.ly/MIT-IOT>



[2] Examples (IT+OT+TELCO)

- Digital Twins

Digital Twins



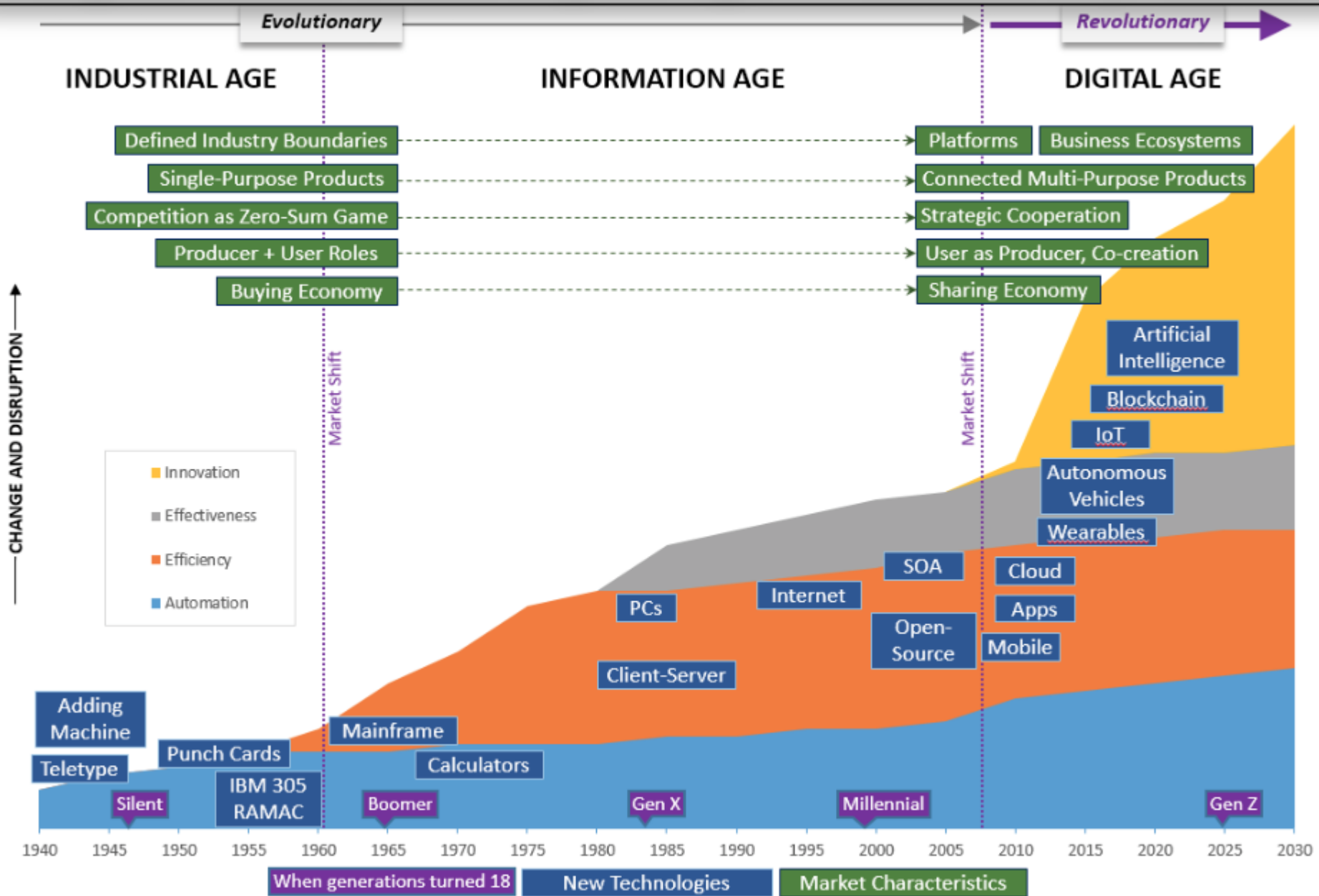
Dr Shoumen Palit Austin Datta

Research Affiliate, Department of Mechanical Engineering, Massachusetts Institute of Technology • shoumen@mit.edu

MIT Auto-ID Labs • <http://autoid.mit.edu/people-2>

Digital Twins in the Digital Age – The Journey Ahead

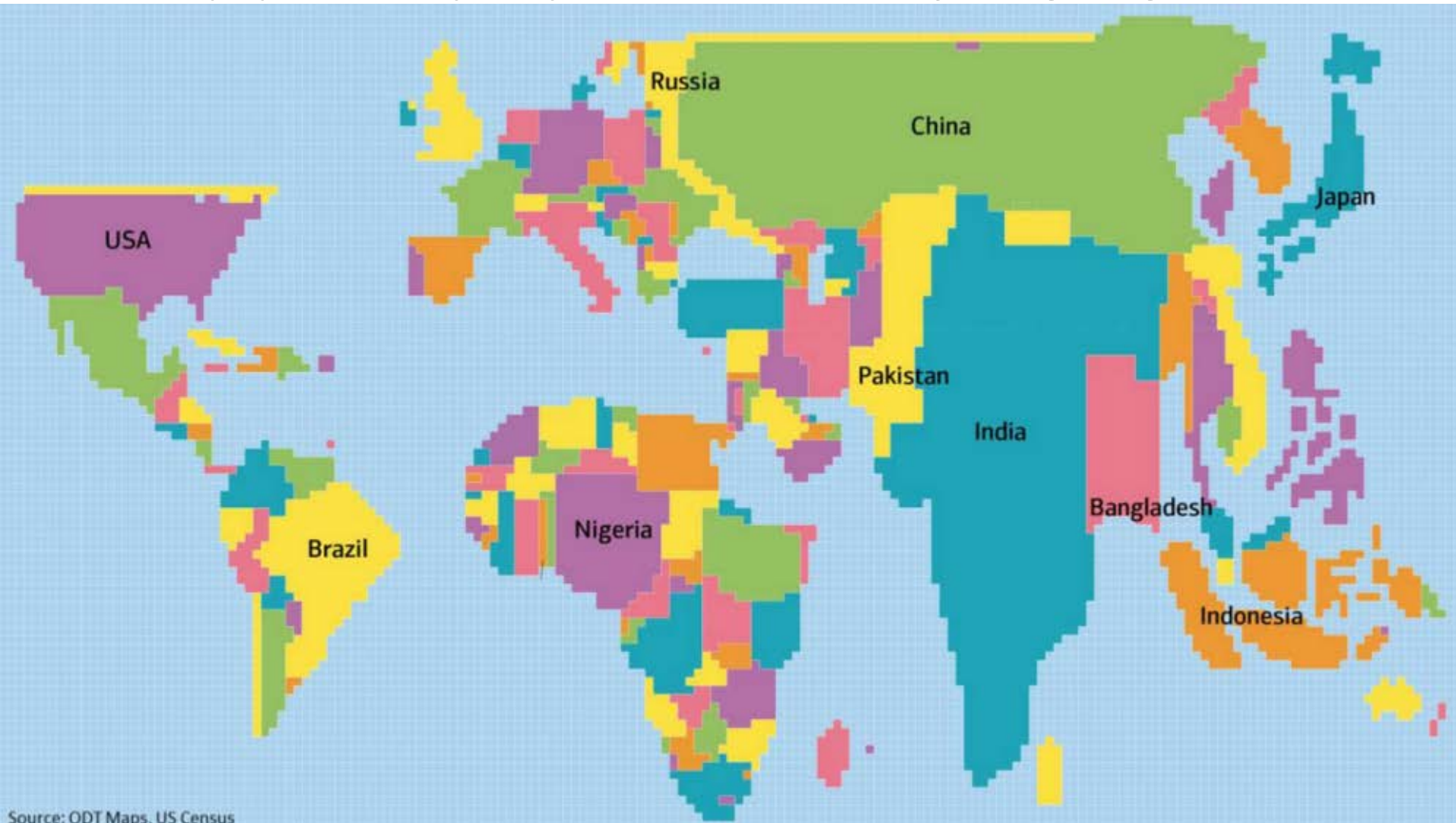
<https://image-store.slidesharecdn.com/33f5aa33-fdb2-4321-bb14-08ba4d1ac451-original.png>



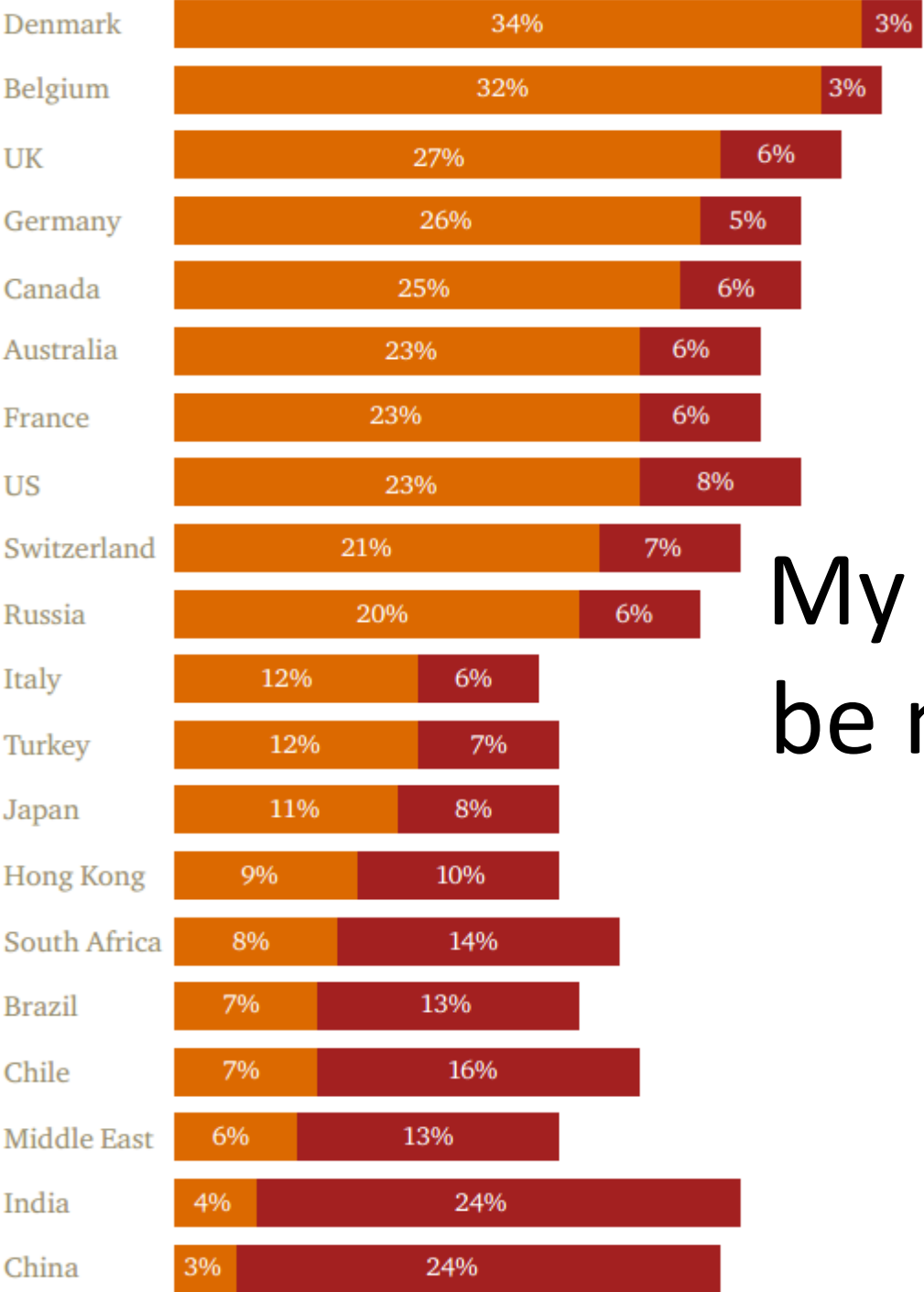
Will Digitalization Re-Configure the World Map?

What if we re-draw the world map based on population?

Is population synonymous with market for digital goods?



Digitalization Morphs Behavior?



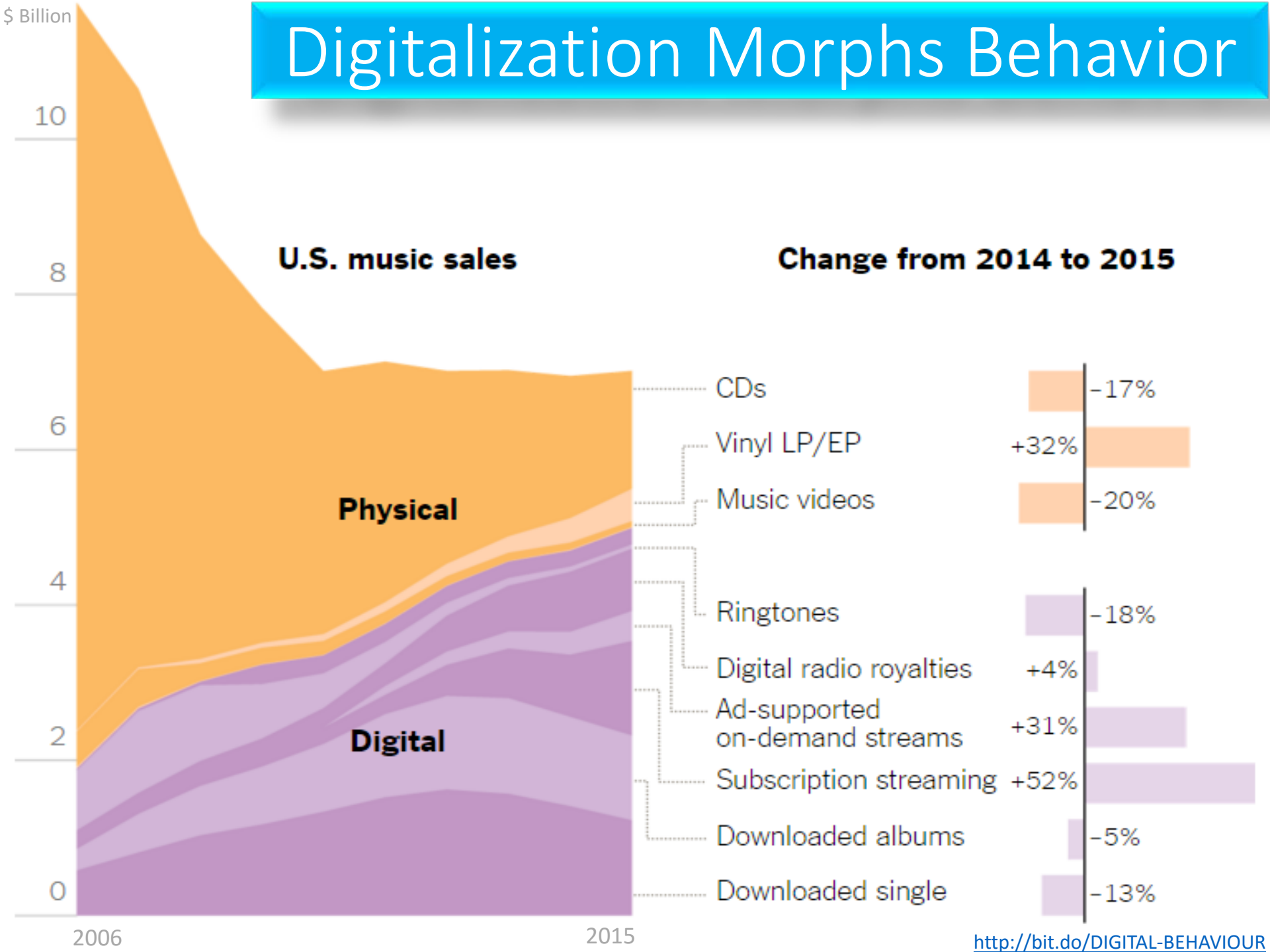
My mobile phone will be my purchasing tool



<http://bit.do/PURCHASING-TOOL>

Median Age
DE / JP – 46
Belgium – 43
DK / FR – 42
CAN / UK – 41
US / CN – 37
India – 27
Niger – 15

Digitalization Morphs Behavior



\$ Billion

10

8

6

4

2

0

U.S. music sales

Change from 2014 to 2015

Physical

Digital

CDs

Vinyl LP/EP

Music videos

Ringtones

Digital radio royalties

Ad-supported on-demand streams

Subscription streaming

Downloaded albums

Downloaded single

-17%

+32%

-20%

-18%

+4%

+31%

+52%

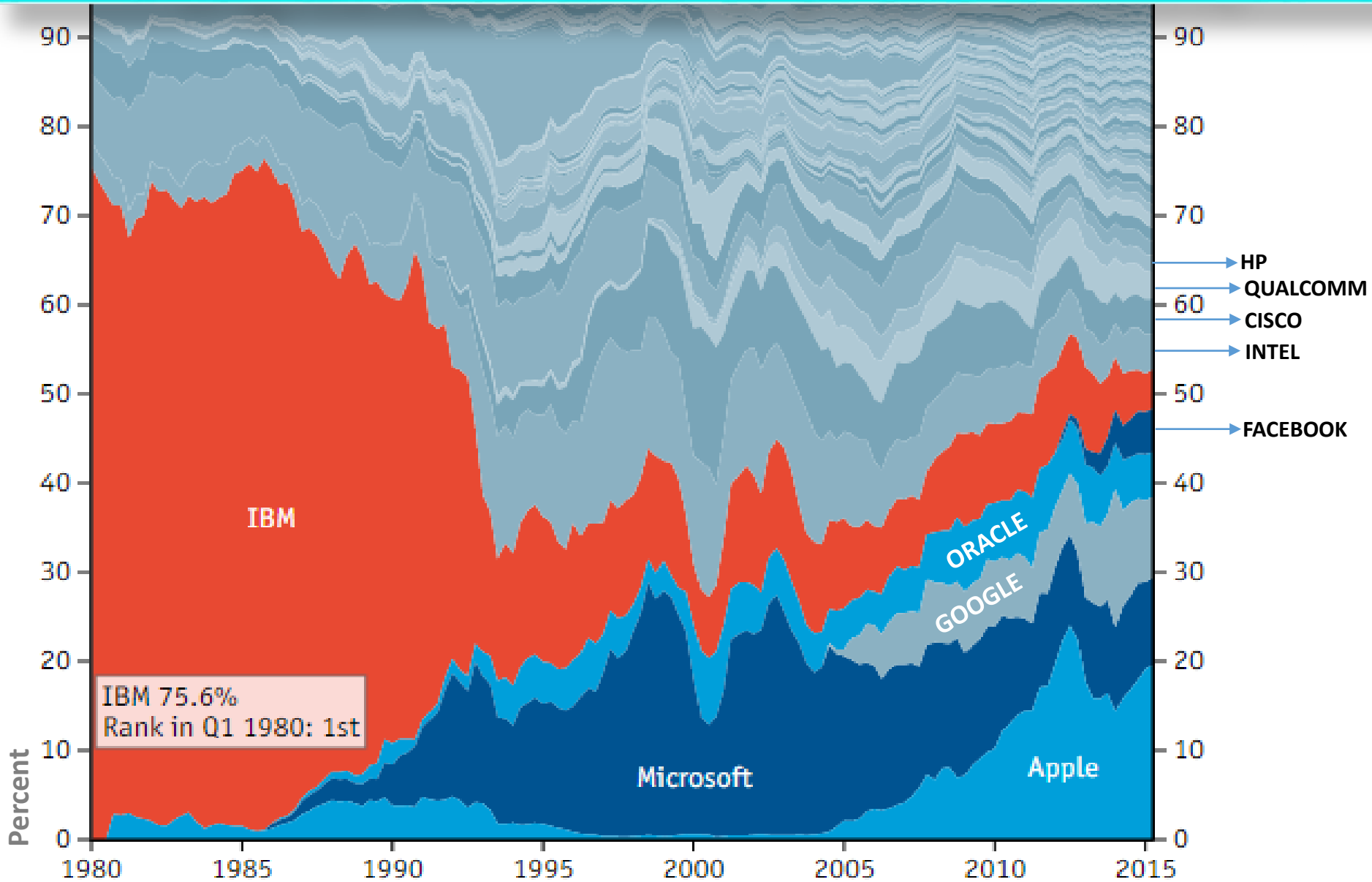
-5%

-13%

2006

2015

Digitalization Morphs Outcome



IBM 75.6%
Rank in Q1 1980: 1st

- HP
- QUALCOMM
- CISCO
- INTEL
- FACEBOOK

IBM

Microsoft

Apple

ORACLE
GOOGLE

Disclaimer – This is not a panacea (nothing is). This presentation on Digital Twins is one of many possible solutions, approaches and the need for conceptual “digital by design” forward-thinking.

Digital Twin (like IoT) is a concept which must be part of the design

It may be applied to almost any object and/or system,
eg: smart cities, oil and gas, energy grid, healthcare,
automotive, aviation, machines, buildings and tools.
Objects must evolve to foster a digital by design era.

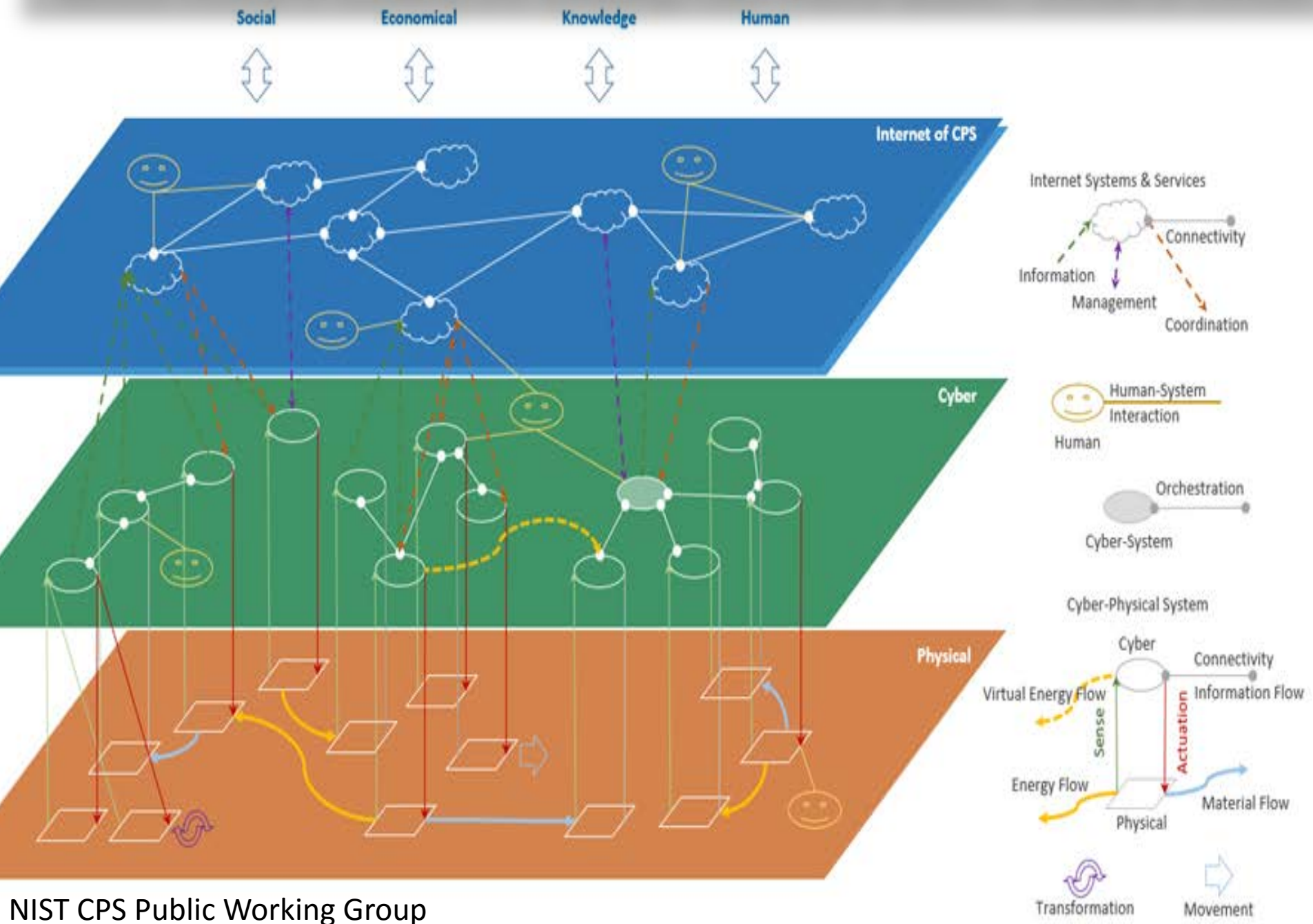
Physical Model of the Conceptual Introduction of Digital Twins



<http://history.nasa.gov/computers/Ch8-2.html> www.nasa.gov/sites/default/files/80660main_ApolloFS.pdf

The movie, Apollo 13, depicts (1970) grounded crew member, Ken Mattingly (Gary Sinise), working in a Lunar Module simulator to sequence the space-based power up of the Command Module without shorting the electrical systems. The “successful failure” of the Apollo 13 mission was described by a few as NASA’s finest hour.

National Institute of Standards and Technology Cyber Physical Systems – SYSTEM OF SYSTEMS

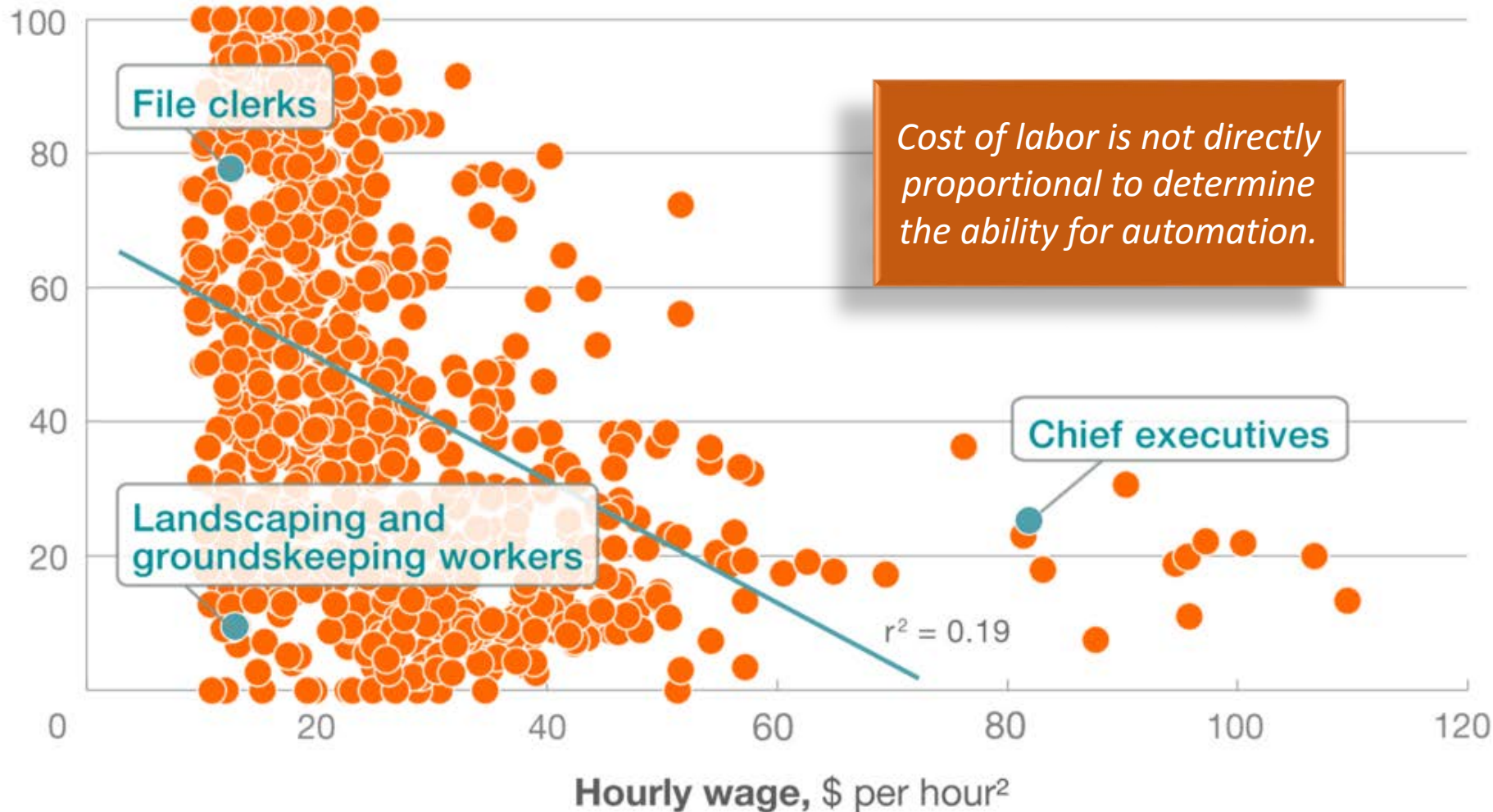


Evolution of Autonomy

RATIONALE FOR DIGITAL BY DESIGN TWINS ?

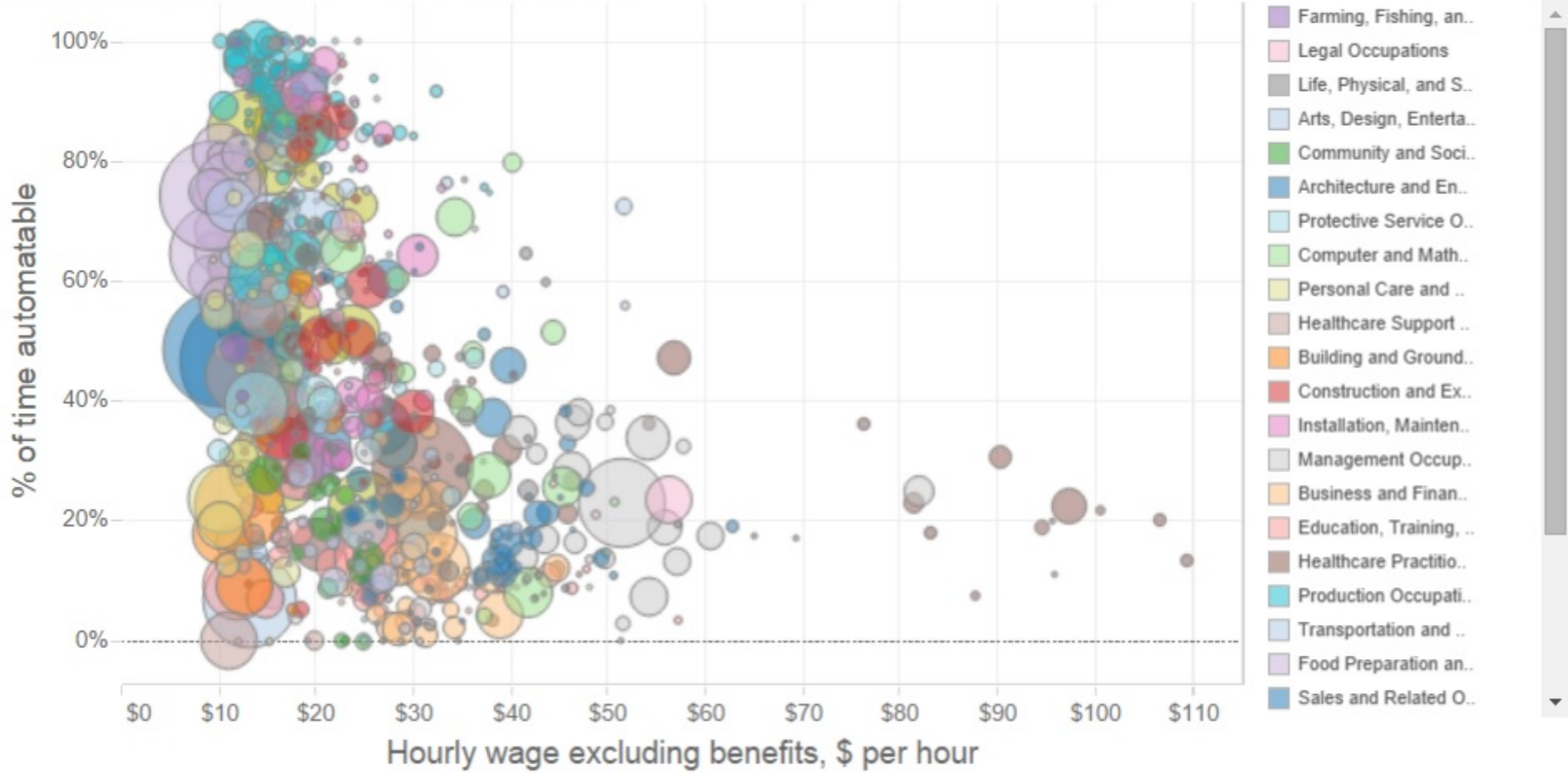
The quest for autonomy is at the heart of our pursuit of the algorithm economy in the era of the industrial internet. Digital Twins may be a tool which may serve the dual task of [1] simulation of tasks/activities and [2] simulation of tasks/activities that we may prefer to automate. Models of autonomy are key to understand the value of automation and monitor automation efficiencies.

Ability to automate, % of time spent on activities¹ that can be automated by adapting currently demonstrated technology

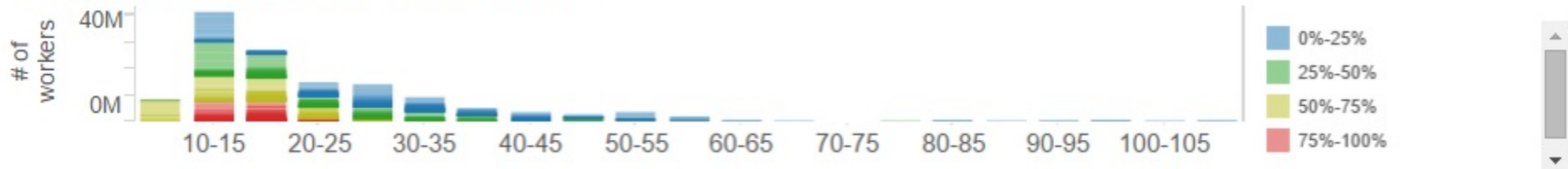


US employment by hourly wage and potential for automation based on current technology, bubble size = number of workers

Occupatio... (All) ▼

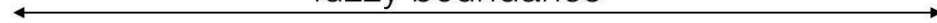


US employment by wage range, \$ per hour



The Algorithm Economy

fuzzy boundaries



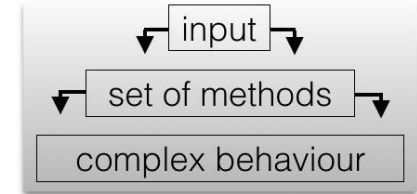
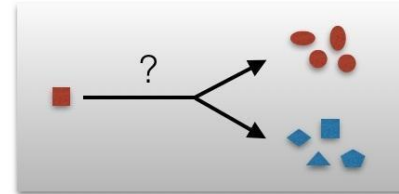
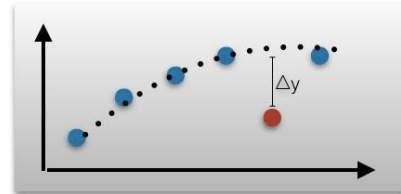
rule-based
decision making

statistical
reasoning

machine
learning

artificial
intelligence

```
if condition fulfilled then
  activity 1
else
  activity 2
```



simple regression

classification tasks

dynamic adaptation
to novelty

boolean data
(yes or no)

numerical data
allowing for
curve fitting

arbitrary data
that needs to be
abstracted into
numbers

autonomous selection
of best methodology
when presented with
arbitrary data

Examples:

- ▶ phone notification
- ▶ time- or threshold-based alarms
- ▶ simple pattern matching

Examples:

- ▶ extra- and interpolation
- ▶ outlier detection
- ▶ predictive maintenance

Examples:

- ▶ identification of relevant features from large input datasets
- ▶ quality control using various metrics

Examples:

- ▶ autonomous vehicles
- ▶ human-like conversational skills
- ▶ intelligent digital assistant

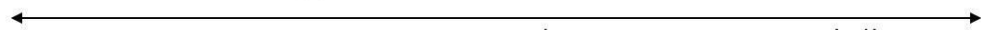
every programmer



data science types

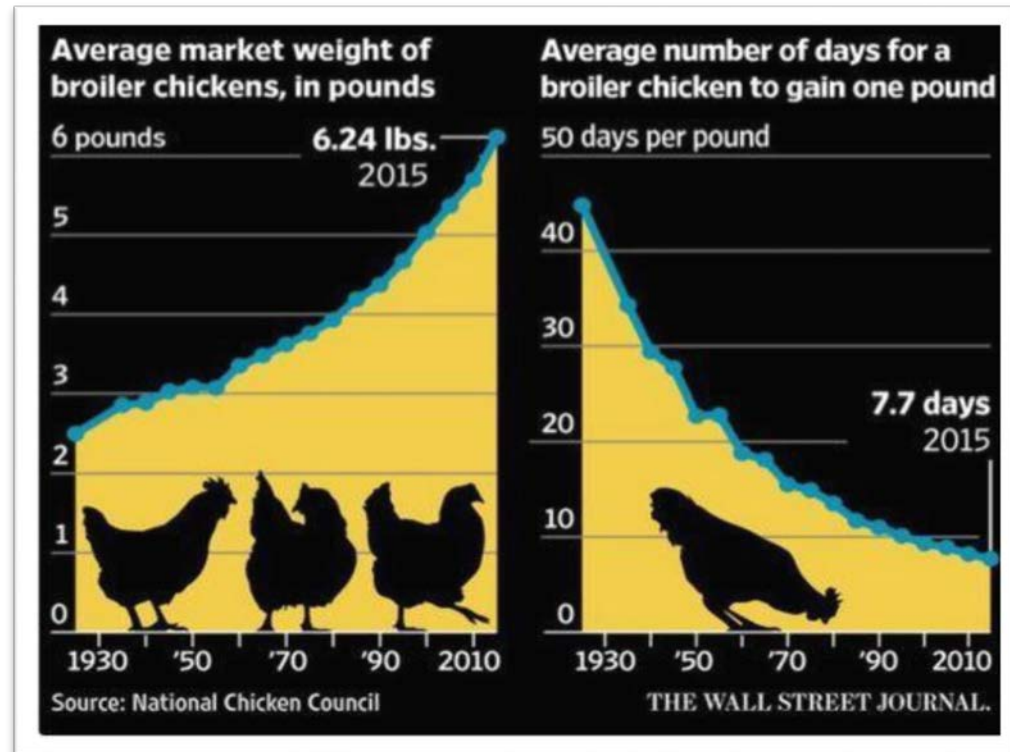


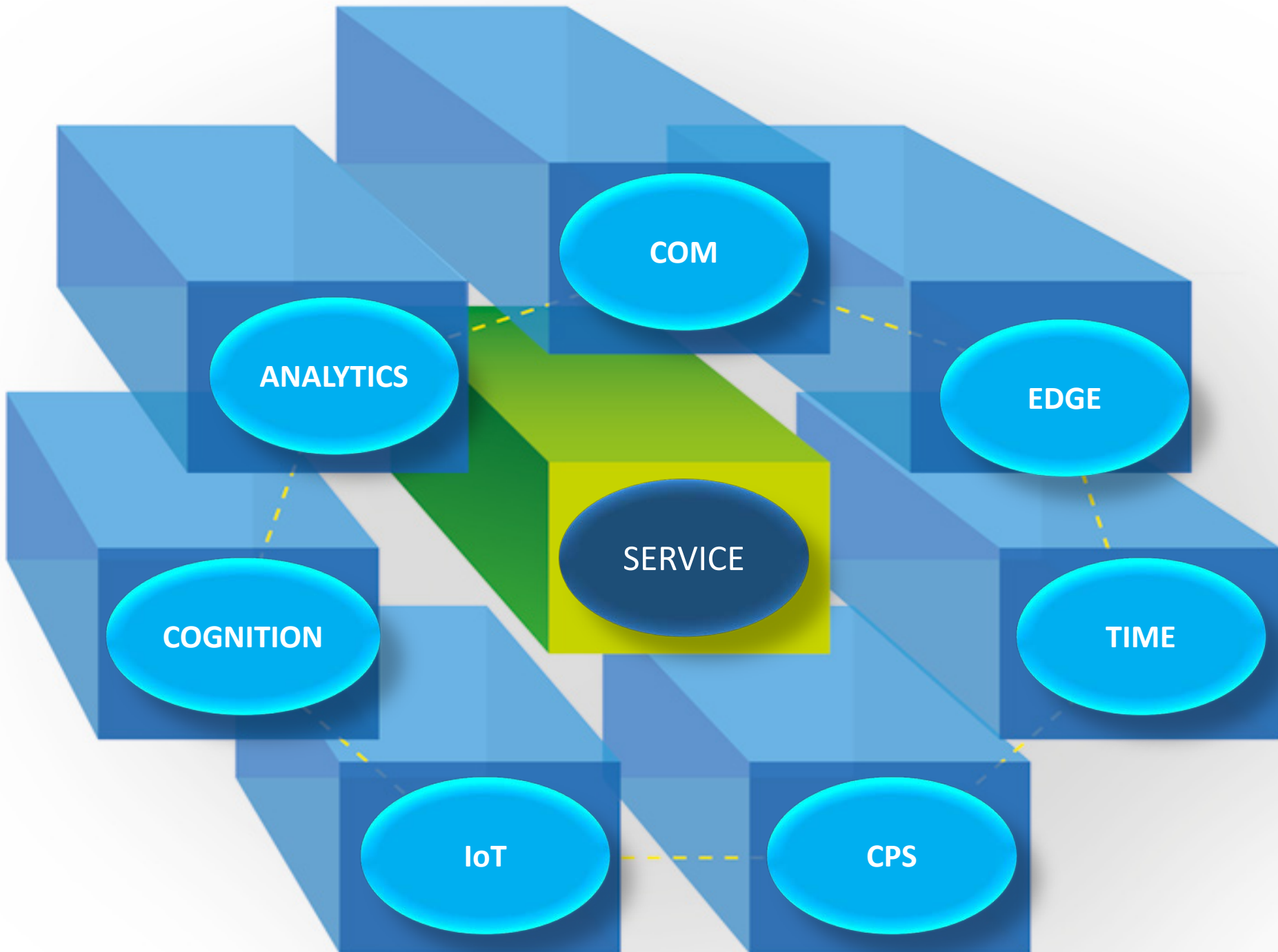
complex systems specialists



The Primordial Quest for Monetization

- The Algorithm Economy
- GE Mantra 1% Savings
- Improve Efficiency
- Reduce Downtime
- Conserve Fuel
- Mitigate Risk
- Save Lives?
- Profit
- Data
- DDS





COM

ANALYTICS

EDGE

SERVICE

COGNITION

TIME

IoT

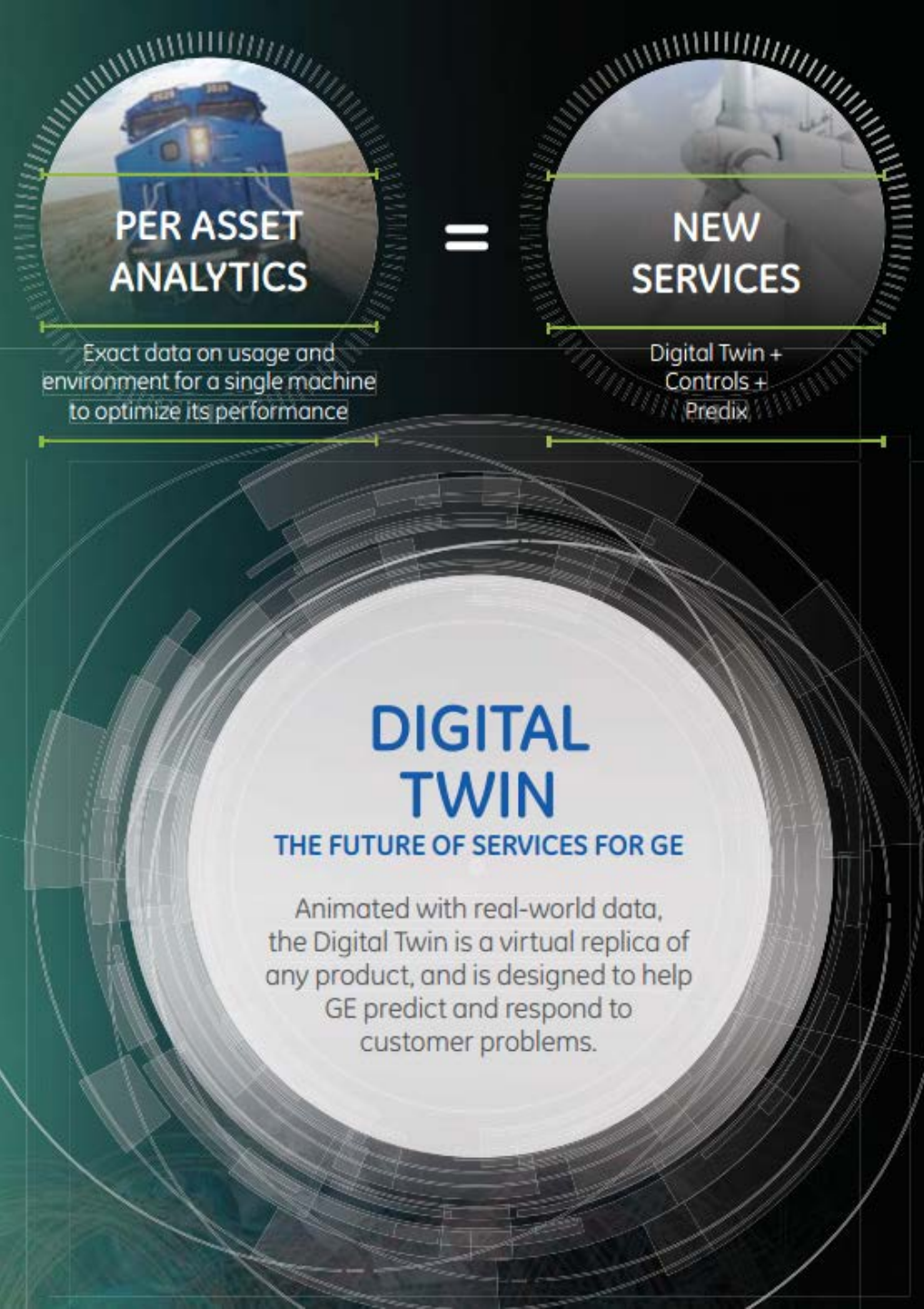
CPS

MONETIZATION

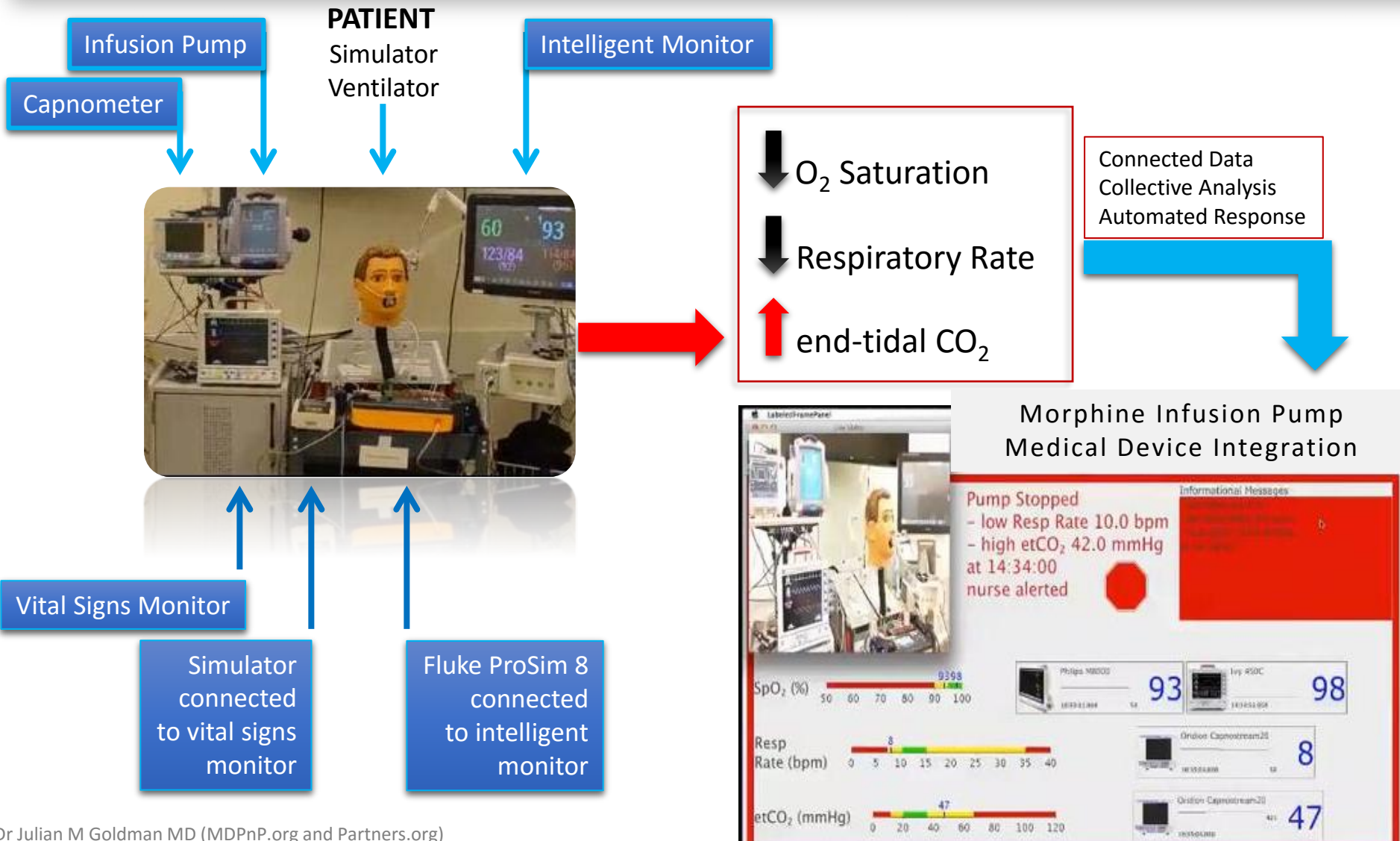


Analytics Layer
Machine Learning, Data Science Algorithms

PREDICTIVE / COGNITIVE INTELLIGENT SERVICES ?



Post-Surgical Morphine Infusion System as a Finite State Machine?



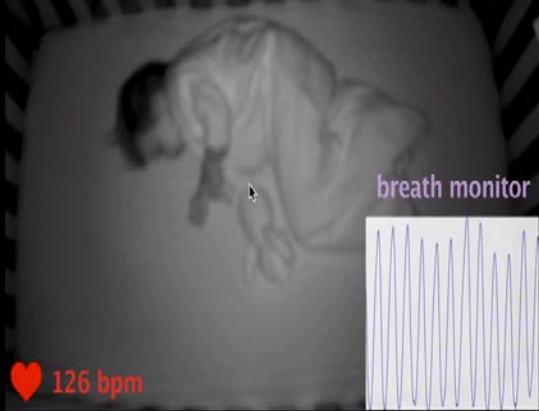
Neonatal ICU as a Finite State Automaton? Transition states?



The
DIGITAL
STATE

Neonatal ICU – Crying out for Digital Twins?

2014-09-14 21:50:43 Professor Dina Katabi, MIT



Professor Dina Katabi (MIT) presenting RF Reflection to President Obama (White House Demo, 4 August 2015)



<http://bit.do/WiVi>

Pictured left to right: graduate student Fadel Adib, Professor Dina Katabi, President Barack Obama, and graduate student Zachary Kabelac.

WHITE HOUSE VIDEO • <http://bit.ly/President-Obama-with-Dina-Katabi>

President Obama invites MIT entrepreneurs to give demo at the White House

<http://newsoffice.mit.edu/2015/president-obama-meets-mit-entrepreneurs-white-house-demo-day-0806>

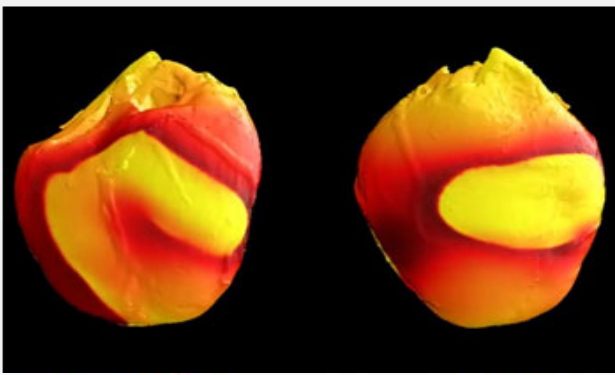


- News
- News From the Field
- For the News Media
- Special Reports
- Research Overviews
- NSF-Wide Investments
- Speeches & Lectures
- NSF Director's Newsletter
- Multimedia Gallery
- News Archive
- News by Research Area
- Arctic & Antarctic

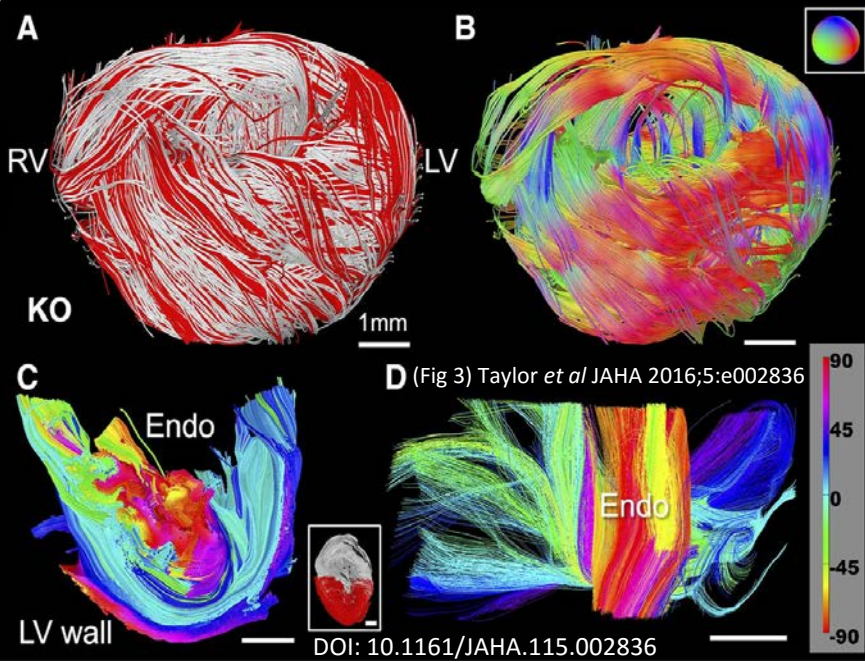
Digital Twin Delivered

Press Release 15-052
Exploring a new frontier of cyber-physical systems: The human body

NSF supports projects to design virtual heart models and robot-cell hybrids



Myo-architectural phenotype associated with the ablation of MYBPC3



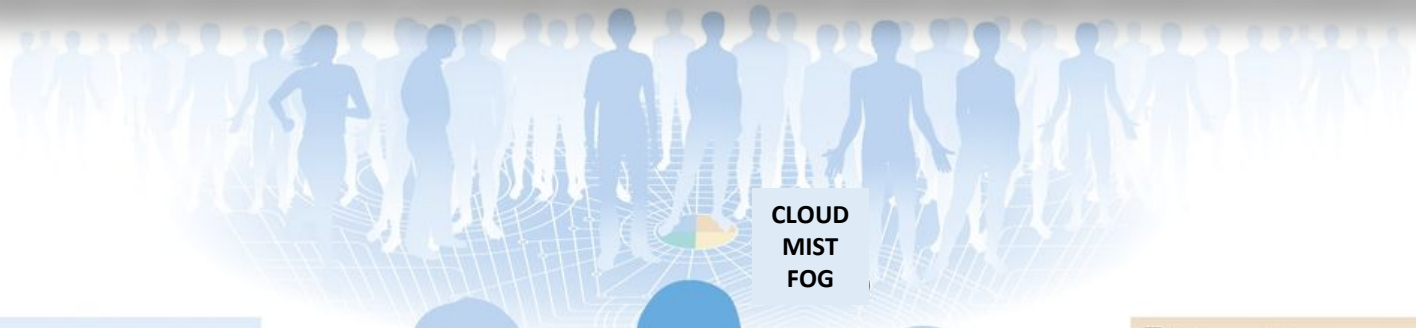
<http://bit.do/HEART-2-HEART>



Rahul Mangharam

January 2015: Rahul Mangharam is the Penn PI for the newly awarded **\$4.2MM NSF CPS Frontiers** project on *CyberHeart: Compositional, Approximate, and Quantitative Reasoning for Medical Cyber-Physical Systems*. [More.](#)

Digital representation of biosensors – the personal health mesh network ?



CLOUD
MIST
FOG

A Portable devices



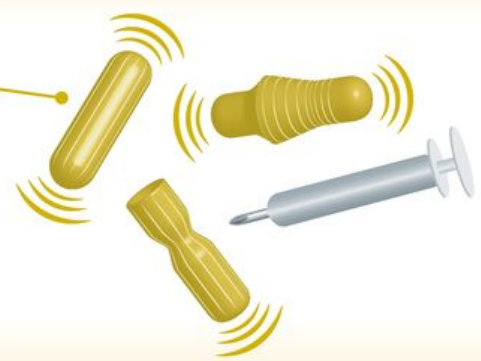
B Wearable sensors



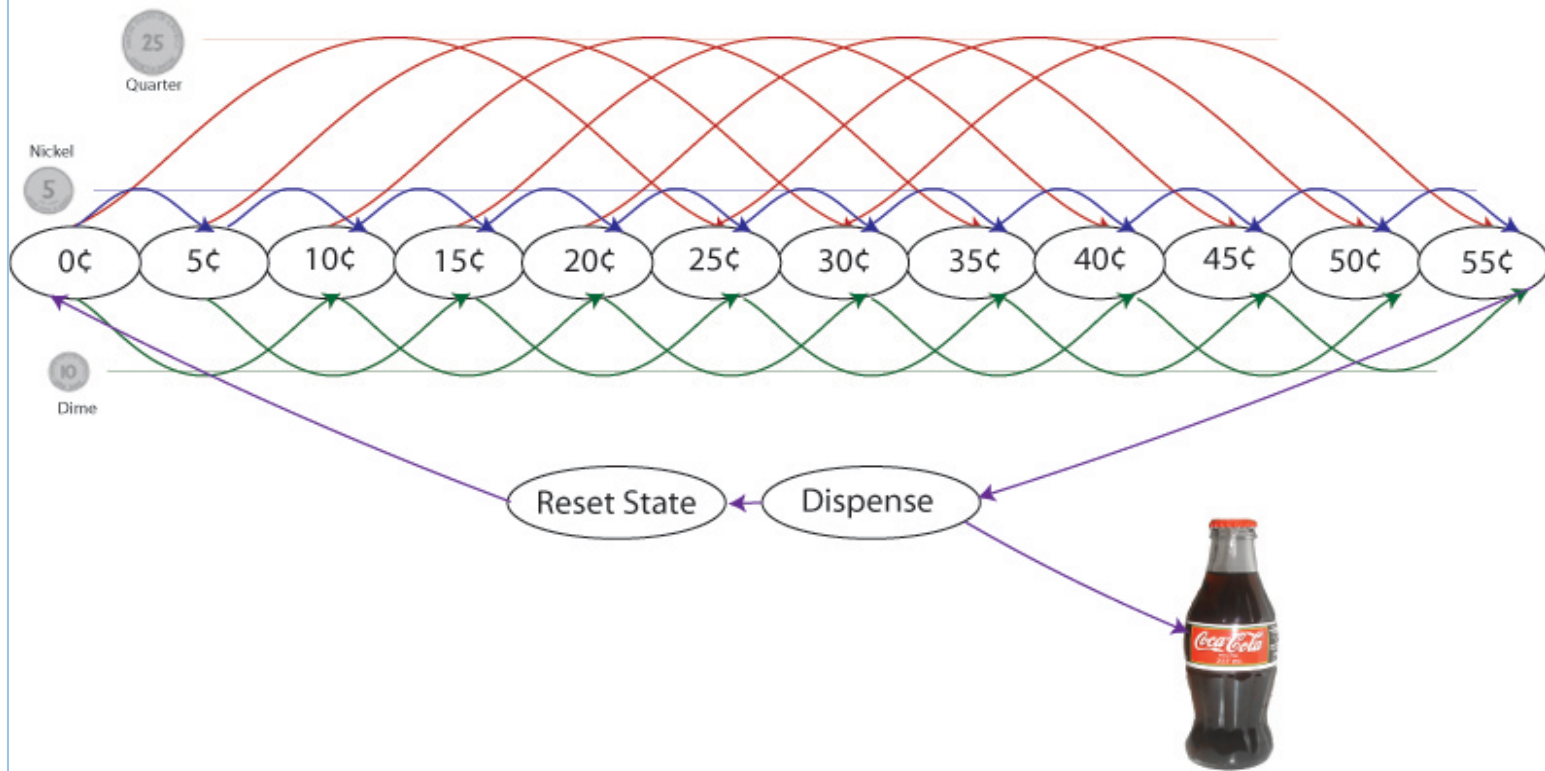
C Edible sensors



D Implantable/Injectable sensors



Finite State Machine: Soda Machine State Diagram



The concept of finite state machines (FSM) is applicable to digital twins, but it will be remiss not to mention that traditional state based approach (cartoon, above) may have reached its limit in engineering. It is imperative to develop tools which allows and accommodates for non-linearity, adaptability, self-organization and self-repair.

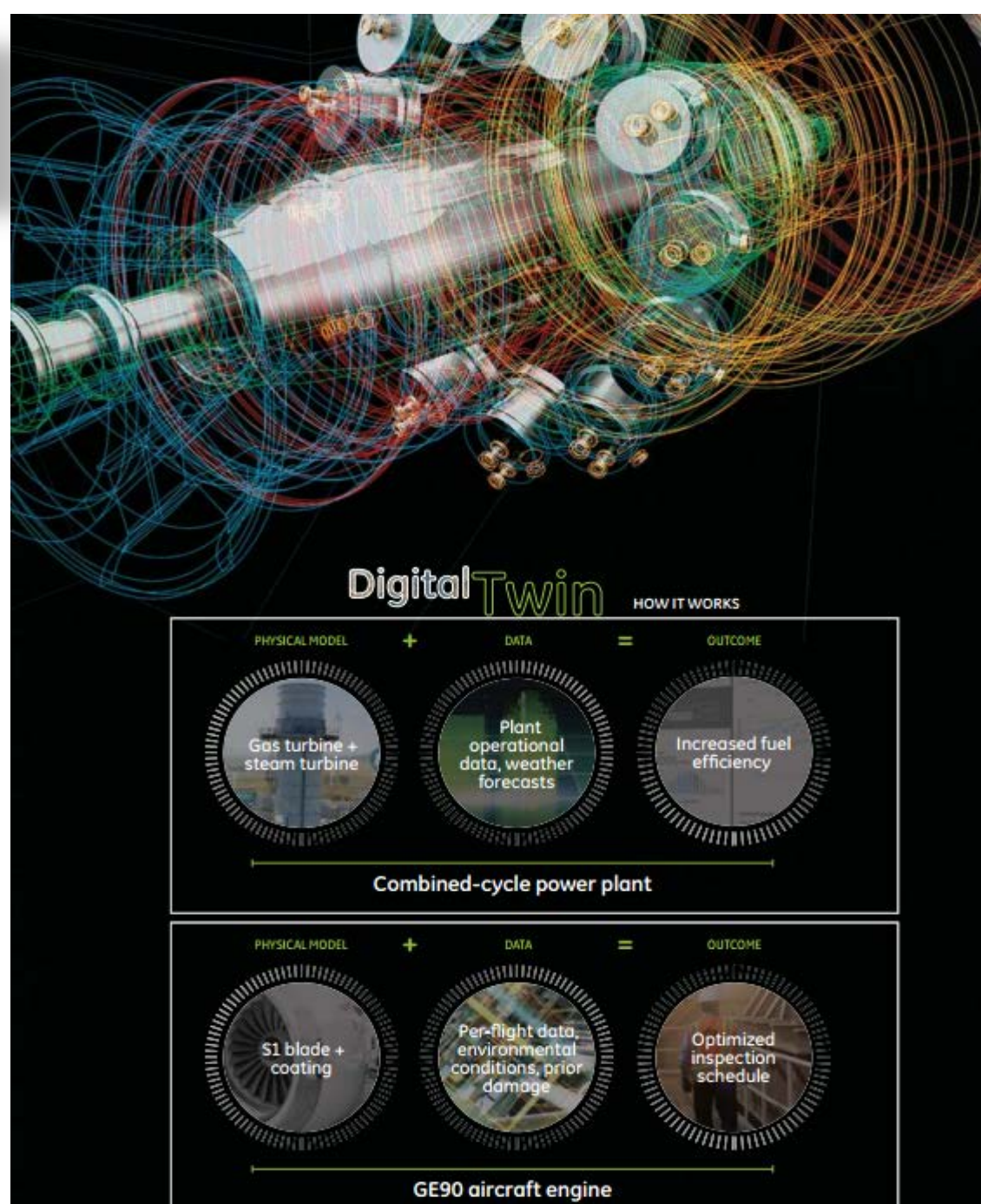
Dawn of Industrial Digital Twins

case specific, expert driven, equation based, hard coded, data islands which are not digital by design

<http://bit.do/RR-ROCKS>



Expert Driven DT Instantiation



Physics of the Object

Equation of Operation

Populate Data for Variables

Compute & Analyze Outcome



INFORMATION INSTRUCTIONS PARTS ATTACHMENTS ANNOUNCEMENTS

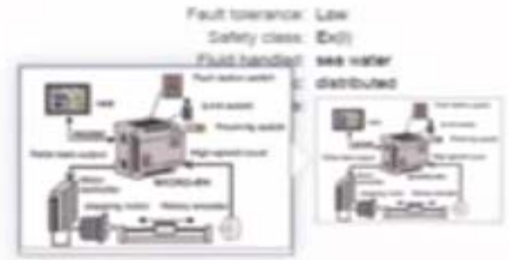
Characteristics

Sub Sea Pump



Environment: off shore
Sensing principle: sonic
Detector communication: smart
Method of ventilation: advanced

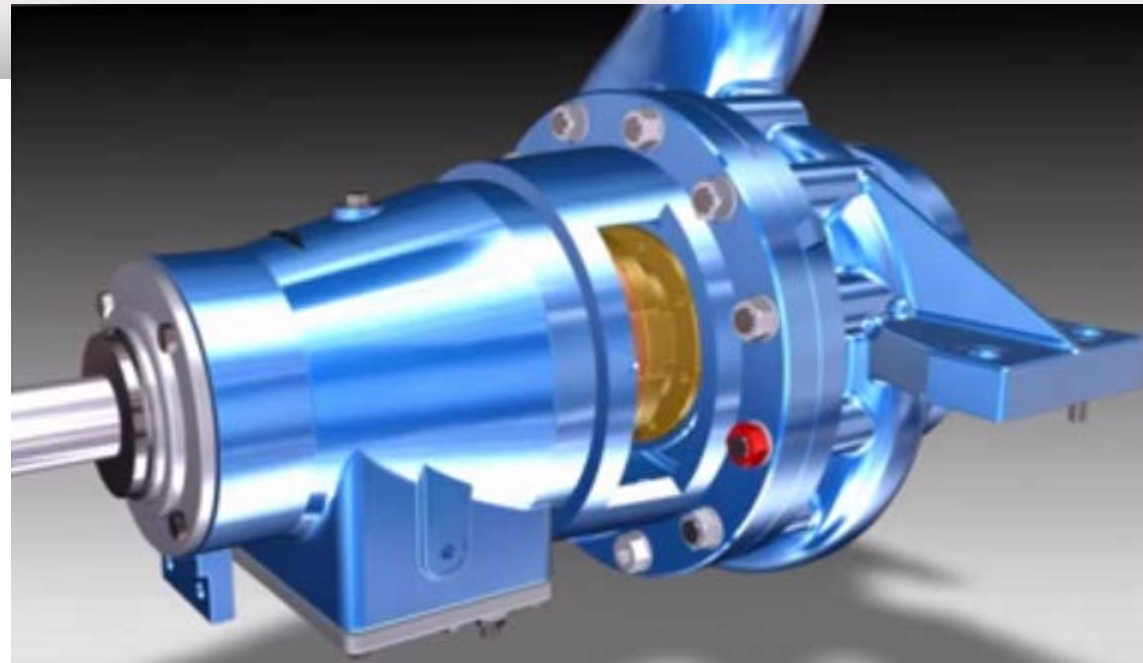
Subsea production control



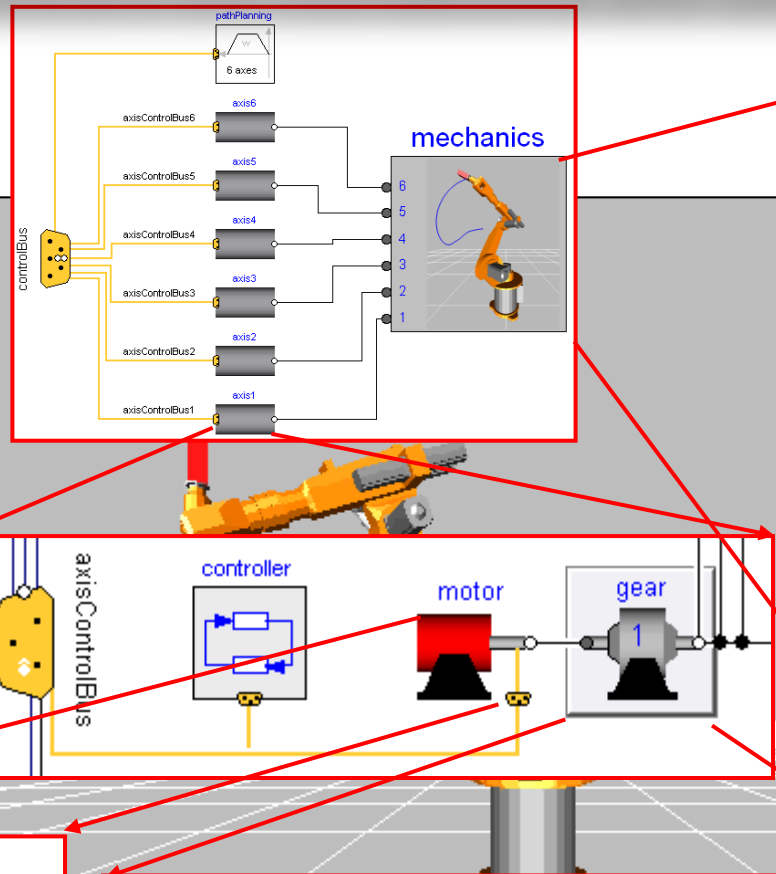
See More

Installation Information

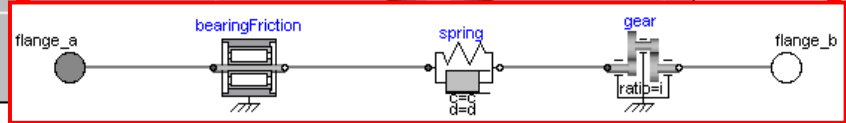
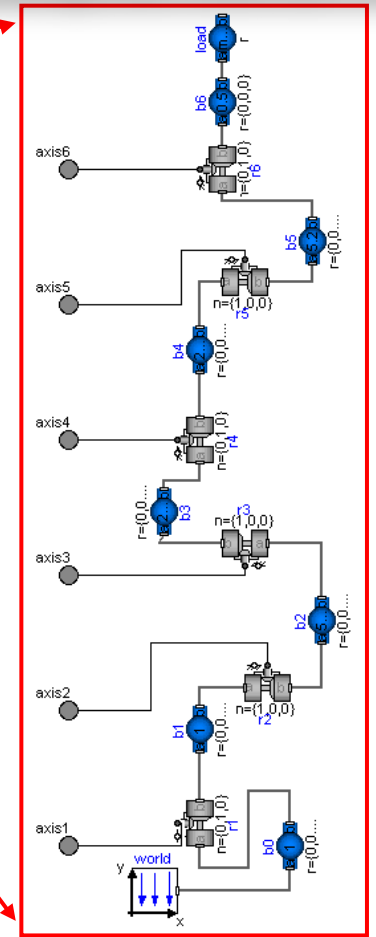
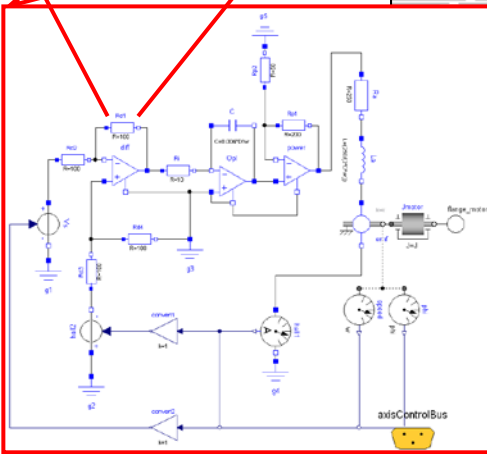
Save Cancel



Equation based tools pioneered by Modelica and others since 1996 FSM are insufficient but foundational and catalytic for Digital Twins



```
model Resistor  
  extends OnePort;  
  parameter Real R;  
equation  
  v = R*i;  
end Resistor;
```



1000 non-trivial algebraic equations, 80 states.

OO EBM model of RobotR3 in open Modelica.

<http://bit.do/MODELICA-2000>

Integrate (WSN) Data from Industrial CPS with Digital Twins

Main Work in This Paper: Rough Rolling
Temperature Estimation

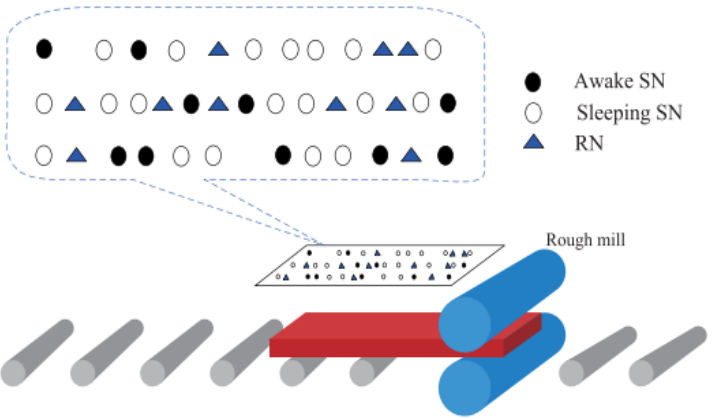
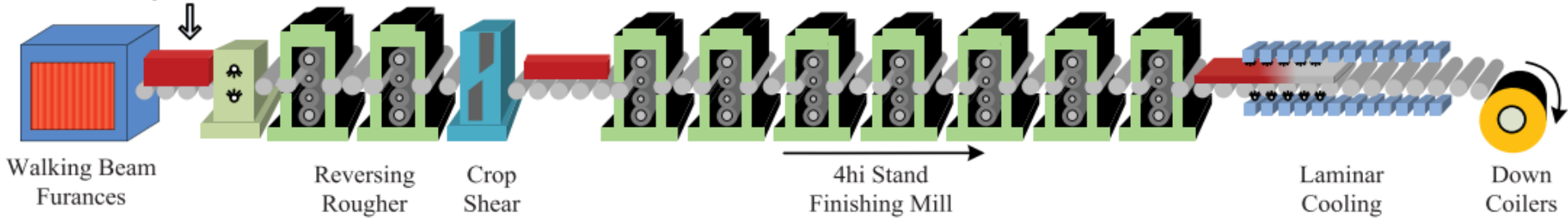


FIGURE 4. Schematic illustration of the WSNs deployed at the entrance of the roughing mill.

DOI 10.1109/TETC.2014.2386615

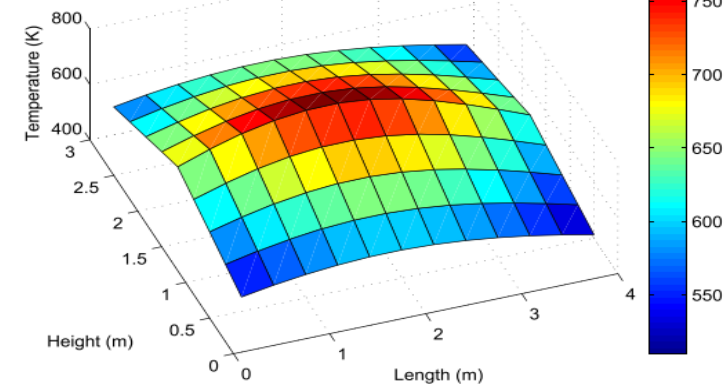


FIGURE 6. Temperature distribution of slab in the direction of thickness.

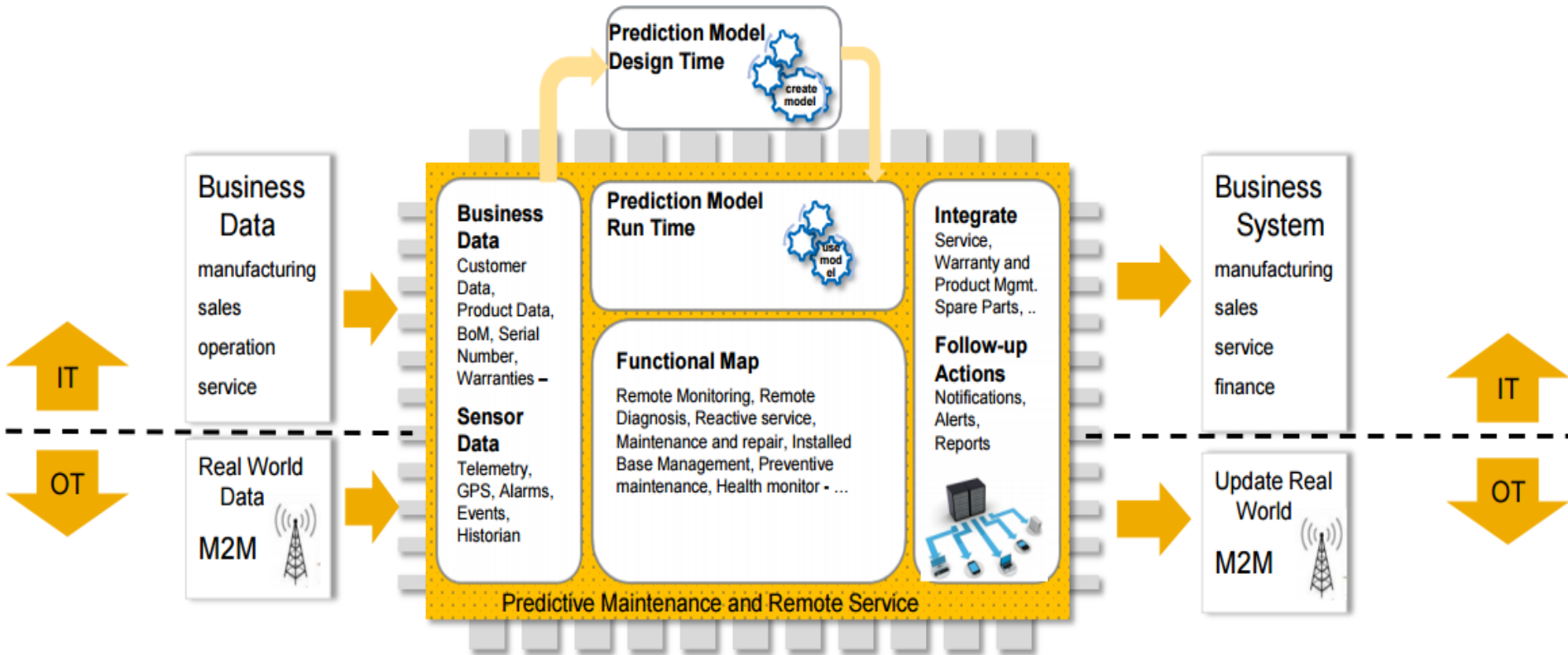
Ubiquitous Monitoring for Industrial Cyber-Physical Systems Over Relay-Assisted Wireless Sensor Networks

CAILIAN CHEN^{1,2}, (Member, IEEE), **JING YAN³**, **NING LU⁴**, (Student Member, IEEE), **YIYIN WANG^{1,2}**, (Member, IEEE), **XIAN YANG³**, AND **XINPING GUAN^{1,2}**, (Senior Member, IEEE)



CAILIAN CHEN (S'03–M'06) received the B.Eng. and M.Eng. degrees in automatic control from Yanshan University, Qinhuangdao, China, in 2000 and 2002, respectively, and the Ph.D. degree in control and systems from the City University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong, in 2006. She joined the Department of Automation, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, Shanghai, China, in 2008, as an Associate Professor, where she is currently a Full Professor.

IT / OT Divide is Discouraging for Digital Twins



Digital Twins better served by Data Centricity rather than OO



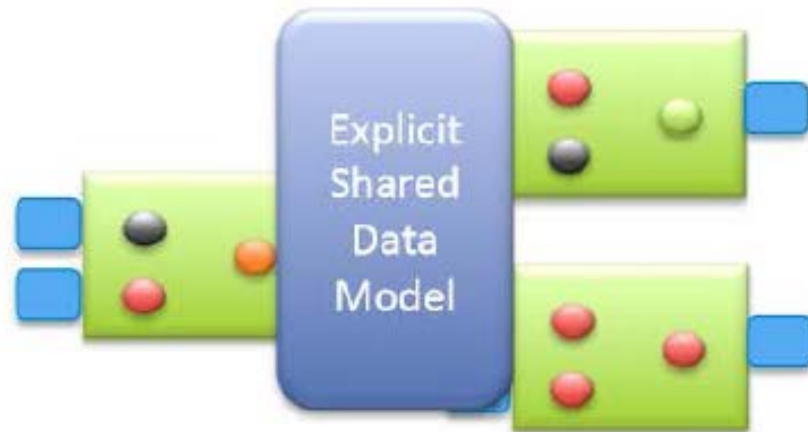
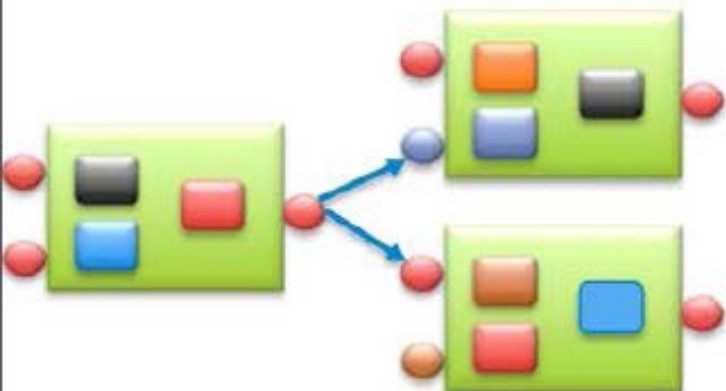
Object Oriented

- Encapsulate data
- Expose methods

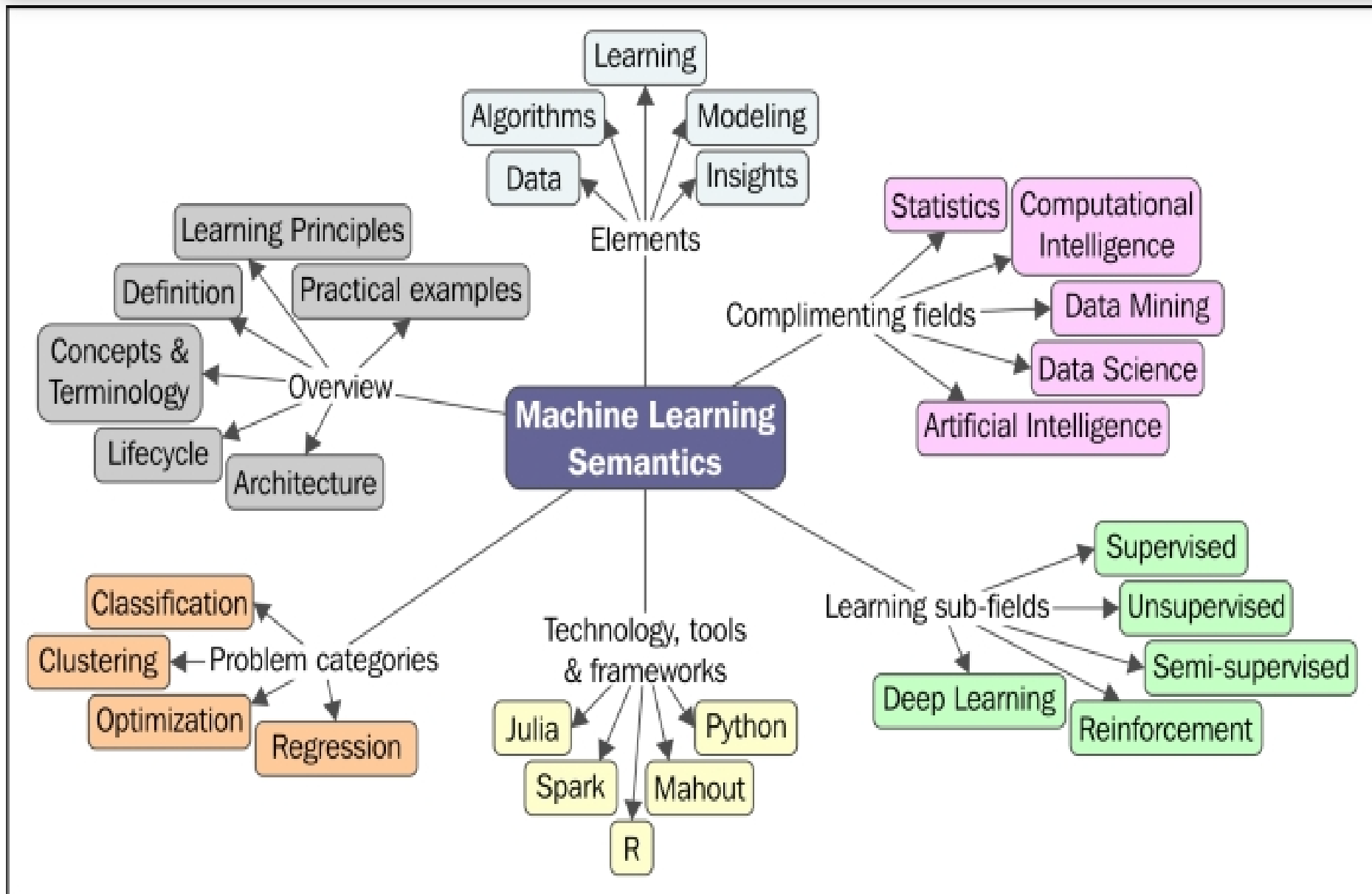


Data Centric

- Encapsulate methods
- Expose *data*



Digital Twins will die a premature death without semantic interoperability for ML tools

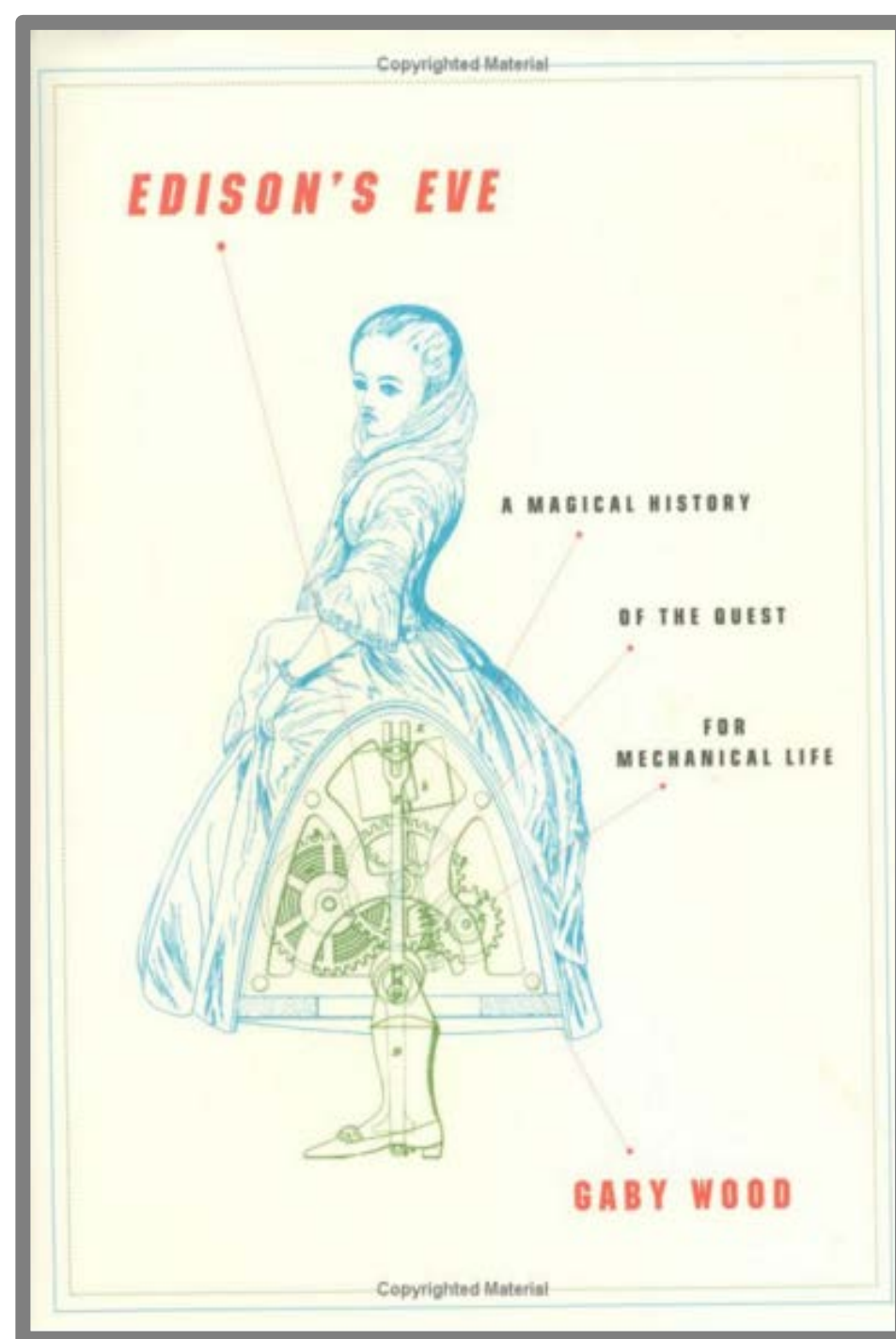


Most Existing Tools are EBM

Digital Twins may flourish when we migrate from EBM to ABM design

Agent based approaches may parallel evolution of digital by design

Digital Twin Today ?





April 14, 1956. Ampex's Charles Anderson described the scene when the VRX-1000 unveiling ceremony was played back to the audience moments after the event: "There was a deafening silence. Then came a roar. People started to swarm back around the machine."

Ampex released the world's first magnetic tape video recorder in April 1956. But with a price tag of US\$50,000 (~\$325,000 today), expensive rotating heads that had to be changed every few hundred hours and the need for highly skilled operators, it was far from a mass-use consumer item.

Masaru Ibuka, co-founder of Sony and Yuma Shiraishi at JVC, issued directives for their respective engineers to produce an unit that would cost \$500, a mere 1% of Ampex's price. In the 1980's, video recorder sales went from \$17 million to \$2 billion at Sony, \$2 million to \$2 billion at JVC, \$6 million to \$3 billion at Matsushita and \$296 million to \$480 million at Ampex. Failure to adapt eclipsed Ampex.

Tellis & Golder, 1996 ▪ MIT Sloan Management Review



Sony chairman Akio Morita believed the Walkman would be a smash hit.

www.sony.net/SonyInfo/CorporateInfo/History/SonyHistory/index.html



Happy 70th Anniversary Sony!
Established May 7th, 1946

Sony employees were shocked in the spring of 1979 when Morita instructed them to manufacture 30,000 Walkman units. This was before the public had even heard of the product. At the time, the company's best tape recorder was selling only 15,000 units a month. Morita was so sure the 30,000 units would sell, he said he would resign as company chairman if they did not. Since then, more than 200 million Walkman units have been sold. <http://bit.do/SONY-VISION>

The public does not know what is possible, but we do. So instead of doing a lot of market research, we refine our thinking on a product and its use and try to create a market by educating and communicating with the public. . . . I do not believe that any amount of market research could have told us that the Sony Walkman would be successful.²

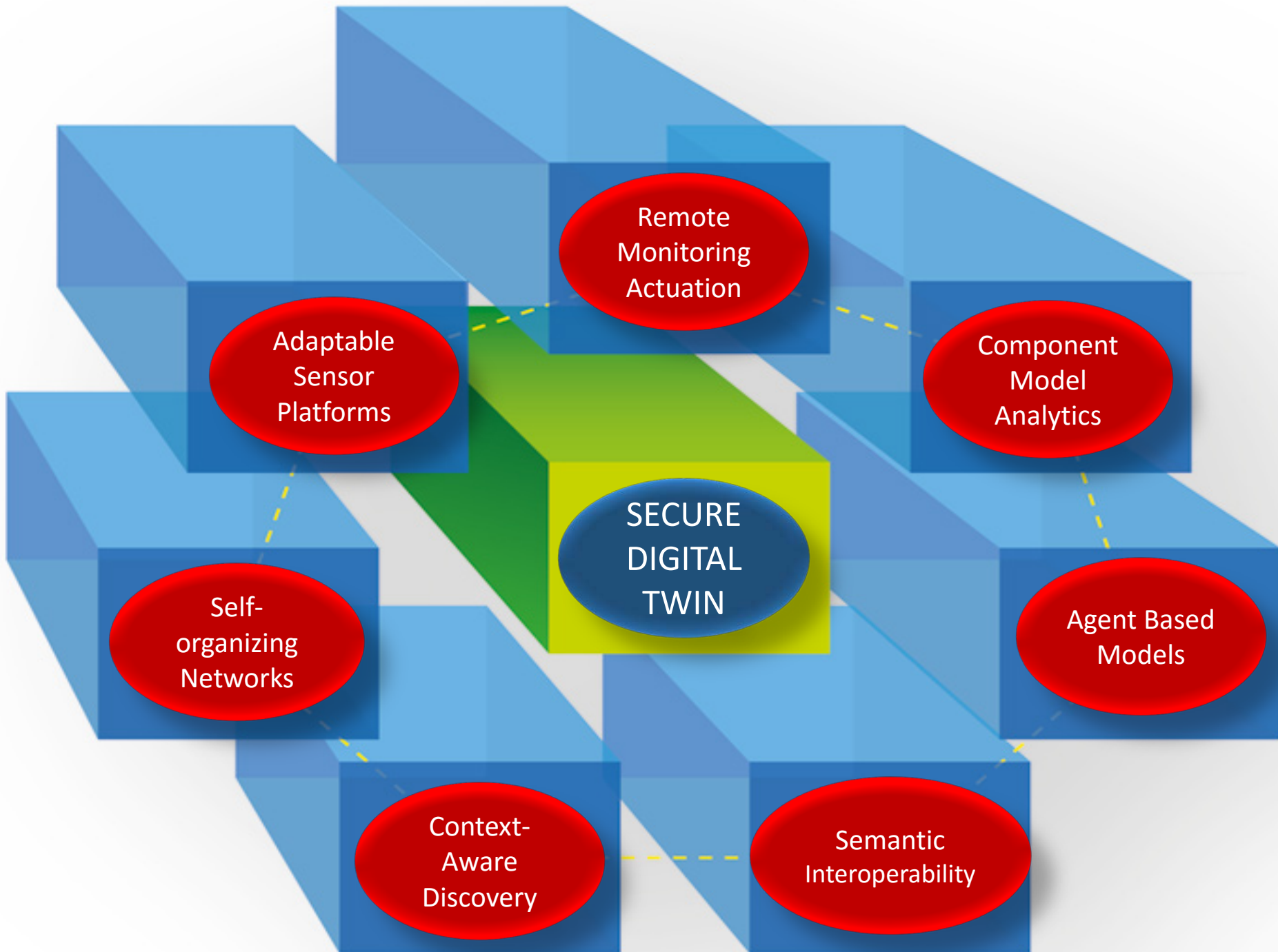
While Morita was excited, his marketing department was not.

Digital Twin Direct

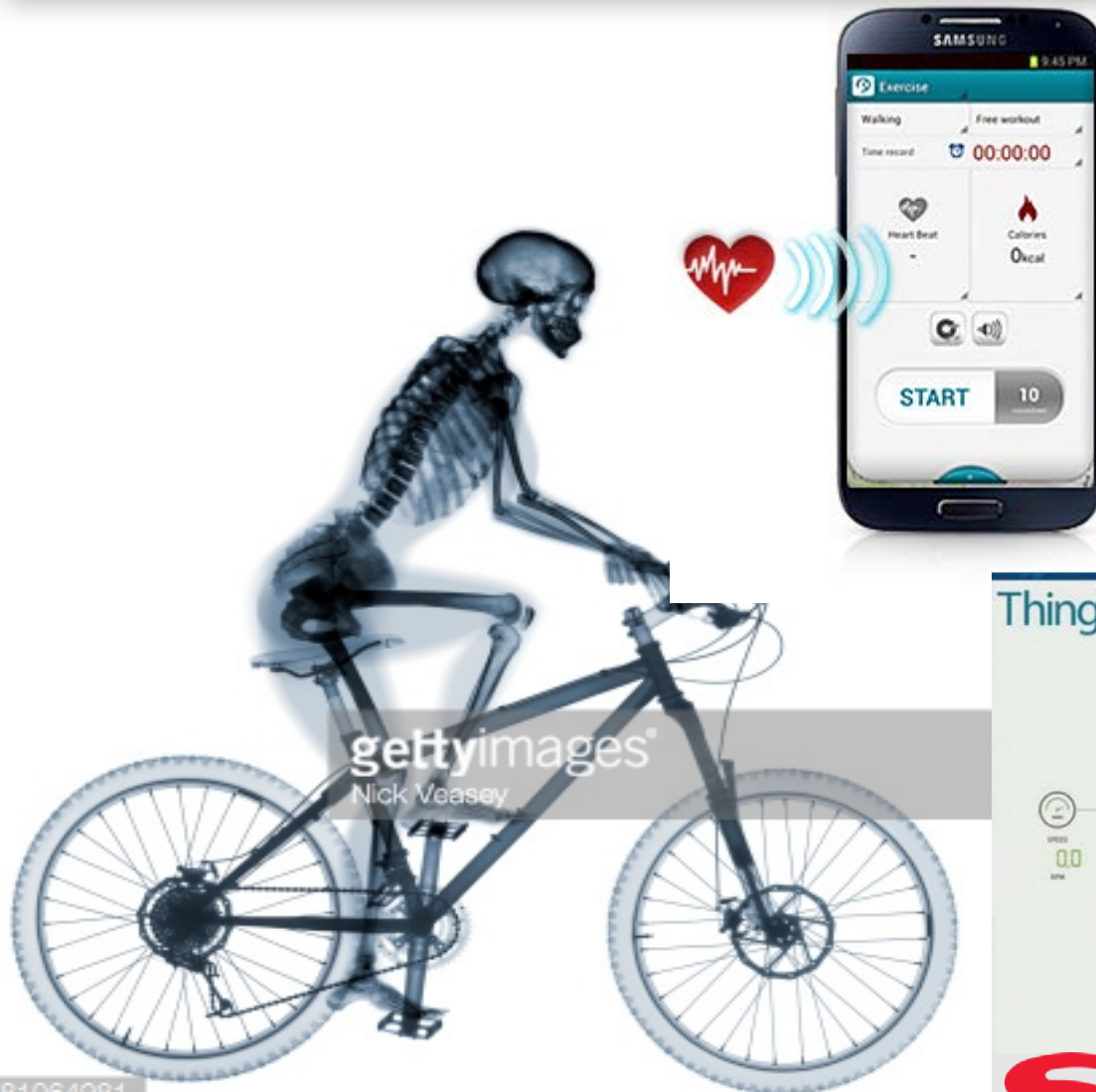
Digital Twin Dashboard

Digital Twin Drag & Drop

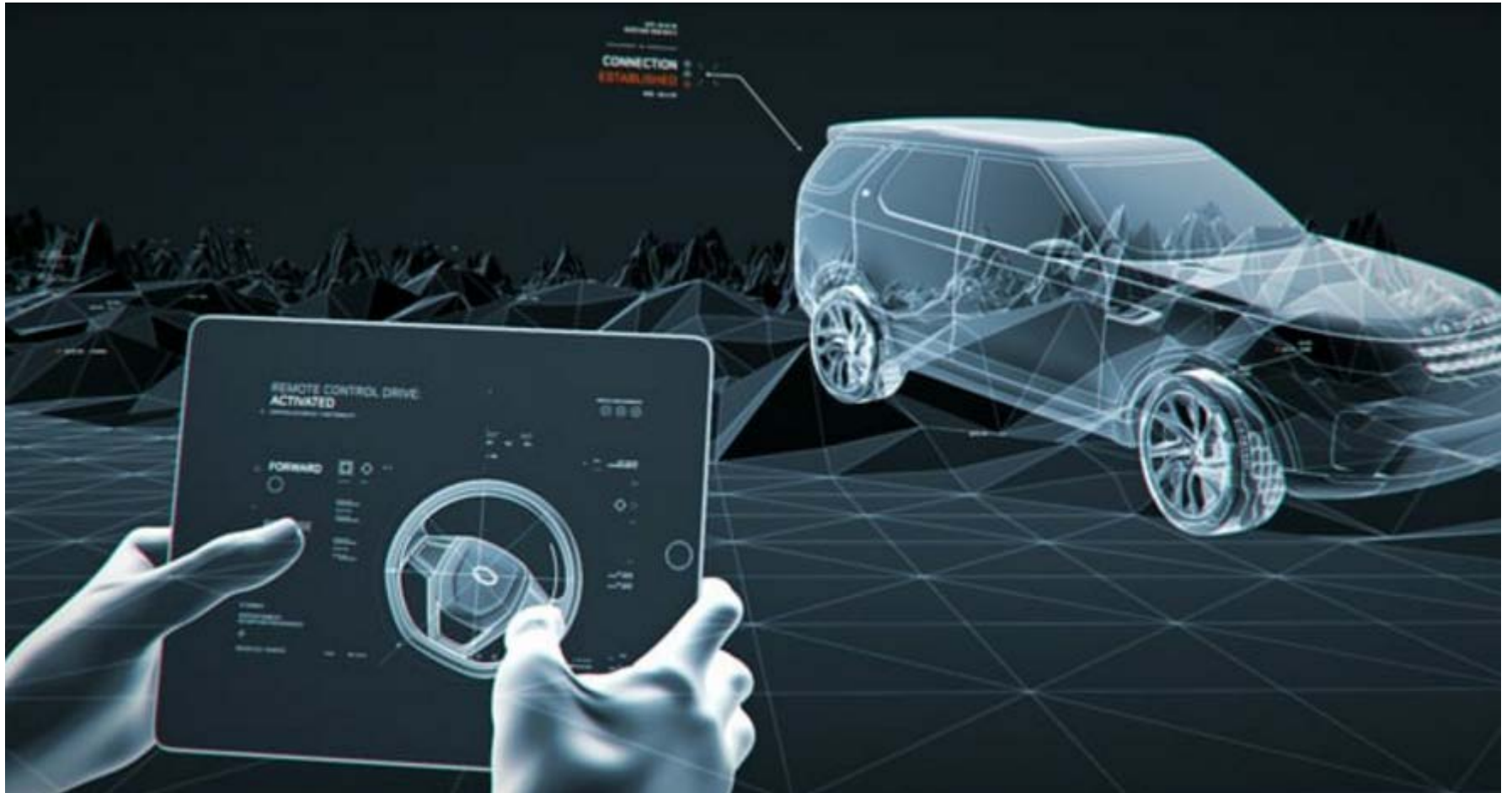
Digital Twin Plug and Play



Digital Twin – SAM and SCHWINN

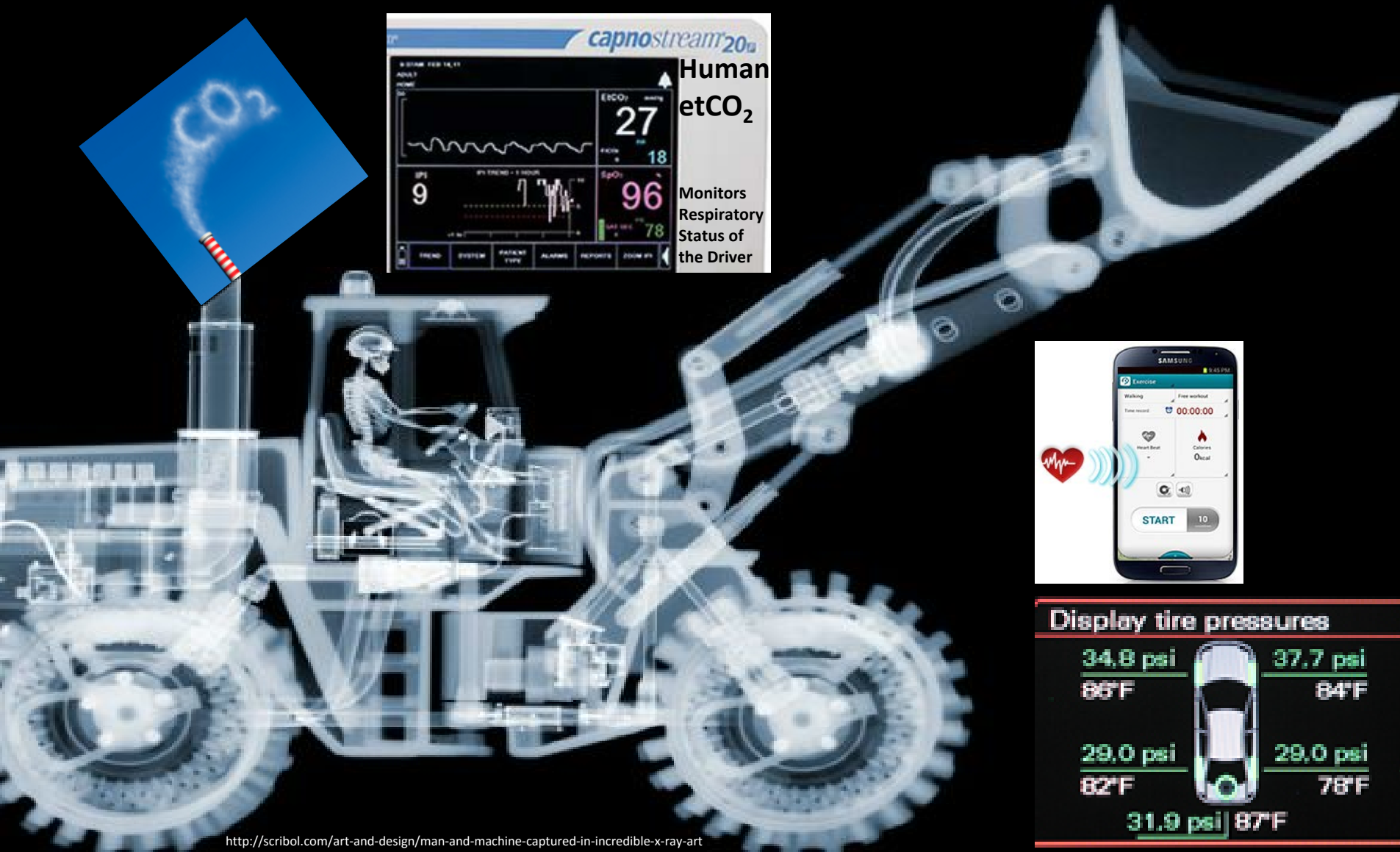
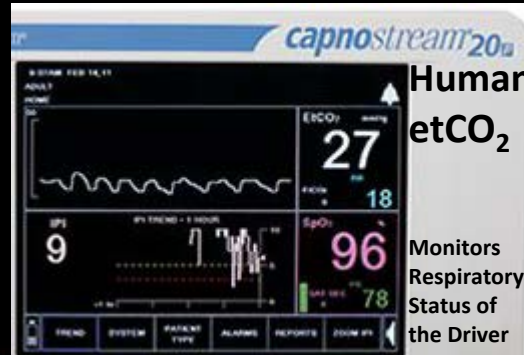


More than diagnostics – Drive a truck from your home



You can drive your daughter to her ballet class while you sip coffee at your neighborhood Starbucks store

Digital Twins – We measure, monitor and protect man, machine and environment



Display tire pressures



Digital Twins – AIM for Asset Intelligence Management

Industrial Internet version of Product Lifecycle Management



Mass Market Diffusion of Digital Twins Direct Demands Democratization of Open Repository of Tools and Data Models for Digital Twin Creation

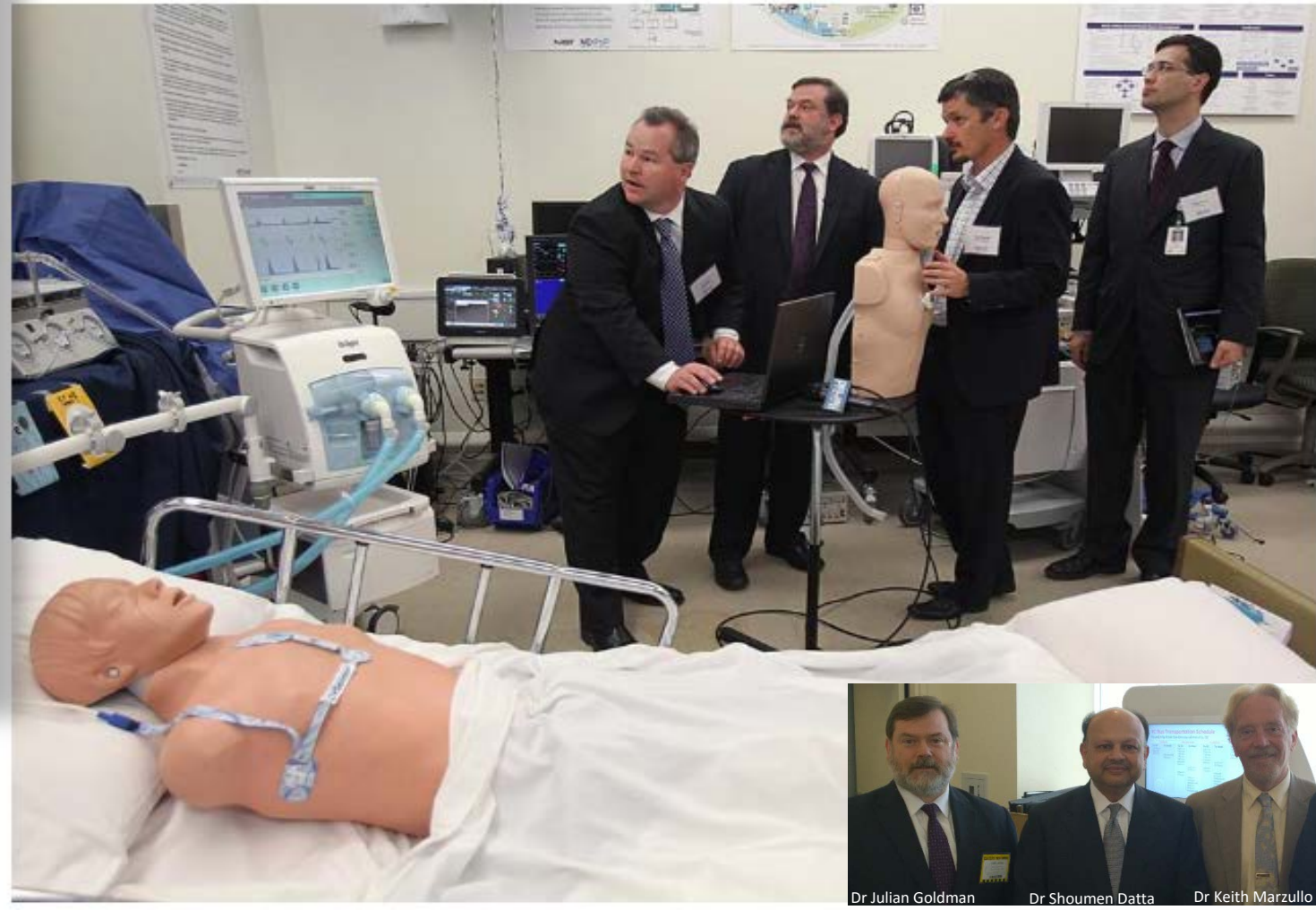


Monitor
Ebola
Patients
via
Digital
Twins ?

Ebola spurs rethinking of devices at MGH

By **Carolyn Y. Johnson** WCVB TV • <http://bit.ly/MDPNP-MGH-EBOLA-ROBOTICS>
GLOBE STAFF NOVEMBER 07, 2014

You cannot buy a TV without a remote. You cannot buy a medical device with a remote. Dr Julian M Goldman (MGH/HMS) MD PnP

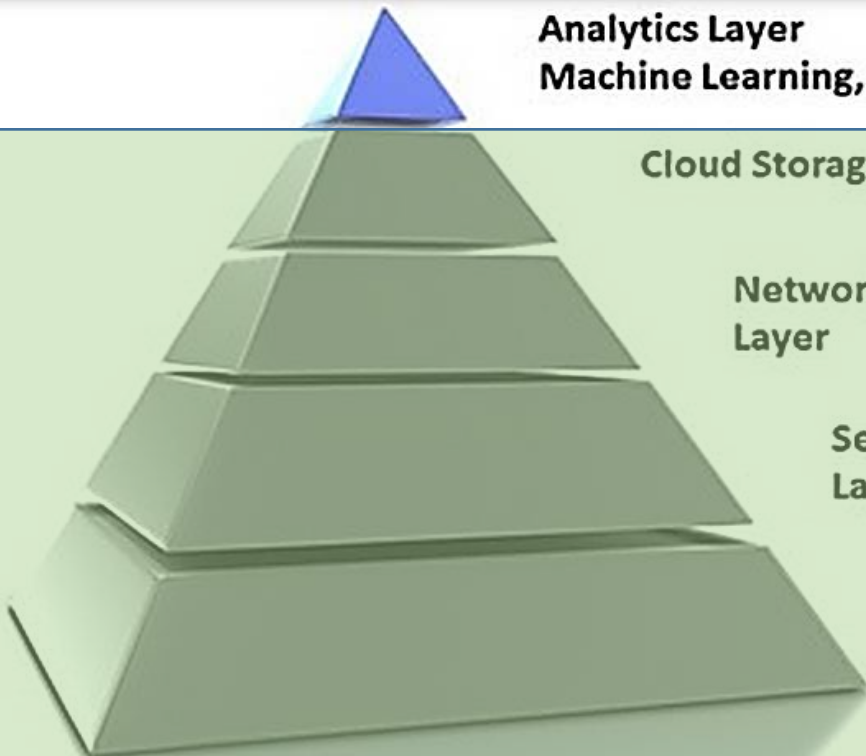
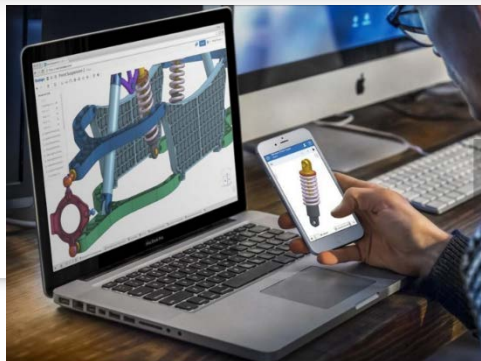


Health officials demonstrated treating an Ebola patient remotely in a mock ICU. Pictured, left to right: Eric Lynn, Julian M. Goldman, Brian Russell, and Dave Arney.
SUZANNE KREITER/GLOBE STAFF



National Coordinator of Ebola, P.D., Kara Johnson
Chief Technology Officer, Department of Health and Human Services, Peter Smith
Vice President, Director of Program Development, Boston Children's Hospital
Chief, Area of Infectious Disease Services, Boston Children's Hospital

But customers may only pay if intelligent *services* at the point of transaction offers *value*



Analytics Layer
Machine Learning, Data Science Algorithms

Cloud Storage and Mobility Layer

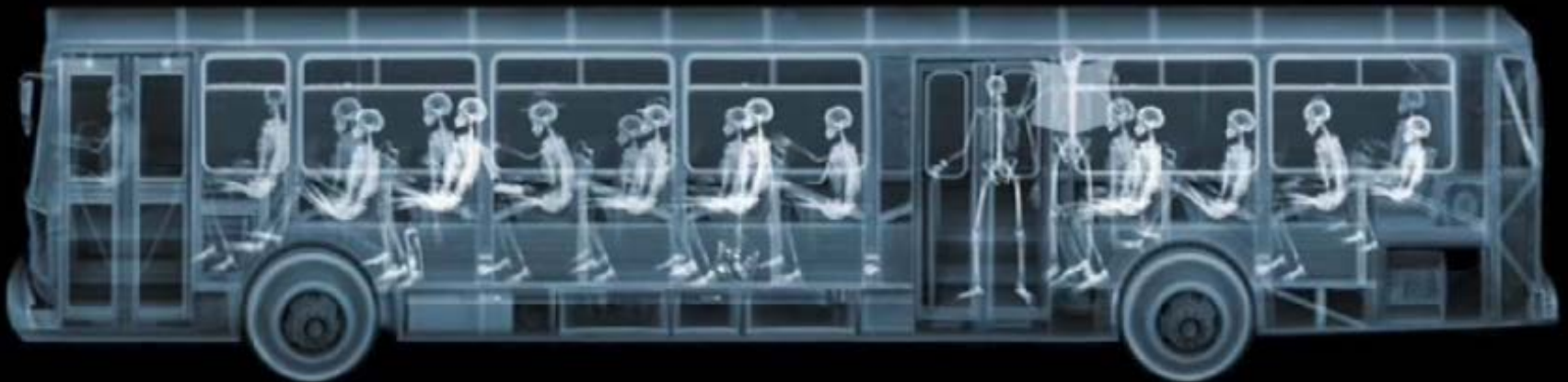
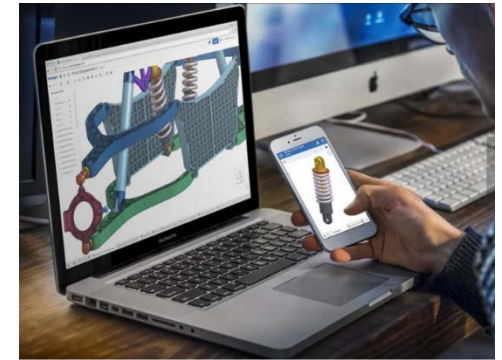
Network & Transportation Layer

Security and Context Layer

Perception Layer
Sensors, Actuators, Beacons

Connectivity – Design Metaphor for Digital Twins?

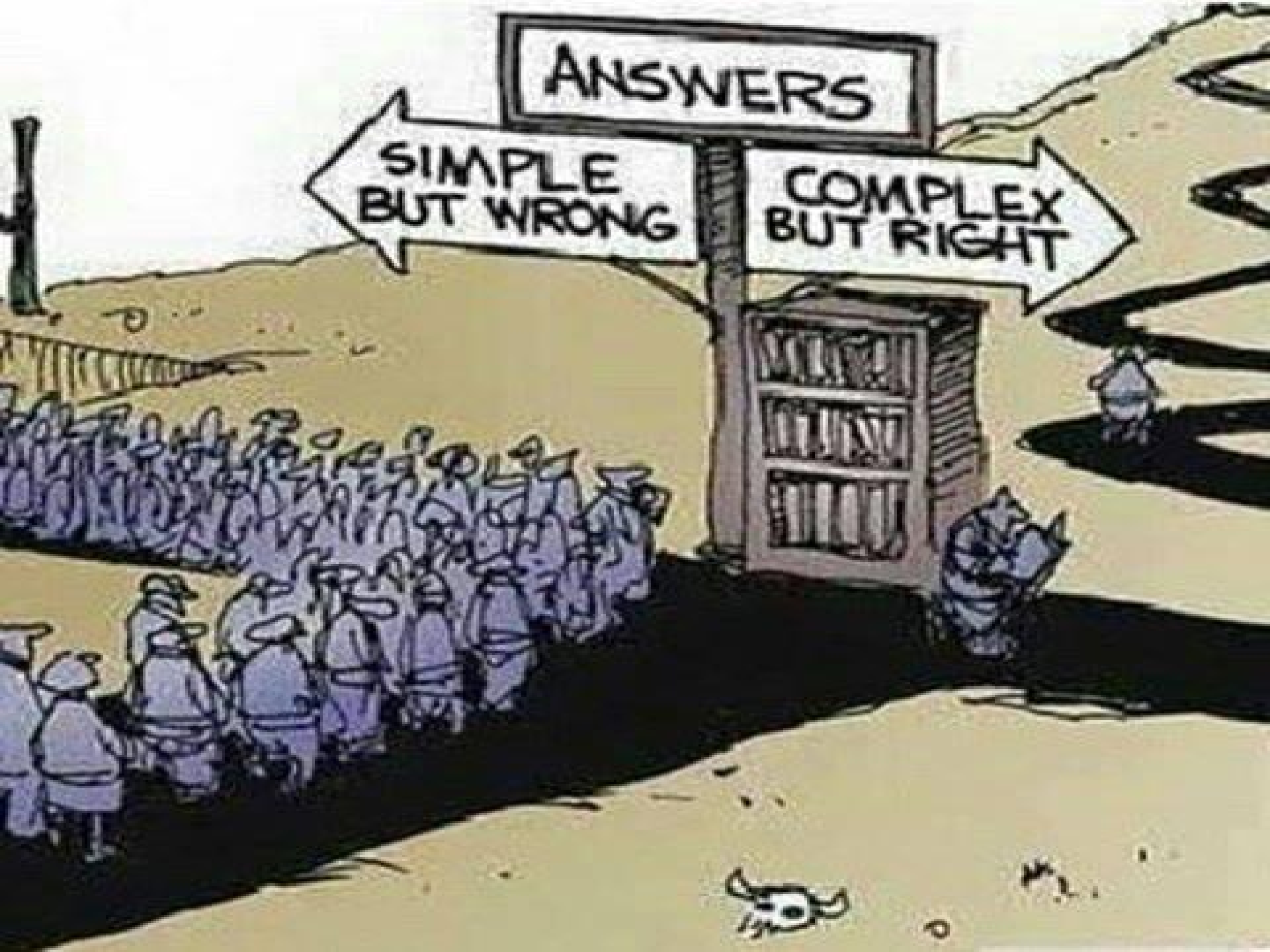
How do we inculcate connectivity across systems?



ANSWERS

SIMPLE
BUT WRONG

COMPLEX
BUT RIGHT



The Target – Outcome seeking Customers

- Component repository
- Configure
- Go Live

The Target – another accomplishment

- Component repository
- Configure
- Go Live



ten or even five years before, it would have failed. So it is with every new thing. Progress happens when all factors that make for it are ready and then it is inevitable. (Henry Ford)

Target for IoT – digital by design services

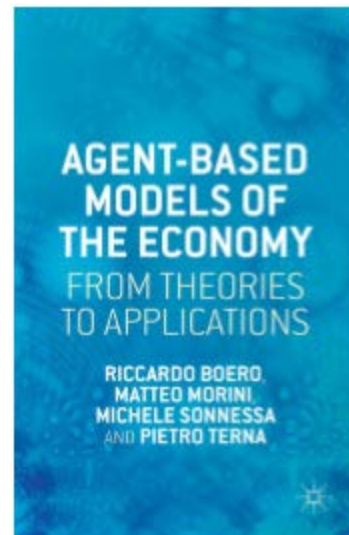
• **Components (characteristics) in the online repository**

- Each part (data / metric / state machine) can be an Agent model
 - [1] based knowledge representation (semantic framework, OWL)
 - [2] embedded with physics/chemistry/biology of the part/material
 - [3] equation, logic, constraints (deterministic model) of operation
 - [4] data kernel interface (API) to populate/refresh/transmit
 - [5] analytics kernel (local or remote/cloud, fog, mist) to process object-specific, context-aware tools for data / applications
 - [6] communications kernel (local, batch, remote, push-pull, publish-subscribe) capable of application driven networking (ADN) agnostic of network fabric (fixed, WiFi, SDN, NFV, LTE, 5G, SDR, CR)
 - [7] Interoperability, discovery services, ecosystem standards (RDF)
 - [8] software defined upgrade, var reconfig, modularity, reusability
 - [9] cybersecurity (risk, intruder detection, repulsion, containment)
 - [0] convergence by design - IT, OT, telco with autonomy/algorithms

Do we need all attributes for each model? No. For example, 5G latency limit crucial for autonomous driving functions but over-kill for retail shelf replenishment to reduce OOS

Digress – Are Agents anything new? No.

- Used by GM in automated car body painting (Van Dyke Parunak, 1998)
- State Machine Agent Model (1999) • <http://bit.do/State-Machine-Agent>
- Agents: Where Artificial Intelligence Meets Natural Stupidity (2002, S Datta)
<https://dspace.mit.edu/handle/1721.1/41914>
- Eric Bonabeau (2002) www.pnas.org/cgi/doi/10.1073/pnas.082080899
- Agent based supply chain inventory planning with RFID (Auto ID Center)
- Agent based models of the economy (Nature, 2009)
<http://bit.ly/AGENTS-in-ECONOMY>
- Agent-Based Models of the Economy (Book, 2015) →



Agent-based model for parts / variables

- Previous examples – RETSINA (CMU), Haystack (MIT)
- Equation based model (EBM) of a variable – see EViews
- Time series econometrics – applications (ARCH, GARCH)


$$y_t = \beta_0 + \sum_{j=1}^{N_y} \phi_j y_{t-j} + \sum_{k=1}^K \sum_{i=1}^{N_{x_{kt}}} \alpha_{ki} x_{kt-i} + \varepsilon_t$$

$$\sigma_t^2 = \theta_0 + \theta_1 \varepsilon_{t-1}^2 + \theta_2 \varepsilon_{t-2}^2 + \dots + \theta_q \varepsilon_{t-q}^2$$

Variance of the random error term **DEPENDS NOT ONLY** on previous lagged errors (t-1, t-2, ..., t-q) but also on **LAGGED VALES OF THE VARIANCE** (t-1, t-2, ..., t-p)

$$y_t = \beta_0 + \sum_{j=1}^{N_y} \phi_j y_{t-j} + \sum_{k=1}^K \sum_{i=1}^{N_{x_{kt}}} \alpha_{ki} x_{kt-i} + \varepsilon_t$$

$$\sigma_t^2 = \theta_0 + \sum_{i=1}^q \theta_i \varepsilon_{t-i}^2 + \sum_{j=1}^p \tau_j \sigma_{t-j}^2$$



Massachusetts Institute of Technology
Engineering Systems Division

Working Paper Series

ESD-WP-2006-11

ADVANCES IN SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT:
POTENTIAL TO IMPROVE FORECASTING ACCURACY

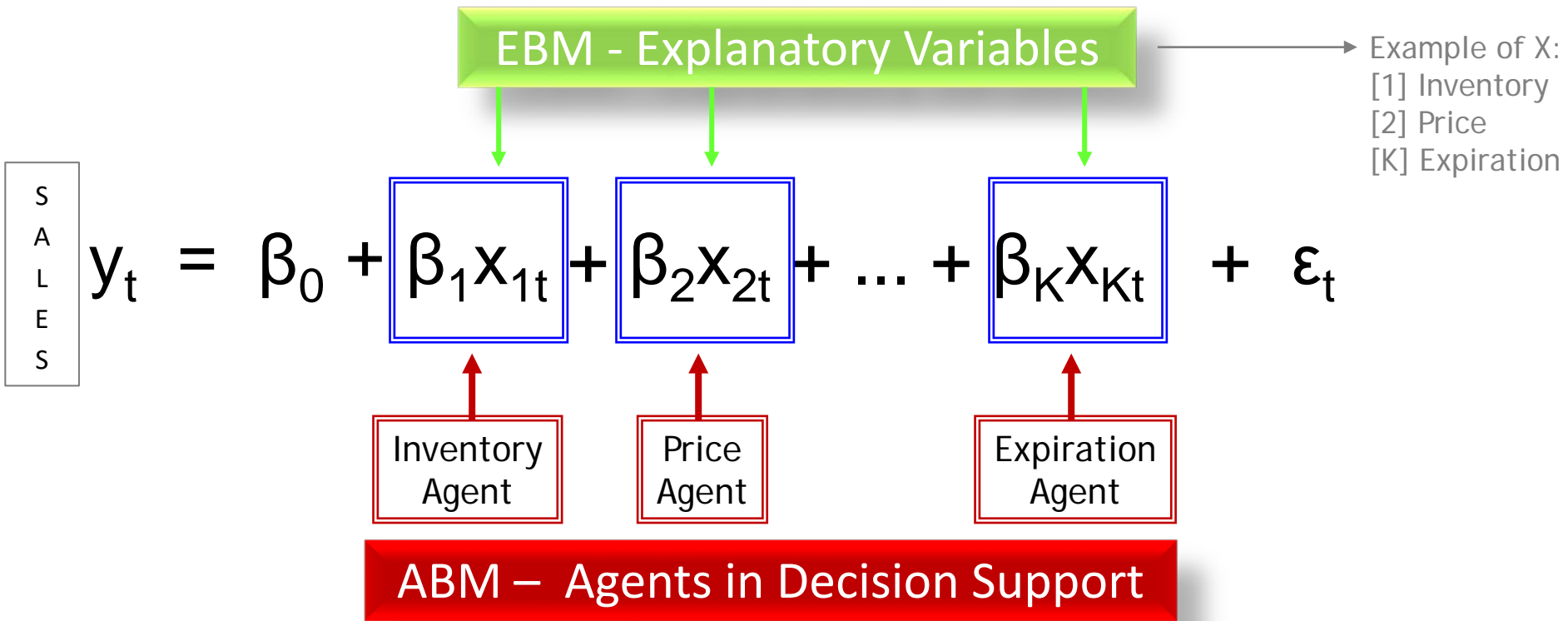
Shoumen Palit Austin Datta¹ and Clive W. J. Granger²

¹Research Scientist, Engineering Systems Division
Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering
Research Director & Co-Founder, MIT Forum for Supply Chain Innovation
School of Engineering
Massachusetts Institute of Technology
shoumen@mit.edu

²Research Professor
Department of Economics
University of California
cgranger@ucsd.edu



Transformation of Equations to Agents? Using classical AI approaches (eg ANN)



Decoupling Static EBM to form ABM

1

$$y_t = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{1t} + \beta_2 x_{2t} + \dots + \beta_K x_{Kt} + \varepsilon_t$$

Inventory Price Expiration

2

$$y_t = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{1t} + \text{[Redacted]} + \dots + \beta_K x_{Kt} + \varepsilon_t$$

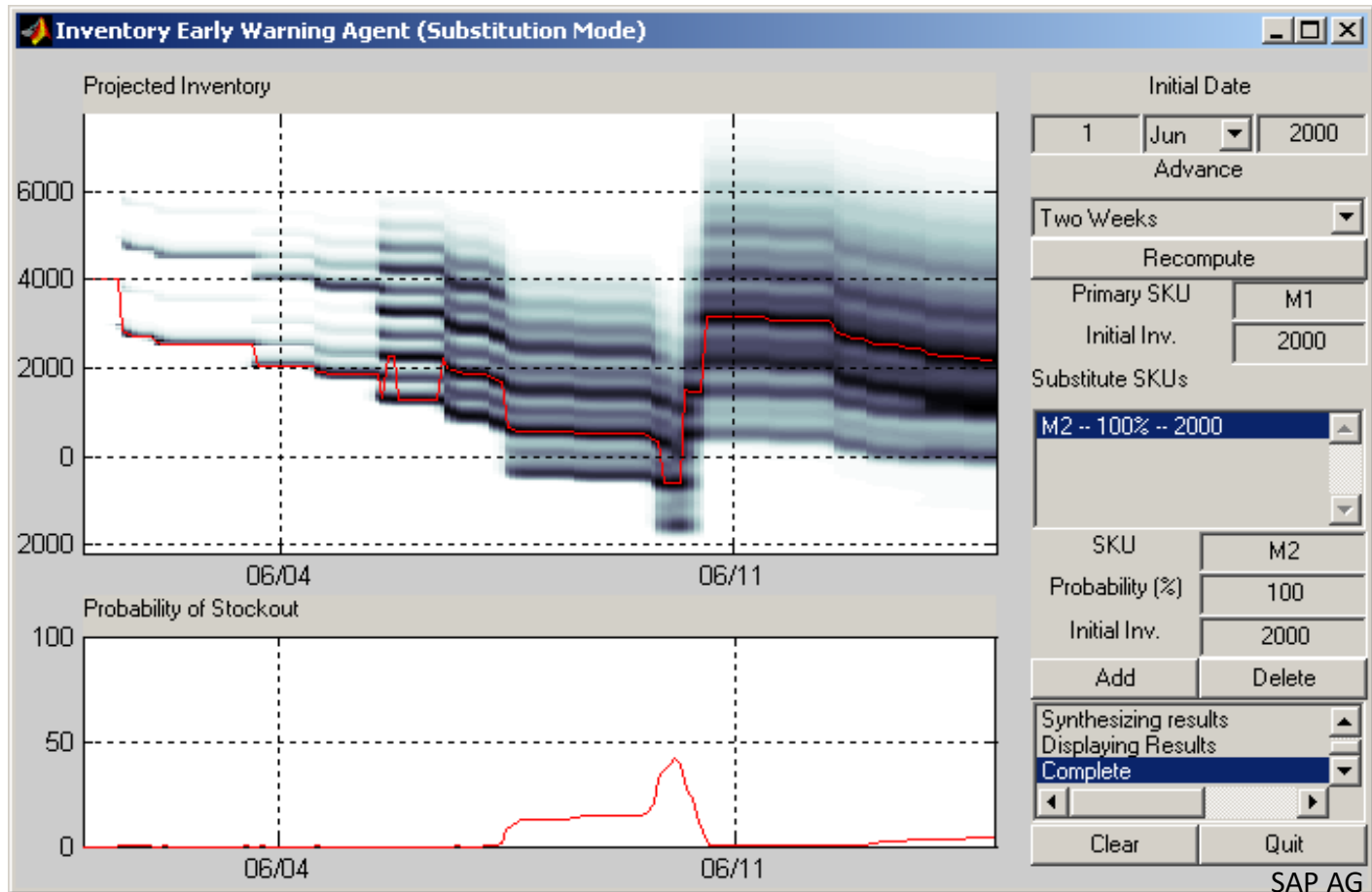
3

$$y_t = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{1t} + a_2 z_{2t} + \dots + \beta_K x_{Kt} + \varepsilon_t$$

CONTEXT RELEVANT VARIABLE AGENT SURGERY

Operation of a Multi-Agent System (ABM) to Reduce Out of Stock (Inventory Planning)

Data Agents collect ► **Data**
Monitoring Agent triggers ► **Alert**
Inventory Management Agent executes ► **Substitution**



M2 can be substituted for SKU M1

Inventory of M2 is 2000

OOS Danger

Less chance of a stock out with substitution via agent actions (M1 & M2)

So what's next in IoT era?

Connecting state machine agent models to configure complete systems and connect/transmit/analyze data

The Target – for IoT era service providers

- **Components (online) repository**
 - Visualization – how it may “look” for customers

Equipment

ACME Sea Pump Off XC99-4711 Off shore Sea Pump Off XC99-4711

INFORMATION INSTRUCTIONS PARTS ATTACHMENTS ANNOUNCEMENTS

Characteristics

Sub Sea Pump

Sensor Picture:

Environment: off shore
Sensing principle: sonic
Detector communication: smart
Method of ventilation: advanced

Variant Configuration of Sub-System X04027TE

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Search Announcements

RFID Tag Number

Name	Type	Received On	Priority	Status
ANN_20151217101753	New Policy	2015-12-17 09:22:36	→ Medium	Published
XC-99-QKD	Spares Parts Change	2015-12-18 09:51:03	↓ Low	Published
ANN_IN20151014124219	Instruction Change	2015-12-18 09:57:00	↑ High	Published

The Target – Outcome seeking Customers

- Component
- **Configure**
- Go Live



[Login](#) [Register](#) [Order Status](#) [Get Help](#) [Feedback](#)

[Recently Viewed](#) [My Models \(0\)](#) [Cart 0](#)

Search Manuals & Repair Help

Select Search

Can't locate your model number? Use our finder

Home > Model Search Results for "R3866SR" > R3866SR ROADMASTER Bicycle-Parts > UNIT PARTS

← R3866SR Model

UNIT PARTS Diagram and Parts List for ROADMASTER Bicycle-Parts model # R3866SR

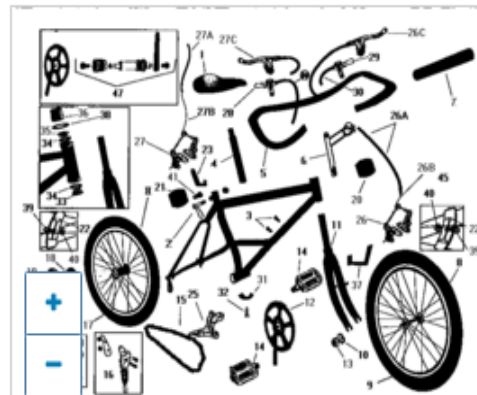
I Own This

Add this model to "My Models" for easy access later.

Shop Parts

Expert Q&A

UNIT PARTS diagram for model # R3866SR Roadmaster-Parts Bicycle-Parts (62)



1
on diagram

Gel seat
Part #: LL-0446-D

We're sorry. This item is no longer available.

2
on diagram

Seat pin
Part #: PP-5007-D
Substitution: 034005 [Learn why](#)
This item is not returnable.

Qty
\$6.99
In Stock

1
Add to Cart

[View important details](#)

The Target – Outcome seeking Customers

- Component
- **Configure**
- Go Live



Login Register Order Status Get Help Feedback

Recently Viewed My Models (0) Cart 0

Search Manuals & Repair Help

Select Enter model or part number Search

Can't locate your model number? Use our finder

Home > Model Search Results for "R3866SR" > R3866SR ROADMASTER Bicycle-Parts > UNIT PARTS

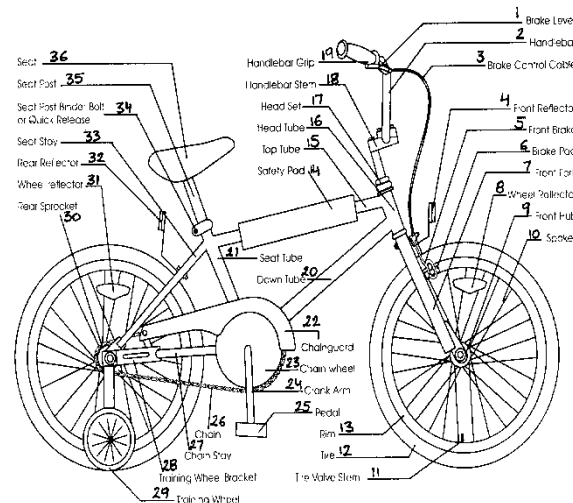
r3866sr Model

CONGRATULATIONS! YOU'VE CONFIGURED YOUR BICYCLE!

I Own This Add this model to "My Models" for easy access later.

CLICK HERE for the Digital Version (each part incl) from Digital Twin Repository www.DT-FUTURE.com

Shop Parts Expert Q&A



866SR Roadmaster-Parts Bicycle-Parts (62)

1
on diagram

Gel seat
Part #: LL-0446-D

We're sorry. This item is no longer available.

2
on diagram

Seat pin
Part #: PP-5007-D
Substitution: 034005 [Learn why](#)
This item is not returnable.

Qty
\$6.99
In Stock
1
Add to Cart

View important details

The Target – Outcome seeking Customers

- Component
- **Configure**
- Go Live



Login Register Order Status Get Help Feedback

Recently Viewed My Models (0) Cart 0

Search Manuals & Repair Help

Select Enter model or part number Search

Can't locate your model number? Use our finder

Home > Model Search Results for "R3866SR" > R3866SR ROADMASTER Bicycle-Parts > UNIT PARTS

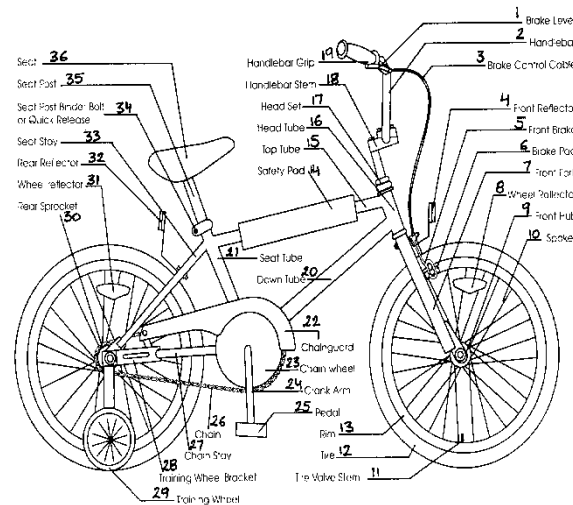
r3866sr Model

CONGRATULATIONS! YOU'VE CONFIGURED A DIGITAL TWIN

I Own This Add this model to "My Models" for easy access later.

Shop Parts Expert Q&A

CLICK "GO LIVE" to activate your Digital Twin bike and transport it to any smartphone - click DT App



The Target – Outcome seeking Customers

- Component
- Configure
- **Go Live**

Go Live

Instructions

After you've configured the physical bicycle go to the Digital Twin site and authenticate the sensors to access your WiFi, BT, UWB gateway for mesh network to communicate between your bicycle and your devices (laptop, phone, tablets, wrist-watch). Allow auto-discovery mode to find context relevant data (weather)

The screenshot shows the Sears PartsDirect website interface. At the top, there are navigation links for Login, Register, Order Status, Get Help, and Feedback. Below these are links for Recently Viewed, My Models (0), and Cart 0. The main search area features a search bar with the text "Manuals & Repair Help" and a "Search" button. Below the search bar is a dropdown menu labeled "Select" and a text input field for "Enter model or part number". A link below the search bar reads "Can't locate your model number? Use our finder".

The page content shows the search results for "R3866SR" under the category "R3866SR ROADMASTER Bicycle-Parts > UNIT PARTS". A breadcrumb trail indicates the path: Home > Model Search Results for "R3866SR" > R3866SR ROADMASTER Bicycle-Parts > UNIT PARTS. Below this, there is a link for "r3866sr Model".

A large blue banner with white text reads: "CONGRATULATIONS! YOU'VE CONFIGURED A DIGITAL TWIN".

Below the banner, there are two buttons: "I Own This" and "Add this model to 'My Models' for easy access later." Below these are two more buttons: "Shop Parts" and "Expert Q&A".

At the bottom, there are two images: a technical diagram of a bicycle with numbered parts (1-36) and a photograph of a physical bicycle with a semi-transparent digital overlay representing its digital twin.

Technical Diagram Labels:

- 1 Brake Lever
- 2 Handlebar
- 3 Brake Control Cable
- 4 Front Reflector
- 5 Front Brake
- 6 Brake Pad
- 7 Front Fork
- 8 Wheel Reflector
- 9 Front Hub
- 10 Spokes
- 11 Tire Valve Stem
- 12 Tire
- 13 Pedal
- 14 Safety Pad
- 15 Top Tube
- 16 Head Tube
- 17 Head Set
- 18 Handlebar Stem
- 19 Handlebar Grip
- 20 Down Tube
- 21 Seat Tube
- 22 Chainguard
- 23 Chain wheel
- 24 Crank Arm
- 25 Pedal
- 26 Chain
- 27 Chain Stay
- 28 Training Wheel Bracket
- 29 Training Wheel
- 30 Rear Sprocket
- 31 Wheel Reflector
- 32 Rear Reflector
- 33 Seat Stay
- 34 Seat Post Anchor Bolt or Quick Release
- 35 Seat Post
- 36 Seat

CLICK "GO LIVE" to activate your Digital Twin bike and transport it to any smartphone - click DT App



The Target – Outcome seeking Customers

- Component
- Configure
- **Go Live**

Go Live

Instructions

S

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C

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S

S

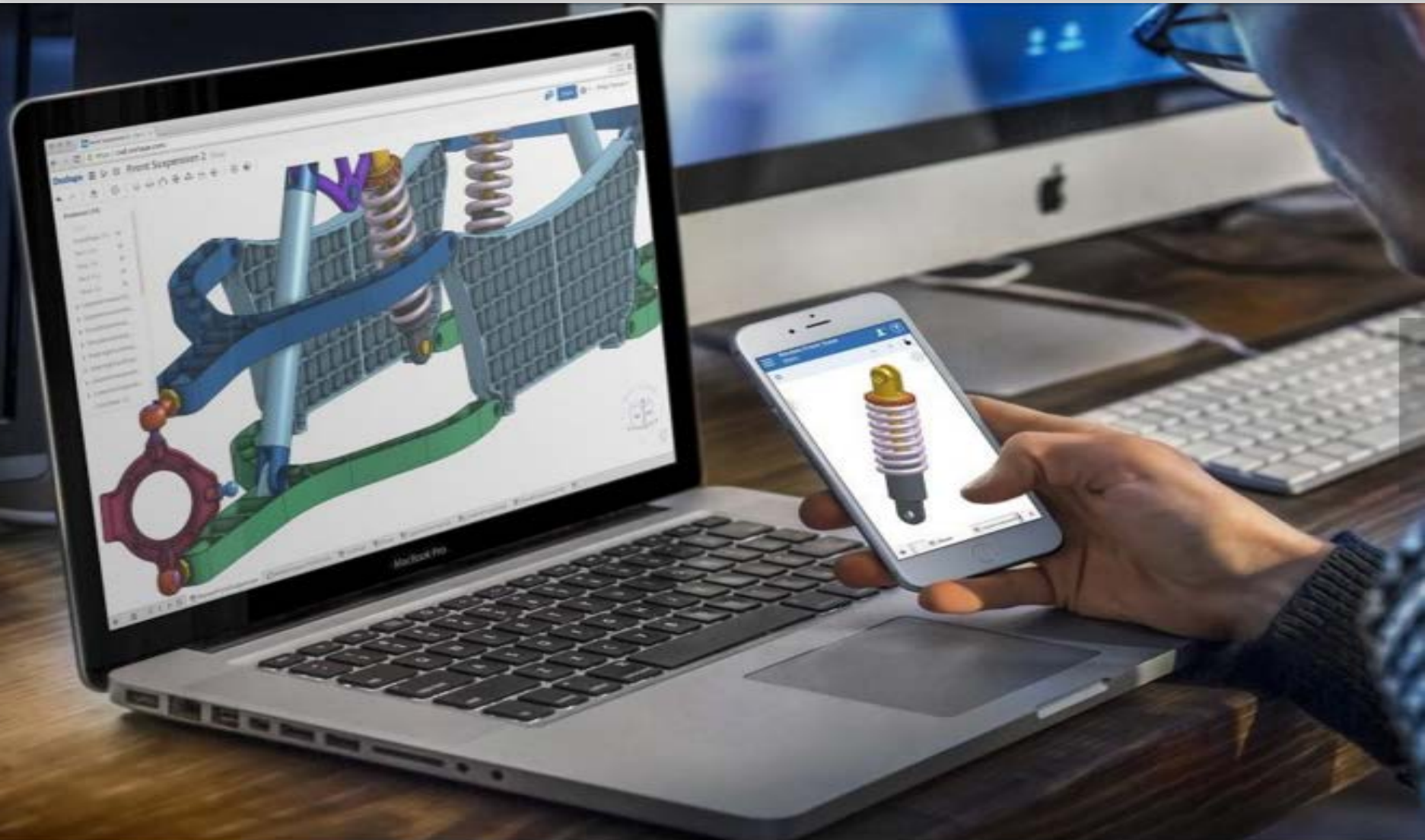
The image displays two screenshots of a mobile application interface for a bicycle. The top of the screen features the 'sears' logo and navigation links: 'Login', 'Register', 'Order Status', 'Get Help', and 'Feedback'. Below this, there are links for 'Recently Viewed', 'My Models (0)', and 'Cart 0'. The main content area shows a bicycle image and two pressure gauge widgets. The left screenshot shows a normal state with a front tire (FT) at 36.4 psi and a rear tire (RT) at 40.2 psi. The right screenshot shows an alert state with a red warning message 'Pressure below preset limit' and a red gauge for the rear tire showing 37.2 psi. The front tire gauge remains at 36.4 psi. The bottom of the screen shows the target pressure values: FT : 36.0 psi and RT : 42.0 psi.

The Target – Outcome?

@Sapphirenw with Paul Clark at booth PS612 demonstrating our connected bike #IoT demo for @HPE_IOT. Follow me on Twitter @JRFuller321



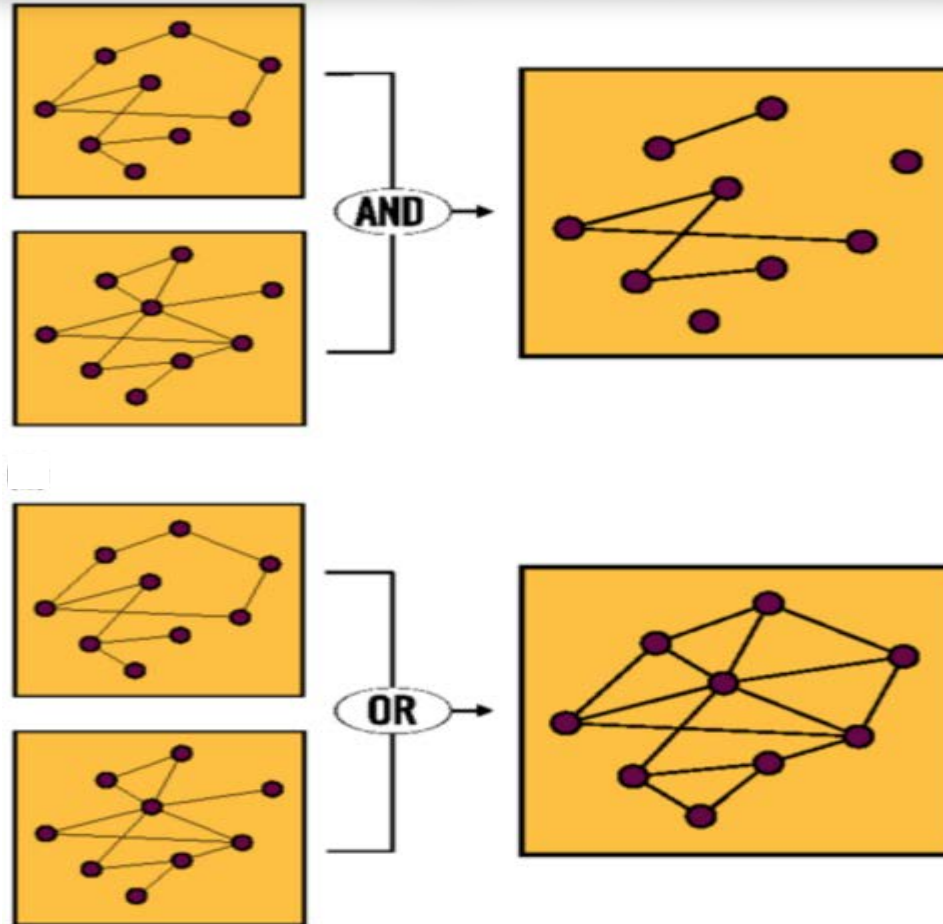
The Target – Outcome?



Real World Volatility

PARTS, SENSORS, NATURAL LAWS, AUTONOMY, ANALYTICS

In industrial environments, networks and connections may configure and re-configure with high or ultra-high velocity. Are Agents or Agencies better suited for dynamic transition states?



PHYSICAL REVIEW X **6**, 011036 (2016)

<http://journals.aps.org/prx/pdf/10.1103/PhysRevX.6.011036>

Multilayer Stochastic Block Models Reveal the Multilayer Structure of Complex Networks

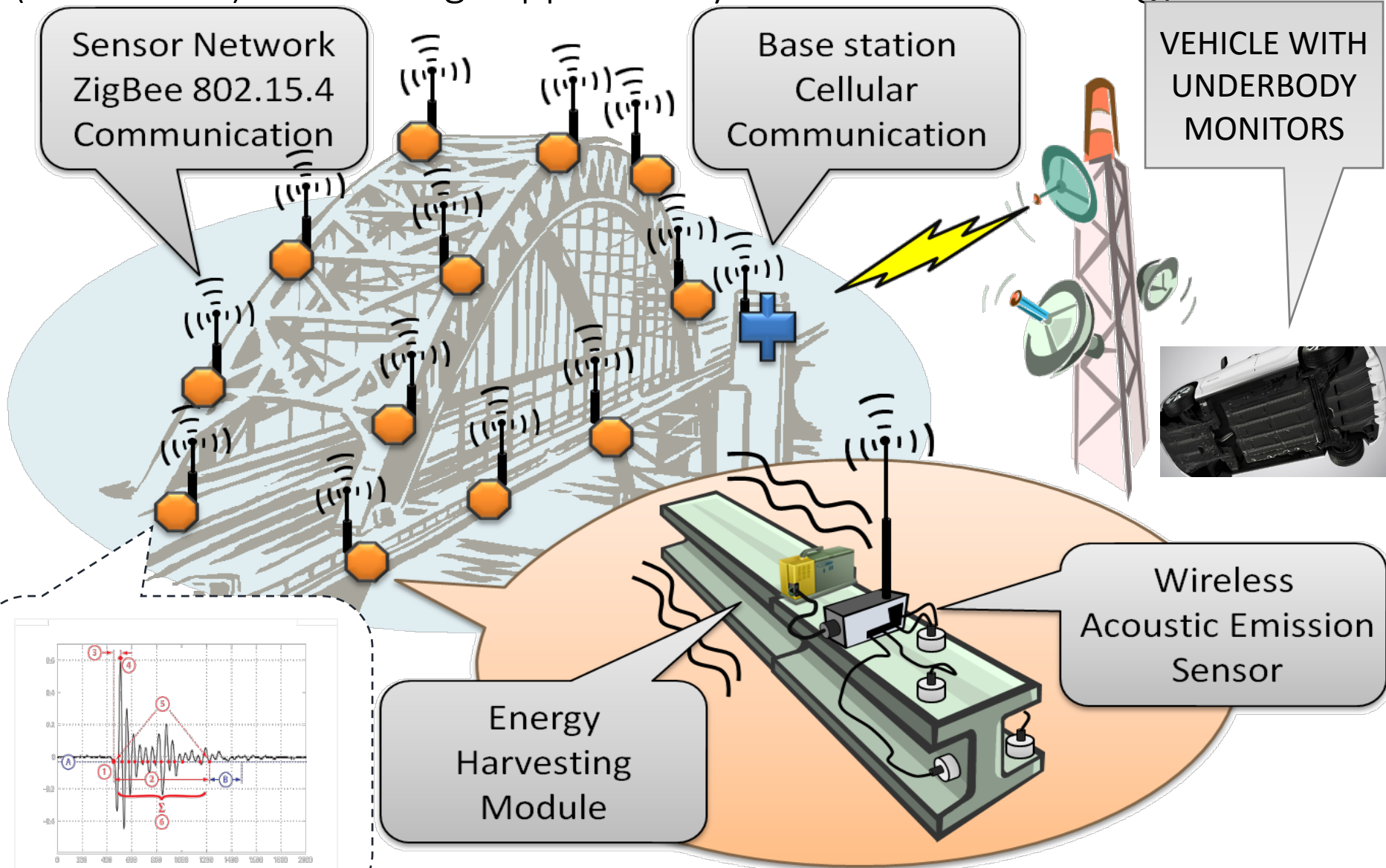
Toni Vallès-Català,¹ Francesco A. Massucci,¹ Roger Guimerà,^{2,1,*} and Marta Sales-Pardo^{1,†}

¹Departament d'Enginyeria Química, Universitat Rovira i Virgili, 43007 Tarragona, Catalonia, Spain

²Institució Catalana de Recerca i Estudis Avançats (ICREA), Barcelona 08010, Catalonia, Spain

(Received 30 June 2015; revised manuscript received 23 December 2015; published 31 March 2016)

Autonomous vibration (accel-erometers), stress (strain gauges) & cracks (AE sensors) monitoring supported by vibration-based energy harvester



DIGITAL TWINS EMERGENCY SYSTEMS



IoT Apps

IoT Apps

IoT Apps

IoT Apps

IoT Apps

Open and Interoperable IoT Platform

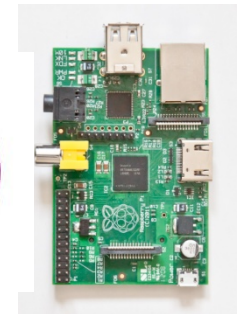
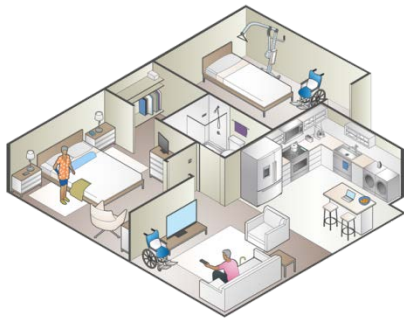
Proprietary platform conforming to industry standard

Proprietary platform conforming to industry standard

Proprietary platform conforming to industry standard

Open platform conforming to industry standard

Diverse forms of connectivity



Public Sector IoT Apps

Open standards and protocols for diverse device data (secure) sharing

Ecosystem of IoT products in real world test beds.

Digital Twins • Emergency Systems and Remote Response

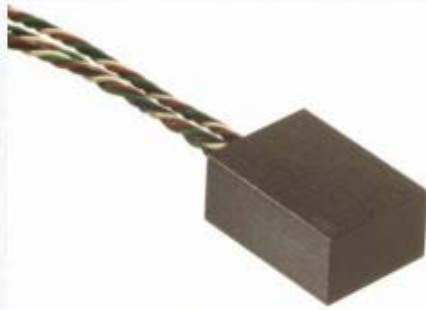
Systemic foundational compass essential for smart anything



SENSORS



Thru hole, Triaxial



Miniature Triaxial



63 Accelerometer



High accuracy IS transmitter



Atex 4-20mA low cost



4-20mA for corrosive fluids



What does the data suggest about my health?

Pay 1c Per Analytics

SENSORS

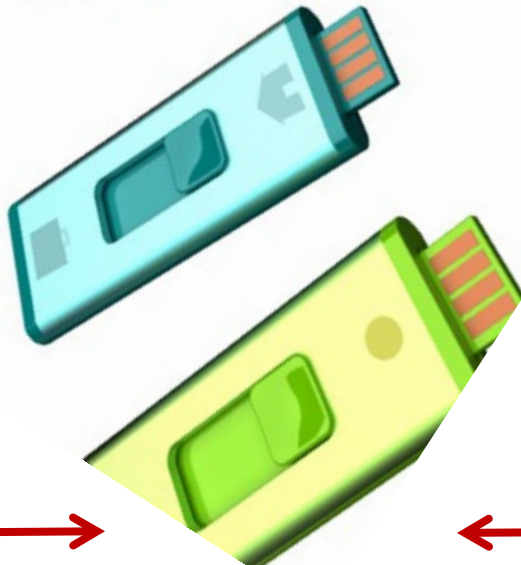
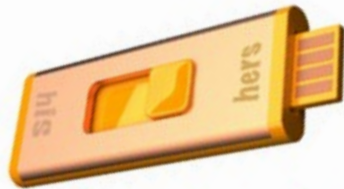
Glucose Sensor



Cholesterol Sensor



BNP Sensor

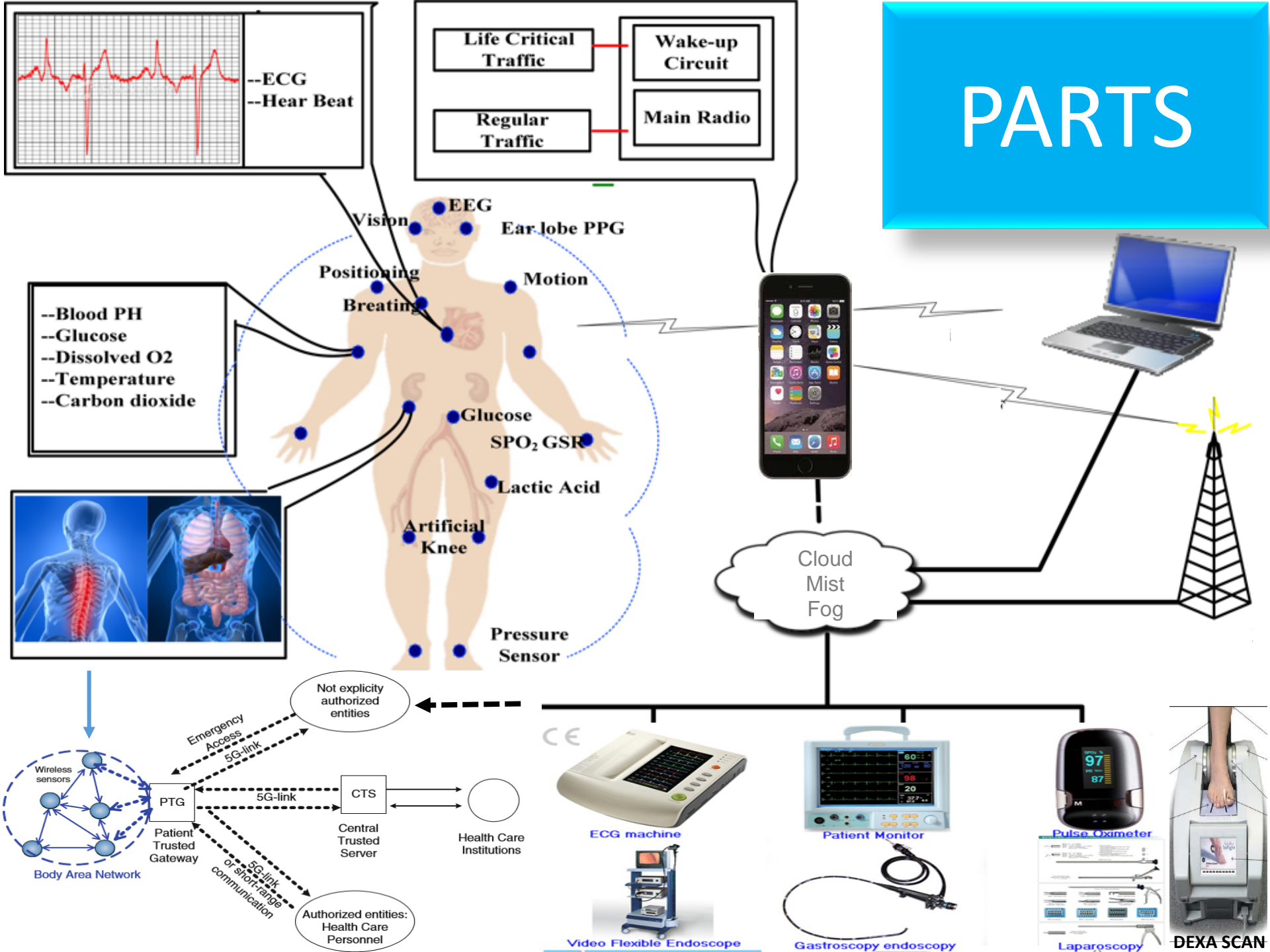


Hot swappable, modular, smart

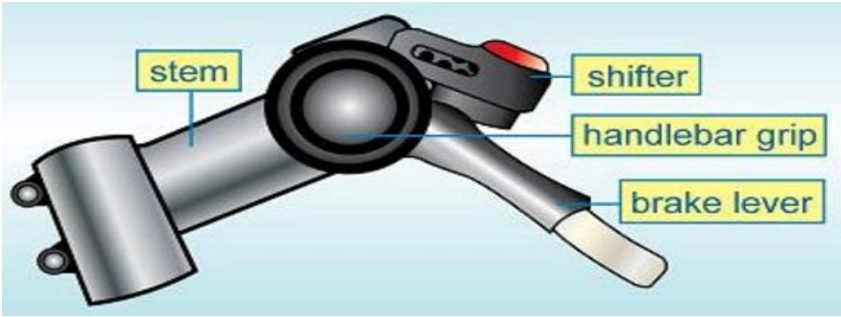


NK Labs
ARA Prototype

PARTS



PARTS



Nitto Technomic Road 1 Quill Stem 100mm 72 Degree 225mm

\$33.15

Promax X4 Handlebar Bar Alloy Riser Stem 80mm 80

\$15.57

Free Shipping

Sakae Stem & Handlebars Mountain Bike

\$7.00

Thomson Elite X4 Mountain Bike Stem 70mm 31.8mm

\$76.87

Free Shipping



3D Fuel Nozzle
GE Leap Engines

3D PARTS

3D Fuel Nozzle
GE Leap Engines

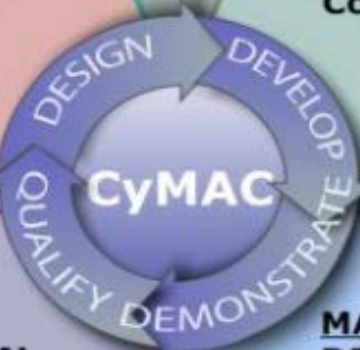


DESIGN, MANUFACTURING, AND ANALYSIS SOFTWARE TOOLS (CAx)

- Cloud-computing Enabled Multi-User.
- Template-driven Design.
- Embedded Social Media, VoIP, and Skype.
- Design Rules and Analysis tools for Optimization.
- High-fidelity Physical Models.

RAPID MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY

- Design Next-generation LAMP equipment.
- Process control architecture.
- Mold Material Systems for Diverse Alloys
- Process chains for optimized Castings.
- Technology Transition and Continuous Upgrades.



RAPID QUALIFICATION

- Digital Inspection Systems
- Laser, White-light, Blue-light Scanning
- Computed Tomography
- Metallography
- Flow Testing
- Natural Frequency and Modeshape Analysis.
- CFD Model Calibration with Hot Cascade Crystals.

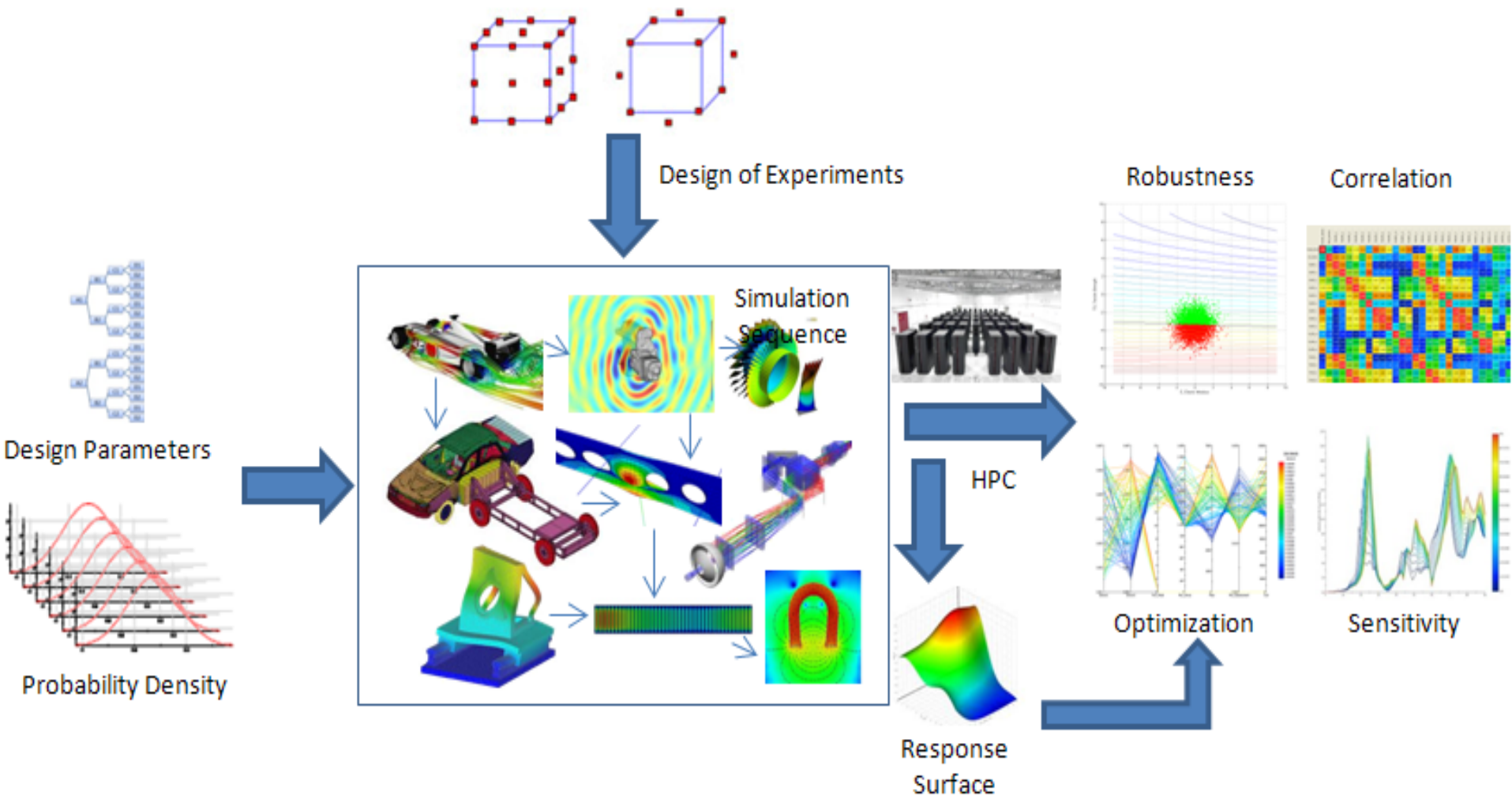
MANUFACTURING DEMONSTRATION FACILITY

- World's first CyMAC demonstration facility.
- Initially based on LAMP beta machine built at Georgia Tech.
- Pilot production line.
- Install Commercial machine.
- Operational 6 months from start and open to OEMs 1 year of start.
- Produce and qualify challenge parts

Is Inventory Necessary?

Digital Twins in an era of Cyber-Manufacturing

Simulated Design Environment and Integration with 3D Printing, Metrology, Re-configuration



The Future Vision of a CeMS-DDM based Digital Factory

Cloud-enabled Design, Manufacturing and Analysis Software Tools

- Multi-user collaborative design
- Embedded social media and live communication tools
- Design optimization and analysis tools
- High-fidelity physics-based models

Part build history analysis, machine capability and feature manufacturability analysis, iterative design and process optimization, optimized inspection and testing protocols.

Parts shipped as bitstreams, process parameters, support structure optimization, and design rules shipped back from process learning.

Industrial Internet

DDM Technologies

- Equipment and supporting software.
- Fleet of networked LAMP machines on site at Foundries and OEMs.
- Fleet of networked SLE machines on site at OEMs, MROs, DoD repair depots.
- Fleet of networked LAMP and SLE machines at DDM's production facility.

Machine performance history analysis, Feedstock material optimization, Process control optimization, Next-generation DDM machine design evolution.

Production Control Systems

- Real-time process control.
- Machine and material health monitoring.
- Build history archiving.
- Digital inspection systems.
- Feedstock material development and optimization.
- Next-generation equipment designs.
- Component performance Testing and validation.

Industrial Internet

Industrial Internet

Immelt: GE will use 100-year legacy to bridge physical and digital, create \$15 billion software company

In 2015, GE inaugurated a new, Multi-Modal manufacturing facility in Chakan, India. If the company's ambitions for the space are realized, it could drive a massive change in global manufacturing.

It is hard to imagine, with its iconography of billowing smoke and raging furnaces, that a factory would ever be called "brilliant" or "flexible." But, global behemoth General Electric wants to change the way you think about those far away, smoke-belching buildings and introduce you to a new era—maybe even a revolution—in manufacturing.

In 2015, GE unveiled its first ever US \$200 million "Multi-Modal" facility in Chakan, located in the Indian state of Maharashtra, which it thinks will be the agent of this change. It was inaugurated by Narendra Modi, the Indian Prime Minister who is confronted by the huge challenge of delivering jobs to hundreds of millions of youth who lack measurable skills. The factory won't be solving that gargantuan problem since it staffs a mere 1,500 technicians and engineers, but it's not meant to, at least not in a direct way. Instead, the factory promises to create an enormous, positive ripple effect both inside and outside India that will impact employment and supply chains, as well as promote radical new designs and industrial innovation like never before.

Are independent variables similar in principle to components (ABM) in Digital Twins?

The ability to design independent variables as ABM is one principle from GARCH which may drive the creation of ABM repositories of components (from machines, sensors or devices). To drag and drop (plug and play) modular components, ABM may abstract away the EBM related to the physics of the components (in terms of its material and operation). It may enable non-experts (managers) to create/configure the digital twin of their machines and sensors without requiring engineers with expertise in the physics of the part and the differential equations representing its operations. Transforming this idea into reality may enable the democratization of digital twins and catalyze their widespread diffusion as well as adoption in very diverse verticals (machines in manufacturing, devices connected to patients in hospitals, plants in nuclear energy facilities, adjusting security levels on-demand, coordinating objects in an emergency or crash to care scenario). These complex and volatile system of systems may be amenable for digital twin representation if semantic interoperability between component model standards can navigate between multi-lingual repositories and IT/OT can converge with telco in a manner that digital twin creation auto-triggers *ad hoc* self-organization of network/gateway to **discover** and feed context-aware data to the virtual clone using (one or more or all available) network function which is application-driven and protocol agnostic (cellular, WiFi, BT, UWB, 3G, LTE, 5G, NFV).

Who will create and maintain
the repository of parts,
sensors, sub-systems?

PAY-PER-USE MICRO-REVENUE

Digital Twin Design as a Service?

ADAPTABLE ?

SOFTWARE DEFINED?

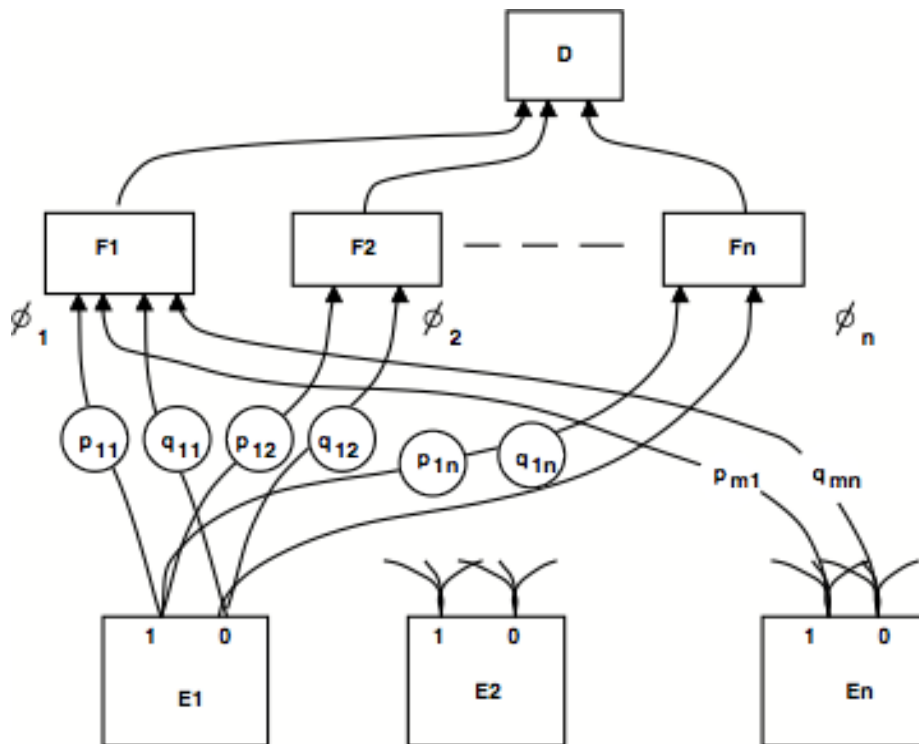
SENSORS

Suggestions from 2001

(is in progress)

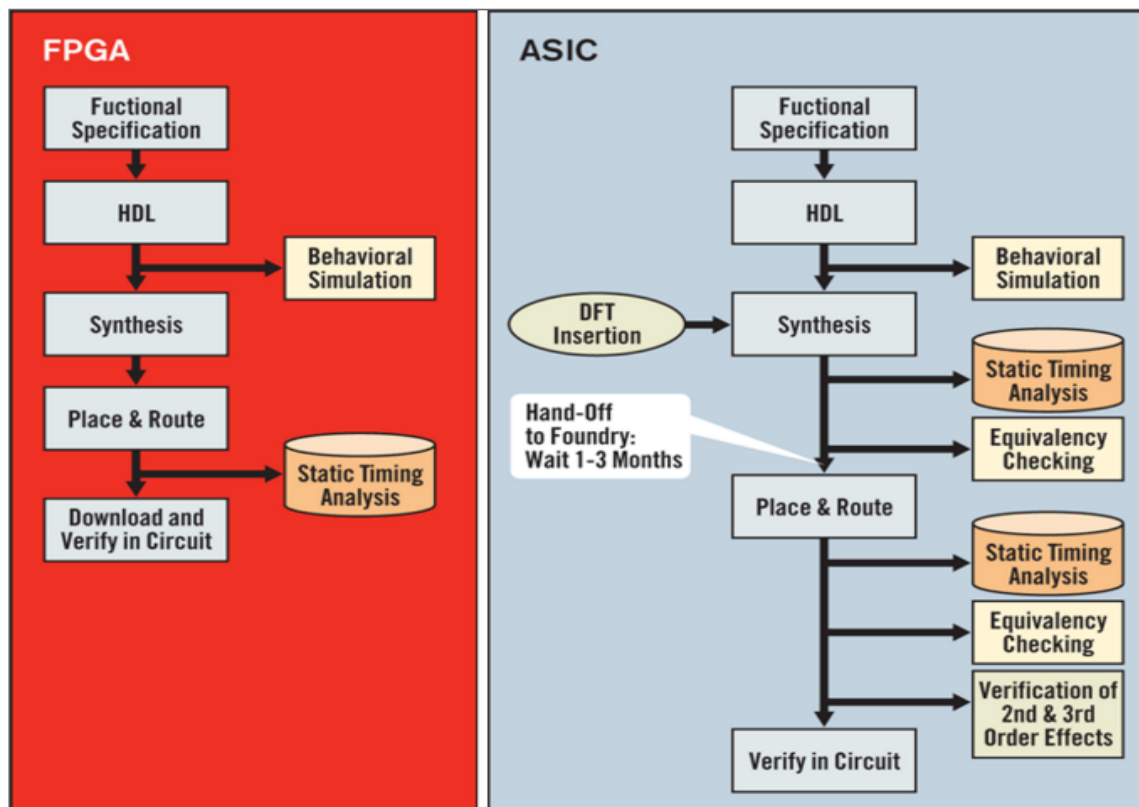
Why not upgrade with software?

Marvin Lee Minsky (9 Aug 1927 - 24 Jan 2016) mentions one part of Bayesian classification 'can be made by a simple network device' and shares (1998, MIT) how obsolete it may be in this era of software.



This information. Anything new? Not at all.

While working for Zilog, Ross Freeman (co-founder, Xilinx, 1984) wanted to create chips that acted like a blank tape, allowing users to program the technology themselves. Hence, field programmable gate arrays (FPGA) would allow circuits to be tailored by/for individual market segments (Altera, Xilinx).



Chip designed to run in a digital voice recorder or a high-efficiency Bitcoin miner is an ASIC example.

Scenario 2010 (Management by Learning)

SONY
TV

SONY
PlayStation

SONY
VAIO

SONY
Mobile

Customer wants improved function! Customer gets instant satisfaction!!

On-line Upgrade with Software

*Printed logic inorganic transistors
Code-morphing software-silicon chips*

Solution
software
CONTENT
TRACKING

Generate Revenue:
CONTENT
Version Change
Upgrade
Licensing

SONY

SoC

Software Defined Vehicle



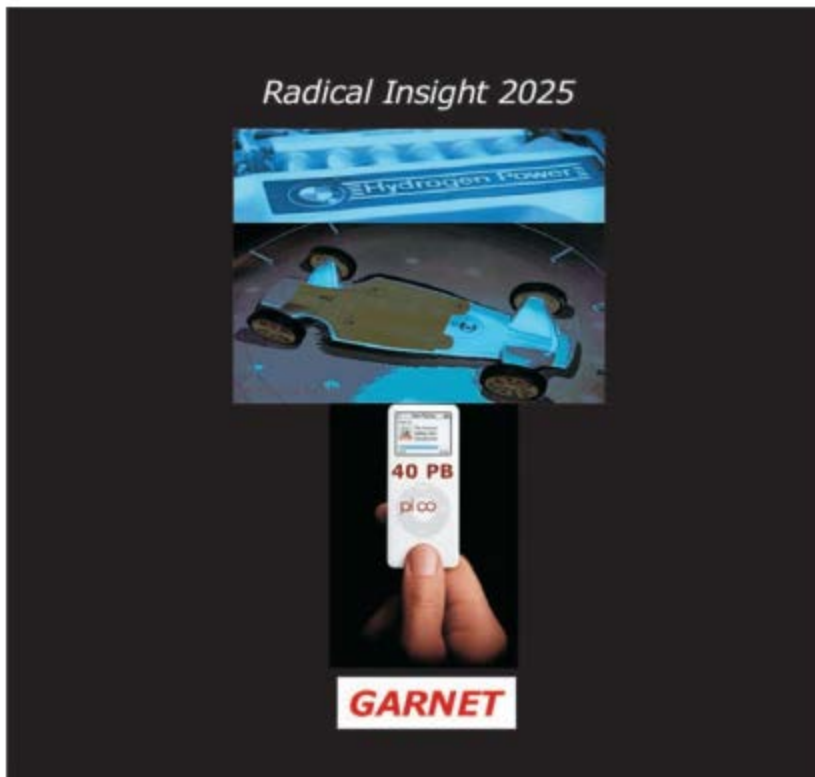
1 / 7 Technically, it's advised to keep hands resting on the wheel--but you can go hands-free. MOLLY MCHUGH/WIRED

TONIGHT, TESLA MAKES its cars autonomous. Well, semi-autonomous. And it did it with **an over-the-air update**, effectively making tens of thousands of cars already sold to customers way better.



Technology Review 196/2006
Helsinki 2006

5	Charlie's Skypeout Strategy: The Chocolate Factory Relocates to Tallinn	41
5.1	Epilogue	41
5.1.1	Introduction	41
5.1.2	Connecting Bits To Atoms: Does it Guarantee Value From Use of Resulting Information?	42
5.1.3	Connecting Bits to Atoms: Is Auto "Mobile" Platform an Innovation down the Toilet?	47
5.1.4	Is Interoperability a Catalyst for Change or is Change a Pre-requisite for Interoperability?	49
5.1.5	Can Standards Drive Interoperability?	50
5.1.6	Concluding Comments	51



POC ● 2009 ● <http://bit.do/Smooth-Operator>

Figure 26. Radical Insight?

ADAPTABLE ? SOFTWARE DEFINED?

SENSORS



DEFENSE ADVANCED
RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY

EXPLORE BY TAG

ABOUT US / OUR RESEARCH / NEWS / EVENTS / WORK WITH US / Q

Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency > Program Information > ADAPTable Sensor System

ADAPTable Sensor System (ADAPT)

Dr. Craig Lawrence

Military sensor systems typically require between three and eight years to complete, resulting in sensor technology unable to keep pace with rapidly evolving mission needs. Commercial systems of similar complexity, forced by competitive pressures, are routinely developed in one to two years.

The ADAPT program seeks novel techniques and processes to rapidly develop low-cost ISR sensor systems by adapting commercial manufacturing approaches. The primary goal of the ADAPT program is to deliver common hardware and software that can be quickly configured to perform a variety of mission-specific ISR applications.

The elements of the ADAPT concept are divided into three areas: A reusable hardware core, reusable software, and sensor-specific applications. The reusable hardware core aims to leverage low-cost commercial components available at the time of manufacture, enabling it to be refreshed at the rate of commercial technologies. For example, commercial consumer electronic products are typically developed using Original Design Manufacturers (ODM) who promote fabless product development in factories that make a large number of variations on similar products. ADAPT seeks to use ODMs for design and production rather than the common practice of using contract manufacturers.

Reusable software efforts will address sensor management functions such as processing, storage, communications, navigation and orientation—all of which are common to a wide variety of sensor systems. These are also the same types of functions used in smart phone products which will allow leveraging of commercial technology for economies of scale. Consumer software can be developed quickly by using open-source software frameworks that include application development and distribution environments. These rich software tools and libraries create opportunities for nimble, third party application developers to rapidly create and refine software products. The ADAPT program will leverage similar commercial software development environments for smartphone products to enable new classes of sensor system application developers.

Sensors currently require production of common hardware and software for each sensor-specific application. Sensors created in the ADAPT program will benefit from not having to develop and produce common hardware and software. Military missions will define specific sensors, packaging and power systems to be used depending upon the mission performance requirements. Processing, storage, communication, navigation, orientation and sensor management functions will be handled by the reusable core hardware and software.

ADAPTABLE ? SOFTWARE DEFINED?

SENSORS



DEFENSE ADVANCED
RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY

SRI International

Adaptable Sensor System for Real-Time Data on the Front Line

DARPA taps SRI to deliver usable video and analytics to U.S. Armed Forces when and where they need it.

Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency > Program Information > ADAPTable Sensor System

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SRI's video processor shares data from multiple sensors



1
2
3

Connecting Soft Hardware

The Networked Physical World

Published October 1, 2000. Distribution restricted to Sponsors until January 1, 2001.



WHITE PAPER

The Networked Physical World

Proposals for Engineering the Next Generation of Computing, Commerce & Automatic-Identification

Sanjay Sarma, David L. Brock & Kevin Ashton

MIT AUTO-ID CENTER MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, 77 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE, BUILDING 3-449G, CAMBRIDGE, MA 02139-4307

ABSTRACT

The Auto-ID Center at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology is a new industry sponsored lab charged with researching and developing automated identification technologies and applications. The Center is creating the infrastructure, recommending the standards, and identifying the automated identification applications for a networked physical world. All technologies and intellectual property developed at the Auto-ID Center are freely distributed. This white paper outlines the Auto-ID Center's key conclusions and research progress after its first year of research.





klossnet

"CAN I INTEREST YOU IN A FIREWALL FOR YOUR TOASTER?"

Published November 1, 2002. Distribution restricted to Sponsors until February 1, 2003.



WHITE PAPER

RFID Systems, Security & Privacy Implications

Sanjay E. Sarma, Stephen A. Weis, Daniel W. Engels

AUTO-ID CENTER MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, 77 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE, BLDG 3-449, CAMBRIDGE, MA 02139-4307, USA

ABSTRACT

The Auto-ID Center is developing low-cost radio frequency identification (RFID) based systems with the initial application as next generation bar-codes. We describe RFID technology, summarize our approach and our research, and most importantly, describe the research opportunities in RFID for experts in cryptography and information security. The common theme in low-cost RFID systems is that computation resources are very limited, and all aspects of the RFID system are connected to each other. Understanding these connections and the resulting design trade-offs is an important prerequisite to effectively answering the challenges of security and privacy in low-cost RFID systems.

It doesn't matter if you can potentially

“CONNECT”

50 BILLION THINGS WILL BE CONNECTED BY 2020

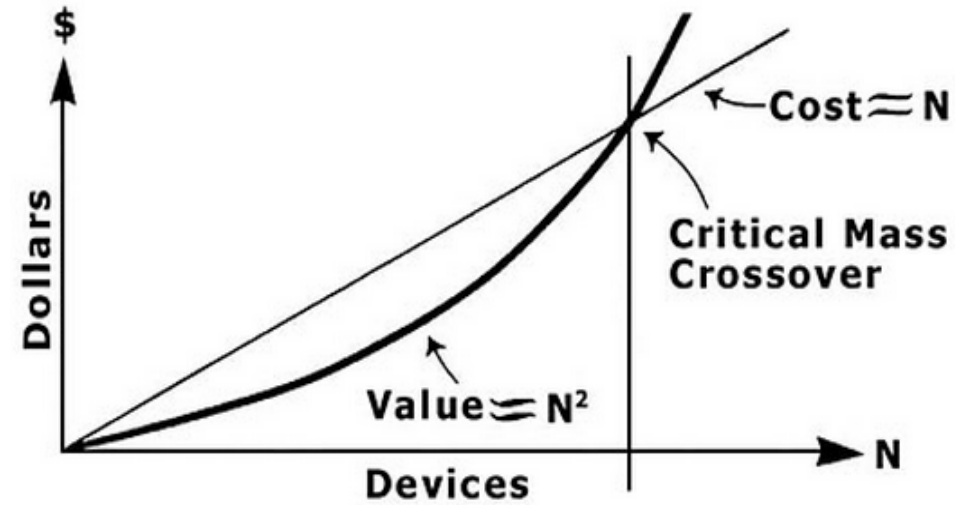
**SENSATIONAL but INCORRECT
connectivity impotent unless
DISCOVERED and SECURED**

Who knows you are connected?

**DISCOVERY OF CONNECTED OBJECTS
IN CONTEXT-AWARE ECOSYSTEMS**

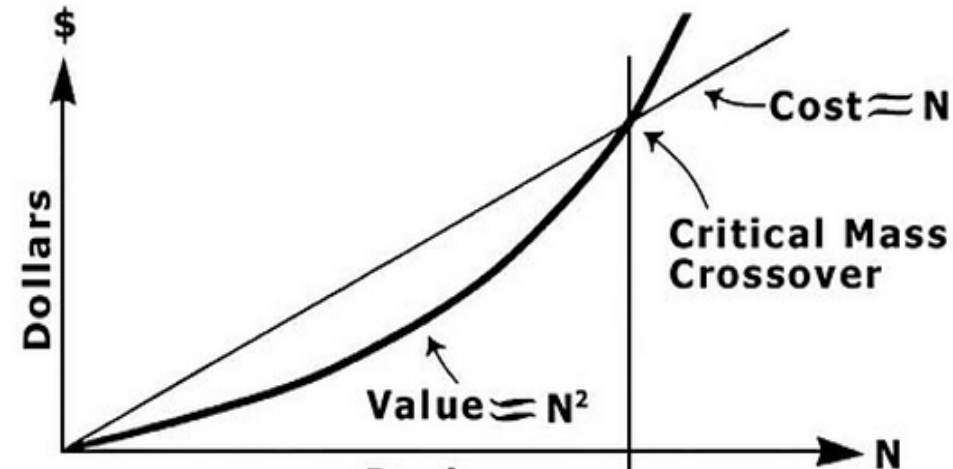
<http://bit.ly/BOB-METCALFE-LAW>

The Systemic Value of Compatibly Communicating Devices Grows as the Square of Their Number:



WRONG

The Systemic Value of Compatibly Communicating Devices Grows as the Square of Their Number:



Local Area Networks

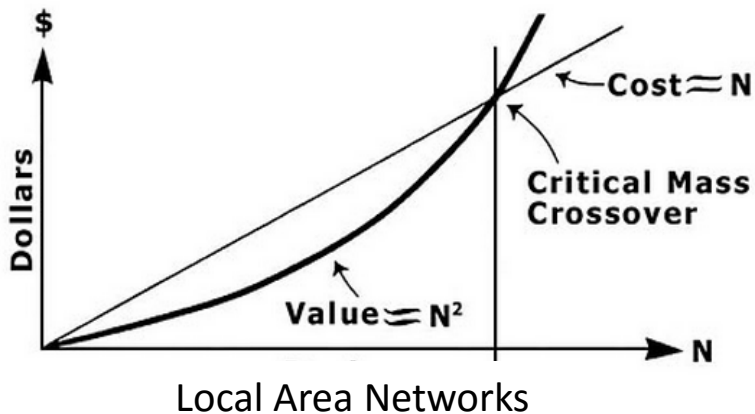
↑
→ **NETWORKS**

The unit of measurement along the X-axis is “compatibly communicating devices”, not users. The credit for the “users” formulation goes to George Gilder who wrote about Metcalfe’s Law in Forbes ASAP on September 13, 1993. However, Gilder’s [article](#) talks about machines and not users. Anyway, both the “users” and “machines” formulations miss the subtlety imposed by the “compatibly communicating” qualifier, which is the key to understanding the concept.

Bob, who invented Ethernet, was addressing small LANs where machines are visible to one another and share services such as discovery, email, etc. He recalls that his goal was to have companies install networks with at least three nodes. Now, that’s a far cry from the Internet, which is huge, where most machines cannot see one another and/or have nothing to communicate about... So, if you’re talking about a smallish network where indeed nodes are “compatibly communicating”, I’d argue that the original suggestion holds pretty well.

The authors of the IEEE article take the “users” formulation and suggest that the value of a network should grow on the order of $O(n \log n)$ as opposed to $O(n^2)$. Are they correct? It depends. Is their proposal a meaningful improvement on the original idea? No.

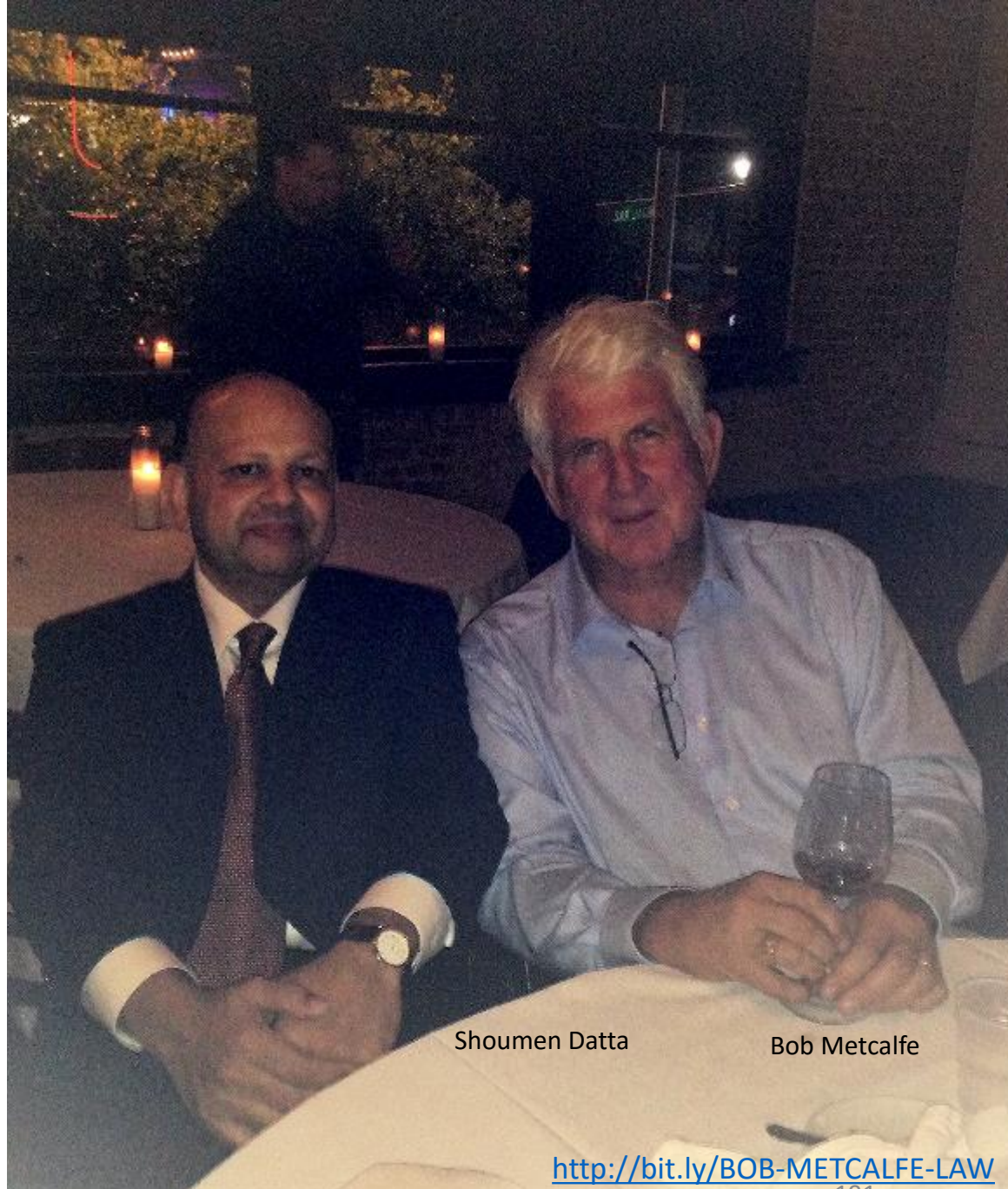
The Systemic Value of Compatibly Communicating Devices Grows as the Square of Their Number:



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Shoumen Datta

Bob Metcalfe

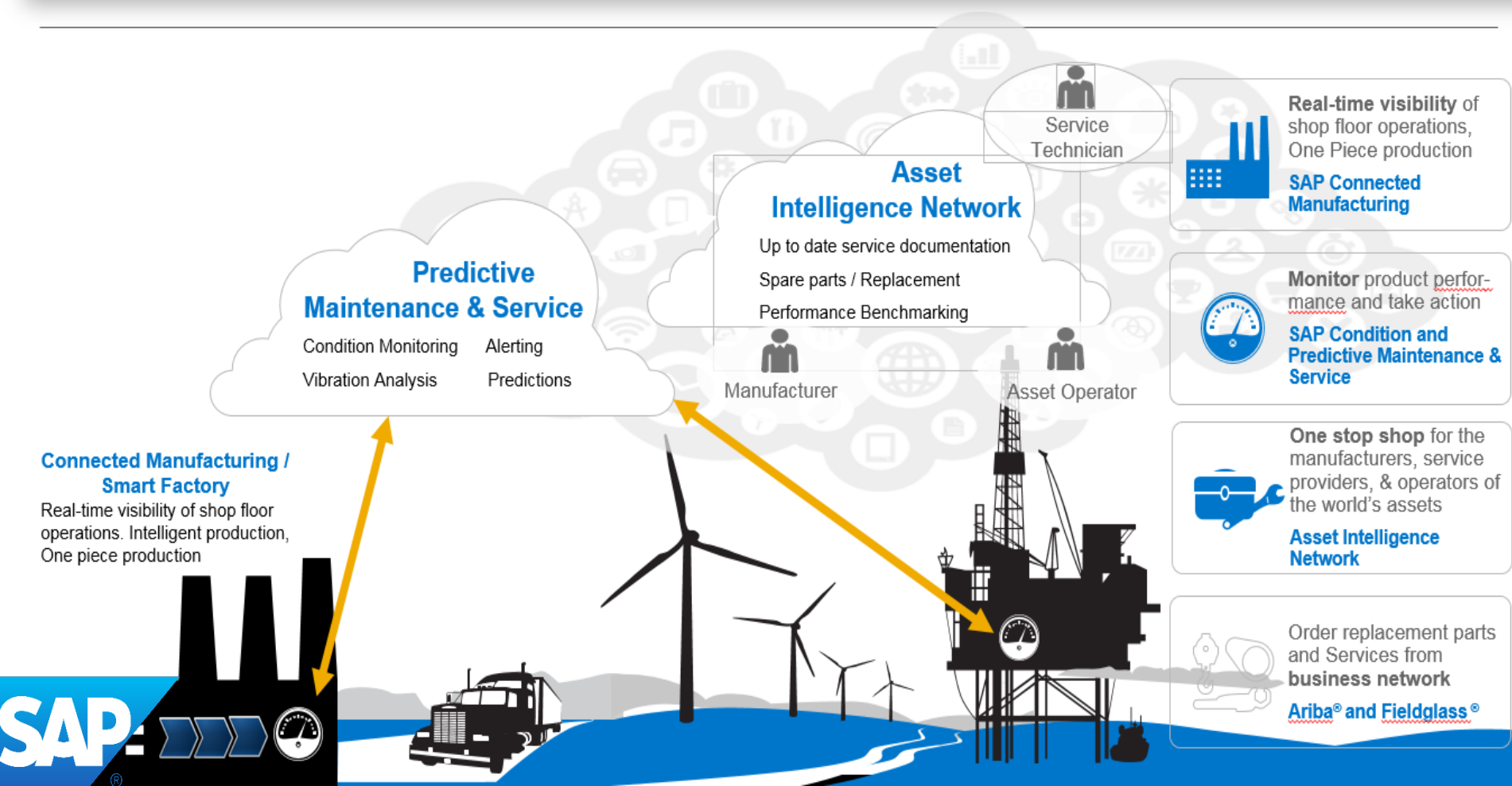
<http://bit.ly/BOB-METCALFE-LAW>

If the object in your system can
discover the ecosystem or be
discovered by the network

DEMANDS INTEROPERABILITY *BETWEEN* STANDARDS

INTEROPERABILITY BY DESIGN

Success or failure with respect to enabling the diffusion of connectivity necessary for the Industrial Internet of Things will depend on global collaboration and cooperation to drive interoperability between standards and diverse verticals in order to connect ecosystems. Transforming the vision to reality will require, amongst multiple other things, the essential convergence of IT, OT with TELCO.



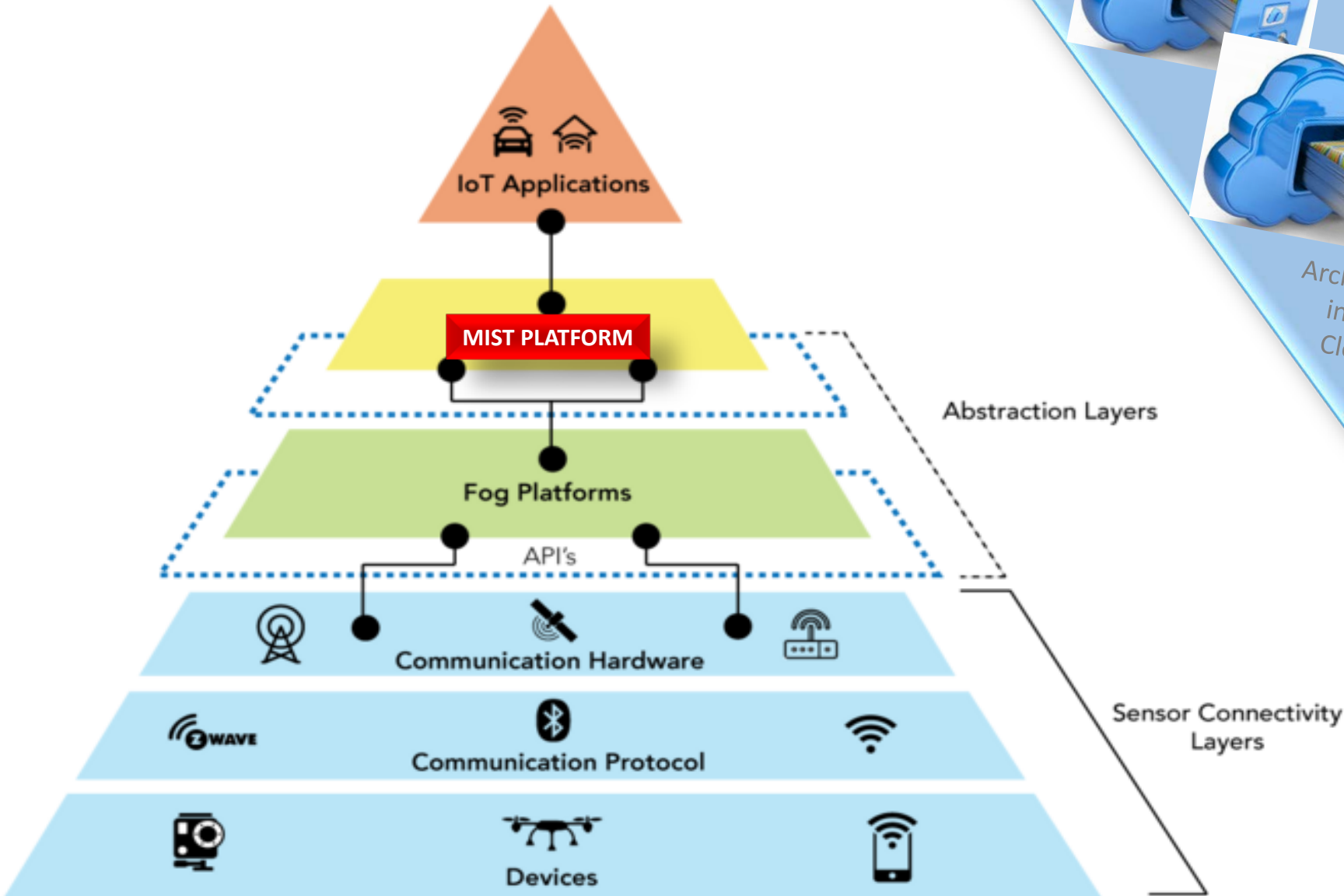
IT and OT and TELCO

CONVERGENCE AND SECURITY BY DESIGN

Edge to Cloud – Latency?

Ground the CLOUD nearer to the edge
some telcos may suggest you wait for

5G



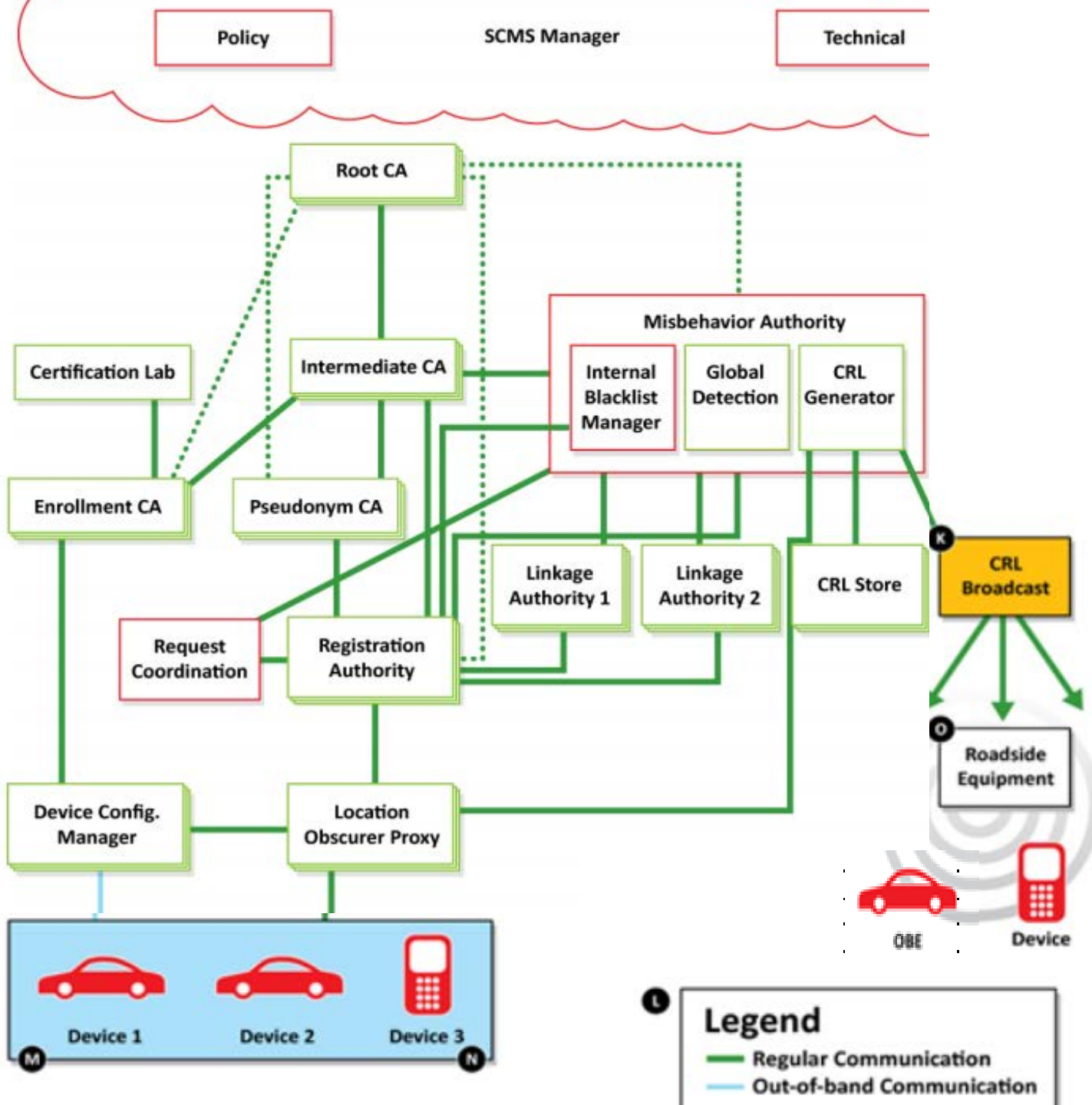
Time Synchronization?

Time Criticality, Time Guarantee, Deterministic Time Sensitive Networks

5G
Latency 2ms
Jitter ??

Semantics
of
Time

Edge
Intelligence
(CNN, RNN)



5G
Latency 2ms
Jitter ??

Semantics
of
Time

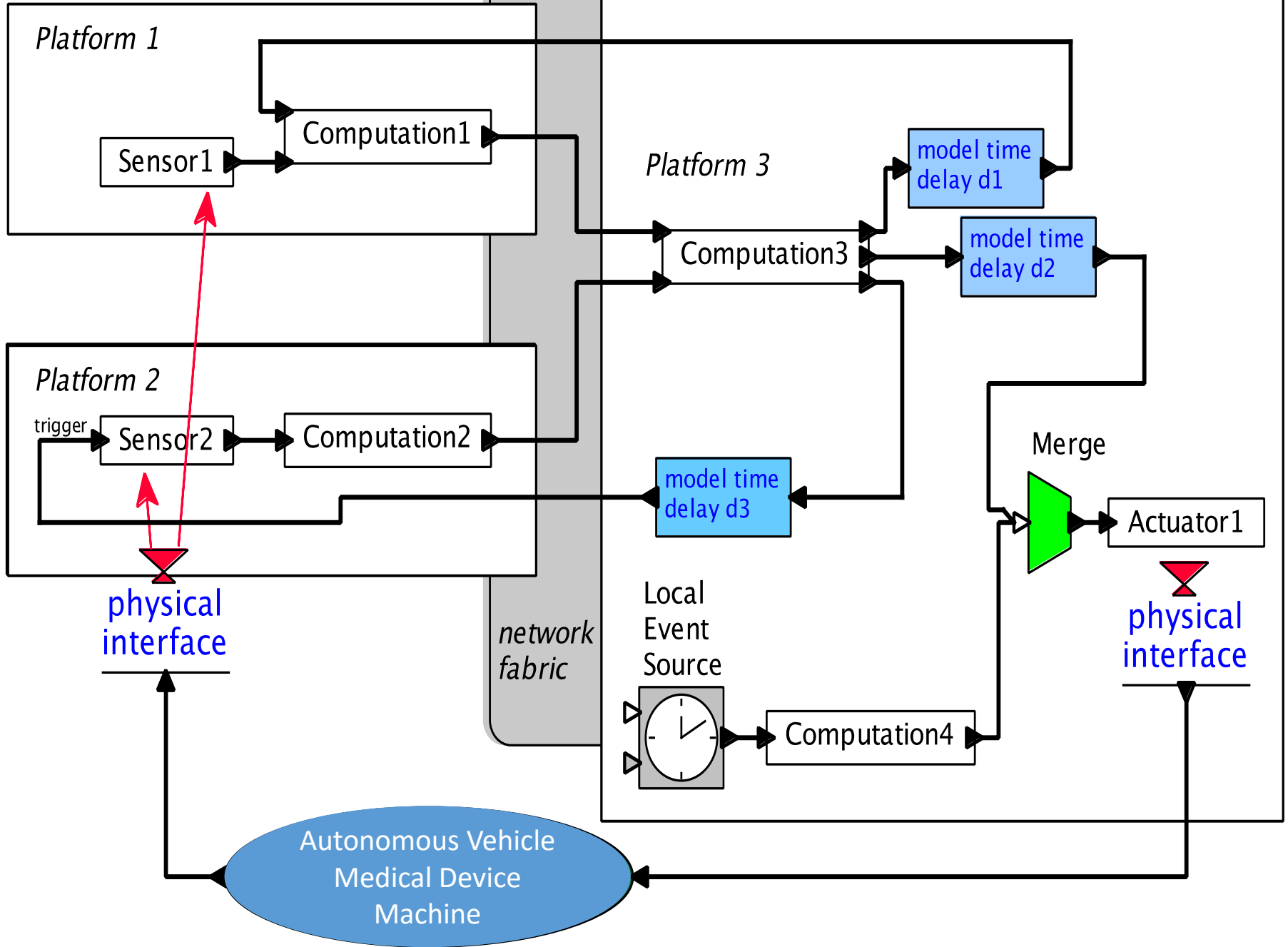
Edge
Intelligence
(CNN, RNN)



For real-time edge convergence
MIST COMPUTING is a MUST

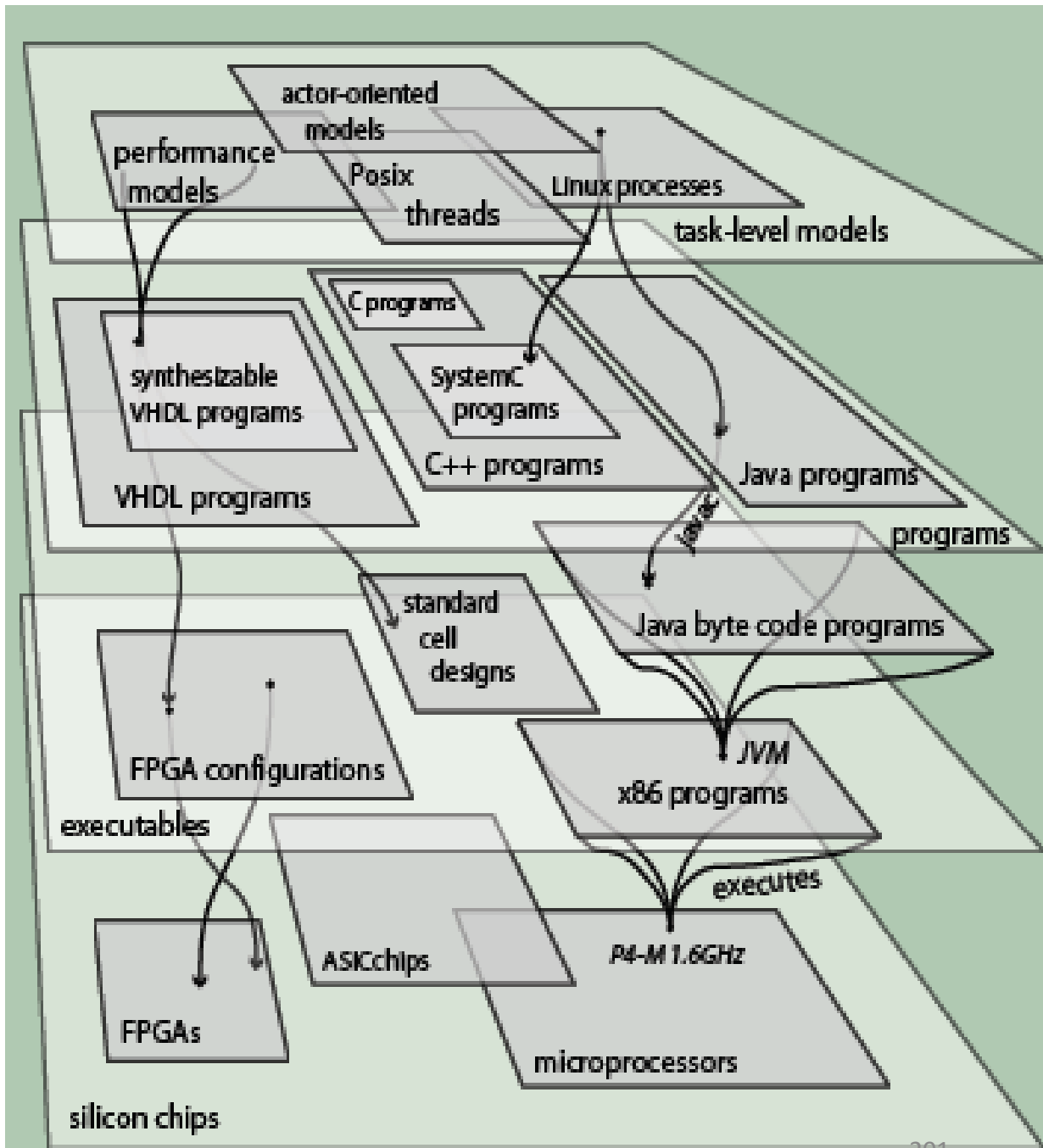


Archives
in the
Cloud



Failure of abstraction

Semantics of time absent from instruction set architecture (ISA)



- Example: to execute an interrupt service routine
 - The actual timing of this system is not specified
 - Timing of this system emerges when program maps to a particular piece of hardware (for the software to execute) because it is dependent on the particular peripherals of the processor eg edge GPU such as Intel Edison, MIT Eyeriss, IBM NM (Boeing storage)
 - Timing is actually not part of the semantics of the software
 - Correct execution of a program (C, C++, C sharp, Java, Haskell, Ocaml) has nothing to do with how long it takes to do anything
 - Timing emerges as an accident of the implementation
 - Programmers need to specify temporal behavior (critical for CPS and certain industrial IoT applications)
 - Programmers have to step outside the programming abstractions to specify timing behavior
 - Programming models that make temporal behavior an intrinsic part at the specification
 - Programming temporally integrated distributed embedded systems (PTIDES)
- PTIDES is based on the semantics of discrete-event (DE) systems which provides a model of time and concurrency
- In typical DE semantics, each actor processes input events in timestamp order but without constraints on the real time at which events are processed ($t + \Delta t$)
- PTIDES extends DE by establishing correspondence between model time and real time at sensors, actuators and network interfaces (assumes each local platform contains a real-time clock synchronized with similar clocks in the other platforms).

<http://bit.do/PTIDES>

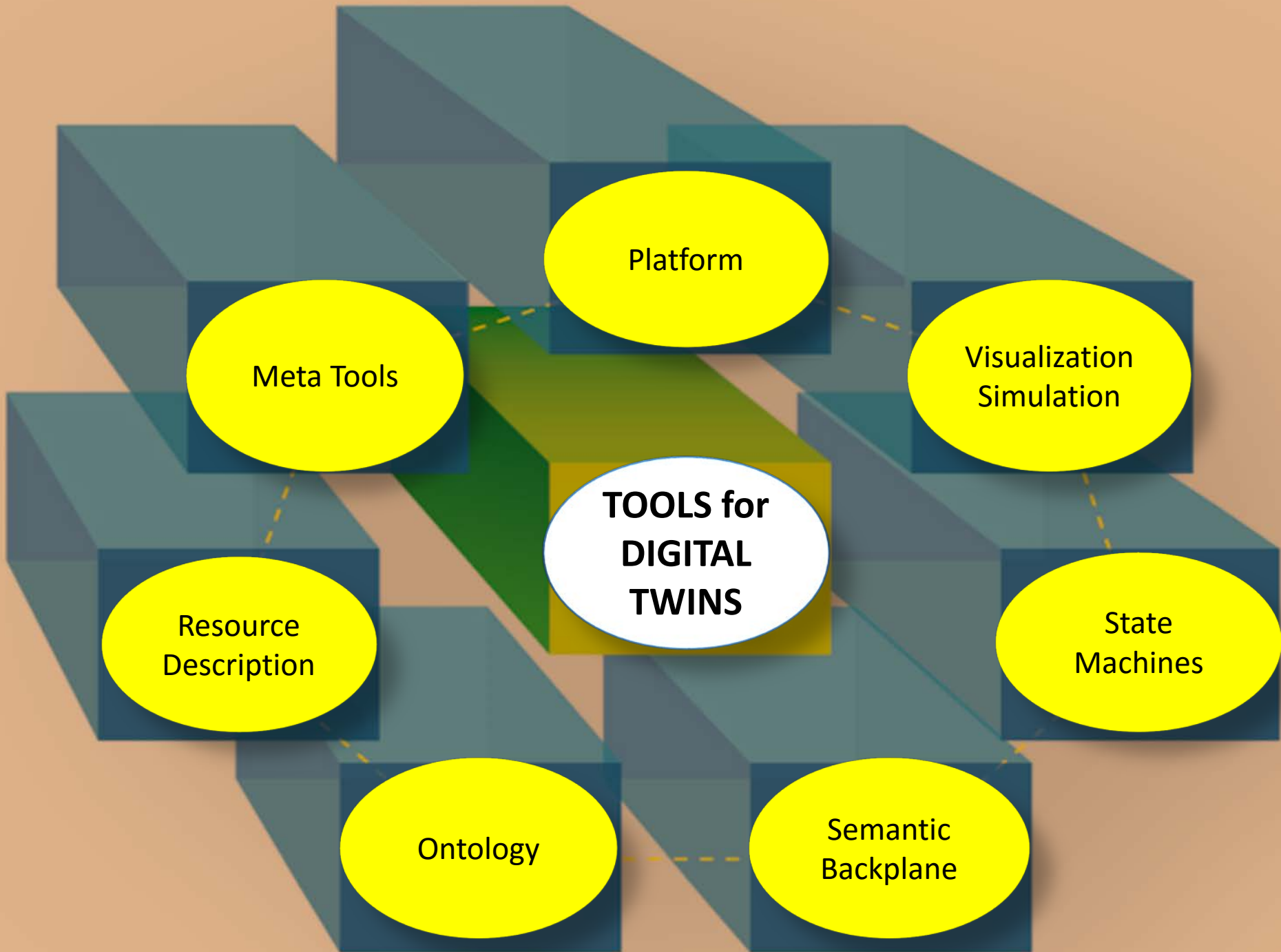
<http://bit.ly/TIME-SYNC>

<https://chess.eecs.berkeley.edu/ptides/>

https://chess.eecs.berkeley.edu/pubs/857/PTIDES_Smart_Grid.pdf

<http://www.uni-salzburg.at/fileadmin/multimedia/SRC/docs/publications/C085.pdf>





Platform

Meta Tools

Visualization
Simulation

**TOOLS for
DIGITAL
TWINS**

Resource
Description

State
Machines

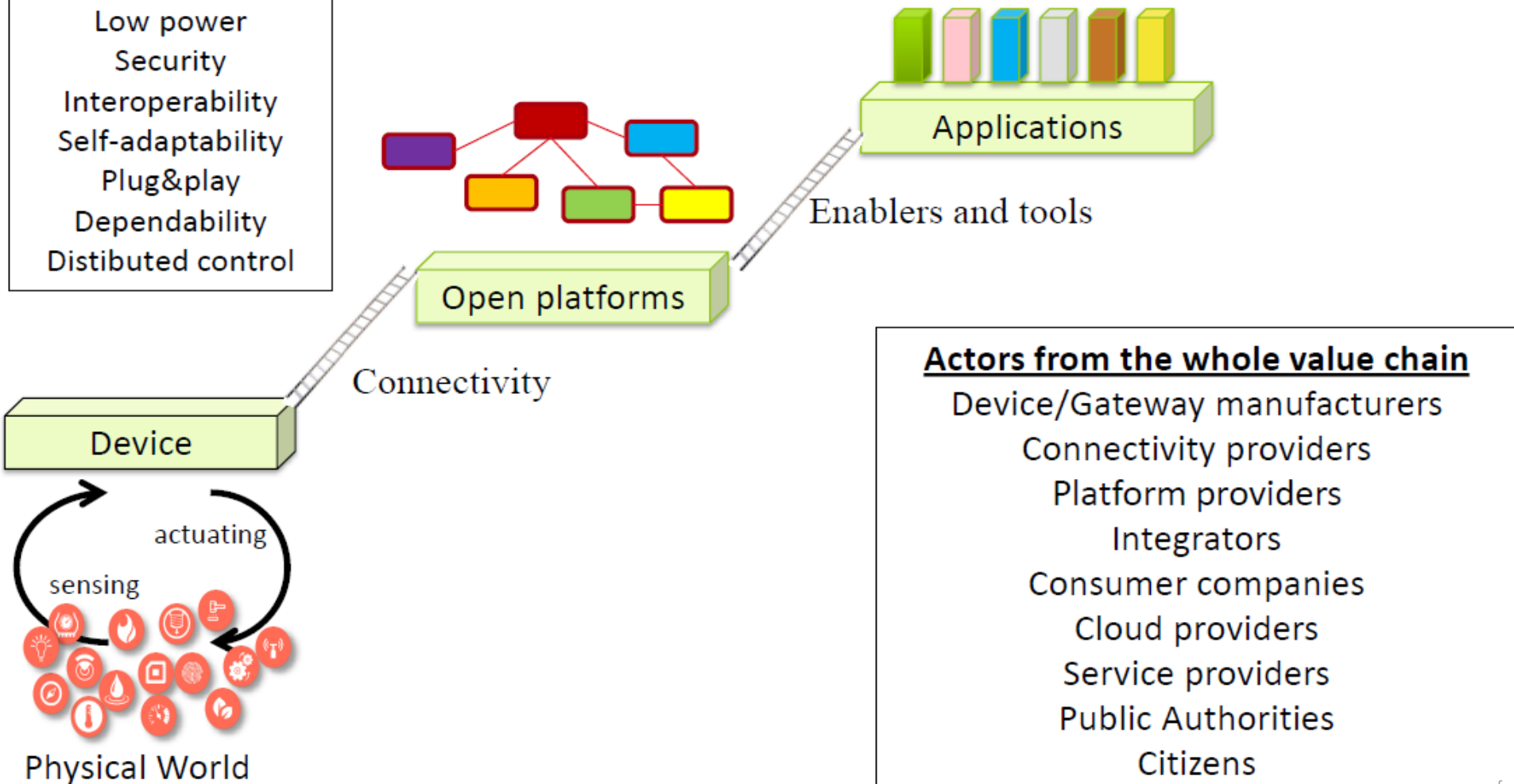
Ontology

Semantic
Backplane

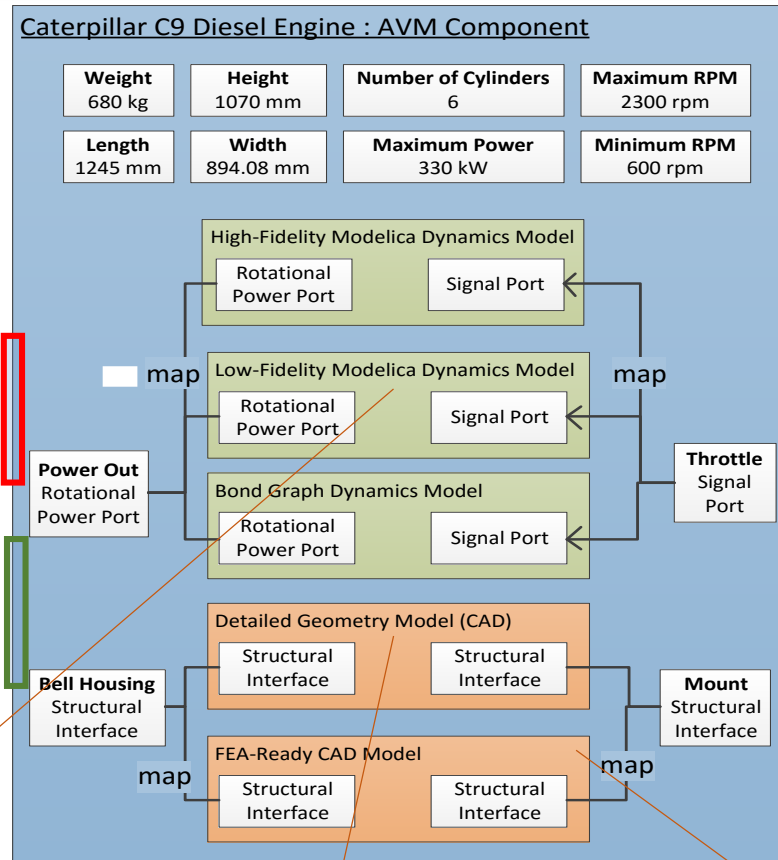
General Abstraction • Connectivity, Open Platforms & Broad Spectrum DT Applications

Technical challenges

- Heterogeneity
- Integration
- Low power
- Security
- Interoperability
- Self-adaptability
- Plug&play
- Dependability
- Distributed control



DARPA Adaptive Vehicle Make (AVM) Component Model



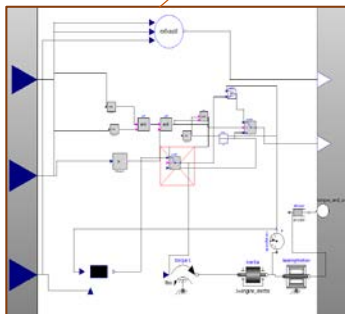
Parameter/property interfaces

Power interfaces

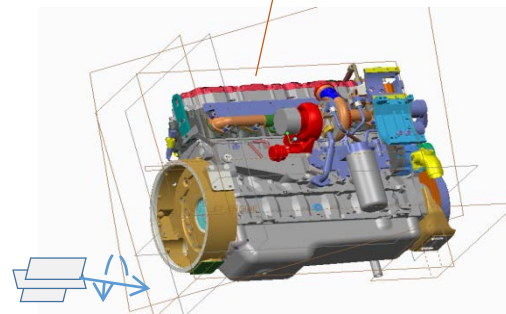
Signal interfaces

Structural interfaces

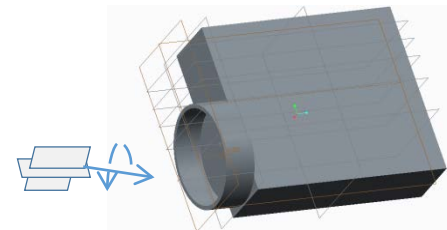
Structural interfaces



Low-Fidelity Dynamics



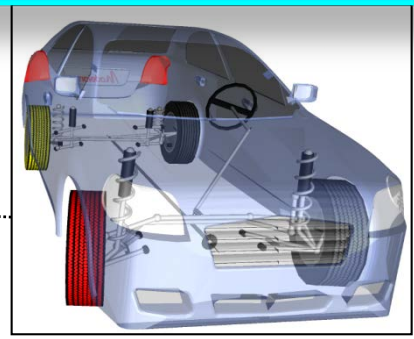
Detailed Geometry



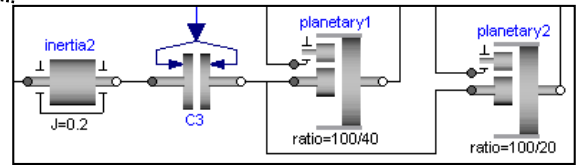
FEA Geometry

Example of Vehicle Model from Modelon AB and Modelica

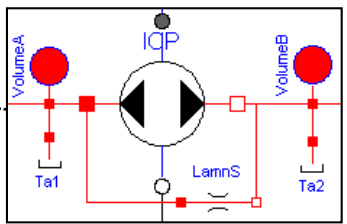
- **Vehicle dynamics** (3-dim. mechanics)



- **Drive trains** (1-dim. mechanics)

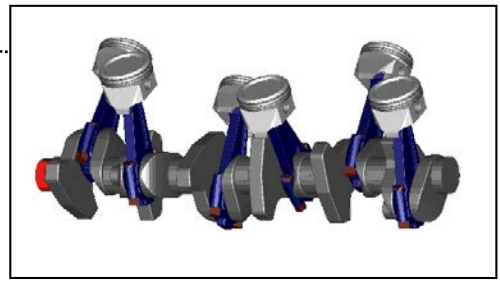
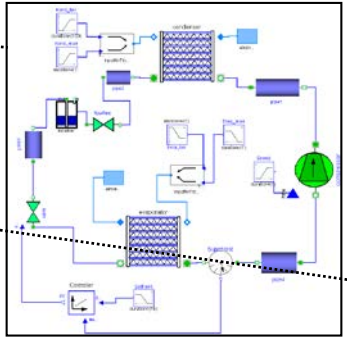


- **Hydraulics**

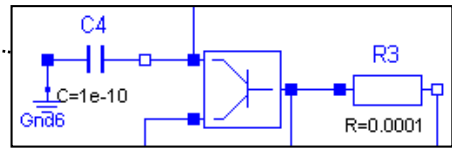


- **Combustion**

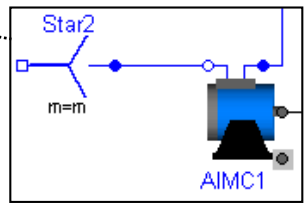
- **Air Conditioning**
(Thermofluid systems)



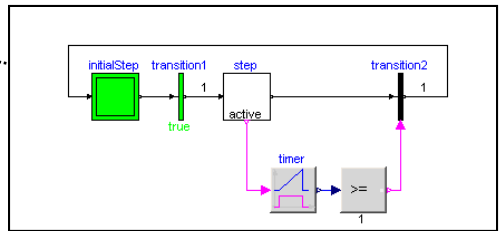
- **Electrical/electronic systems**



- **Electrical machines**



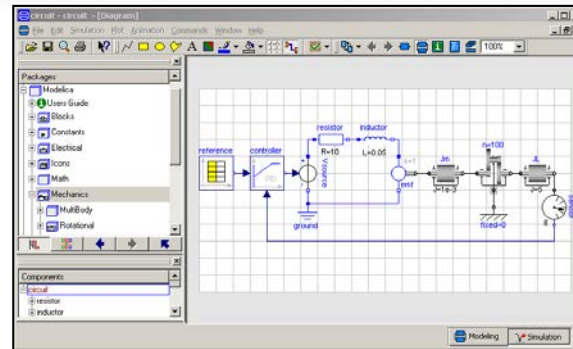
- **Hierarchical state machines**



- **Control** (Input/output blocks, ...)

Examples from Modelica Language and Simulation Environments

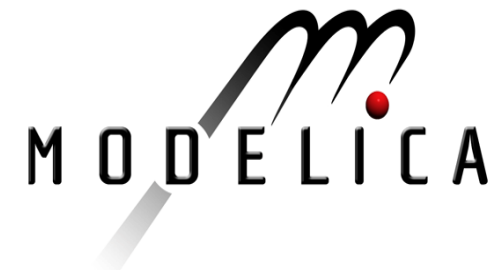
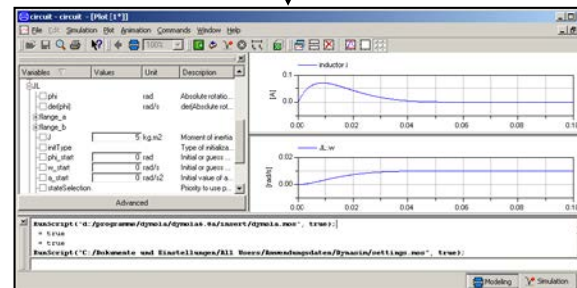
Graphical editor



Textual description
(equations, schematic, animation)

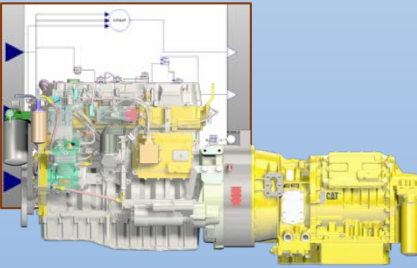
```
model circuit
  @;
  Modelica.Electrical.Analog.Basic.Resistor resistor(R=10) @;
  Modelica.Electrical.Analog.Basic.Inductor inductor(L=0.05) @;
  Modelica.Electrical.Analog.Basic.EMF emf(k=1) @;
  Modelica.Electrical.Analog.Sources.SignalVoltage Vsource @;
  Modelica.Electrical.Analog.Basic.Ground ground @;
  Modelica.Blocks.Continuous.LimPID controller @;
  Modelica.Mechanics.Rotational.Inertia Ja(J=1e-3) @;
  Modelica.Mechanics.Rotational.IdealGear n(ratio=100) @;
  Modelica.Mechanics.Rotational.Fixed fixed @;
  Modelica.Mechanics.Rotational.Inertia JL(J=5) @;
  Modelica.Mechanics.Rotational.Sensors.SpeedSensor sensor @;
  Modelica.Blocks.Sources.CombiTimeTable reference @;
```

Translation of Modelica models
in C-Code, simulation and
interactive scripting



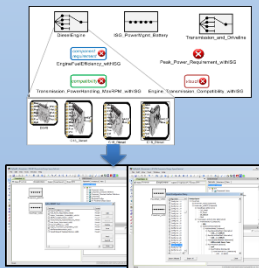
Design Automation Tools to Catalyze Digital Twin Mass Market?

Component Based Design



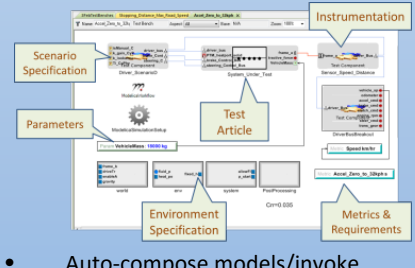
- Design Reuse, Distribute Workload
- Leverage cross-domain Component Libraries

Design Space Exploration

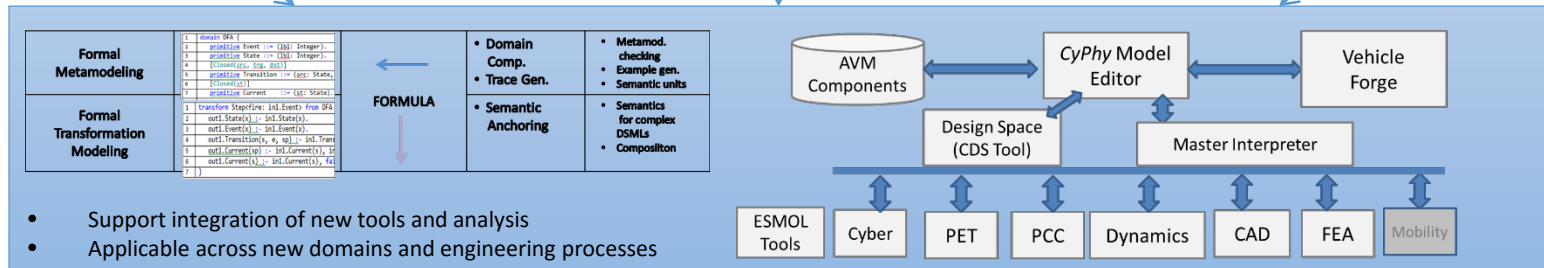


- Explore, Evaluate, Understand Tradeoffs
- Maintain Design Flexibility/Agility

Executable Requirements

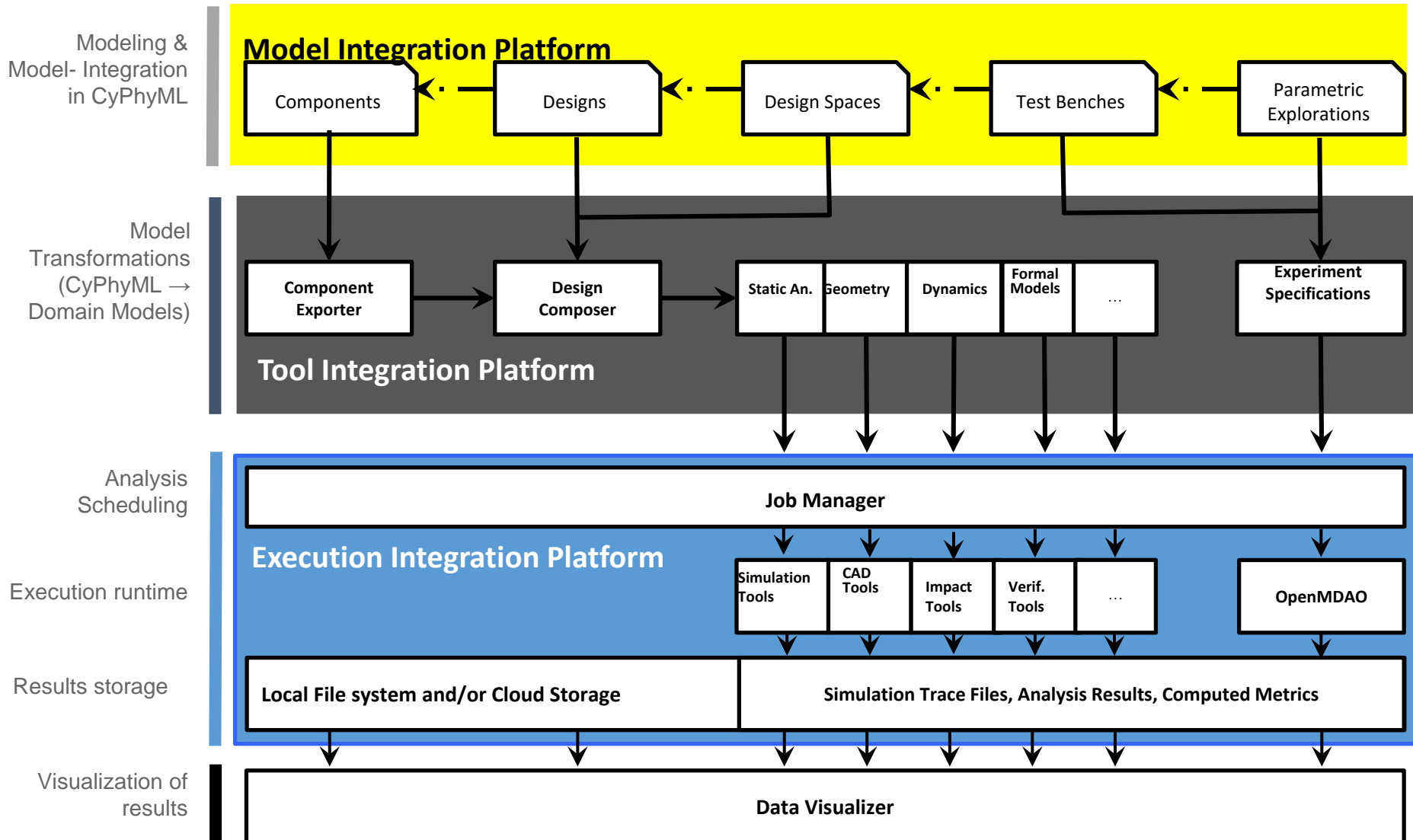


- Auto-compose models/invoke domain analysis tools
- Minimize repetitive engineering labor

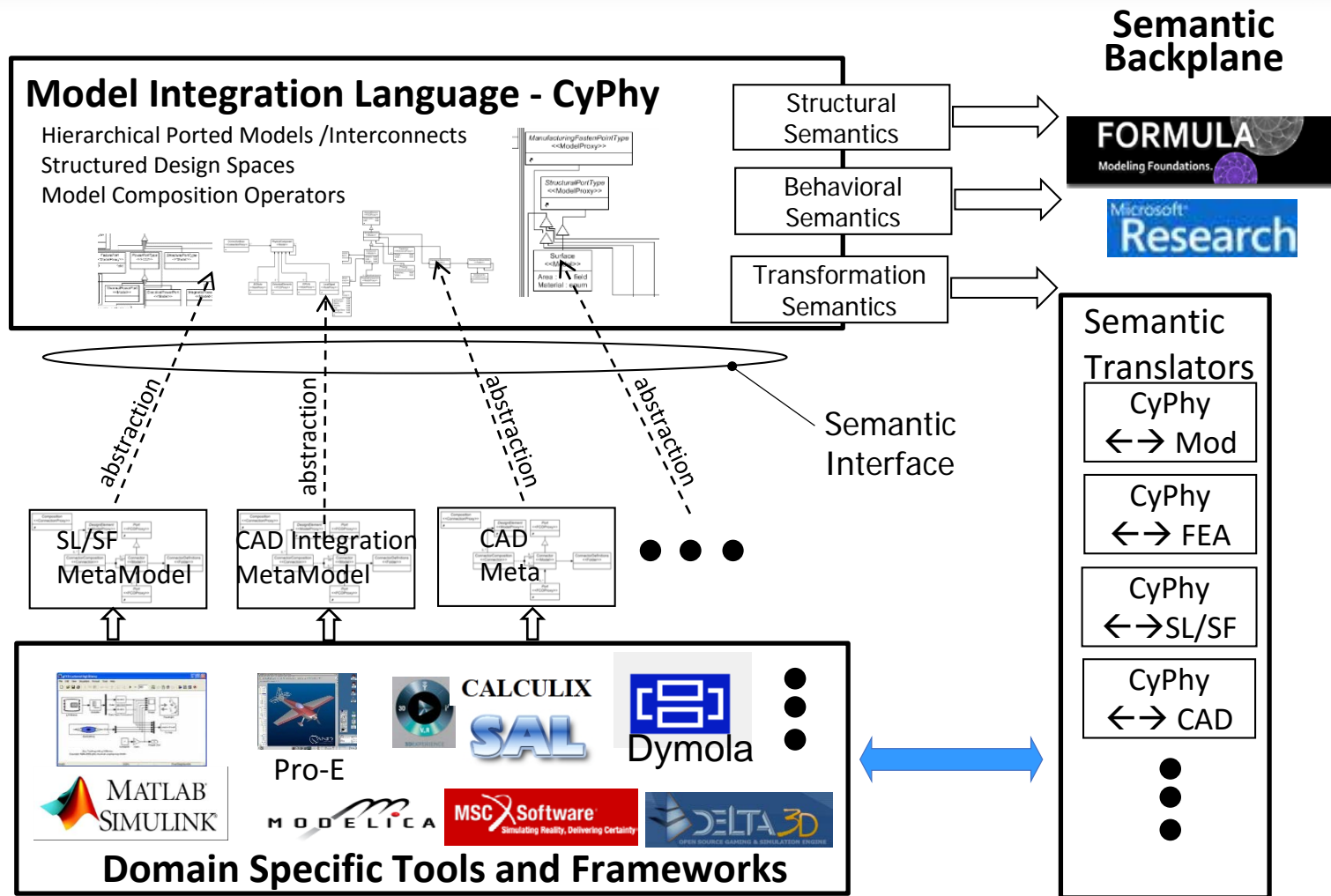


Meta Programmable Tools and Semantic Backplane

Tools to Catalyze Digital Twin Business - Meta Tool Suite Architecture



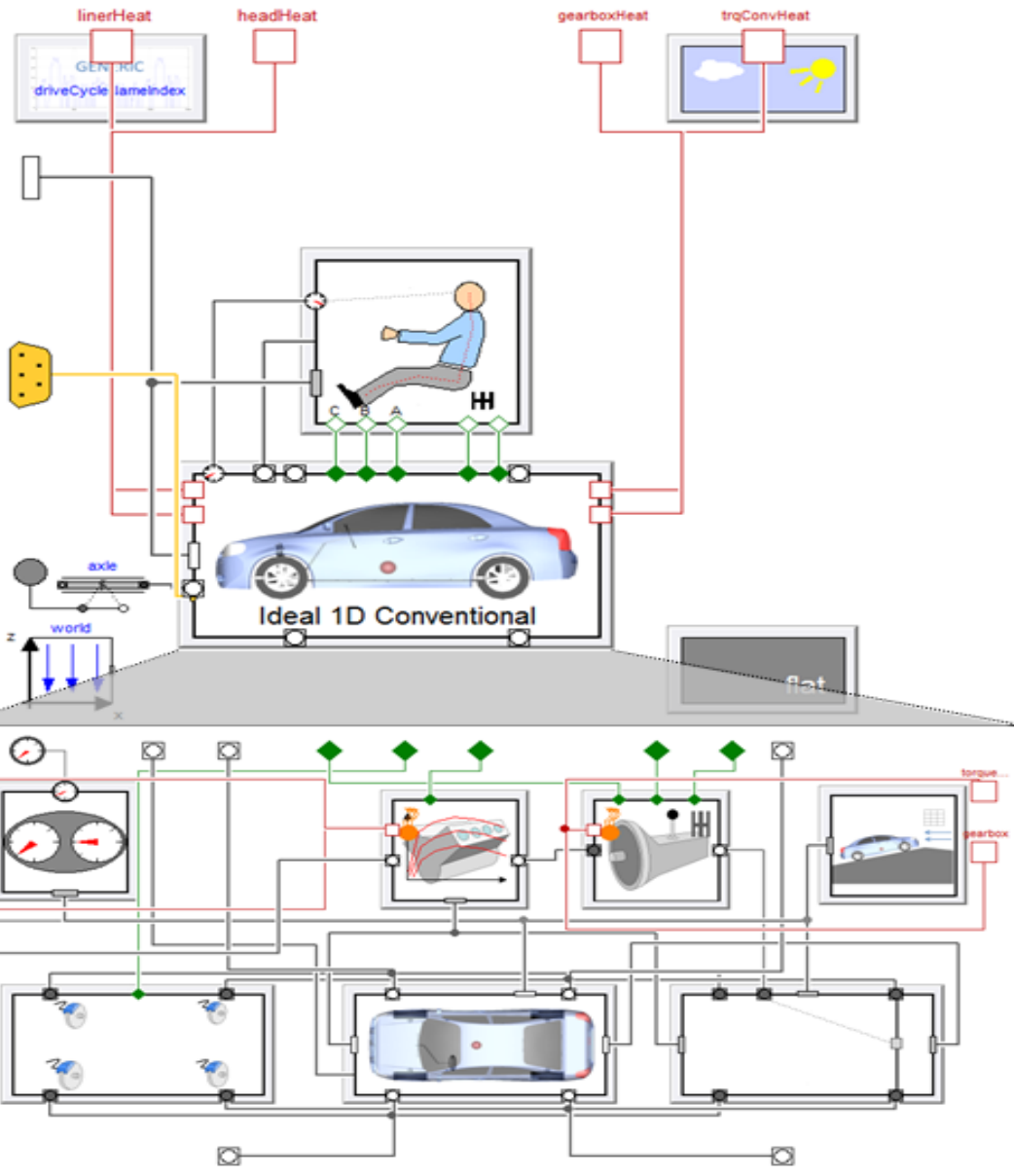
Digital Twin Tool Kit - Model Integration Platform using CyPhyML



Semantically Sound, Open Language Engineering Environment; Accommodates New Tools & Languages

Tools for Digital Twins

Decomposition of Complex Simulations



- Partition: Driver vehicle (Vehicle mechanics, Electrical and Driver) and Thermal Management (Fluid and Thermal parts of the model)
- Simulation with different processes and clock-rates but achieves correct behavior

Neema, H., J. Gohl, Z. Lattmann, J. Szipanovits, G. Karsai, S. Neema, T. Bapaty, J. Batteh, H. Tummescheit, and C. Sureshkumar, "Model-Based Integration Platform for FMI Co-Simulation and Heterogeneous Simulations of Cyber-Physical Systems" in Proceedings of the 10th International Modelica Conference, Lund University, Solvegatan 20A, SE-223 62 LUND, Modelica Association and Linköping University Electronic Press, pp. 235-245, 03/2014.

Combine AVM model with meta tool suite as a tool to create digital twin or a representation of any dynamic (clinical) environment (eg patient attached to various devices from ER to OR from post-operative ICU to discharge status).

Creation of a digital twin as an entity level agent based model is essential to analytics and simulation of what-if scenarios (deterministic) to better prepare for the non-deterministic states (emergency). This approach is not limited to machines but crucial for any “atom” which may be connected bits (data).

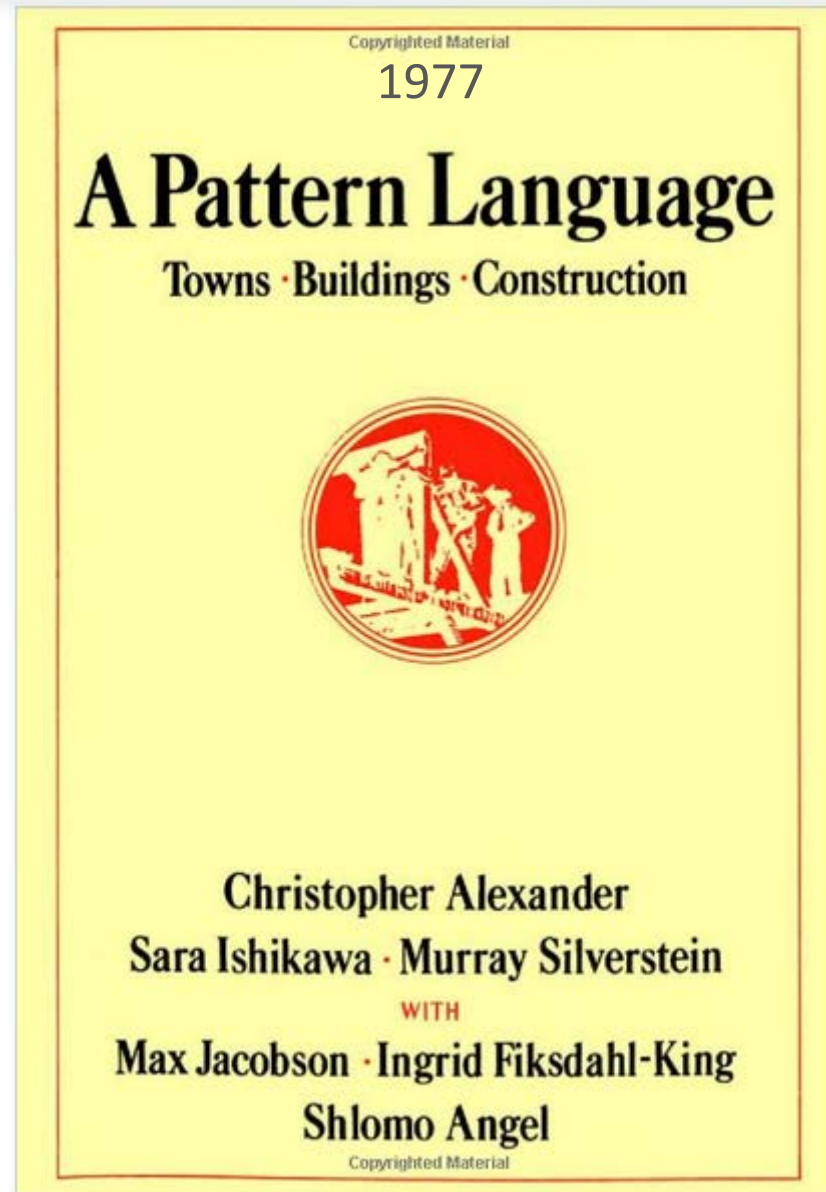
Digital duplication may be the underpinning of almost all elements in the context of connectivity (IoT, IIoT). Data from each individual node of this model (eg sensor data from each part in a machine with hundreds of parts) will feed the digital twin connected to algorithm engines (cloud/fog/mist) to drive real-time analytics, provide feedback to improve efficiency or precision of the device or process or decision support in a manner that is context-aware and delivers cognitive intelligence at the edge to boost autonomy.

Time sensitive networks may demand that tools, such as, AI (CNN, RNN) and algorithms reside at the edge which creates a new paradigm where the analytical machines travel to data for latency bounded critical applications.

Digital Twin Cities

Re-visit an old idea with new eyes
Digital Twins for Smart Cities?

A “Modelica” for Smart Cities ?





The contribution to the street.

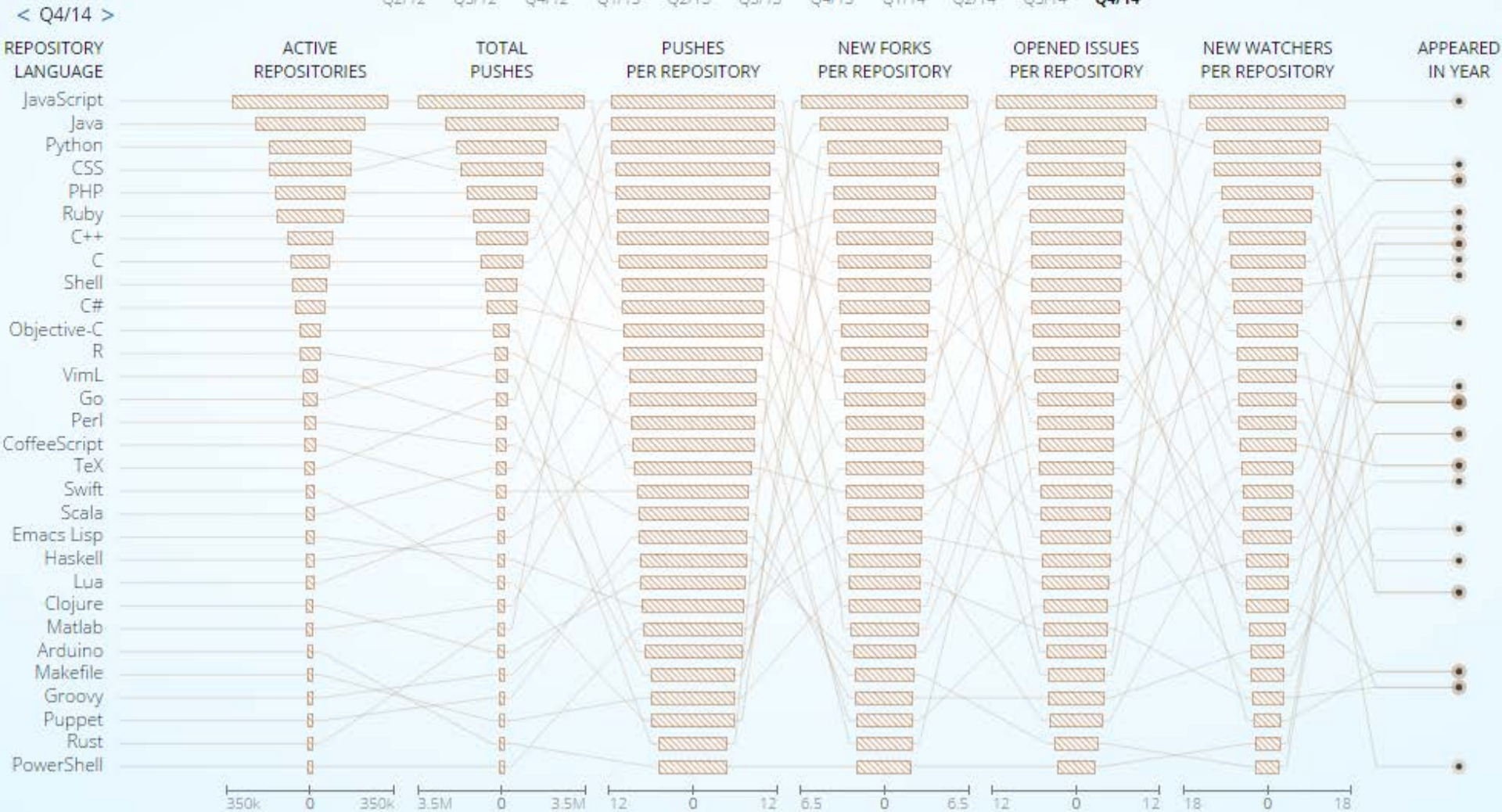
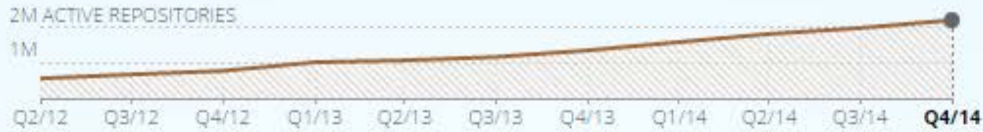
Section 246 on page 1137 in Pattern Language by Christopher Alexander (1977)
http://library.uniteddiversity.coop/Ecological_Building/A_Pattern_Language.pdf

Pattern Language Revolution – OOP, UML, JAVA

- **Creational patterns:**
 - Deal with initializing and configuring classes and objects
 - **Structural patterns:**
 - Deal with decoupling interface and implementation of classes and objects
 - Composition of classes or objects
 - **Behavioral patterns:**
 - Deal with dynamic interactions among societies of classes and objects
 - How they distribute responsibility
-
- *A Pattern Language: Towns, Buildings, Construction*, Christopher Alexander, 1977
 - *The Timeless Way of Building*, Christopher Alexander, 1979
 - *Using Pattern Languages for Object-Oriented Programs* (a paper at the OOPSLA-87 conference), Ward Cunningham and Kent Beck, 1987
 - *Design Patterns*, Erich Gamma, Richard Helm, John Vlissides, and Ralph Johnson (known as the “Gang of Four”, or GoF), 1994
 - *Refactoring: Improving the Design of Existing Code*, Martin Fowler, 2000

Pattern Language Evolution – githut.info

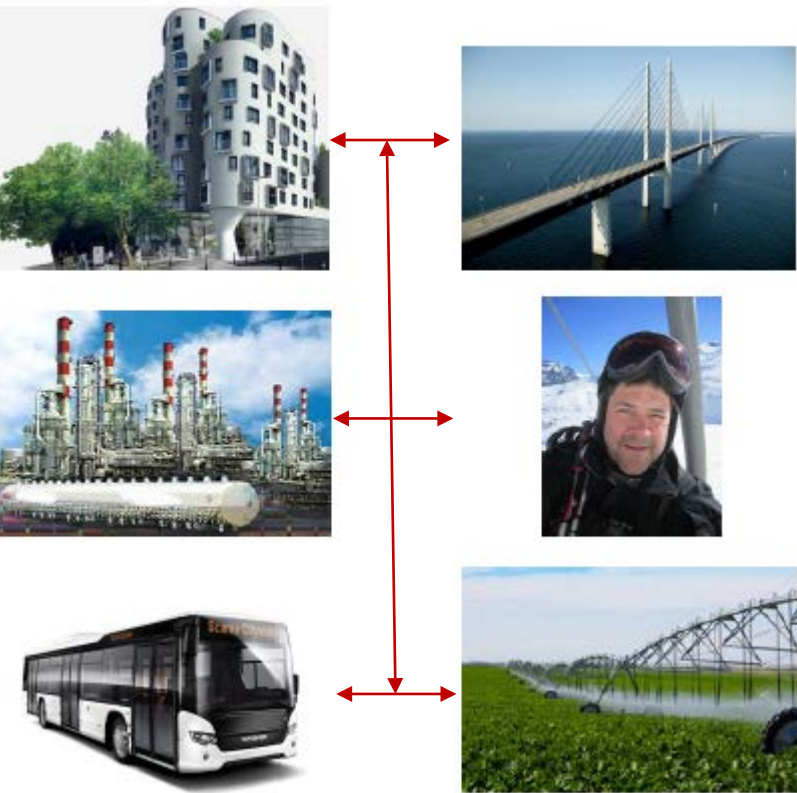
A SMALL PLACE TO DISCOVER LANGUAGES IN GITHUB



Re-visit “pattern” in terms of smart city concepts and apply the principle but with the goal of creating agent based models for every “component”

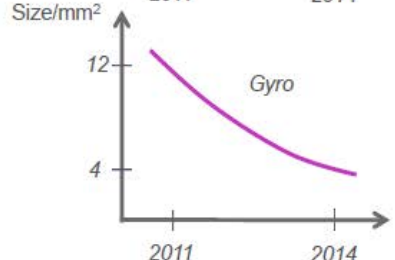
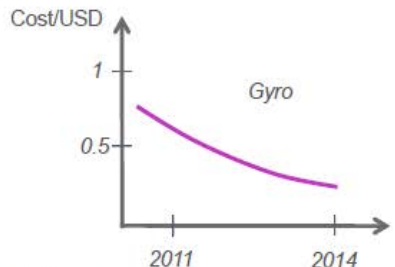
What factors may influence the use and ecosystem of a building (or shopping mall or train station or park area)

- Before a city planner asks questions related to this topic, the elements in this question must be decomposed to unit level hierarchical components and their attributes/characteristics as well as tasks and process – eg building made up of rooms, bathrooms, HVAC, roof, garage, foundation, sewer system



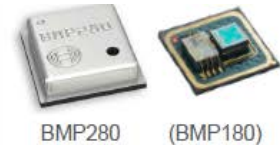
	temp noise air_quality occupancy energy water		vibration temperature traffic_intensity surface_condition noise_level route_to_work
	energy water waste CO2 emission machine_tear production		heart_rate skin_conductance calories gesture mood position movement
	location occupancy fuel emissions speed		irrigation luminosity nutrition moisture pesticides

- ### Sensors
- Barometric pressure
 - Accelerometer
 - Gyroscope
 - Magnetometer
 - CO₂, O₂, other
 - Heart rate
 - Galvanic Skin Response
 - Luminosity
 - Sound
 - Temperature
 - Ultrasonic
 - Gas flow
 - Radiation
 - ...



BMP280

- Pressure sensor
- Current: 2.74 μ A @ 1 Hz
- Accuracy: ± 0.12 hPa (± 1 m)
- Size: 2.0*2.0*0.95 mm³
- Price: 1.55 € @ 1000



3-axis accelerometer sensor

MC3420

- 3-axis accelerometer
- Current: 30 μ A @ 128 Hz
- Event detection: tap, shake, drop, tilt, orientation (P/L)
- Size: 2.0*2.0*0.92 mm³
- Price: 0.843 € @ 1000

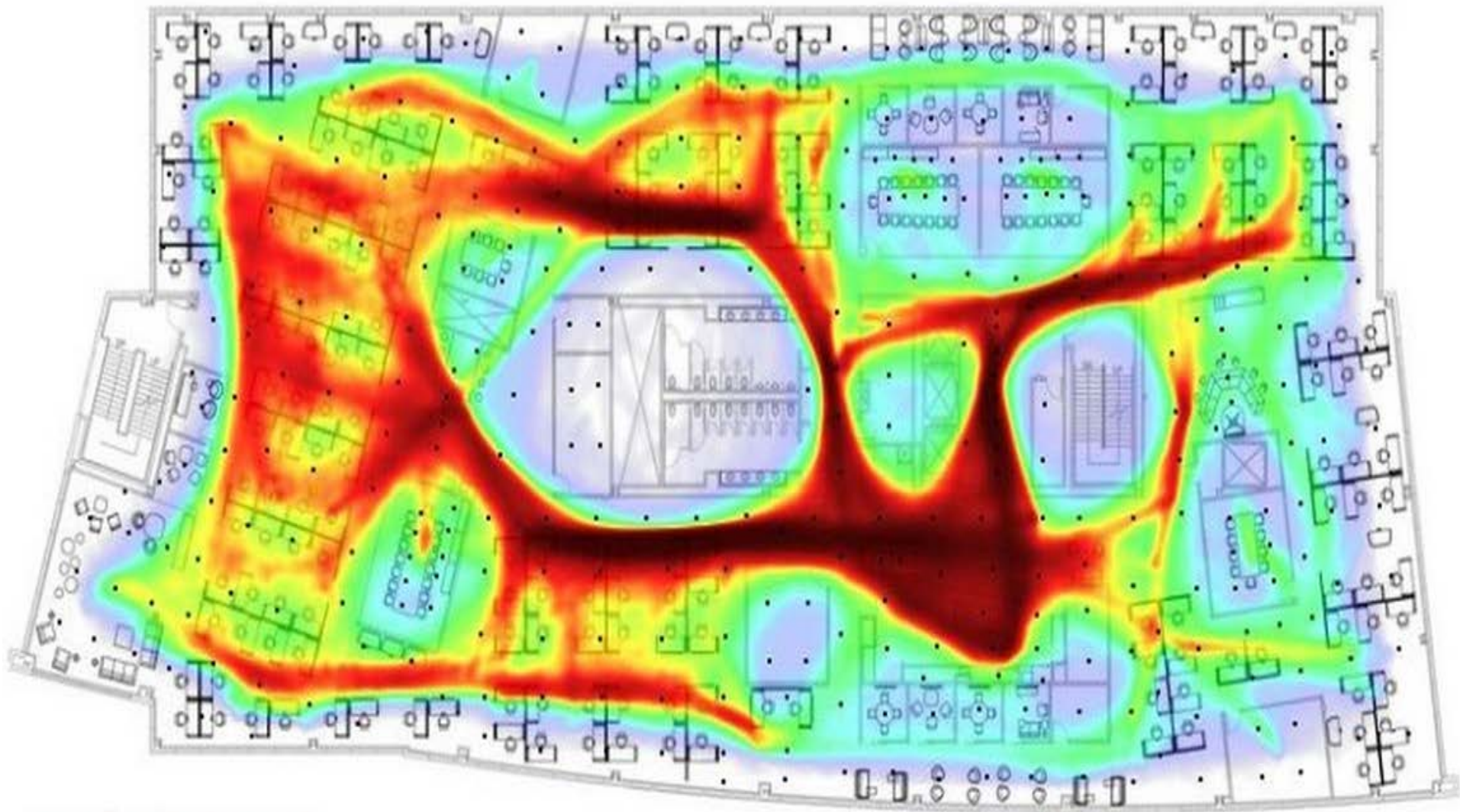


Re-visit “pattern” in terms of smart city concepts and apply the principle but with the goal of creating agent based models for every “component”

What factors may influence the use and ecosystem of a building (or shopping mall or train station or park area)

- How many people occupy the building during what hours?
- How many people may visit these offices?
- How many parking spaces will be necessary?
- Where will the occupants and visitors park?
- How long will it take to enter/exit during rush hour?
- What type of traffic condition it may create locally?
- What provisions are there for public transportation?
- How many people may use the toilets at what frequency?
- How much water will be used in the building?
- How much energy will be consumed?
- What type of waste will be generated?

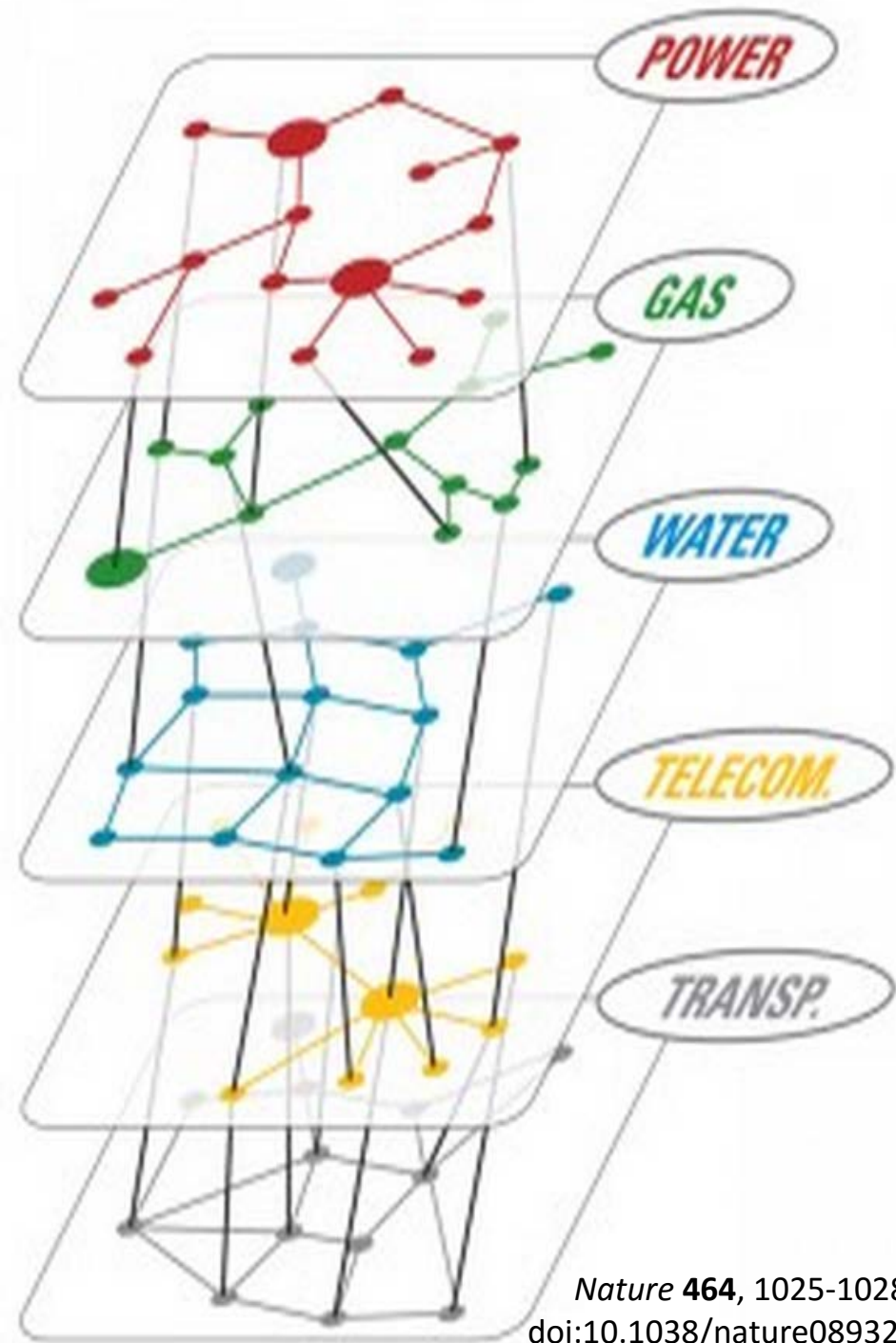
Users will only need to input their data – room utilization/floor traffic



Cities as Cascade of Networks

Creation of a digital twins using entity level agent based model is essential to analytics and simulation of what-if scenarios (deterministic) to better prepare for the non-deterministic states (emergency). This approach is not limited to any field but applicable when any FSM or cluster of “atoms” connected to bits (data).

Digital duplication will be the underpinning of all most all elements in the context of IoT, IIoT. Data from each individual node (eg sensor data from each part in a machine with hundreds of parts) will feed the digital twin connected to algorithm engines in the cloud or the edge to drive real-time analytics, provide feedback to improve efficiency or precision of the machine or device or process or decision support system in a manner that is context-aware and delivers intelligence of value or boosts autonomy or provides a profitable service or saves lives.



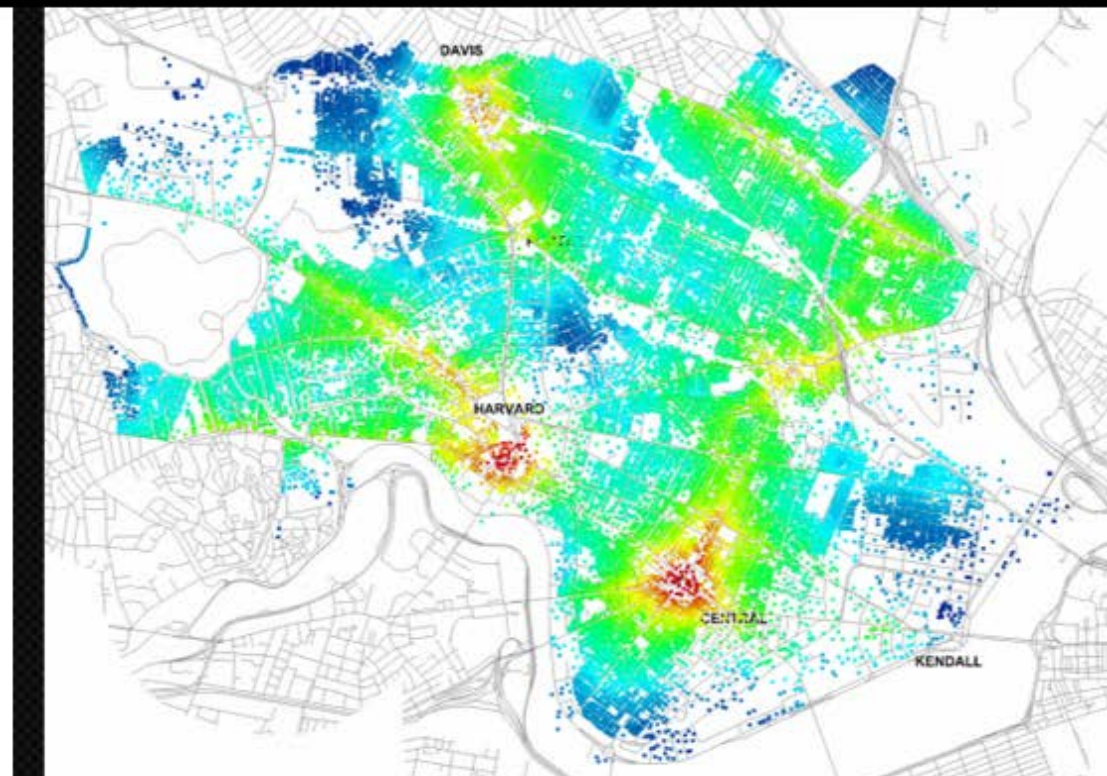
MIT News

ON CAMPUS AND AROUND THE WORLD

Browse

or

Search



 FULL SCREEN

With the new Urban Network Analysis software plugin from the MIT-Singapore International Design Center, architects and urban planners can describe spatial patterns of cities using mathematical network analysis methods. Here, a screen shot from the plugin shows accessibility to public transit (bus and metro) from individual buildings in Cambridge and Somerville, Massachusetts.

Image courtesy of Andree Savtsuk/City Form Lab.

MIT-Singapore design center creates free software tool to analyze cities as spatial networks

New plugin aids in understanding social and economic consequences of city planning.

The Target – Outcome

- Component repository
- Configure
- Go Live

City clerks and non-experts can plan, modify, run what-if scenarios to prepare for resiliency and emergency. Also, monitor security, asset intelligence, civic services, transport, pollution.



Smart Cities → Smart Nations → Smart World → Smarter Planet

Air Pollution

Control of CO₂ emissions of factories, pollution emitted by cars and toxic gases generated in farms.

Forest Fire Detection

Monitoring of combustion gases and preemptive fire conditions to define alert zones.

Wine Quality Enhancing

Monitoring soil moisture and trunk diameter in vineyards to control the amount of sugar in grapes and grapevine health.

Offspring Care

Control of growing conditions of the offspring in animal farms to ensure its survival and health.

Sportsmen Care

Vital signs monitoring in high performance centers and fields.

Structural Health

Monitoring of vibrations and material conditions in buildings, bridges and historical monuments.

Quality of Shipment Conditions

Monitoring of vibrations, strokes, container openings or cold chain maintenance for insurance purposes.

Smartphones Detection

Detect iPhone and Android devices and in general any device which works with Wifi or Bluetooth interfaces.

Perimeter Access Control

Access control to restricted areas and detection of people in non-authorized areas.

Radiation Levels

Distributed measurement of radiation levels in nuclear power stations surroundings to generate leakage alerts.

Electromagnetic Levels

Measurement of the energy radiated by cell stations and WiFi routers.

Traffic Congestion

Monitoring of vehicles and pedestrian affluence to optimize driving and walking routes.

Smart Roads

Warning messages and diversions according to climate conditions and unexpected events like accidents or traffic jams.

Smart Lighting

Intelligent and weather adaptive lighting in street lights.

Intelligent Shopping

Getting advices in the point of sale according to customer habits, preferences, presence of allergic components for them or expiring dates.

Noise Urban Maps

Sound monitoring in bar areas and centric zones in real time.

Water Leakages

Detection of liquid presence outside tanks and pressure variations along pipes.

Vehicle Auto-diagnosis

Information collection from CanBus to send real time alarms to emergencies or provide advice to drivers.

Item Location

Search of individual items in big surfaces like warehouses or harbours.

Waste Management

Detection of rubbish levels in containers to optimize the trash collection routes.

Smart Parking

Monitoring of parking spaces availability in the city.

Golf Courses

Selective irrigation in dry zones to reduce the water resources required in the green.

Water Quality

Study of water suitability in rivers and the sea for fauna and eligibility for drinkable use.

SERS • NIST Global Cities Team Challenge (June 1, DC)

Drone Wi-Fi

Robust communication



Practical drone system design



On-Demand Communication Infrastructure



Emergency Zone



Emergency Management Center



First Responders, Survivors, and Rescue Robots



Autonomous rescue robots



Mission Command and Control



Optimized mission planning & resource deployment

Agent-based Incident Command System



Smart Emergency Response System

To connect cyber-physical technologies with humans in the loop to save lives, rescue people, and attend to their critical needs when disaster strikes.



Queen Maxima of Netherlands at GCTC

What we didn't discuss
but is at the heart of all

CREATING DESIGN STANDARDS and STANDARD BY DESIGN

as well as

INTEROPERABILITY BETWEEN STANDARDS

SEMANTIC DESIGN INTEROPERABILITY

SHARED ONTOLOGY ? OPEN DATA DICTIONARIES ? SCHEMAS ?



- AI & Analytics

Assume we are
connected and secure

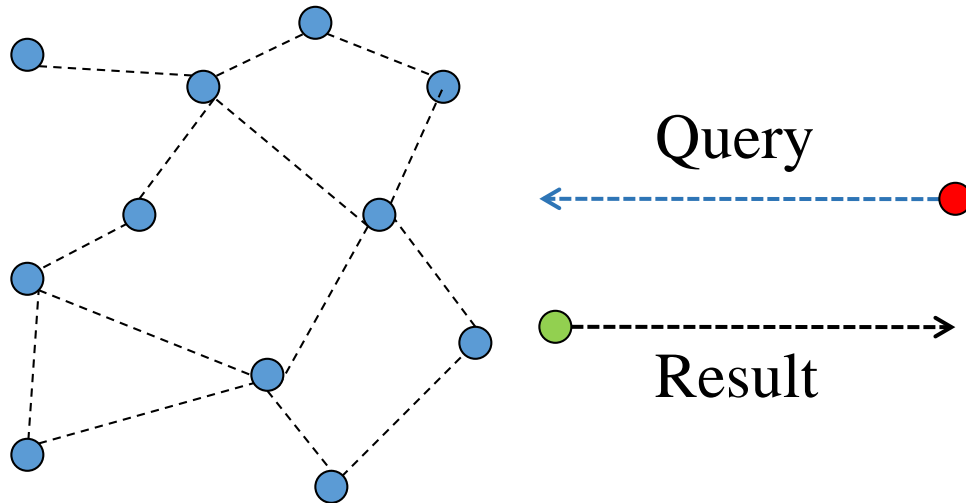
What about data, context, analytics, intelligence and cognition?



Essentially these are all sensor / communication networks



WSN in-network Processing



Data in Networks

Data Analytics using Neural Networks

Neurons connect to process data / information using pattern recognition tools

Syntactic Web

Semantic Web

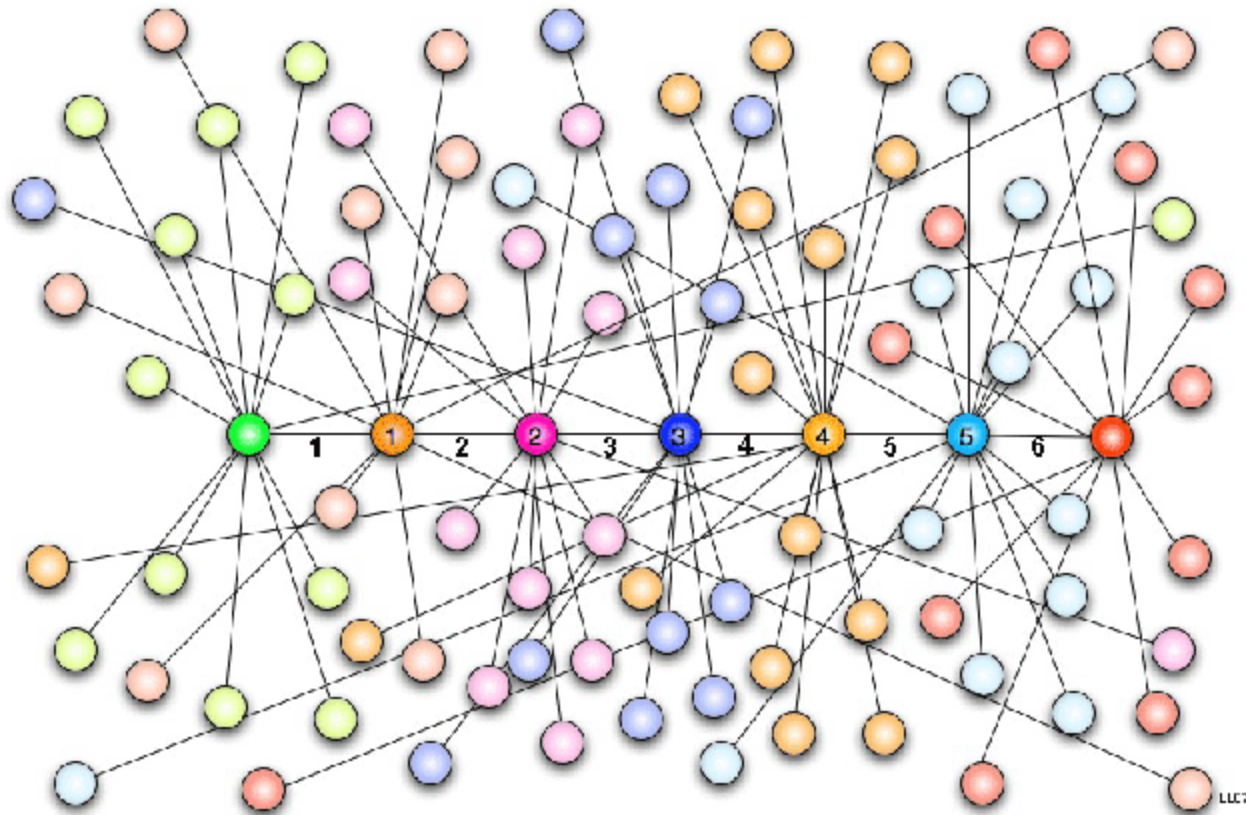


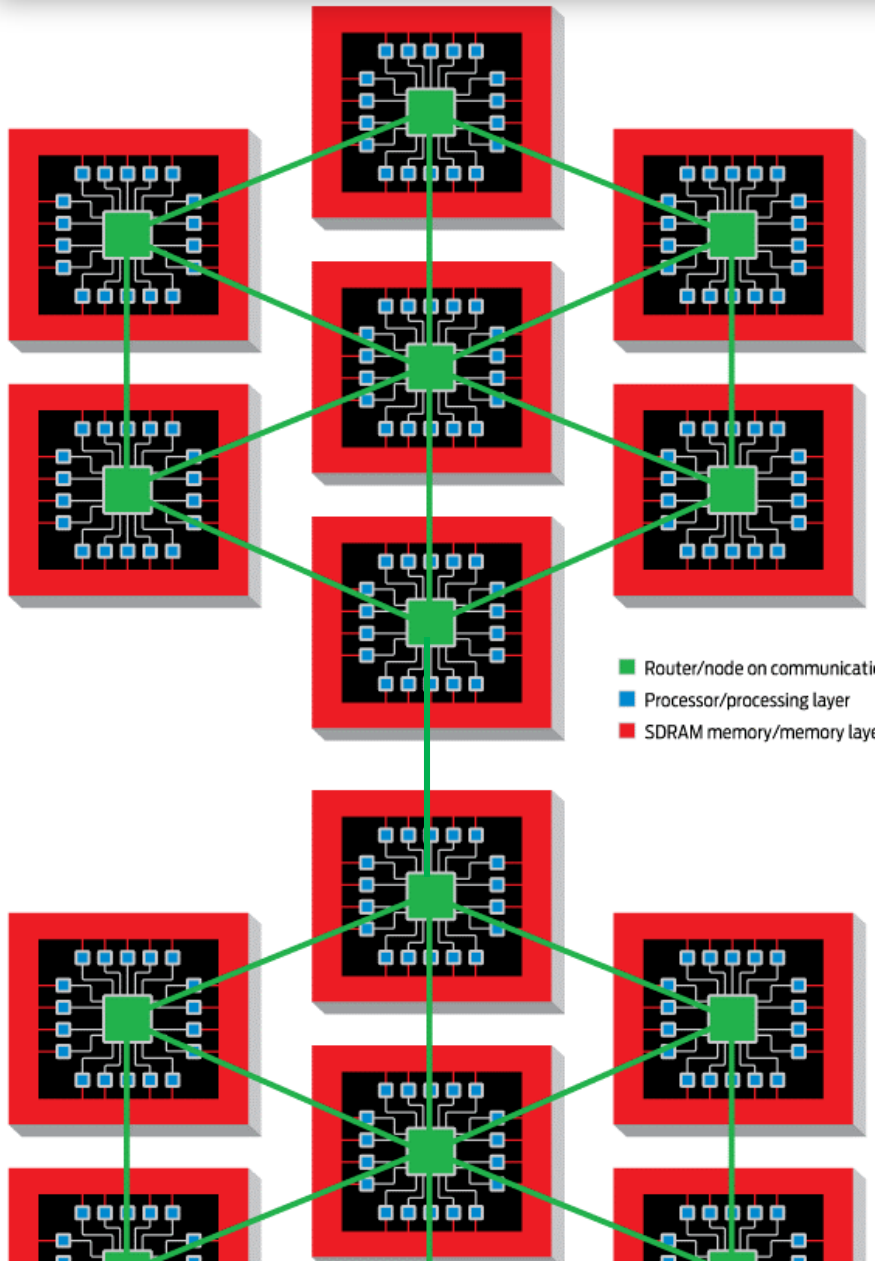
Synapses connect, converge, coalesce data from various regions for contextual response

Syntactic Web

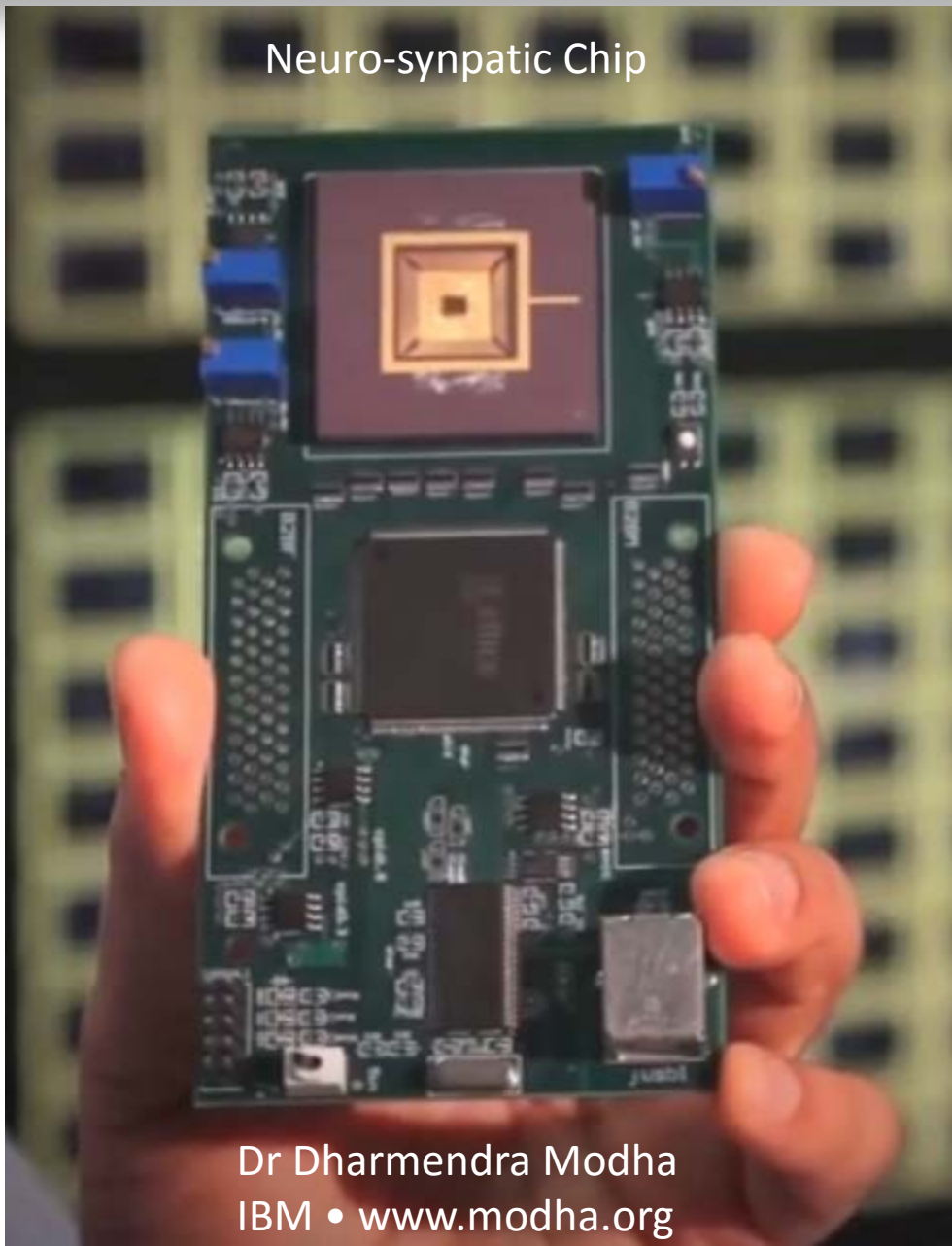
Semantic Web

Synaptic Web





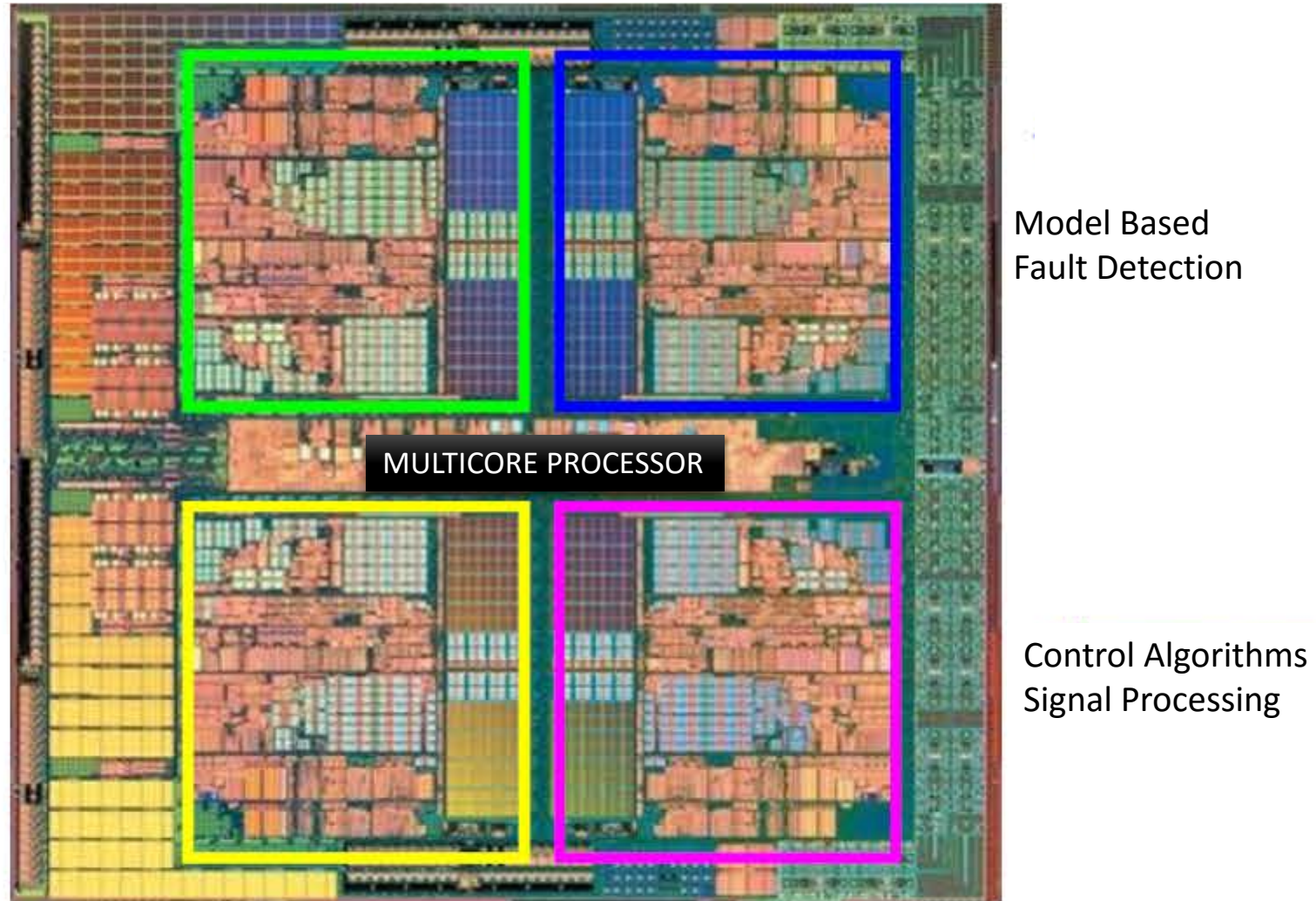
Neuro-synaptic Chip



Dr Dharmendra Modha
IBM • www.modha.org

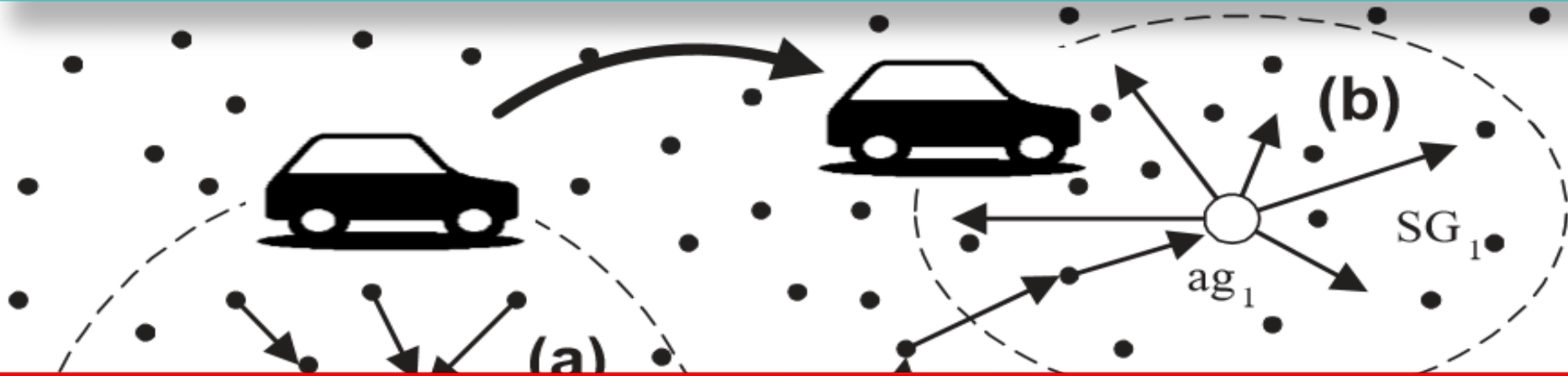
IIoT Application – Embedded Fault Detection for Safety-Critical Systems

without reliance on the need for physical redundancy



Aviation • In-flight monitoring edge data and predictive maintenance based on edge analytics

CNN • Edge Network Processing



Convolutional Networks for Fast, Energy-Efficient Neuromorphic Computing

Steven K. Esser, * Paul A. Merolla, * John V. Arthur, * Andrew S. Cassidy, * Rathinakumar Appuswamy, * Alexander Andreopoulos, * David J. Berg, * Jeffrey L. McKinstry, * Timothy Melano, * Davis R. Barch, * Carmelo di Nolfo, * Pallab Datta, * Arnon Amir, * Brian Taba, * Myron D. Flickner, * and Dharmendra S. Modha *

*IBM Research – Almaden



MIT
Open Access Articles

EDGE INTELLIGENCE

Eyeriss: An Energy-Efficient Reconfigurable Accelerator for Deep Convolutional Neural Networks

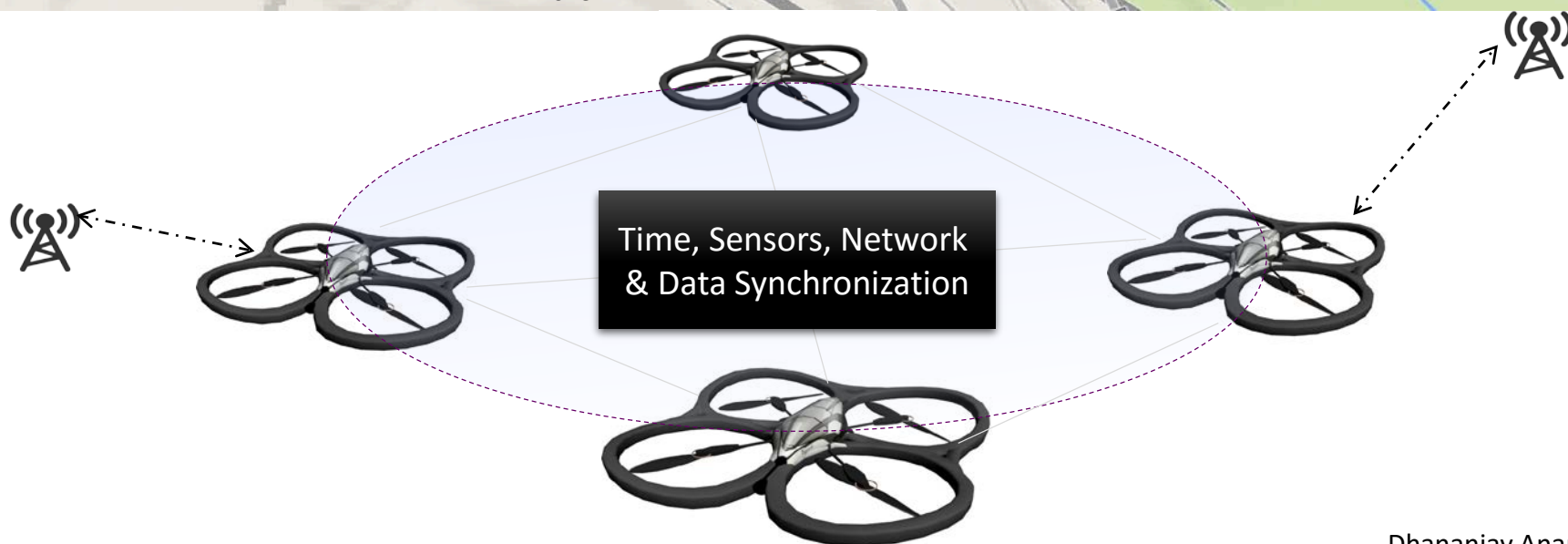
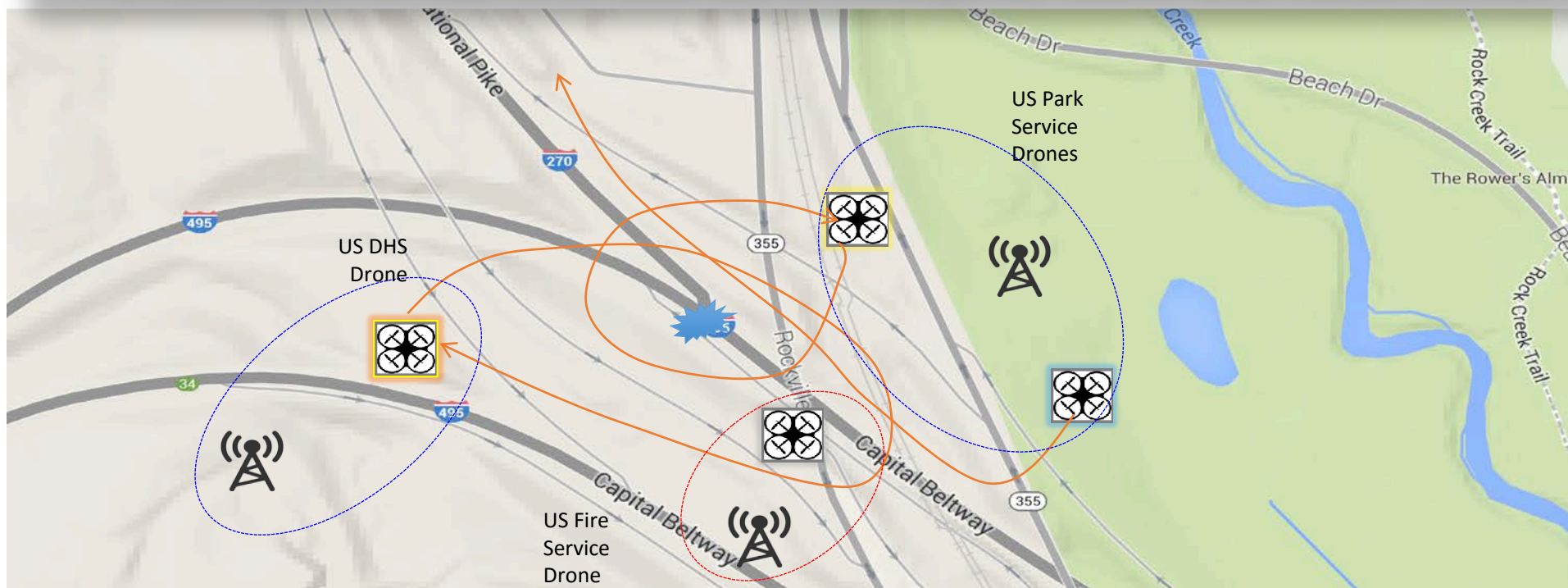
EYERISS

Citation	Chen, Yu-Hsin, Tushar Krishna, Joel Emer, and Vivienne Sze. "Eyeriss: An Energy-Efficient Reconfigurable Accelerator for Deep Convolutional Neural Networks." in ISSCC 2016, IEEE International Solid-State Circuits Conference, Jan. 31-Feb. 4, 2016. San Francisco, CA.
As Published	https://submissions.mirasmart.com/isscc2016/PDF/ISSCC2016AdvanceProgram.pdf
Publisher	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE)

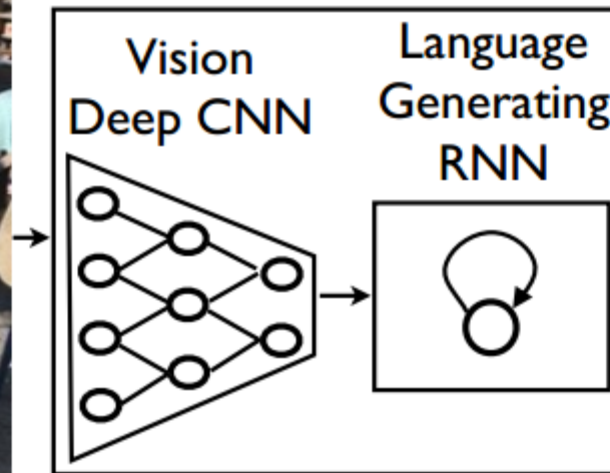
Transportation Coordination - Emergency "Crash to Care" Response



Transportation of real-time data key to emergency search and rescue drones



CNN at the Edge - Collision Avoidance for Autonomous Objects



A group of people shopping at an outdoor market.

There are many vegetables at the fruit stand.

<http://arxiv.org/pdf/1411.4555v1.pdf>

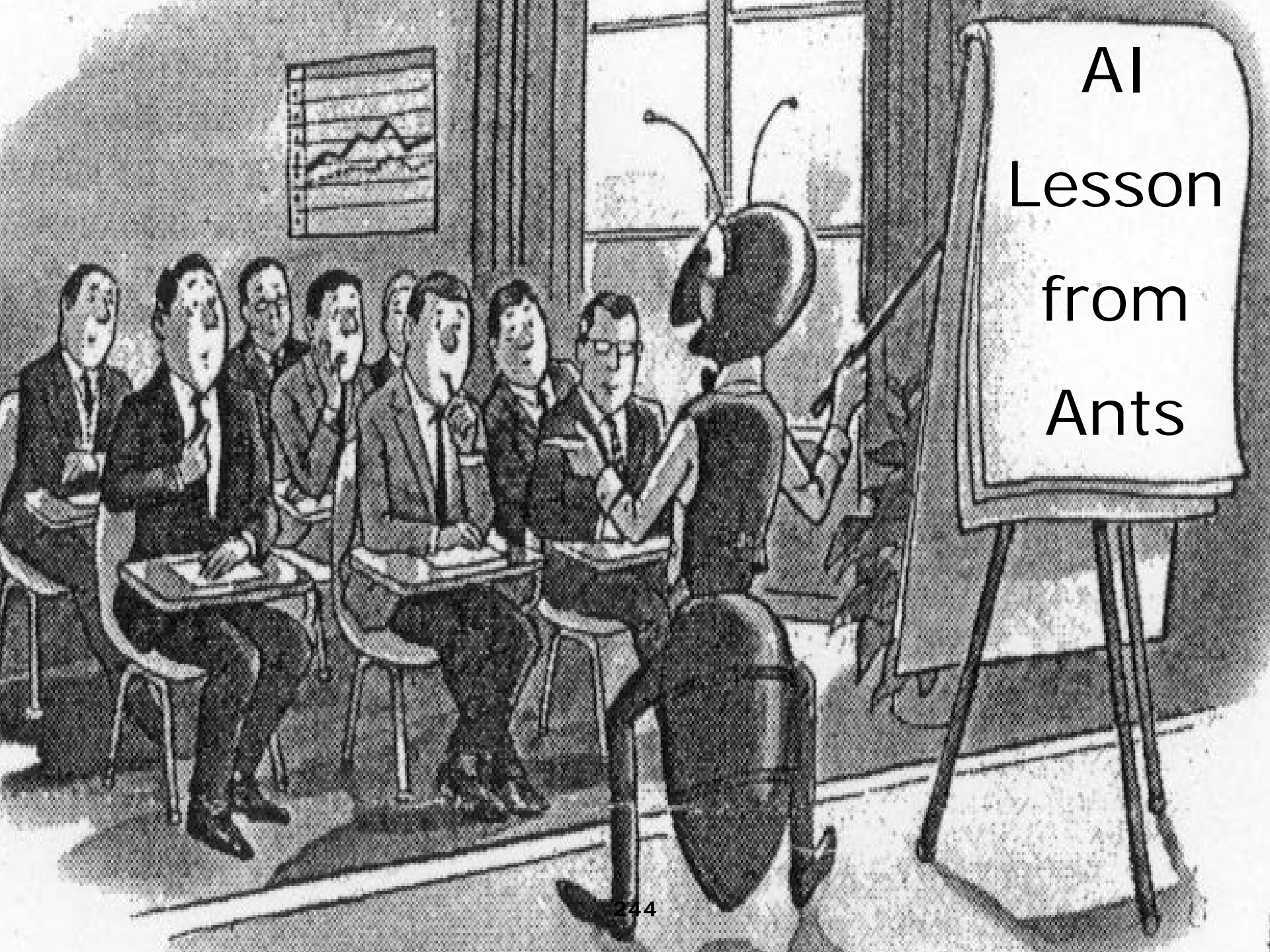
To translate languages, [Recurrent Neural Network](#) (RNN) transforms a French sentence into a [vector representation](#), and a second RNN uses that vector representation to generate a target sentence in German. Replace first RNN and input words with deep [Convolutional Neural Network](#) (CNN) trained to classify objects in images and add known classes of objects in semantic baffles with corresponding behavior (plastic bag versus wooden plank) with assigned probability of object in the image (environment). Feed CNN's rich encoding of the image into a RNN designed to produce phrases. We can then train the whole system directly on images and their captions, so it maximizes the likelihood that descriptions it produces best match the training descriptions for each image. The natural language spoken by human (inside vehicle) better trains the algorithms.

Author's idea is adapted from → <http://googleresearch.blogspot.co.uk/2014/11/a-picture-is-worth-thousand-coherent.html>

Neural Paradigm Shift?

The design of classical weighted neural networks

AI
Lesson
from
Ants



ANN, RNN, CNN – AI applications and limitations

The road to digital twins is paved with data and harvesting intelligent analytics is key to performance improvements. One component in the machine learning (ML) tool kit is AI and use of artificial neural networks (ANN) and related techniques.

The purpose of this digression is to point out that ANN type applications in the context of digital twins may be sufficiently served by the classical ANN approach of combining topological (structural) nets with weights (synaptic or functional criteria).

However, the author wishes to point out that the traditional inferential use of ANN may be quite insufficient for adaptable intelligence which may be required of complex systems (entire shop floors, healthcare emergency operations, smart cities, urban transportation, loading dock operations, aerospace industry, swarms of nano-satellites, finance and cybersecurity).

We must evolve from classical ANN which emulates neural network topology to developmentally inspired engineering design based on neurogenesis. By creating programs which can *generate* neural networks we enable the program to learn to adapt, naturally. That is a separate discussion.

Tinker With a **Neural Network** Right Here in Your Browser. Don't Worry, You Can't Break It. We Promise.



Iterations
000,000

Learning rate
0.03

Activation
Tanh

Regularization
None

Regularization rate
0

Problem type
Classification

DATA

Which dataset do you want to use?



Ratio of training to test data: 50%

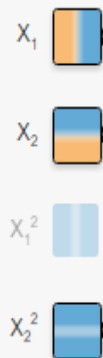
Noise: 0

Batch size: 10

REGENERATE

INPUT

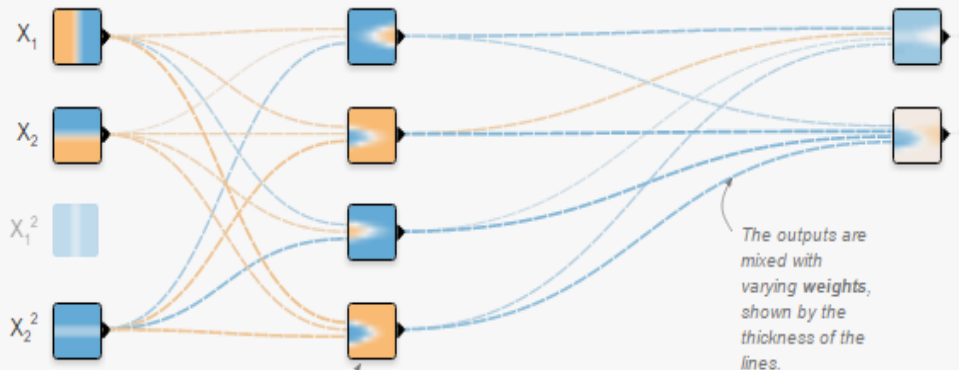
Which properties do you want to feed in?



2 HIDDEN LAYERS

4 neurons

2 neurons

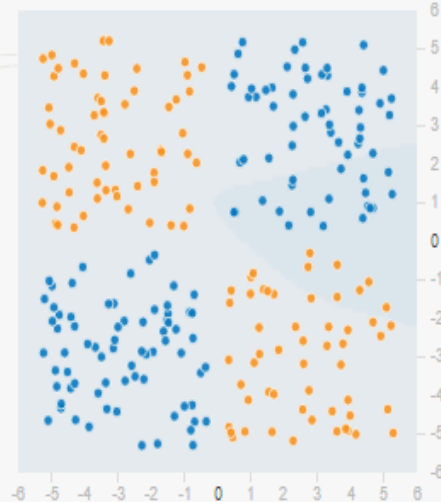


This is the output from one neuron. Hover to see it larger.

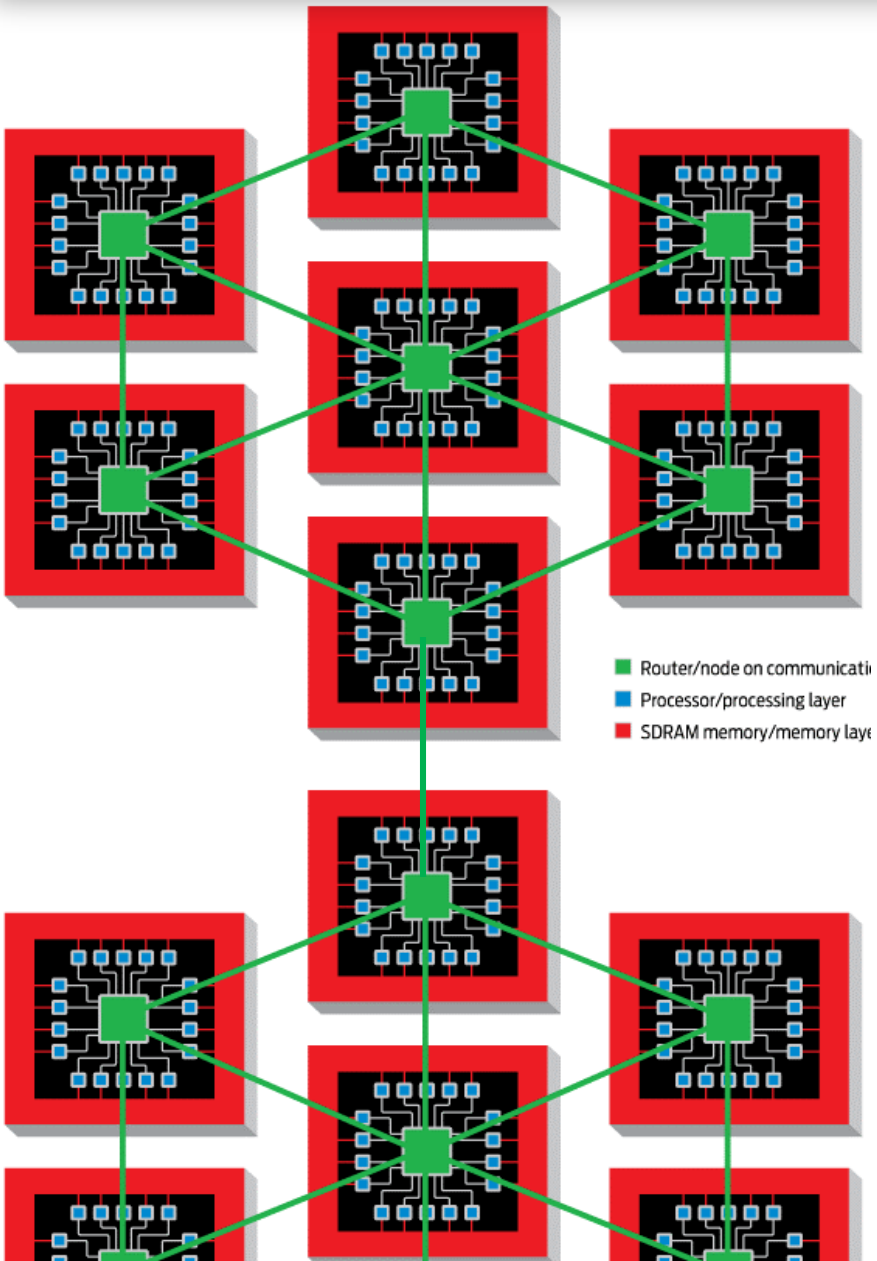
The outputs are mixed with varying weights, shown by the thickness of the lines.

OUTPUT

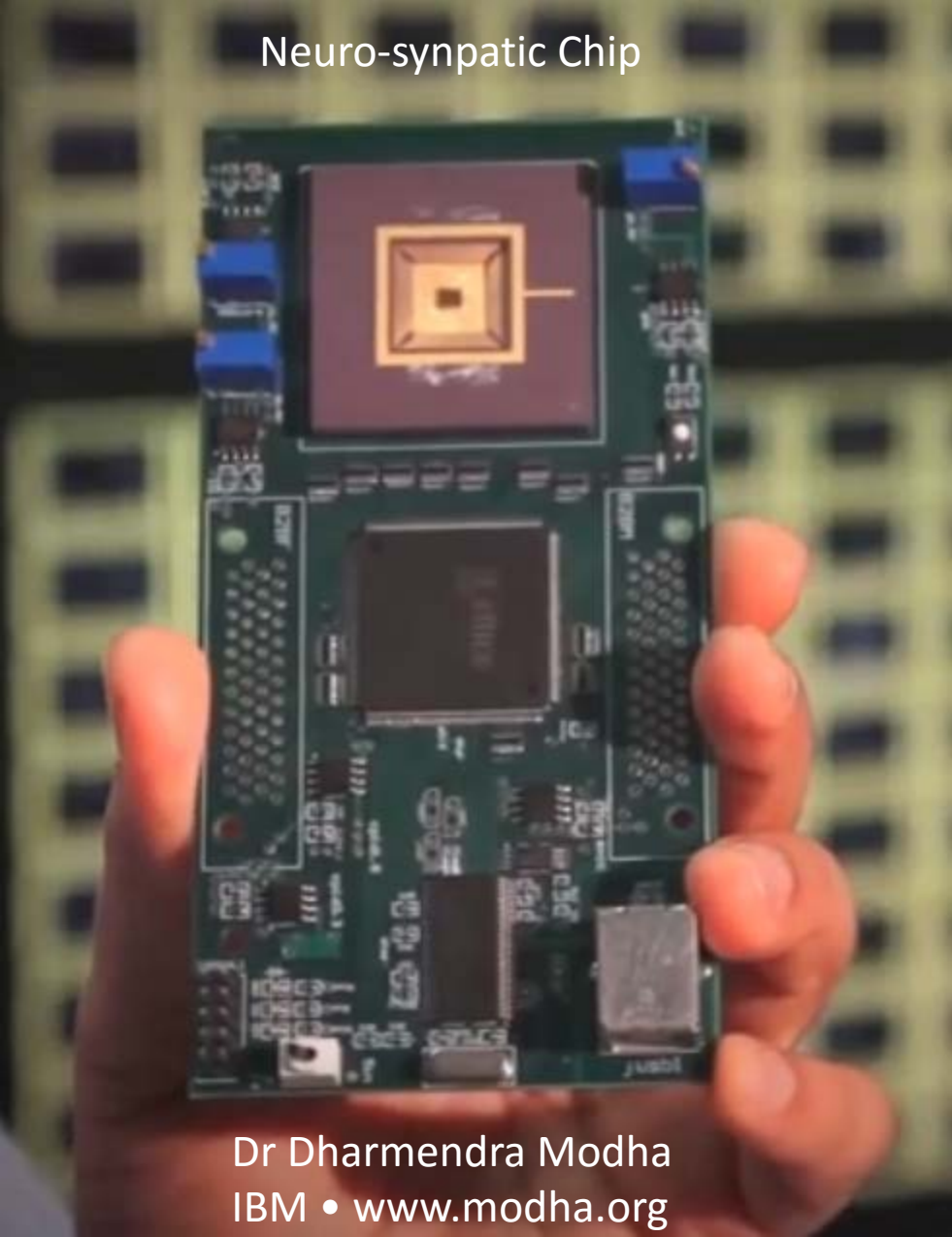
Test loss 0.515
Training loss 0.498



Colors shows data, neuron and weight values.

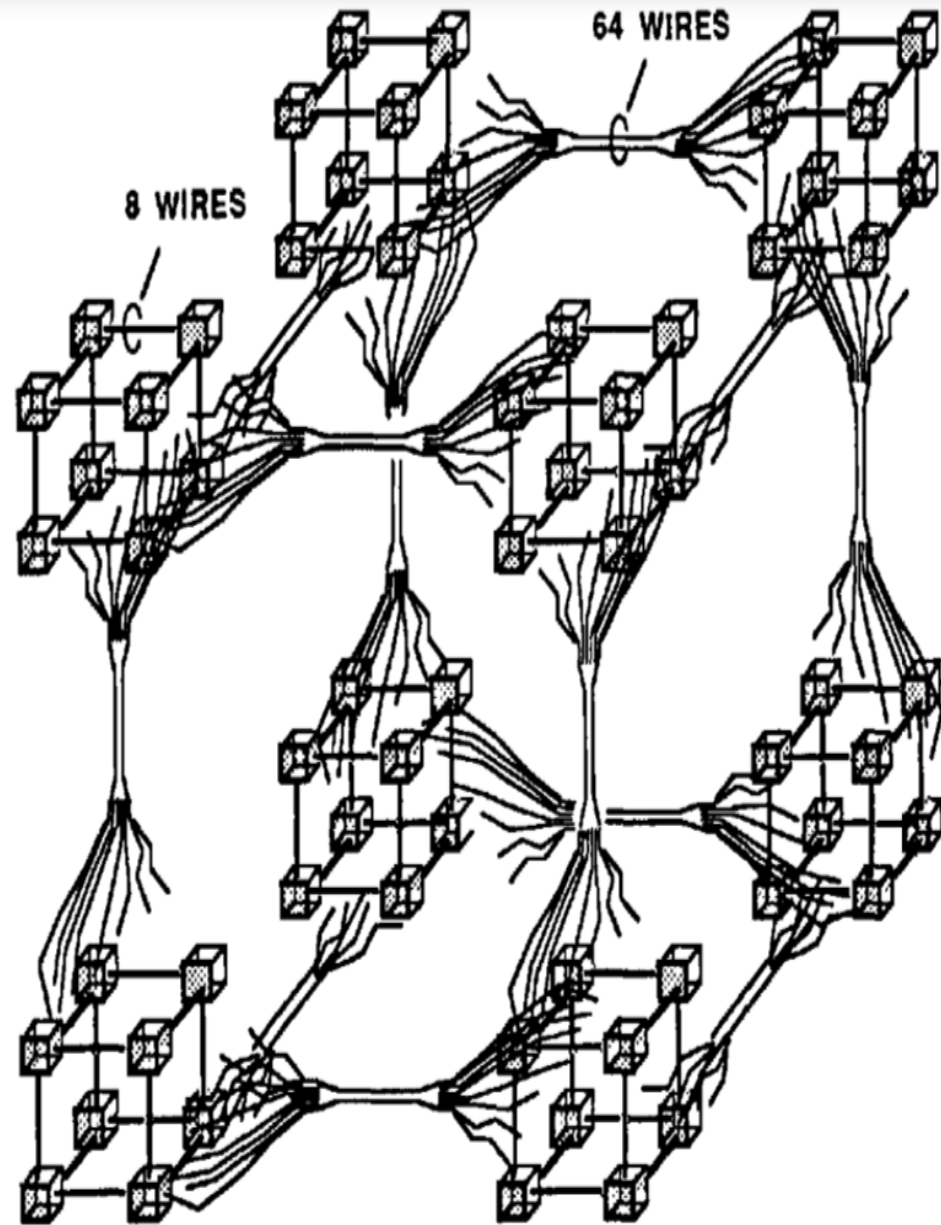
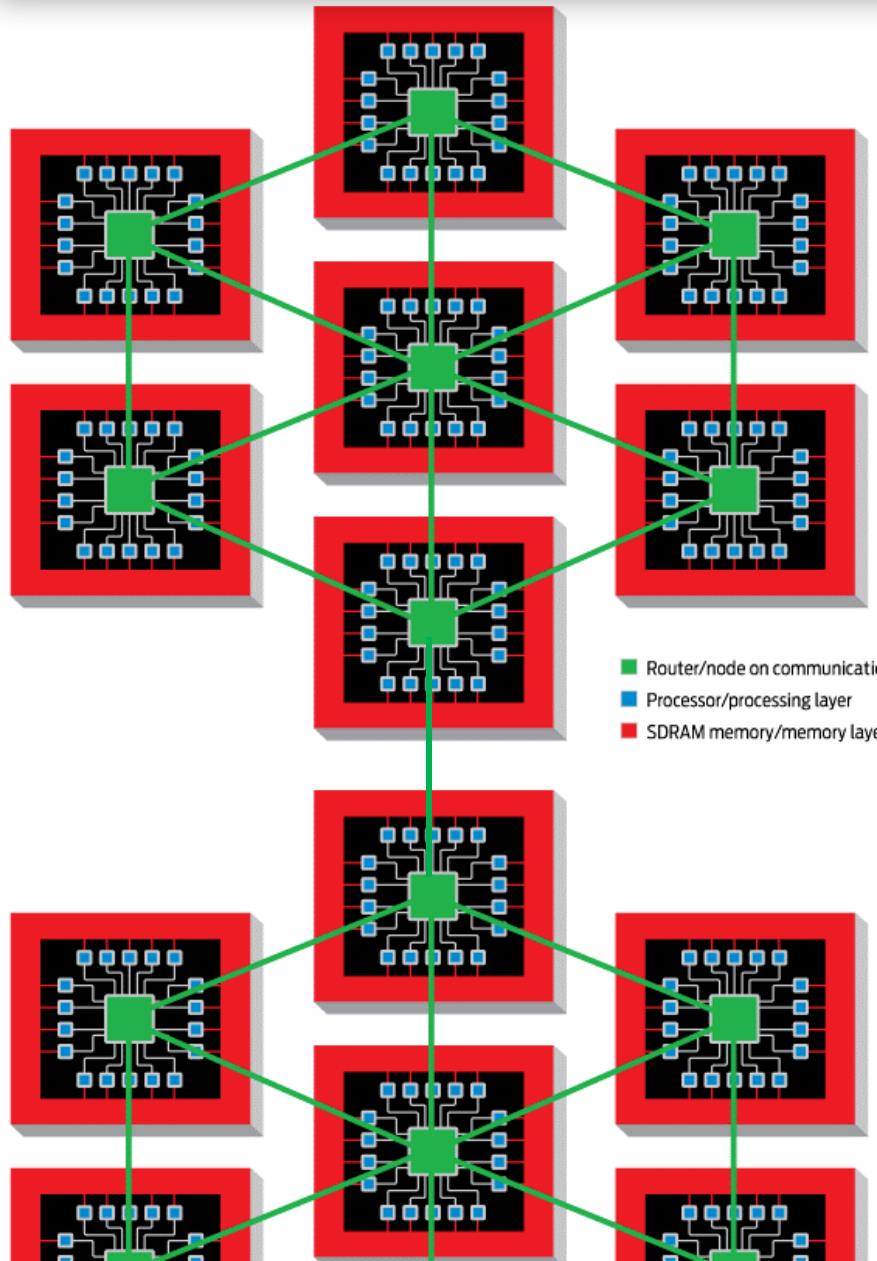


Neuro-synaptic Chip

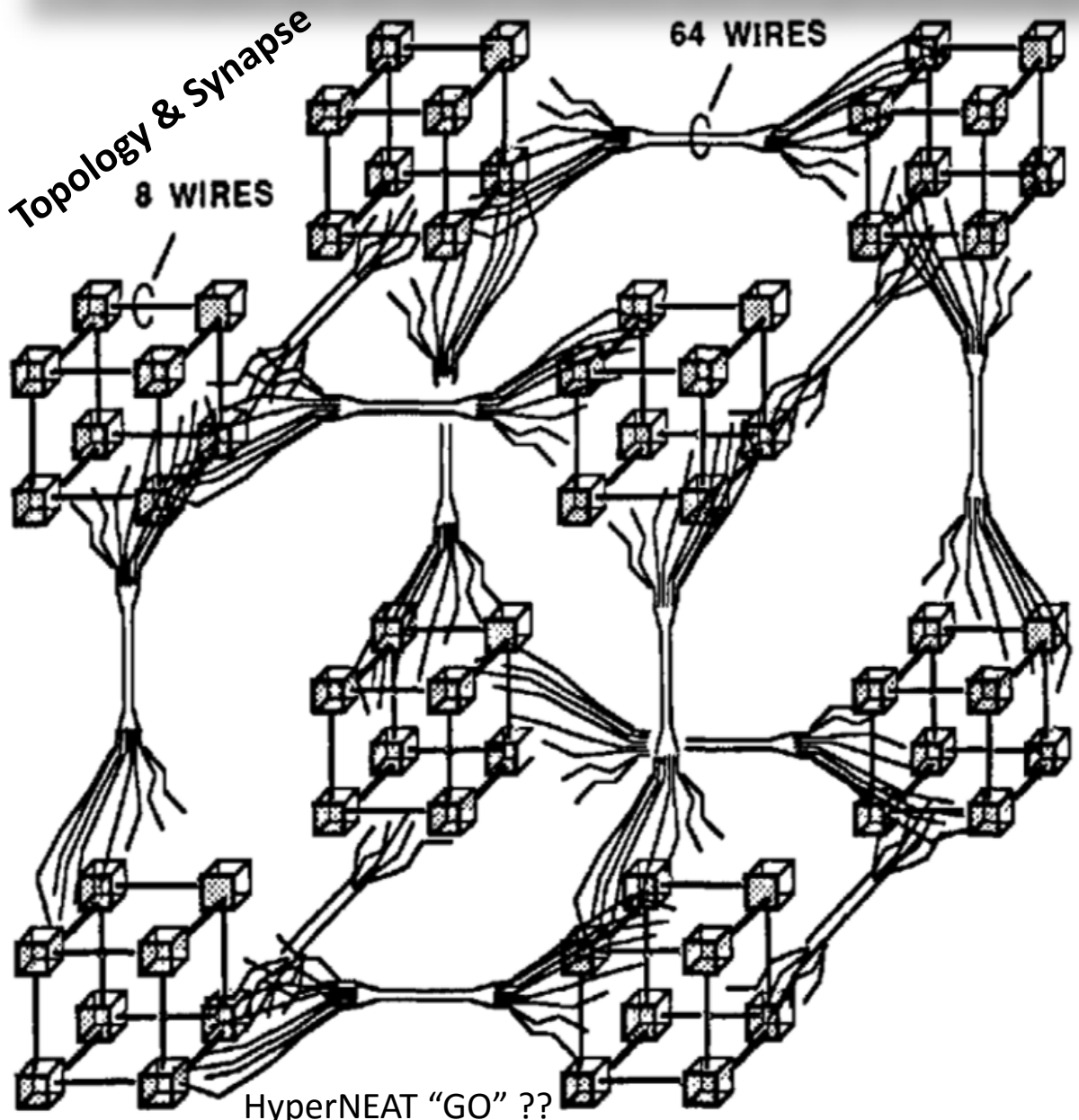


Dr Dharmendra Modha
IBM • www.modha.org

Neuro-Synaptic Chips by D. Modha (IBM) v Marvin Lee Minsky "Cube on Cube" (1959)



Intelligence is not a point, it is a tapestry of linked data, analysis & thinking punctuated by experience.
"Within a generation the problem of creating 'artificial intelligence' will substantially be solved." 1967
"In 3-8 years we will have a machine with the general intelligence of an average human being." 1970



Here, 8 agents make a little cube, and 8 such cubes make a 64-agent supercube.

If we join 8 of these supercubes, we'll have 512 agents. And if we repeat this cube-on-cube pattern ten times, the resulting supercube will contain a billion agents!

But if we link each agent to 30 others instead of only 6, then each agent could communicate with a billion others in only 6 steps.

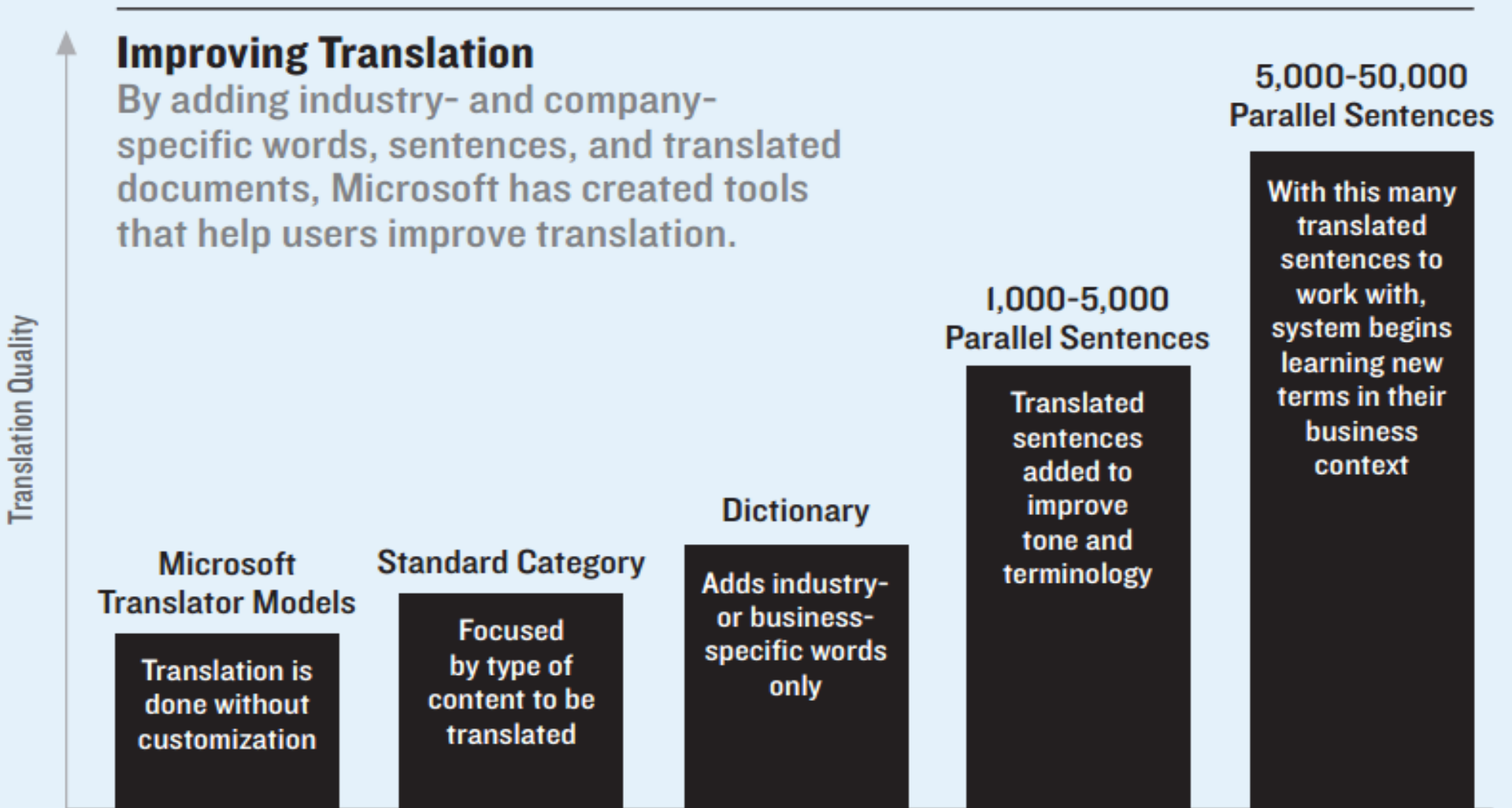
THE SOCIETY OF MIND
Marvin Lee Minsky (1959)

Post-Minsky Progress?



乡在东北,辽宁省,鞍山市。A few seconds later, a friendly synthetic voice told me: “My hometown is in the northeast in China, Liaoning Province, Anshan.”

Hardcoded Multi-Lingual Skype
Is this AI or “brain” in a box?



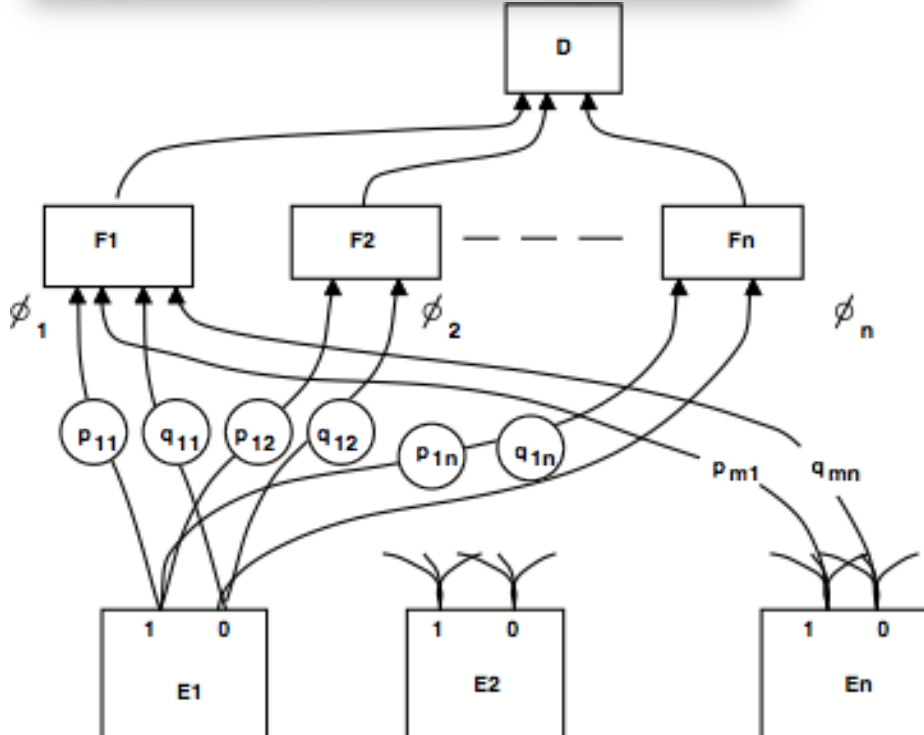
Marvin Lee Minsky (9 Aug 1927 - 24 Jan 2016) made incorrect predictions but still relevant today

In a paper (1960), after enumerating 5 basic categories of 'making computers solve really hard problems' (search, pattern-recognition, learning, planning, and induction), he mentions several algorithms which are still the basic ML tools:

[hill climbing](#), [naive Bayesian classification](#), [perceptrons](#), [reinforcement learning](#) and [neural nets](#).

Mentions that one part of Bayesian classification "can be made by a simple network device" and describes implementation of math game by a network of resistors designed by Claude Shannon.

<http://bit.do/MINSKY-CHOMSKY>



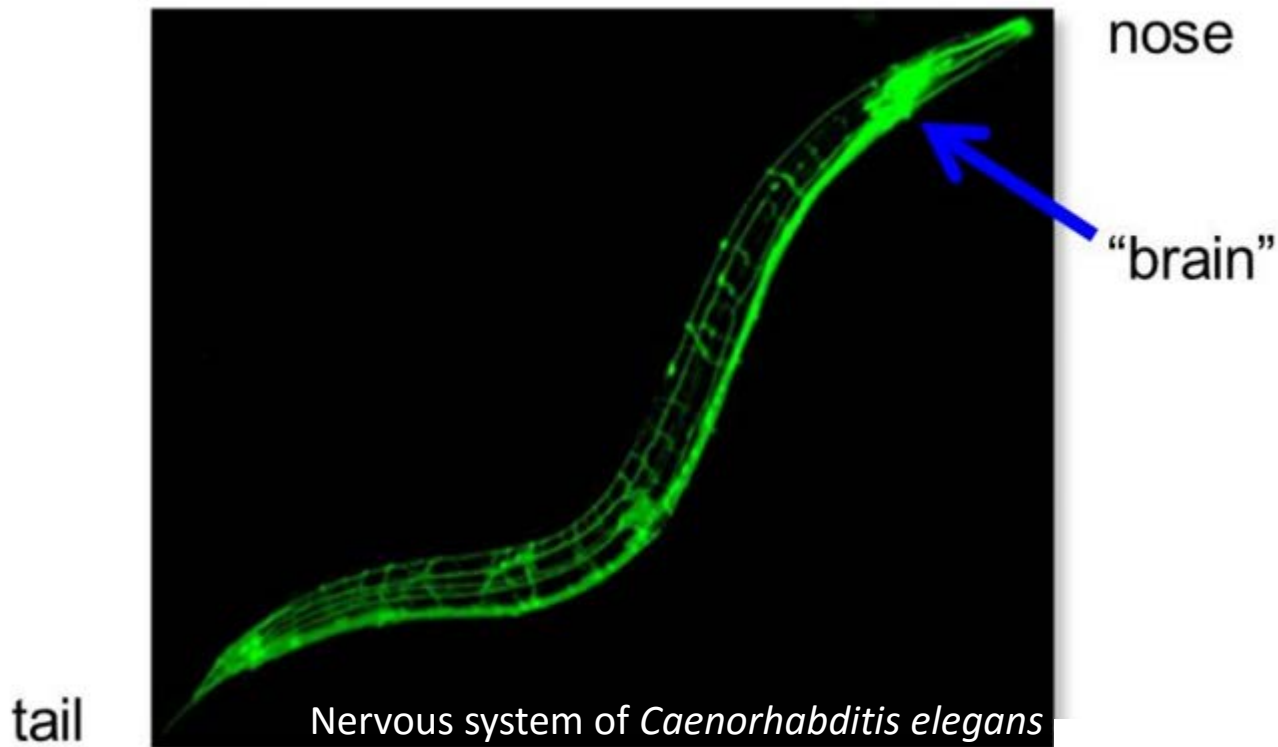
"Predictions that AI lie 15 to 25 years in the future are most common, from experts and non-experts." See - <https://intelligence.org/files/PredictingAI.pdf>

Berkeley UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA <http://bit.do/HUBRIS-KILLS>

I am not a scientist. I am an engineer. I make things work.

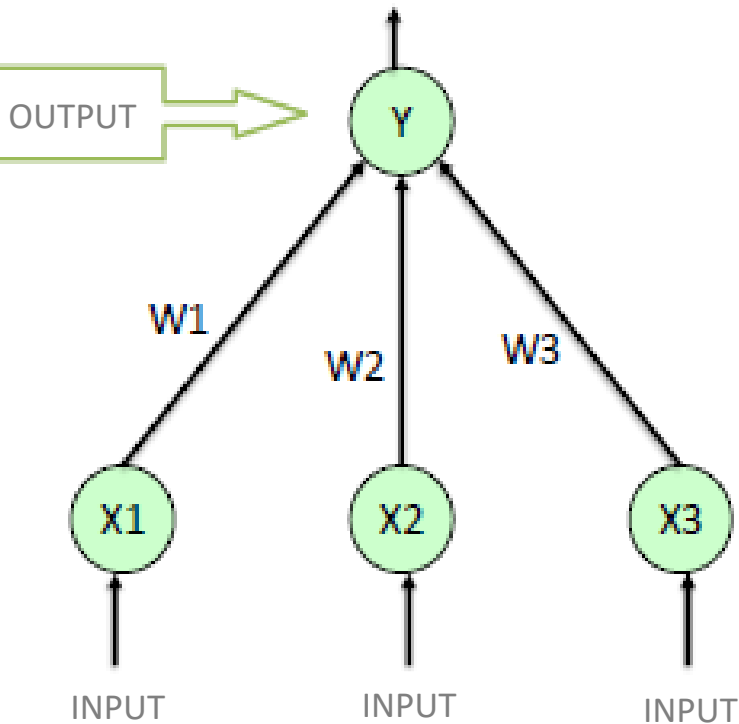
IBM's Dharmendra Modha - "Before the end of 2020 we will be able to produce a brain in a box" 31 March 2016

Whose “Brain in a Box” ?



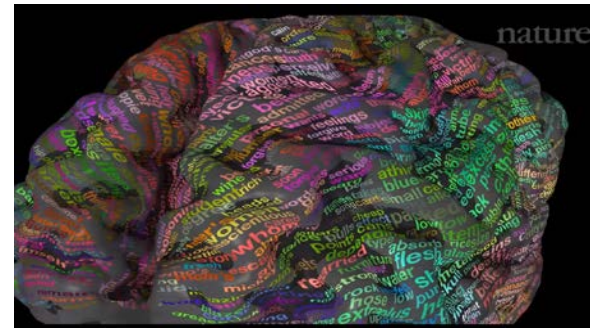
Is topology and synaptic weight guided inferential output equivalent to brain or brain-like performance?

Single Layer Perceptron



How inadequate is synaptic weight?

Explore the word “top” revealed by fMRI
www.youtube.com/watch?v=k61nJkx5aDQ



[UC Berkeley](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uMolKD4a6H0)

www.youtube.com/watch?v=uMolKD4a6H0

In a computational neural network, a **vector** or set of inputs **x** and outputs **y**, or pre- and post-synaptic neurons respectively, are interconnected with synaptic weights represented by the matrix **w**, where for a linear neuron

$$y_j = \sum_i w_{ij} x_i \quad \text{or} \quad \mathbf{y} = \mathbf{w}\mathbf{x}$$

The synaptic weight is changed by using a learning rule, the most basic of which is **Hebb's rule**, which is usually stated in biological terms as

Neurons that fire together, wire together.

Computationally, this means that if a large signal from one of the input neurons results in a large signal from one of the output neurons, then the synaptic weight between those two neurons will increase. The rule is unstable, however, and is typically modified using such variations as **Oja's rule**, **radial basis functions** or the **backpropagation algorithm**.

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Synaptic_weight

Whose semantic map? Which ontology?

fMRI of English words

What about Mandarin, Hindi, Arabic, Swahili, Finnish or Thai?

SYNTAX, SEMANTICS, CONTEXT

TOP

TOP LESS

OVER THE TOP

TOP OF WALL

Which part of your brain “lights” up

TOP

TOPLESS

TOP LESS



TOP LESS

$$\left(p + \frac{a}{v^2}\right)(v-b) = RT \quad U = C_v T - \frac{a}{v}$$

$$\left(p + \frac{av^2}{v^2}\right)\left(\frac{v}{v} - b\right) = RT \quad \sqrt{2x^2-1}=x \quad f(x) = x^3$$

$$U_p = \int_v^\infty \left(-\frac{a}{v^2}\right) dv = \frac{a}{v} \Big|_v^\infty = -\frac{a}{v}$$




$$\psi = \frac{v}{v_{crit}} \quad \pi = \frac{p}{p_{crit}}$$

$$\int_a^b \text{rot } F d\xi = F dr$$

$$\int_a^b dw = \int_{w_0}^w w$$

$$V^3 - \left(\frac{RT}{P} + b\right)V^2 + \frac{a}{P}V - \frac{ab}{P} = 0$$

$$H = \frac{\hat{p}^2}{2m} + E_p = -\frac{\eta^2}{2m} \nabla^2 + E_p$$

OVER THE TOP



TOP OF WALL

TOP Edit

最佳

Zuì jiā

TOPLESS

赤裸上身

Chīluǒ shàngshēn

TOP | LESS

爐頂

Lú dǐng

OVER THE TOP

越過高峰

Yuèguò gāofēng

TOP OF WALL Edit

頂壁

Dǐng bì



Semantic Ambiguity ?

2006
Chalmers
Sweden

Call 1
Loud cry, shout

喊叫

喊叫

Call 2
Animal's call

嚎叫

嚎叫

Call 3 →
Telephone call

电话

电话

Call 4 →
House visit

需求

需求

Semantics v Ontology



Semantic Differences



Liping Wang Englund
2016 • Gothenberg

Email liping.wang@mets.com

Liping Wang Englund
Project Logistics Manager at Metso Power
Gothenburg, Sweden | Chemicals
Previous Metso Power, Volvo Penta, Maersk Line
Education CSCP (Certified Supply Chain Professional)

Call 1
Loud cry, shout

喊叫

喊叫

Call 2
Animal's call

嚎叫

嚎叫

Call 3
Telephone call

电话

电话

Call 4
House visit

需求

需求

Data, Structure, Relations

```
<CompanyData>  
  <CompanyName>  
    MIT  
  </CompanyName>  
  <Location>  
    Cambridge  
  </location>  
  <CallData>  
    <RecordDate>  
      Sat 7 Jun 2003  
    </RecordDate>  
    <CallsPerDay>  
      536  
    </CallsPerDay>  
  </CallData>  
</CompanyData>
```

Data, Structure, Relations, Syntax, Semantics

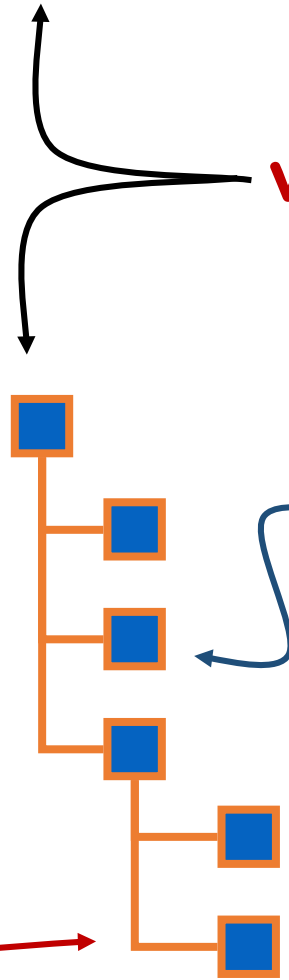
```
<CompanyData>
  <CompanyName>
    MIT
  </CompanyName>
  <Location>
    Cambridge
  </location>
  <CallData>
    <RecordDate>
      Sat 7 Jun 2003
    </RecordDate>
    <CallsPerDay>
      536
    </CallsPerDay>
  </CallData>
</CompanyData>
```

“CallsPerDay”

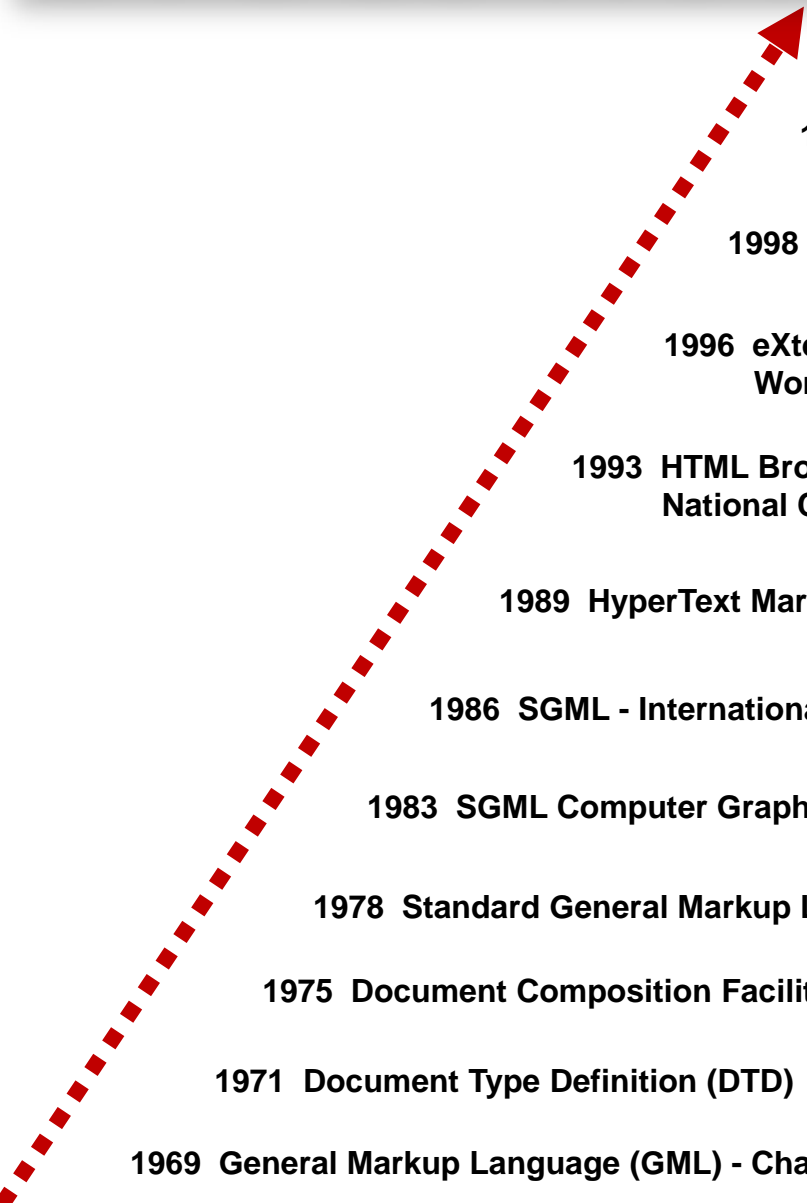
vocabulary

grammar

data



EVOLUTION

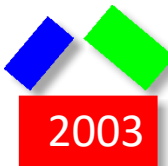
- 
- 1969 General Markup Language (GML) - Charles Goldfarb, Ed Mosher, Ray Lorie
 - 1971 Document Type Definition (DTD)
 - 1975 Document Composition Facility (DCF)
 - 1978 Standard General Markup Language (SGML) ANSI Initiative
 - 1983 SGML Computer Graphics Association (CGA)
 - 1986 SGML - International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
 - 1989 HyperText Markup Language (HTML) - Tim Berners-Lee, CERN
 - 1993 HTML Browser Mosaic - Marc Andreessen
National Center for Supercomputing Applications (NCSA) University of Illinois
 - 1996 eXtensible Markup Language (XML)
World Wide Web Consortium (W3C) Initiative
 - 1998 eXtensible Markup Language (XML)
World Wide Web Consortium (W3C)
 - 1999 XML-based Physical Markup Language (PML)
RFID Object Description Language (AIDC, MIT)
 - 2003 Ontology Working Language (OWL) DAML + OIL
DARPA Agent Markup Language + Ontology Inference Layer



XML Explosion

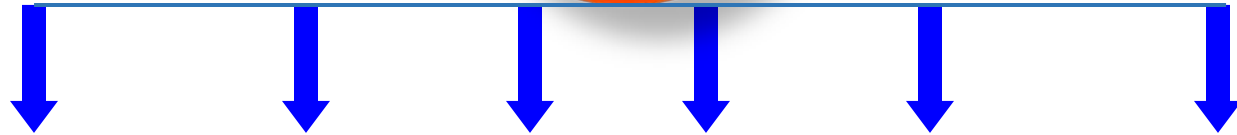
4ML	ARML	BiblioML	CIDX	eBIS-XML	HTTP-DRP	MatML	ODRL	PrintTalk	SHOE	UML	XML F
AML	ARML	BCXML	xCIL	ECML	HumanML	MathML	OeBPS	ProductionML	SIF	UBL	XML Key
AML	ASML	BEEP	CLT	eCo	HyTime	MBAM	OFX	PSL	SMML	UCLP	XMLife
AML	ASML	BGML	CNRP	EcoKnow	IML	MISML	OIL	PSI	SMBXML	UDDI	XML MP
AML	ASTM	BHTML	ComicsML	edaXML	ICML	MCF	OIM	QML	SMDL	UDEF	XML News
AML	ATML	BIBLIOML	Covad xLink	EMSA	IDE	MDDL	OLiFE	QAML	SDML	UIML	XML RPC
AML	ATML	BIOML	CPL	eosML	IDML	MDSI-XML	OML	QuickData	SMIL	ULF	XML Schema
ABML	ATML	BIPS	CP eXchange	ESML	IDWG	Metarule	ONIX DTD	RBAC	SOAP	UMLS	XML Sign
ABML	ATML	BizCodes	CSS	ETD-ML	IEEE DTD	MFDX	OOPML	RDDI	SODL	UPnP	XML Query
ACML	AWML	BLM XML	CVML	FieldML	IFX	MIX	OPML	RDF	SOX	URI/URL	XML P7C
ACML	AXML	BPML	CWMI	FINML	IMPP	MMLL	OpenMath	RDL	SPML	UXF	XML TP
ACAP	AXML	BRML	CycML	FITS	IMS Global	MML	Office XML	RecipeML	SpeechML	VML	XMLVoc
ACS X12	AXML	BSML	DML	FIXML	InTML	MML	OPML	RELAX	SSML	vCalendar	XML XCI
ADML	AXML	CML	DAML	FLBC	IOTP	MML	OPX	RELAX NG	STML	vCard	XAML
AECM	BML	xCML	DalimL	FLOWML	IRML	MoDL	OSD	REXML	STEP	VCML	XACML
AFML	BML	CaXML	DaqXML	FPML	IXML	MOS	OTA	REPML	STEPML	VHG	XBL
AGML	BML	CaseXML	DAS	FSML	IXRetail	MPML	PML	ResumeXML	SVG	VIML	XSBEL
AHML	BML	xCBL	DASL	GML	JabberXML	MPXML	PML	RETML	SWAP	VISA XML	XBN
AIML	BML	CBML	DCMI	GML	JDF	MRML	PML	RFML	SWMS	VMML	XBRL
AIML	BML	CDA	DOI	GML	JDox	MSAML	PML	RightsLang	SyncML	VocML	XCFF
AIF	BannerML	CDF	DeltaV	GXML	JECMM	MTML	PML	RIXML	TML	VoiceXML	XCES
AL3	BCXML	CDISC	DIG35	GAME	JLife	MTML	PML	RoadmOPS	TML	VRML	Xchart
ANML	BEEP	CELLML	DLML	GBXML	JSML	MTML	PML	RosettaNet PIP	TML	WAP	Xdelta
ANNOTEA	BGML	ChessGML	DMML	GDMML	JScoreML	NAML	PML	RSS	TalkML	WDDX	XDF
ANATML	BHTML	ChordML	DocBook	GEML	KBML	xNAL	P3P	RuleML	TaxML	WebML	XForms
APML	BIBLIOML	ChordQL	DocScope	GEDML	KBML	NAA Ads	PDML	SML	TDL	WebDAV	XGF
APPML	BIOML	CIM	DoD XML	GEN	LACITO	Navy DTD	PDX	SML	TDML	WellIML	XGL
AQL	BIPS	CIML	DPRL	GeoLang	LandXML	NewsML	PEF XML	SML	TEI	WeldingXML	XGMMML
APPEL	BizCodes	CIDS	DRI	GIML	LEDES	NML	PetroML	SML	ThML	WF-XML	XHTML
ARML	BLM XML	CIDX	DSML	GXD	LegalXML	NISO DTB	PGML	SAML	TIM	WIDL	XIOP
ARML	BPML	xCIL	DSD	GXL	Life Data	NITF	PhysicsML	SABLE	TIM	WITSML	XLF
ASML	BRML	CLT	DXS	GXL	Hy XM	NLMXML	PICS	SABE	TMML	WorldOS	XLIFF
ASML	BSML	CNRP	EML	HitIS	HR-XML	NVML	PNML	SAE J2008	TMX	WorldOS	XLIFF
ASTM	BCXML	ComicsML	EML	HR-XML	HR-XML	OAGIS	PNML	Schemtron	TP	WSML	XLink
ARML	BEEP	CIM	DLML	HRMML	HRMML	OBI	PNML	SDML	TPAML	WSIA	XMI
ARML	BGML	CIML	EAD	HTML	HTML	OCF	PNG	SearchDM-XML	TREX	XML	XMSG
ASML	BHTML	CIDS	ebXML	HTTPL	MAML	ODF	PrintML	SGML	TxLife	XML Court	XMTTP
										XML EDI	XNS

Houston, we have a problem ...



2003

Ontology



Philosophy

Reflection

Noun

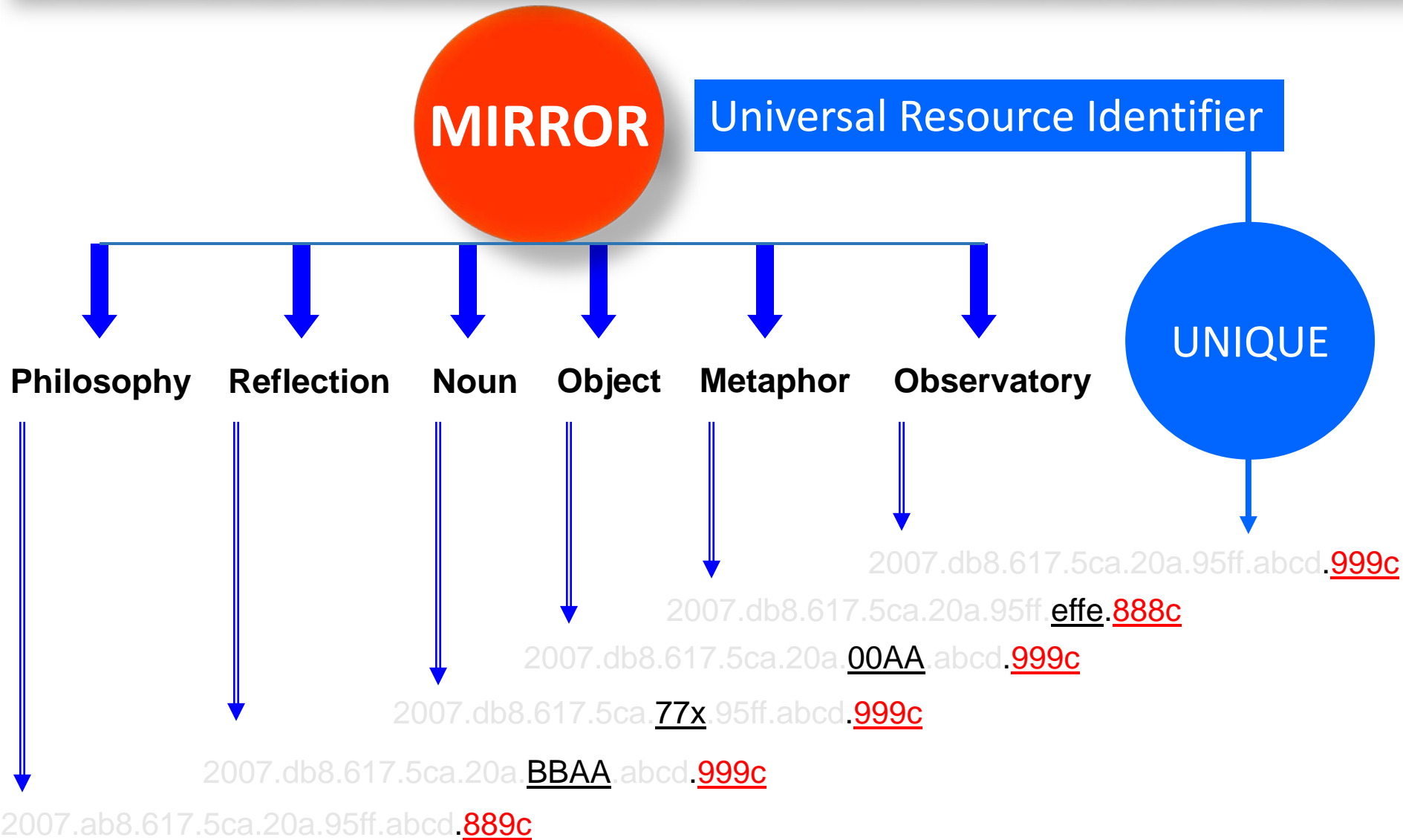
Object

Metaphor

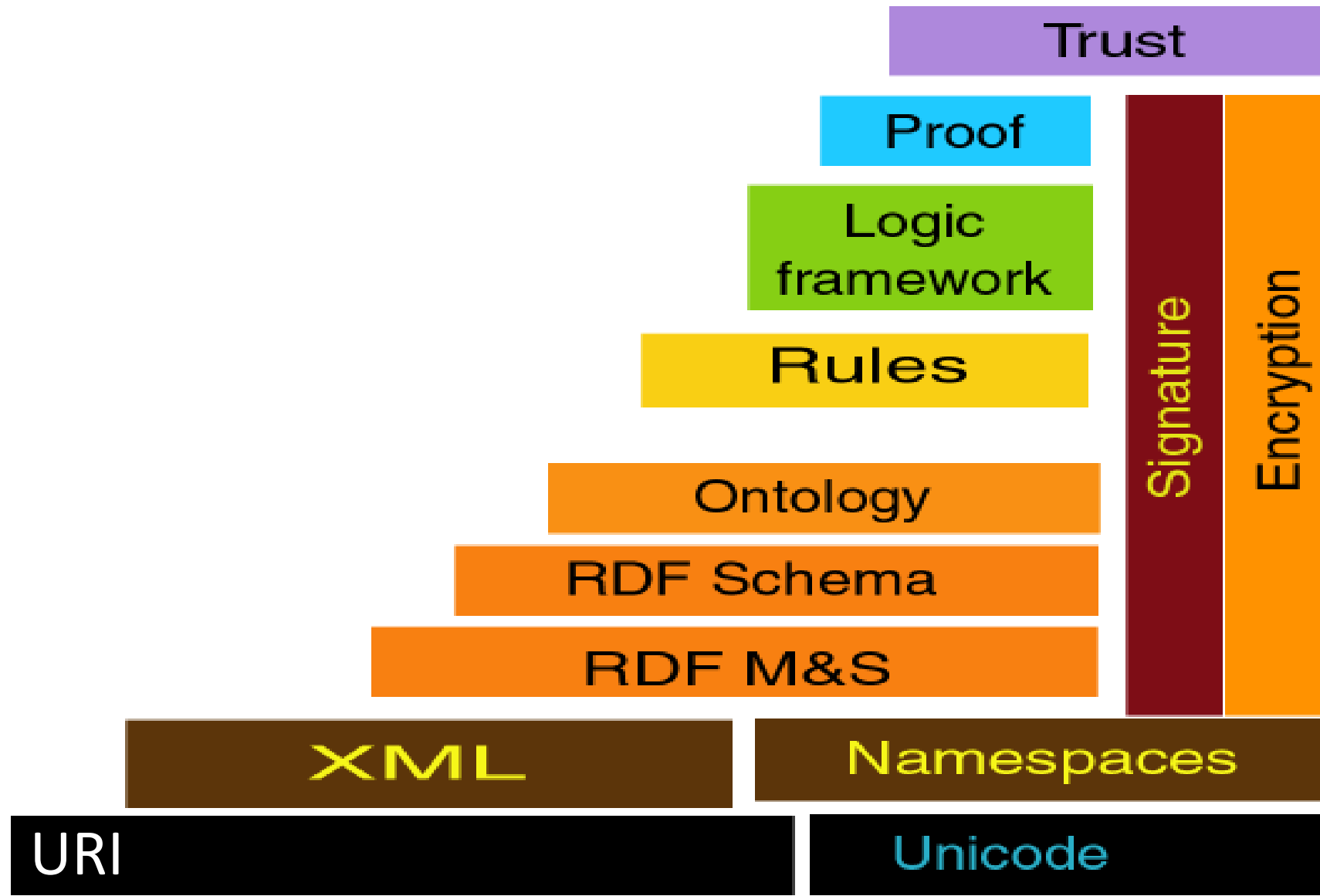
Observatory

Digital Ontology?

Unique IPv6 type id as a sub-layer to URI abstraction in the Semantic layer cake?



Semantic Web - *that did not happen* • Semantic Layers



Semantic Layers

```
<CompanyData>
  <CompanyName>
    MIT
  </CompanyName>
  <Location>
    Cambridge
  </location>
  <CallData>
    <RecordDate>
      Sat 7 Jun 2003
    </RecordDate>
    <CallsPerDay>
      536
    </CallsPerDay>
  </CallData>
</CompanyData>
```

CHEMISE

is a

BLOUSE

is a

KAMEEZ

is a

SHIRT

Trust

Proof

Logic
framework

Rules

Ontology

RDF Schema

RDF M&S

Signature

Encryption

XML

Namespaces

URI

Unicode

The reconciliation and convergence of ontology, semantics and context is essential for AI and analytics

Does that tarnish the aura of AI ?

*No, not at all. It means that one must differentiate
between optimal application and natural stupidity.*

“Brain in a Box” by 2020 ?

Natural speech reveals the semantic maps that tile human cerebral cortex

Alexander G. Huth, Wendy A. de Heer, Thomas L. Griffiths, Frédéric E. Theunissen & Jack L. Gallant

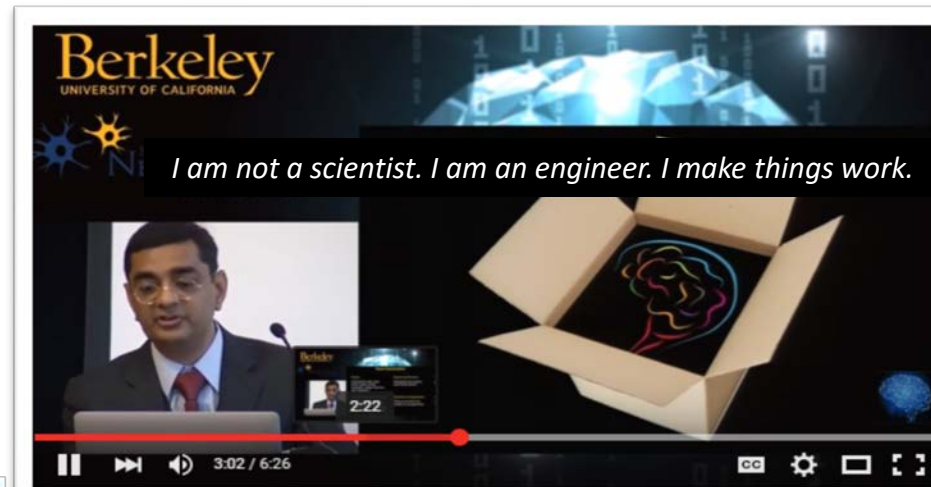
[Affiliations](#) | [Contributions](#) | [Corresponding author](#)

Nature 532, 453–458 (28 April 2016) | doi:10.1038/nature17637

Received 08 January 2014 | Accepted 02 March 2016 | Published online 27 April 2016

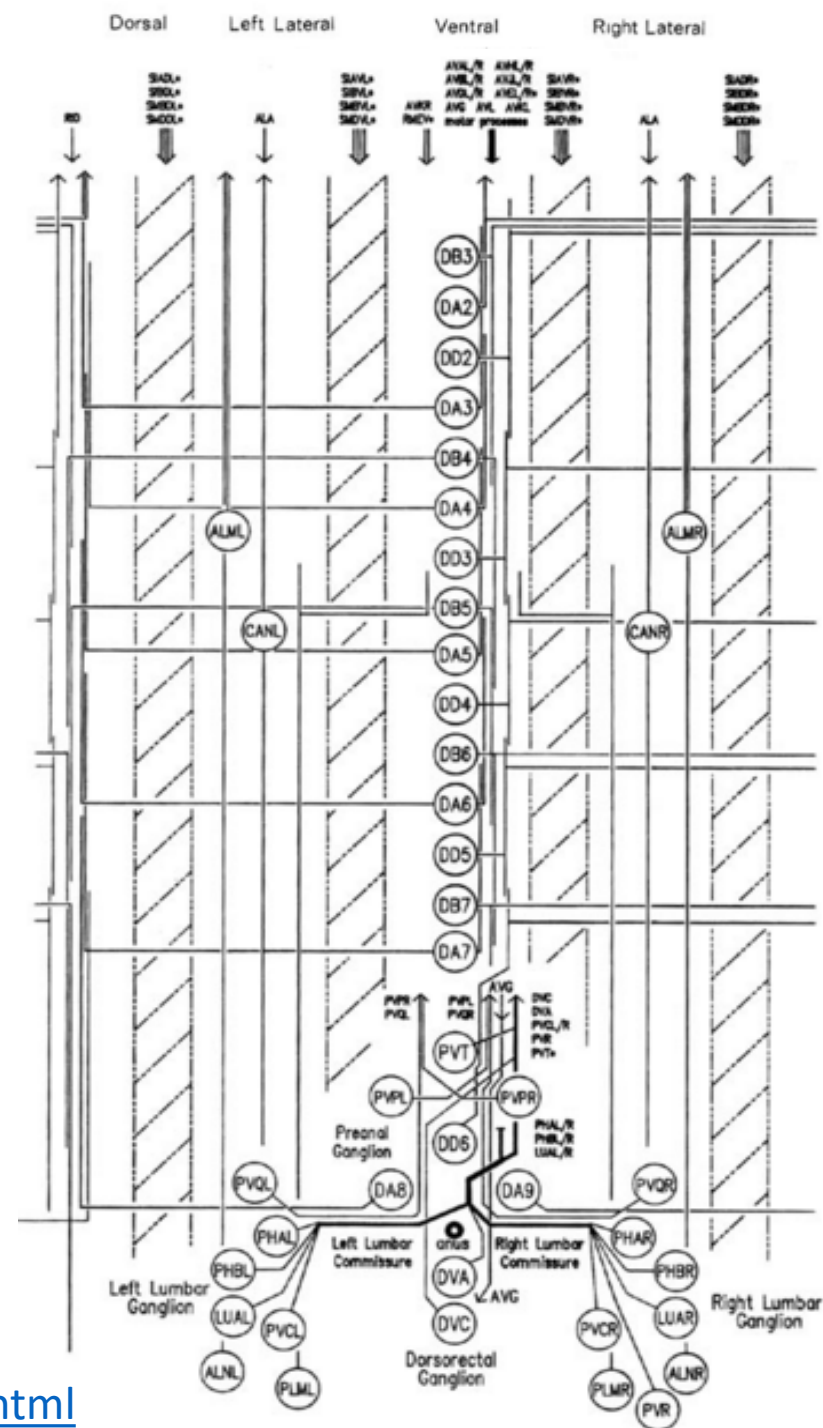
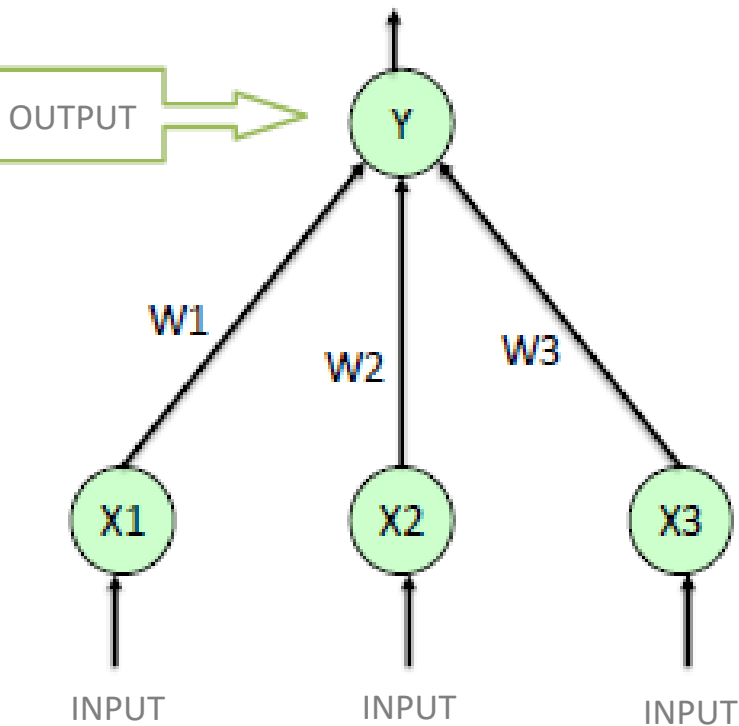
www.nature.com/nature/journal/v532/n7600/full/nature17637.html

<http://bit.do/HUBRIS-KILLS>

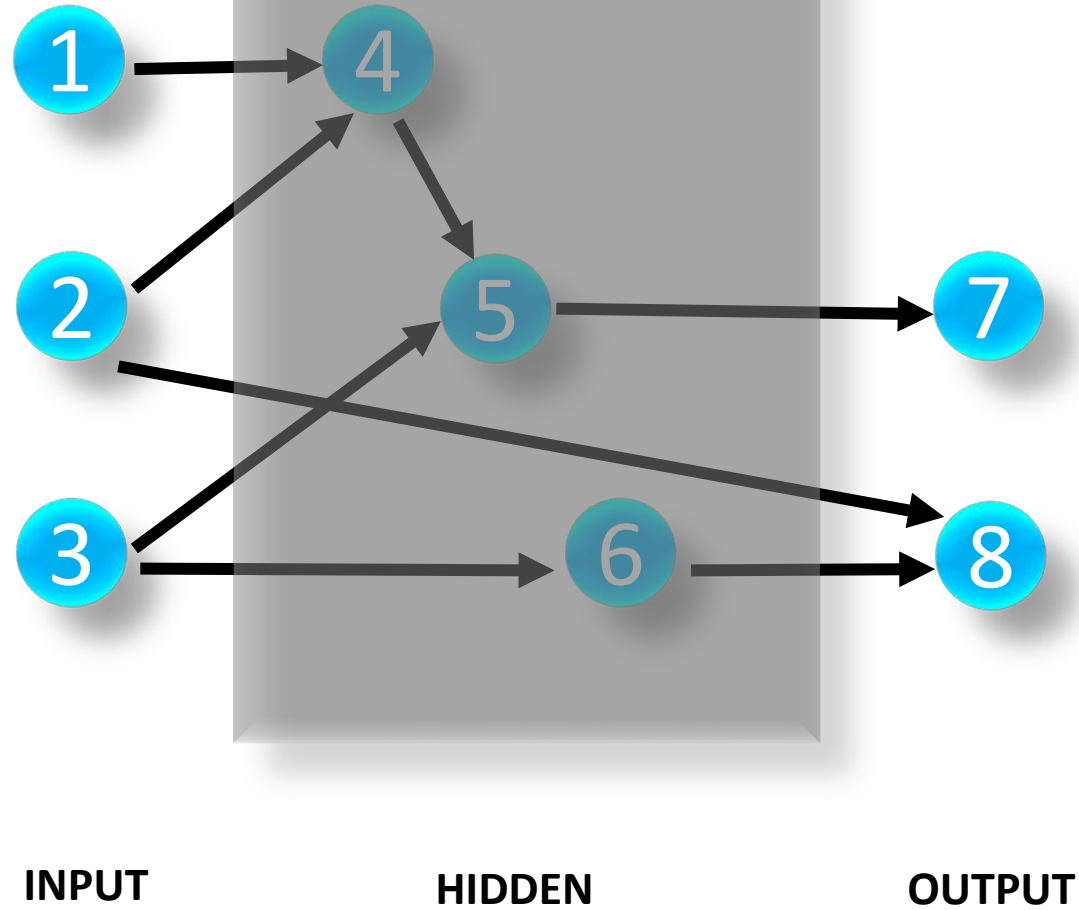
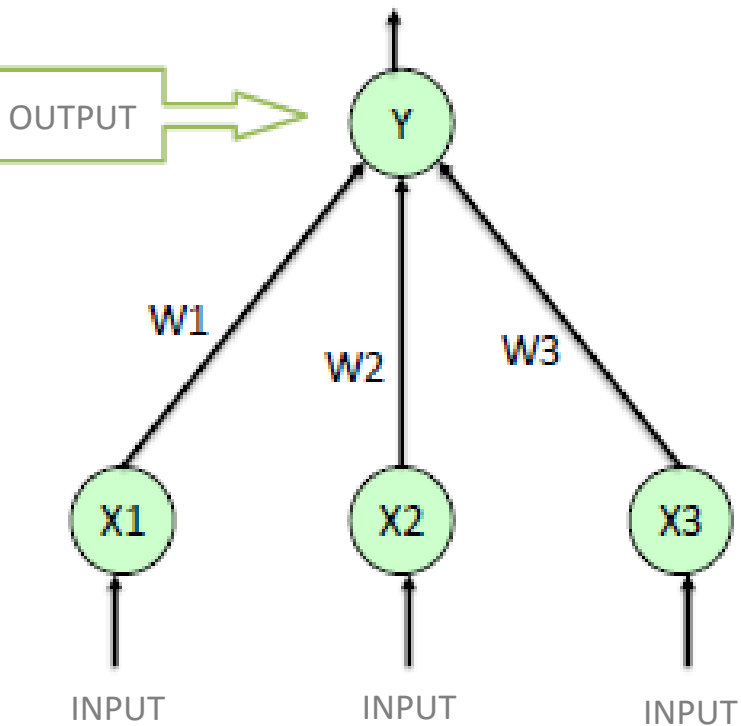


IBM's Dharmendra Modha - "Before the end of 2020 we will be able to produce a brain in a box" 31 March 2016

Single Layer Perceptron

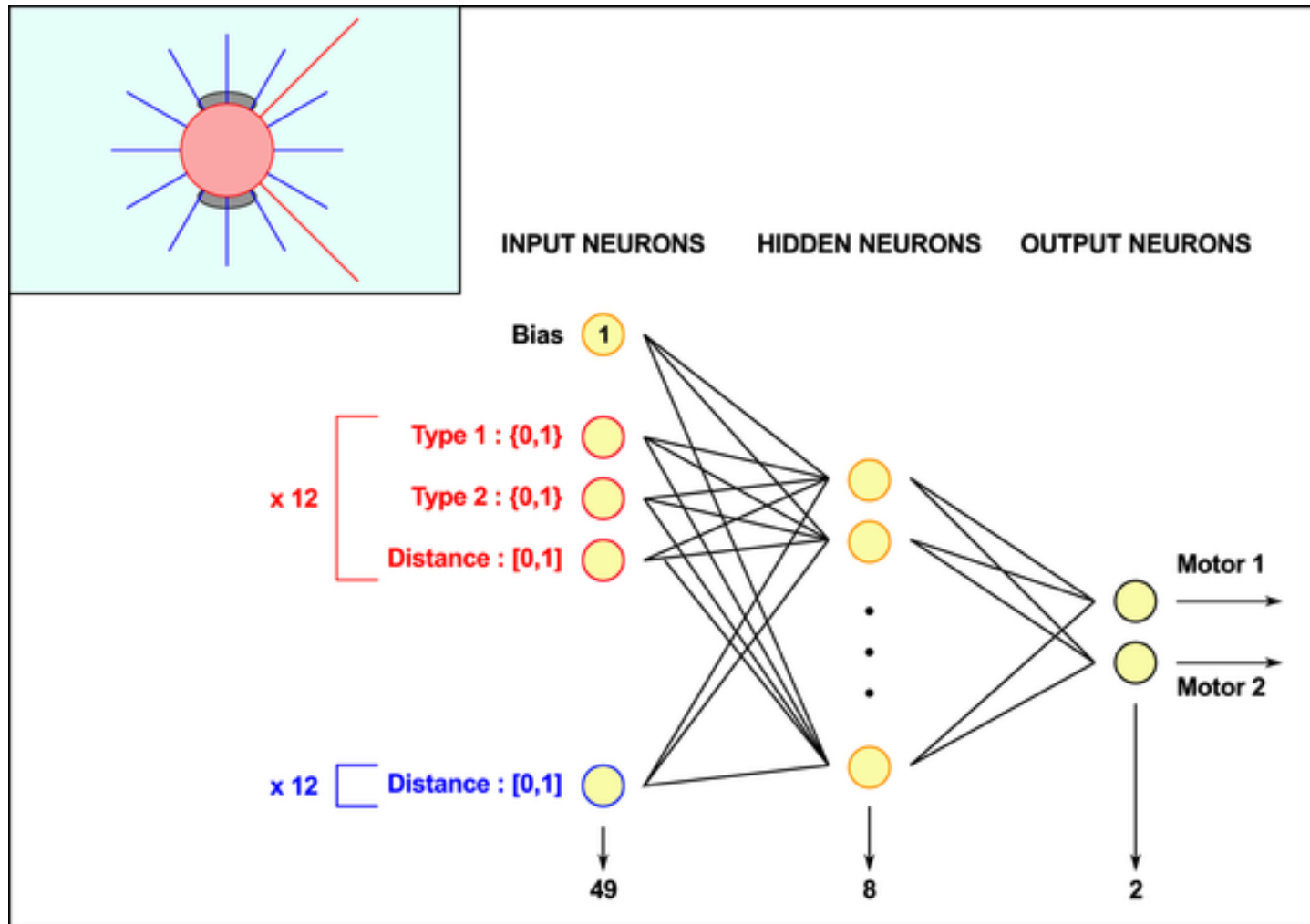


Single Layer Perceptron

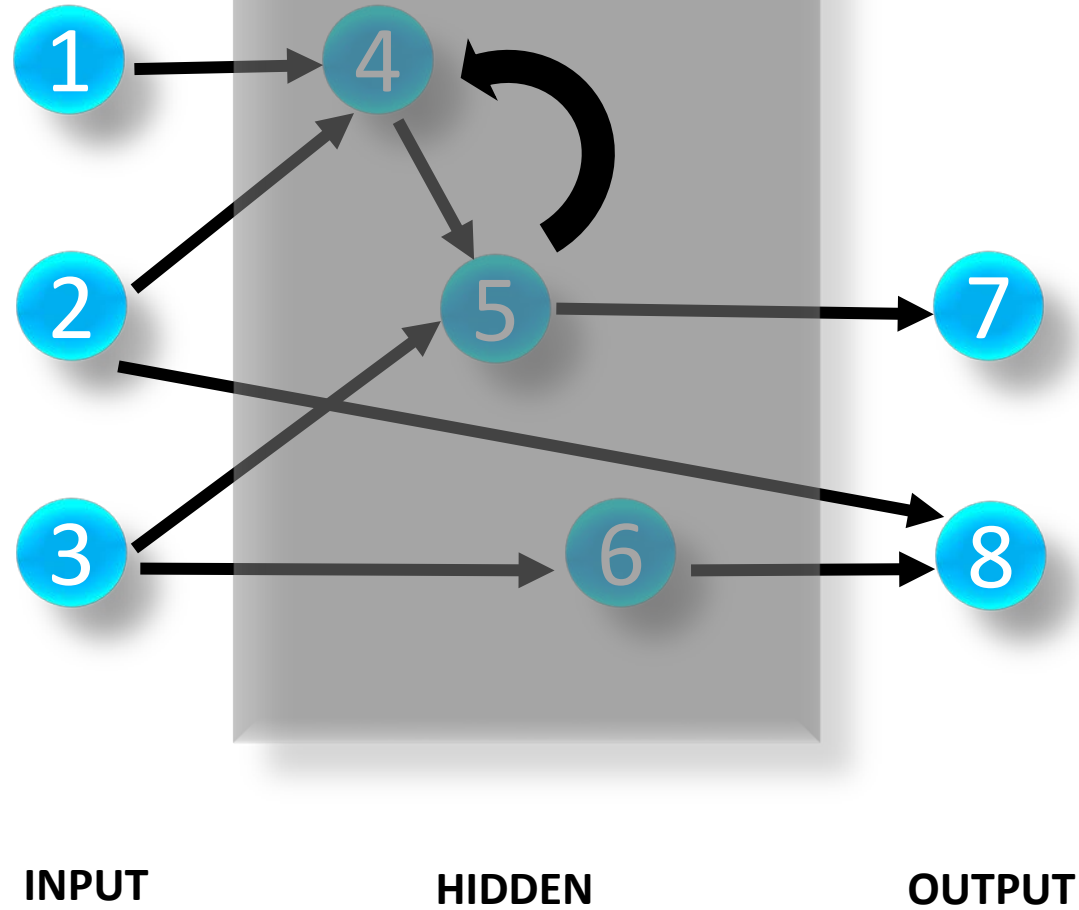
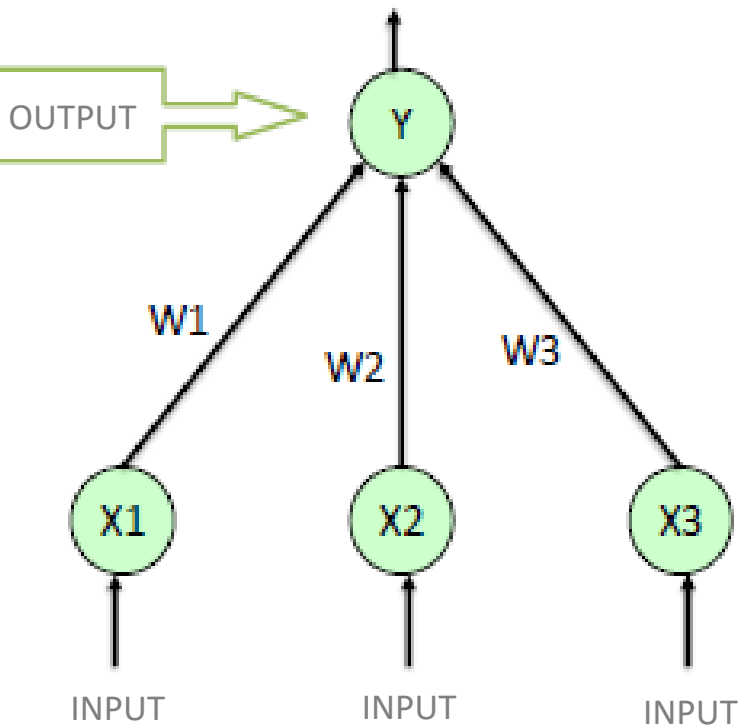


Feed-Forward

Simulated robotic agent (inset) and its ANN controller

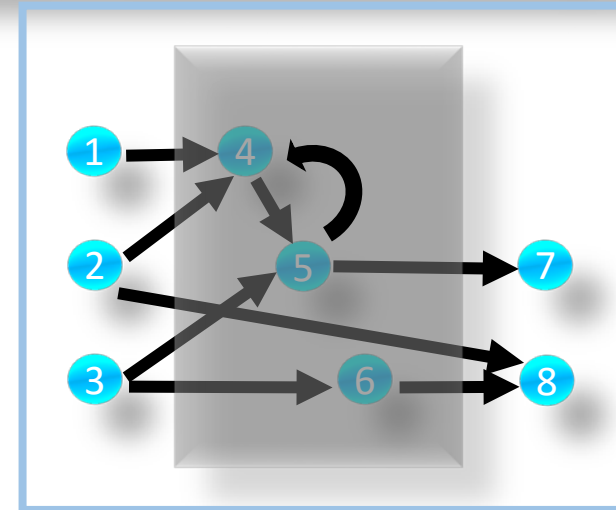


Single Layer Perceptron



Recurrent Neural Network

Representations for Neural Networks – Matrix & Graph



Recurrent Neural Network

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	0	0	0	w_{14}	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	w_{24}	0	0	0	w_{28}
3	0	0	0	0	w_{35}	w_{36}	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	w_{45}	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	w_{54}	0	0	w_{57}	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	w_{68}
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

(1,4, w_{14}),

(2,4, w_{24}),

(3,5, w_{35}),

(3,6, w_{36}),

(4,5, w_{45}),

(5,4, w_{54}),

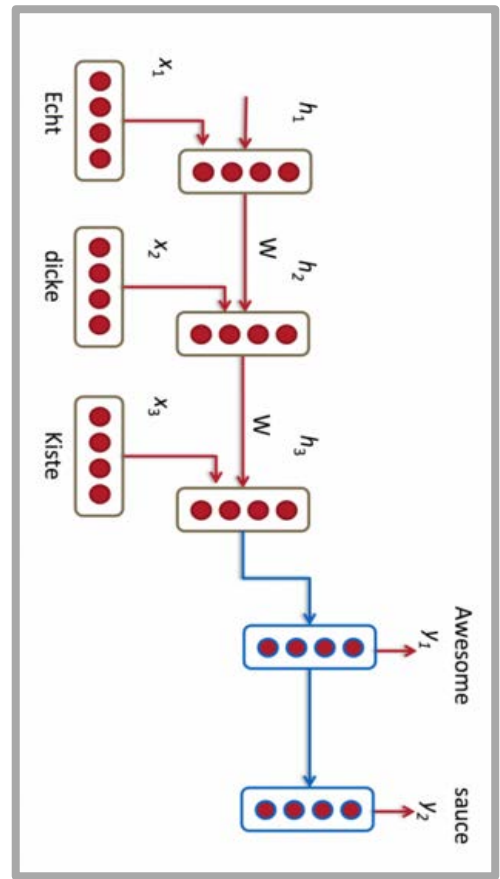
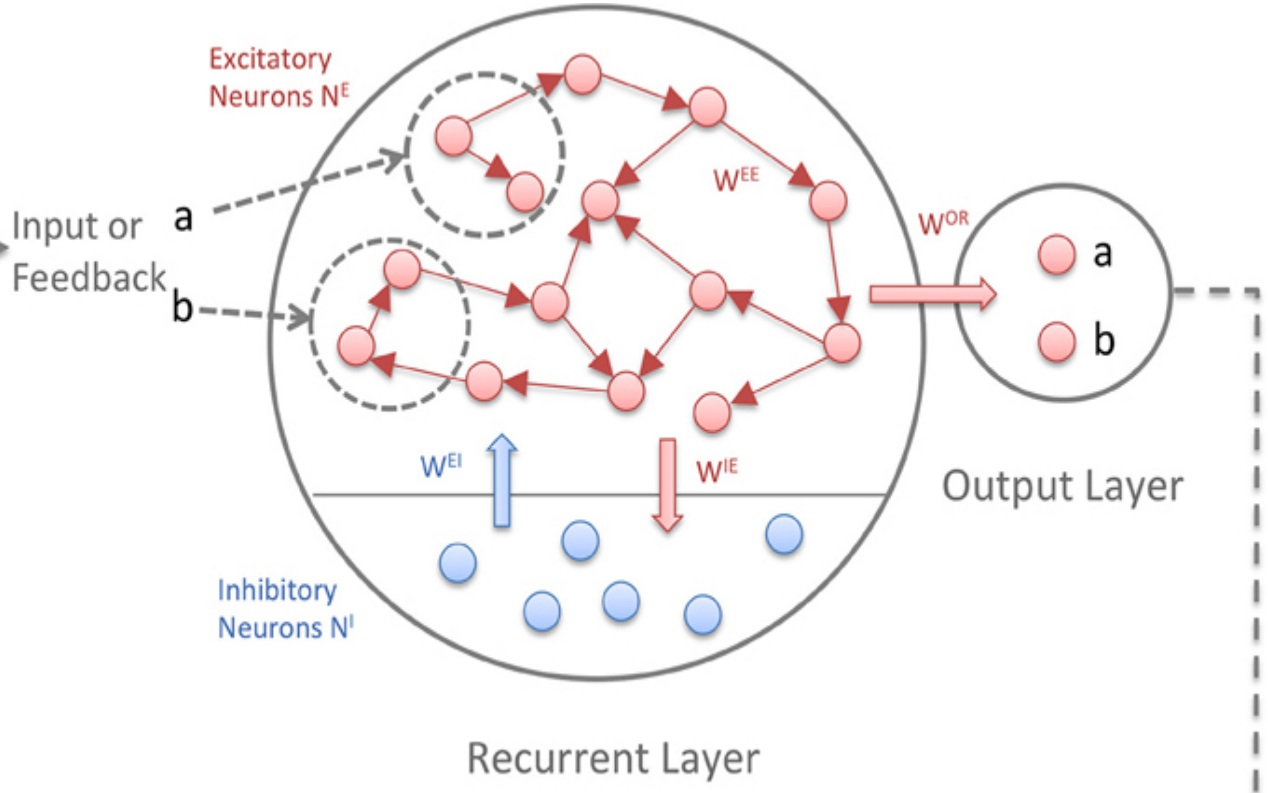
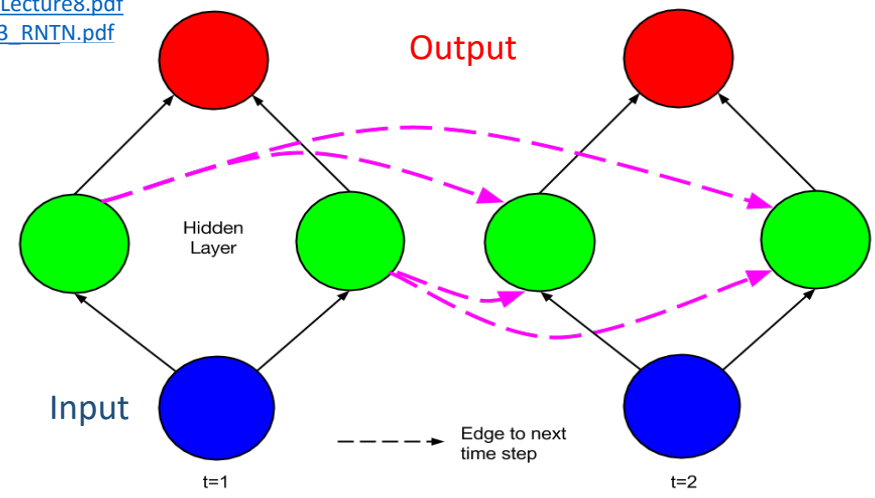
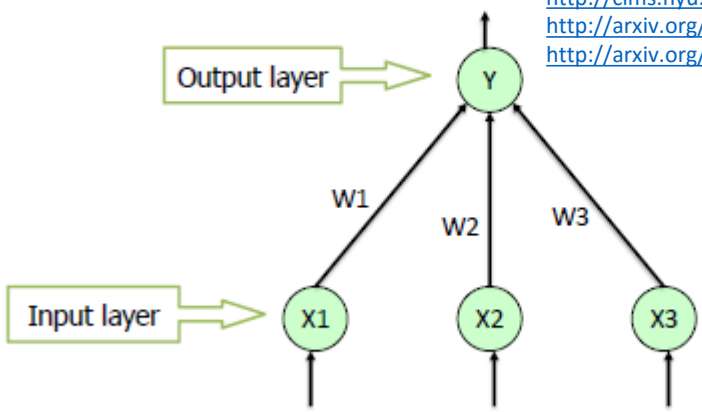
(5,7, w_{57}),

(2,8, w_{28}),

(6,8, w_{68}),

Single Layer Perceptron

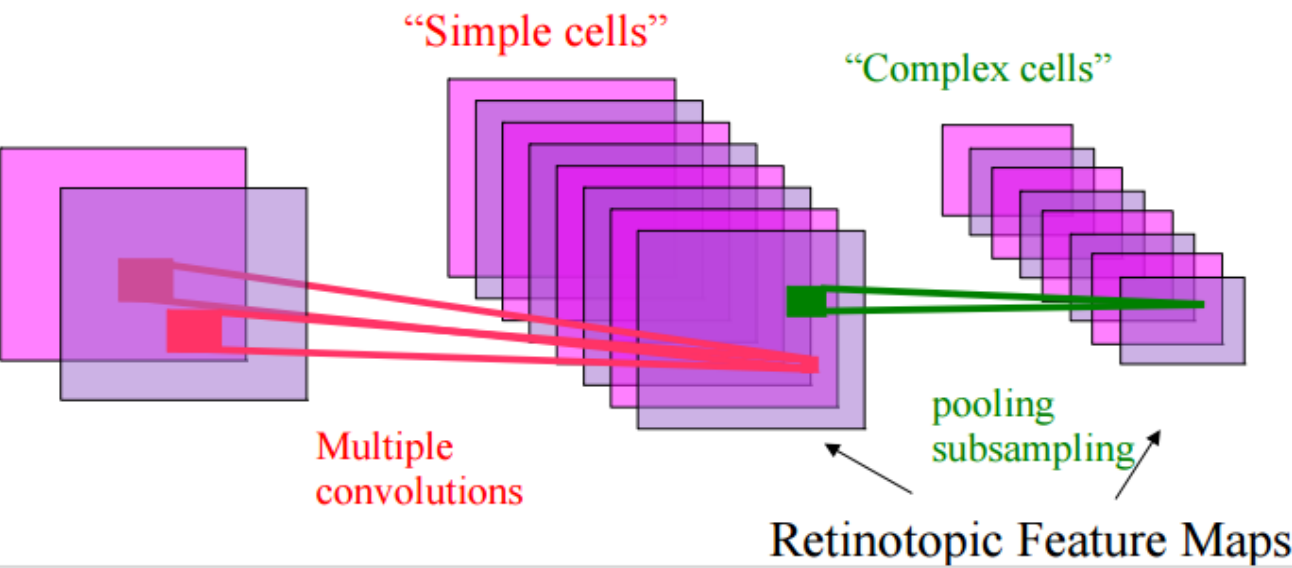
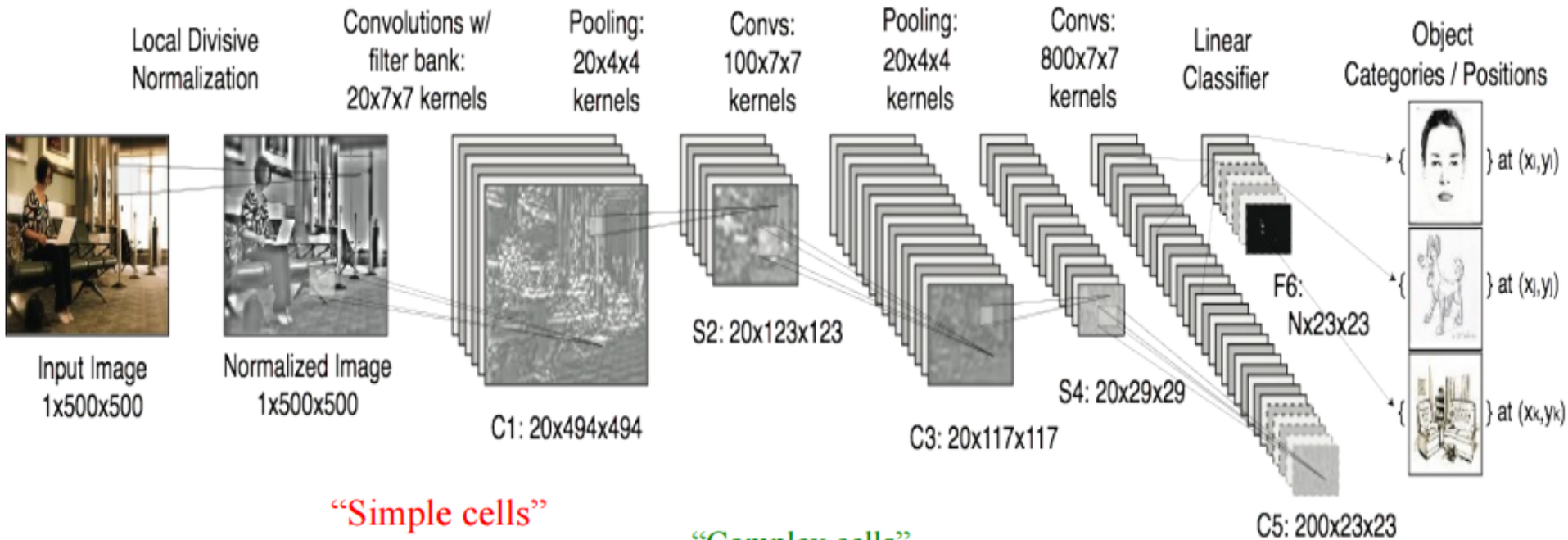
<http://cs224d.stanford.edu/lectures/CS224d-Lecture8.pdf>
http://nlp.stanford.edu/~socherr/EMNLP2013_RNTN.pdf
<http://cims.nyu.edu/~zeitouni/cupbook.pdf>
<http://arxiv.org/pdf/1409.3215v3.pdf>
<http://arxiv.org/pdf/1410.5401v2.pdf>



The Principle of Convolutional Neural Networks (CNN)

matt.colorado.edu/compcogworkshop/talks/lecun.pdf

<http://bit.do/NNDL-MN-BOOK>



- Supervised Training
- Stochastic Gradient Descent

Computational Neuroscience

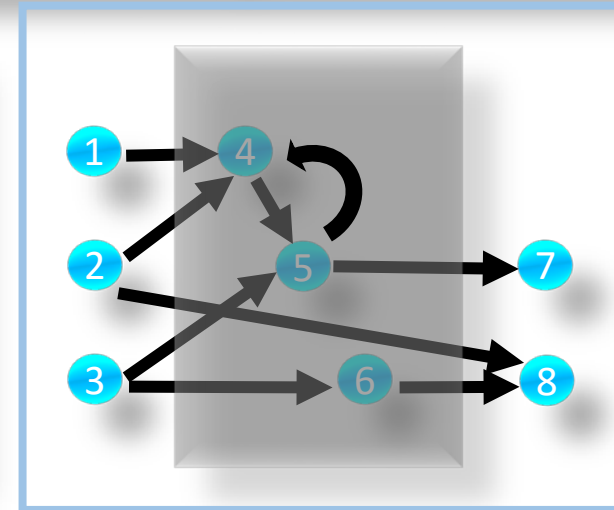
Neural Paradigm Shift

(this is not just semantics, this topic to be discussed in a separate presentation)

Neuroscientific Computation

Classical approach of ANN – predominantly inferential

Topological by design with generic weights generates inferential (obvious) output



Recurrent Neural Network

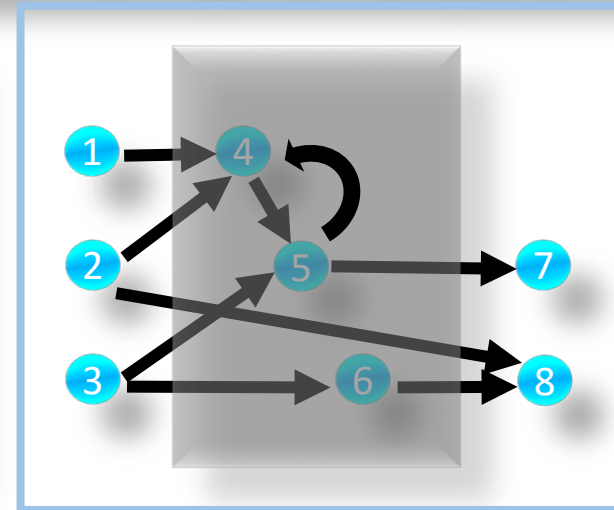
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	0	0	0	w_{14}	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	w_{24}	0	0	0	w_{28}
3	0	0	0	0	w_{35}	w_{36}	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	w_{45}	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	w_{54}	0	0	w_{57}	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	w_{68}
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

(1,4, w_{14}),
(2,4, w_{24}),
(3,5, w_{35}),
(3,6, w_{36}),
(4,5, w_{45}),
(5,4, w_{54}),
(5,7, w_{57}),
(2,8, w_{28}),
(6,8, w_{68}),

Non-obvious (inferential) relationship analysis?

The weighted brain “ecosystem”

- epigenetic (seconds to days)
- ontogenic (days to years)
- phylogenetic (generations)

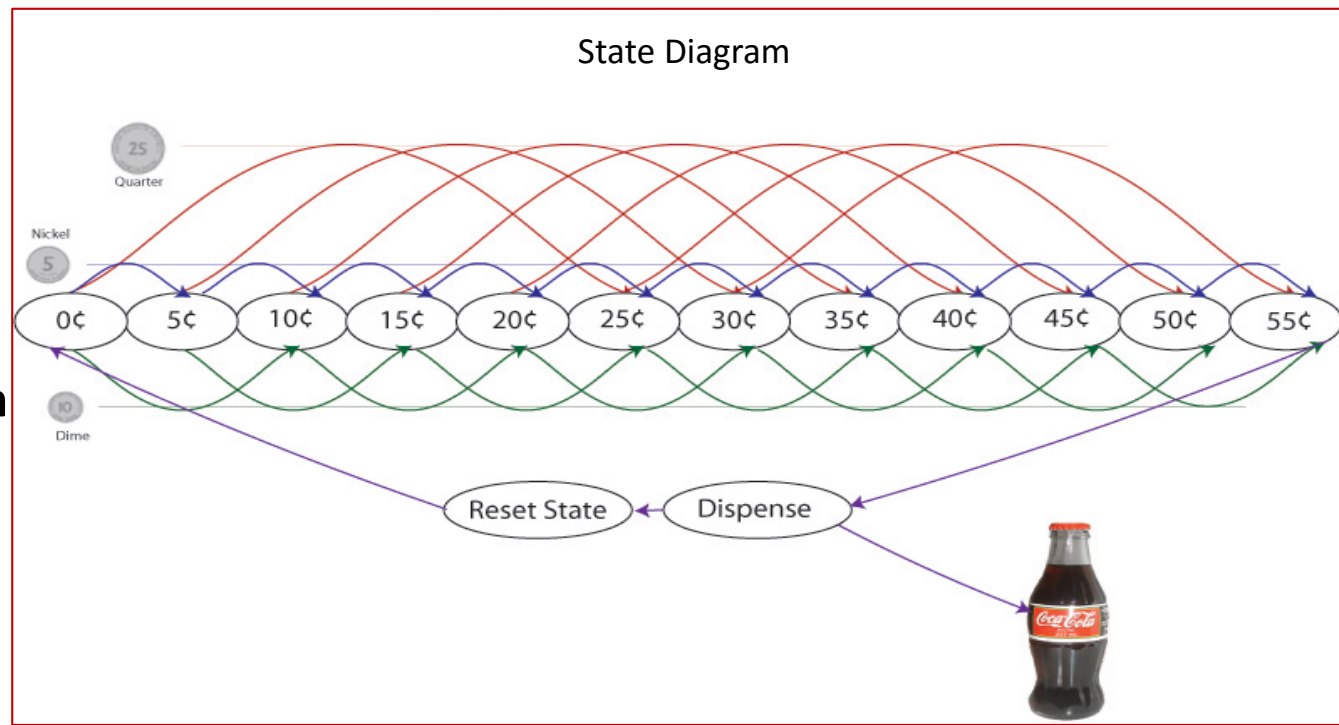


Recurrent Neural Network

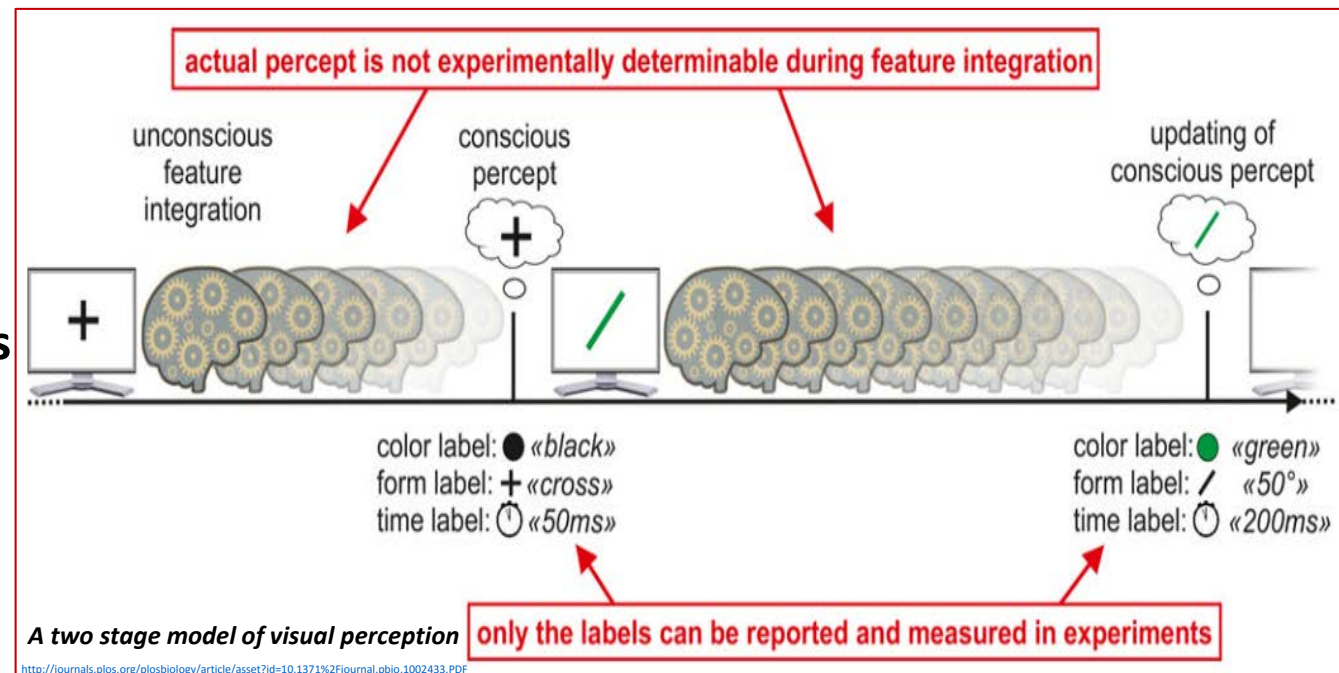
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	0	0	0	w_{14}	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	w_{24}	0	0	0	w_{28}
3	0	0	0	0	w_{35}	w_{36}	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	w_{45}	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	w_{54}	0	0	w_{57}	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	w_{68}
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

We must evolve from use of classical ANN which emulates NN topology to developmentally inspired engineering design based on neurogenesis and brain development modelling by creating programs which generate neural networks, hence adaptable, naturally.

The model of a function



How the model functions



Even without bombastic
claims of “brain in a box”

*we may still obtain significant value from AI applications
to extract intelligent useful information from data.*

First paralysed person to be 'reanimated' offers neuroscience insights

Technique moves man's arm by decoding his thoughts and electrically stimulating his own muscles.

Linda Geddes

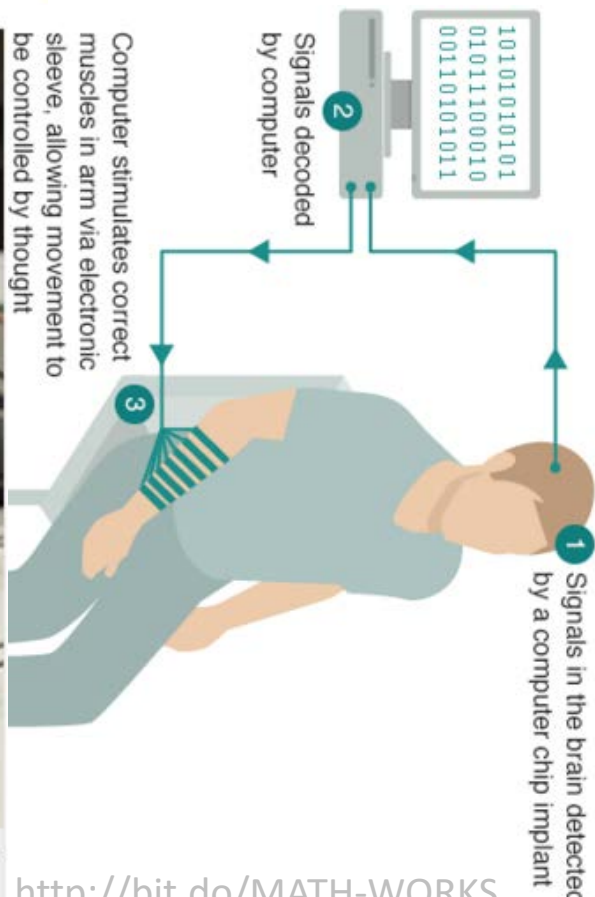
13 April 2016

 [Rights & Permissions](#)



Ohio State University Wexner Medical Center/ Battelle

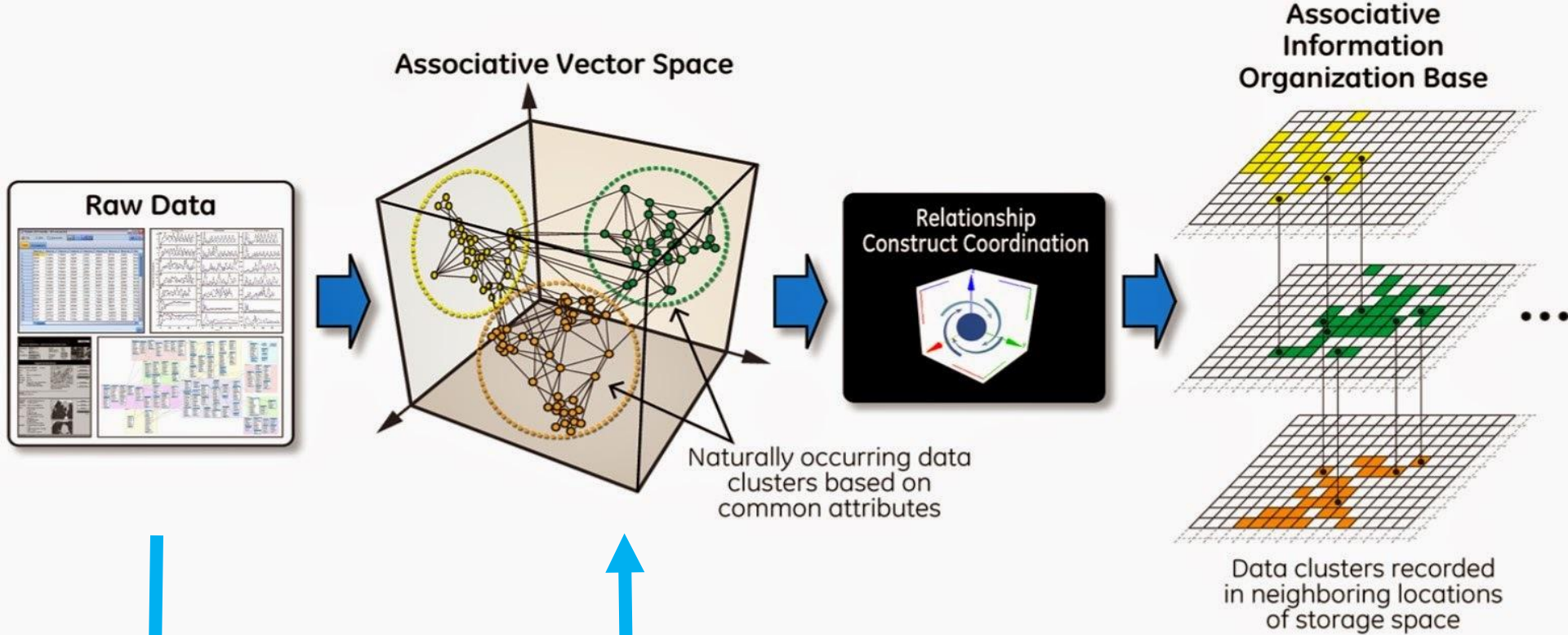
Ian Burkhart can make isolated finger movements and perform six different wrist and hand motions.



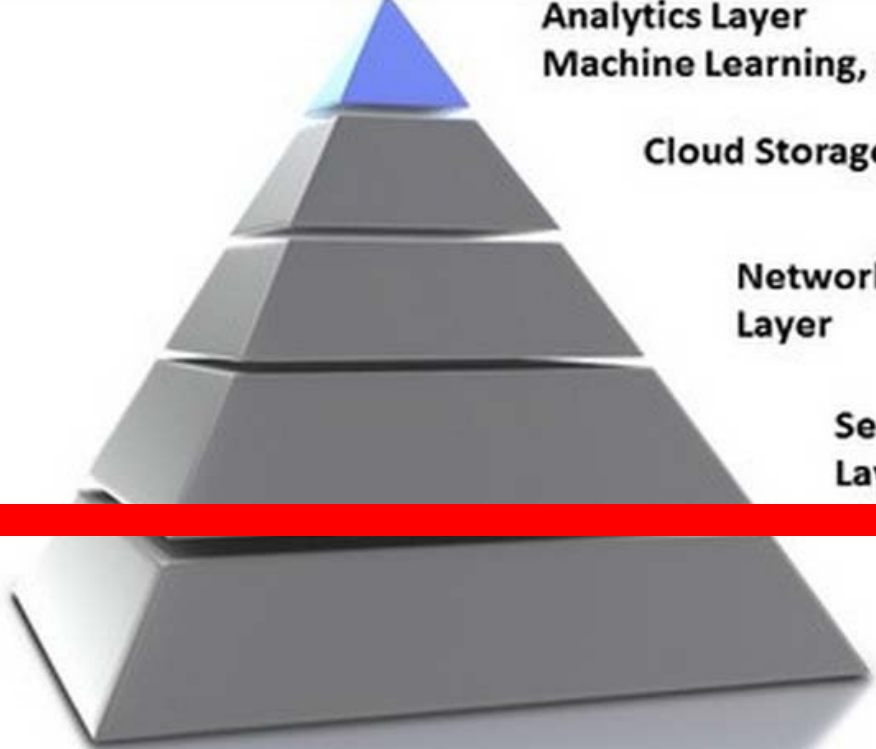
Emerging Frontier in AI & Data Analytics

Data Curation

sorting out what we need



CURRATE



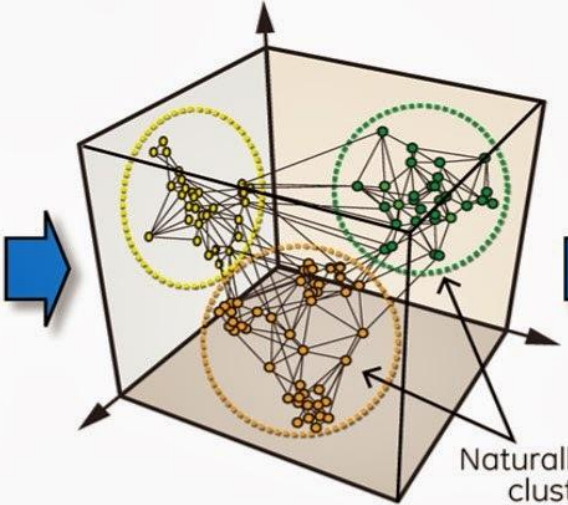
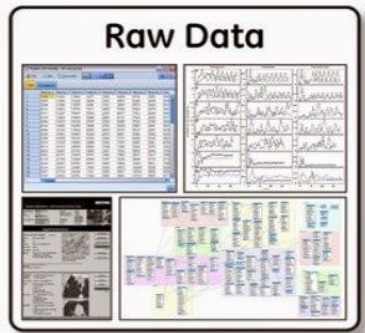
Analytics Layer
Machine Learning, Data Science Algorithms

Cloud Storage and Mobility Layer

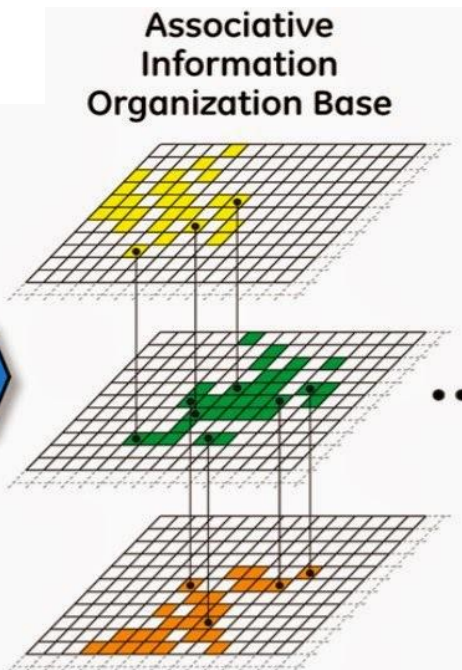
Network & Transportation Layer

Security and Context Layer

Perception Layer
Sensors, Actuators, Beacons



Naturally occurring data clusters based on common attributes

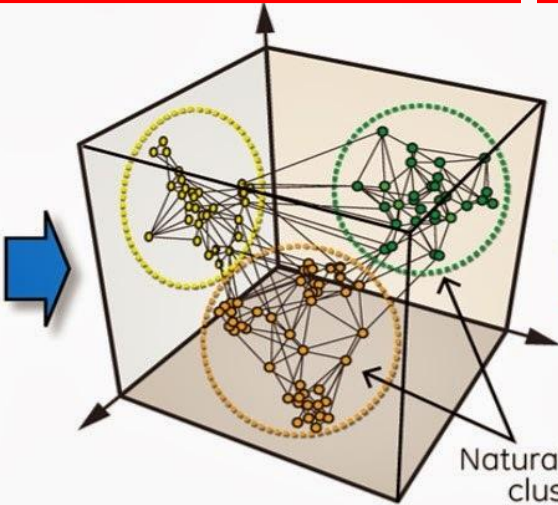
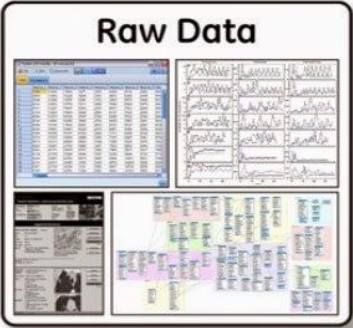


Data clusters recorded in neighboring locations of storage space

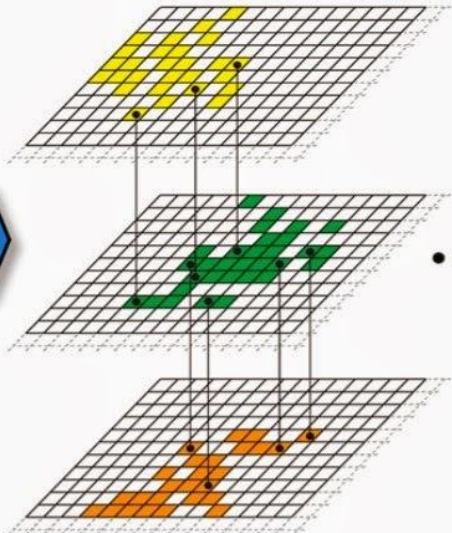


**Perception Layer
Sensors, Actuators, Beacons**

**Associative
Information
Organization Base**



Naturally occurring data clusters based on common attributes



Data clusters recorded in neighboring locations of storage space

MONETIZATION



Analytics Layer

Machine Learning, Data Science Algorithms

Innovation in Curation Algorithms

Michael Stonebraker • Turing Award 2015



32-G922 CSAIL MIT on 9th April 2015
Photograph taken by Shoumen Datta

Postgres

Introduced the object-relational model, effectively merging DB with abstract complex data types eg CAD, geospatial, so-called big data

www.csail.mit.edu/node/2459

Challenges in Data Curation

- Noise obscures signal
- Data acquired is a blend of noise with signal
- Signal volatility introduces noise which is often proportional to signal

→ How do we correct/reduce the error due to this “noisy channel” factor?

→ Can novel algorithms reduce/deconstruct data to subtract “noise” and reconstruct the signal?

→ What about the application of the principles of (Shannon, Kalman-Bucy) error correcting algorithms?

✓ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kalman_filter

✓ <http://news.mit.edu/2010/explained-shannon-0115>

✓ <http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~guyb/realworld/errorcorrecting.html>

✓ <http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~aarti/Class/10704/lec16-shannonnoisythrm.pdf>



NOISY
CHANNEL
ALGORITHM

A Mathematical Theory of Communication

By C. E. SHANNON

INTRODUCTION

THE recent development of various methods of modulation such as PCM and PPM which exchange bandwidth for signal-to-noise ratio has intensified the interest in a general theory of communication. A basis for such a theory is contained in the important papers of Nyquist¹ and Hartley² on this subject. In the present paper we will extend the theory to include a number of new factors, in particular the effect of noise in the channel, and the savings possible due to the statistical structure of the original message and due to the nature of the final destination of the information.

The fundamental problem of communication is that of reproducing at one point either exactly or approximately a message selected at another point. Frequently the messages have *meaning*; that is they refer to or are correlated according to some system with certain physical or conceptual entities. These semantic aspects of communication are irrelevant to the engineering problem. The significant aspect is that the actual message is one *selected from a set* of possible messages. The system must be designed to operate for each possible selection, not just the one which will actually be chosen since this is unknown at the time of design.

If the number of messages in the set is finite then this number or any monotonic function of this number can be regarded as a measure of the information produced when one message is chosen from the set, all choices being equally likely. As was pointed out by Hartley the most natural choice is the logarithmic function. Although this definition must be generalized considerably when we consider the influence of the statistics of the message and when we have a continuous range of messages, we will in all cases use an essentially logarithmic measure.

The logarithmic measure is more convenient for various reasons:

1. It is practically more useful. Parameters of engineering importance

¹ Nyquist, H., "Certain Factors Affecting Telegraph Speed," *Bell System Technical Journal*, April 1924, p. 324; "Certain Topics in Telegraph Transmission Theory," *A. I. E. E. Trans.*, v. 47, April 1928, p. 617.

² Hartley, R. V. L., "Transmission of Information," *Bell System Technical Journal*, July 1928, p. 535.

www.eecs.berkeley.edu/~christos/classics/shannon-report.pdf

www.princeton.edu/~verdu/reprints/IT44.6.2057-2078.pdf

<http://web.mit.edu/6.933/www/Fall2001/Shannon1.pdf>

<http://web.mit.edu/6.933/www/Fall2001/Shannon2.pdf>

<http://home.ustc.edu.cn/~zhanghan/cs/Gallager01.pdf>

www.pnas.org/cgi/doi/10.1073/pnas.1517384113

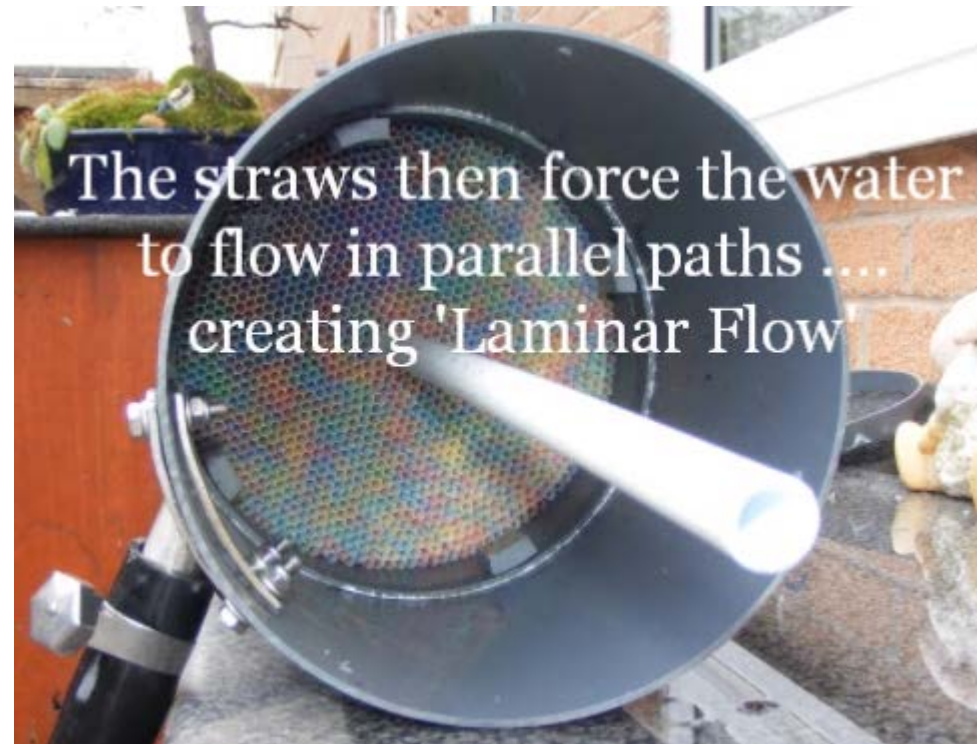
www.pnas.org/cgi/doi/10.1073/pnas.1013529108

Data Curation Concepts from Laminar Flow

This is applicable across almost all/any data domain where noise is potentially corrupting the data.

This a data curation issue. May unlock related signal/noise problems inherent in (big) data analytics.

<http://bit.ly/LAMINAR-FLOW-DATA-CURATION-CONCEPT>



The latest US influenza season is more severe and has caused more deaths than usual.

EPIDEMIOLOGY

When Google got flu wrong

US outbreak foxes a leading web-based method for tracking seasonal flu.

BY DECLAN BUTLER

When influenza hit early and hard in the United States this year, it quietly claimed an unacknowledged victim: one of the cutting-edge techniques being used to monitor the outbreak. A comparison with traditional surveillance data showed that Google Flu Trends, which estimates prevalence from flu-related Internet searches, had drastically overestimated peak flu levels. The glitch is no more than a temporary setback for a promising strategy, experts say, and Google is sure to refine its algorithms. But as flu-tracking techniques based on mining of web data and on social media proliferate, the episode is a reminder that they will

complement, but not substitute for, traditional epidemiological surveillance networks.

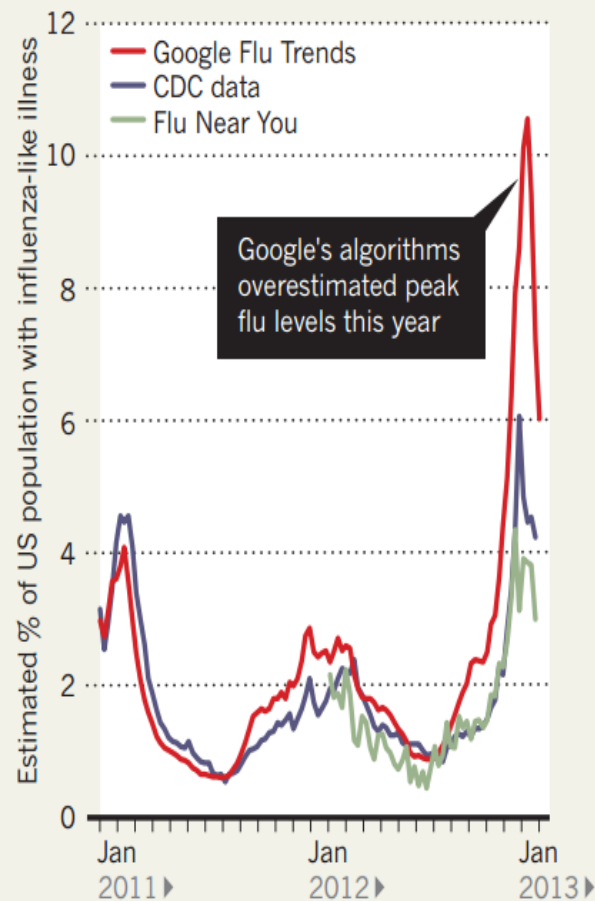
“It is hard to think today that one can provide disease surveillance without existing systems,” says Alain-Jacques Valleron, an epidemiologist at the Pierre and Marie Curie University in Paris, and founder of France’s Sentinelles monitoring network. “The new systems depend too much on old existing ones to be able to live without them,” he adds.

This year’s US flu season started around November and seems to have peaked just after Christmas, making it the earliest flu season since 2003. It is also causing more serious illness and deaths than usual, particularly among the elderly, because, just as in 2003, the predominant strain this year is H3N2 — the most

nologies could open the way to easier, faster estimates of ILI, spanning larger populations.

FEVER PEAKS

A comparison of three different methods of measuring the proportion of the US population with an influenza-like illness.



Data vs Interpretation – What went wrong? When Google got flu wrong!

The temptation (eg Google Ngrams) is to let the sheer volume of data blind us to the ways we can be misled. Google Flu Trends (GFT), released in 2008, would count words (“fever” “cough”) in millions of search queries and use to “nowcast” how many people had flu. With those estimates, public health officials could act 2 weeks before CDC could calculate the true numbers from actual medical reports. Initially, GFT was claimed to be 97% accurate but it was a fluke. First, GFT completely missed the swine flu pandemic in 2009 (turned out that GFT was largely predicting winter.) Then, the system began to over-estimate flu cases and overshot the peak 2013 numbers by 140%. Google scrapped the program. So what went wrong? As with Ngrams, people didn’t carefully consider the sources, context and the interpretation of their data (data source = Google searches = not a static beast). When Google started auto-completing queries, users started just accepting the suggested keywords, distorting the searches GFT saw. On the interpretation side, GFT’s “flu-less” engineers initially let GFT take the data at face value; almost any search term was treated as a potential flu indicator. With millions of search terms, GFT was practically guaranteed to over-interpret seasonal words like “snow” as evidence of flu. On the other hand Jeffrey Shaman (Columbia University) outperformed the flu predictions of both the CDC and GFT by using the former to compensate for the skew of the latter. Shaman tested the model against actual flu activity that had already occurred during the season. By taking the immediate past context into consideration, they fine-tuned their mathematical model to better predict the future. Use BPA?

Multi-disciplinarity in Autonomy and Algorithms - Vendors of the Digital Twin Economy

AGENTS

PROFESSIONAL	PERSONAL	OS INTERFACES	AIR	GROUND	SEA	INDUSTRIAL

ENTERPRISE

SECURITY / FRAUD	HR / RECRUITING	SALES	MARKETING	CUSTOMER SUPPORT	INTERNAL INTEL	MARKET INTEL

PLATFORMS

RESEARCH / AGI	FULL STACK	MACHINE LEARNING	INDUSTRIAL IOT	AUDIO	VISION	DATA ENRICHMENT

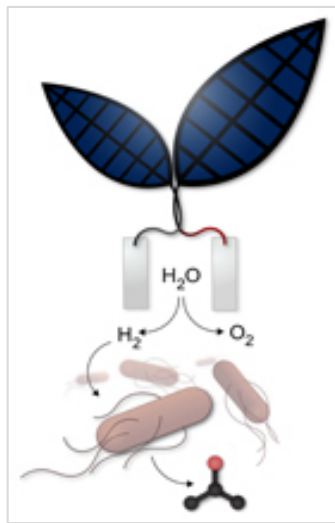
INDUSTRIES

ADTECH	AGRICULTURE	FOR GOOD	RETAIL FINANCE	LEGAL	MATERIALS & MFG	HEALTHCARE

INDUSTRIES (CONT'D)

EDUCATION	TRANSPORT & LOGISTICS	INVESTMENT FINANCE	DATA SCIENCE	MACHINE LEARNING	OPEN SOURCE

Is this possible?



Bohr,
to Pauli and Heisenberg



“We are all agreed that your theory is crazy. The question that divides us is whether it is crazy enough to have a chance of being correct.”

All Advantages Are Temporary

www.bbc.com/autos/story/20160421-from-china-a-shot-across-teslas-bow



<http://technode.com/2015/09/07/four-hi-tech-car-concepts-from-chinese-tech-companies-youll-see-within-a-year/>

Marketing



AIDA Marketing Funnel (1896) by Elias St. Elmo Lewis (Mar 23, 1872 - Mar 18, 1948)



FUNNEL VISION



[3] Monetization

Monetization

Multi-disciplinary convergence

SCM Data Collaboration (<http://bit.ly/SCM-DATA-SHARING>)

Economic History of GPT (<http://bit.ly/PAUL-DAVID-GPT>)

Information Asymmetry (Akerlof, Spence, Stiglitz)

The Nature of the Firm (Ronald Coase)

Role of Technology (Robert Solow)

(The Actual) Metcalfe's Law

Trust in Social Networks

Systems Science

Graph Theory

Platforms

Analytics

SCM Data Collaboration (<http://bit.ly/SCM-DATA-SHARING>)

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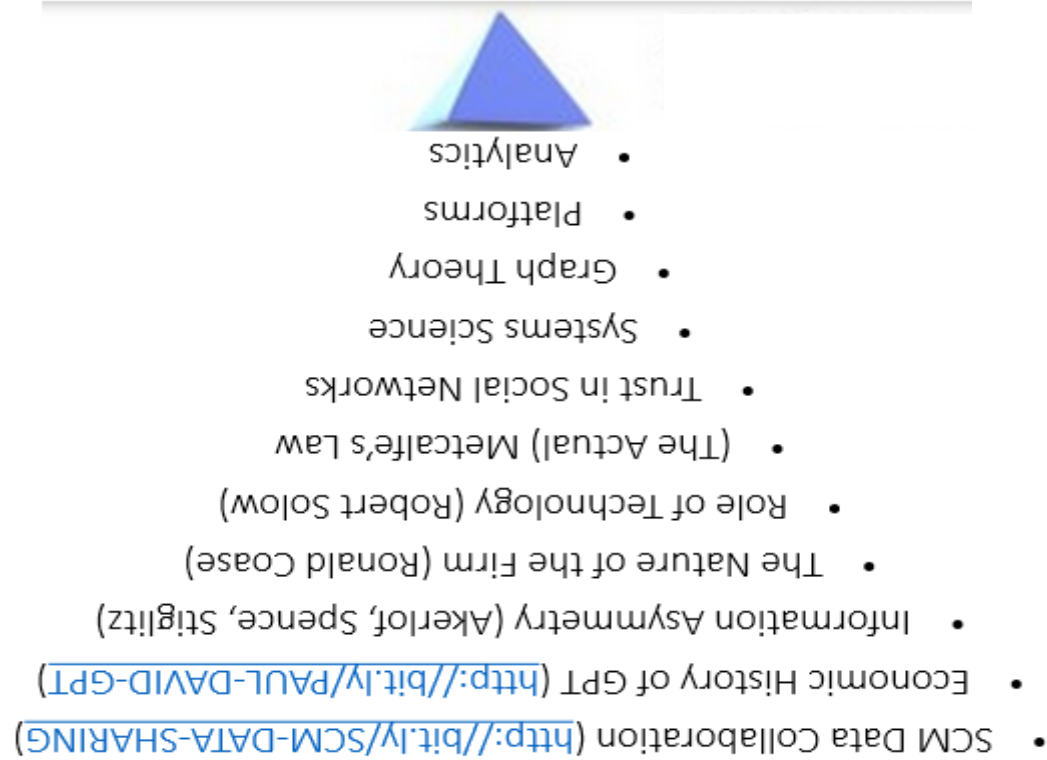
Trust in Social Networks

Systems Science

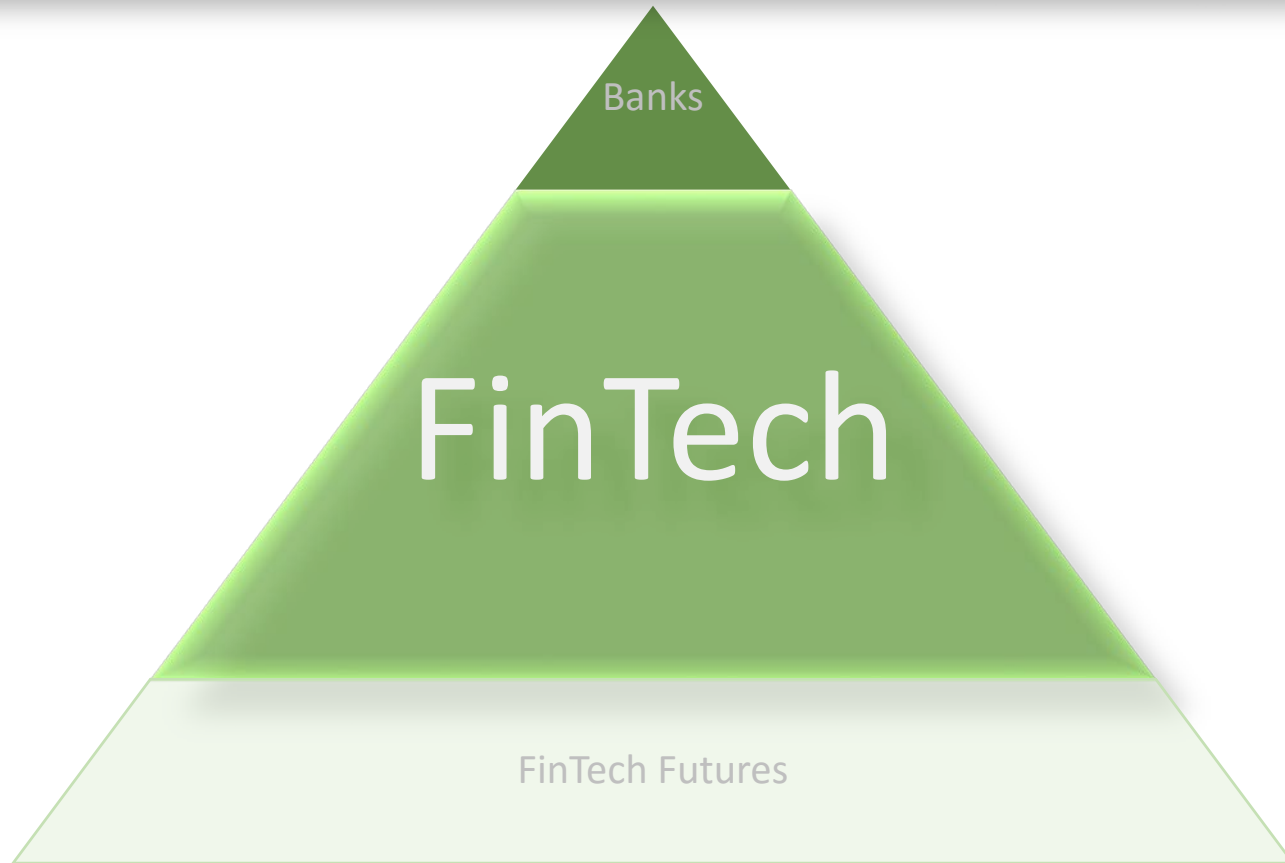
Graph Theory

Platforms

Analytics

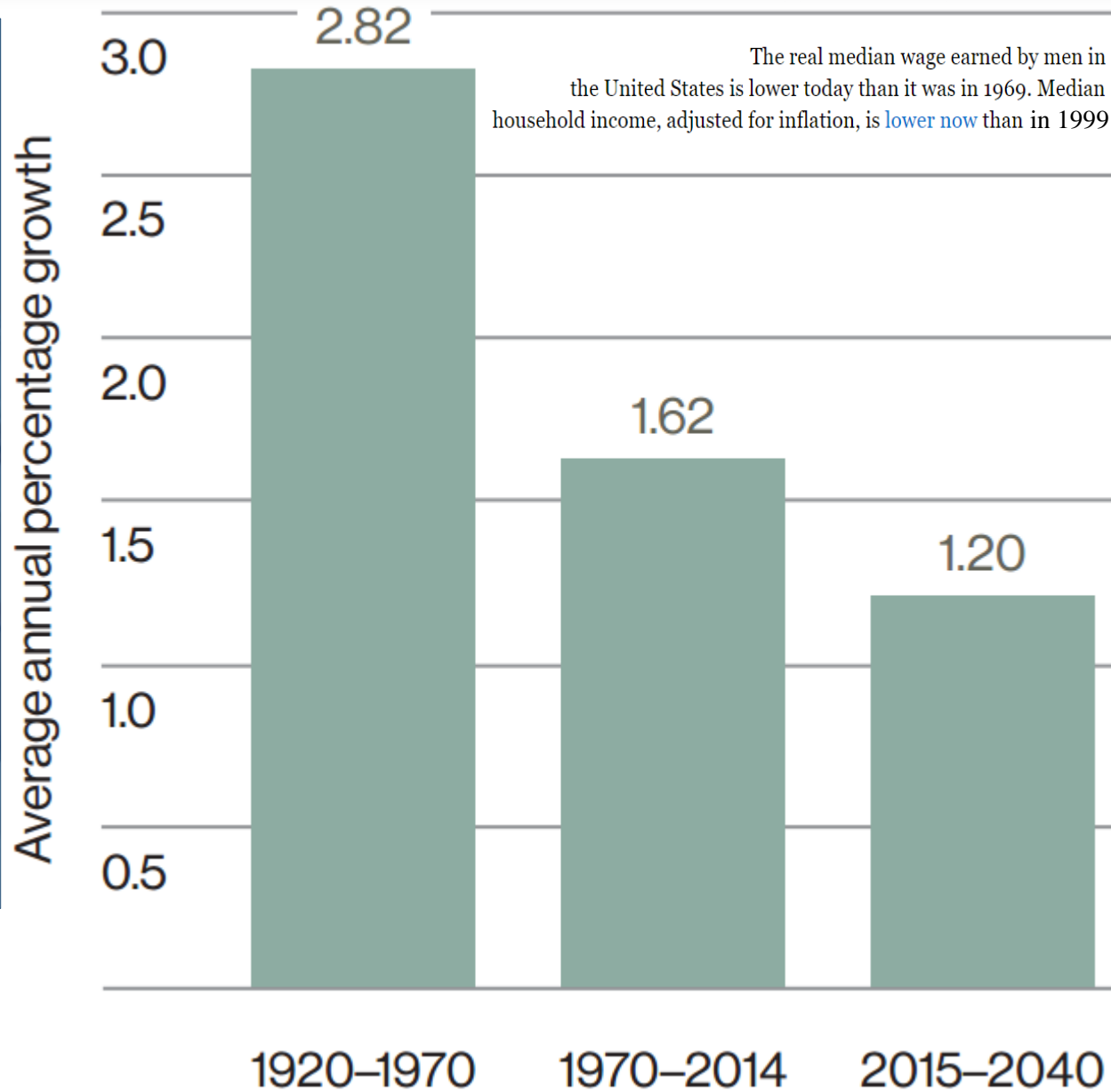
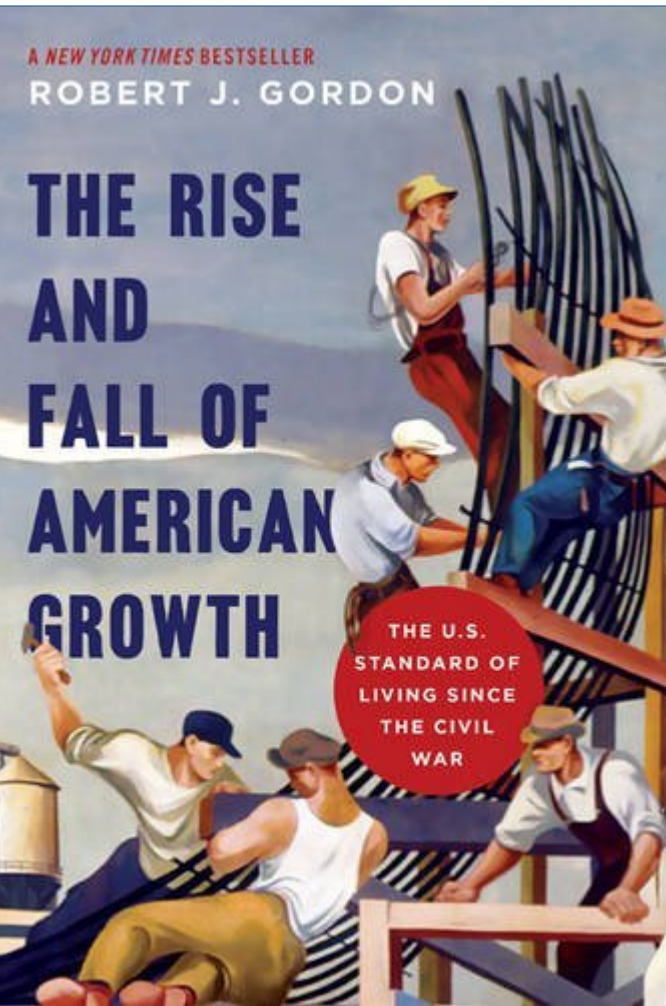


MONETIZATION



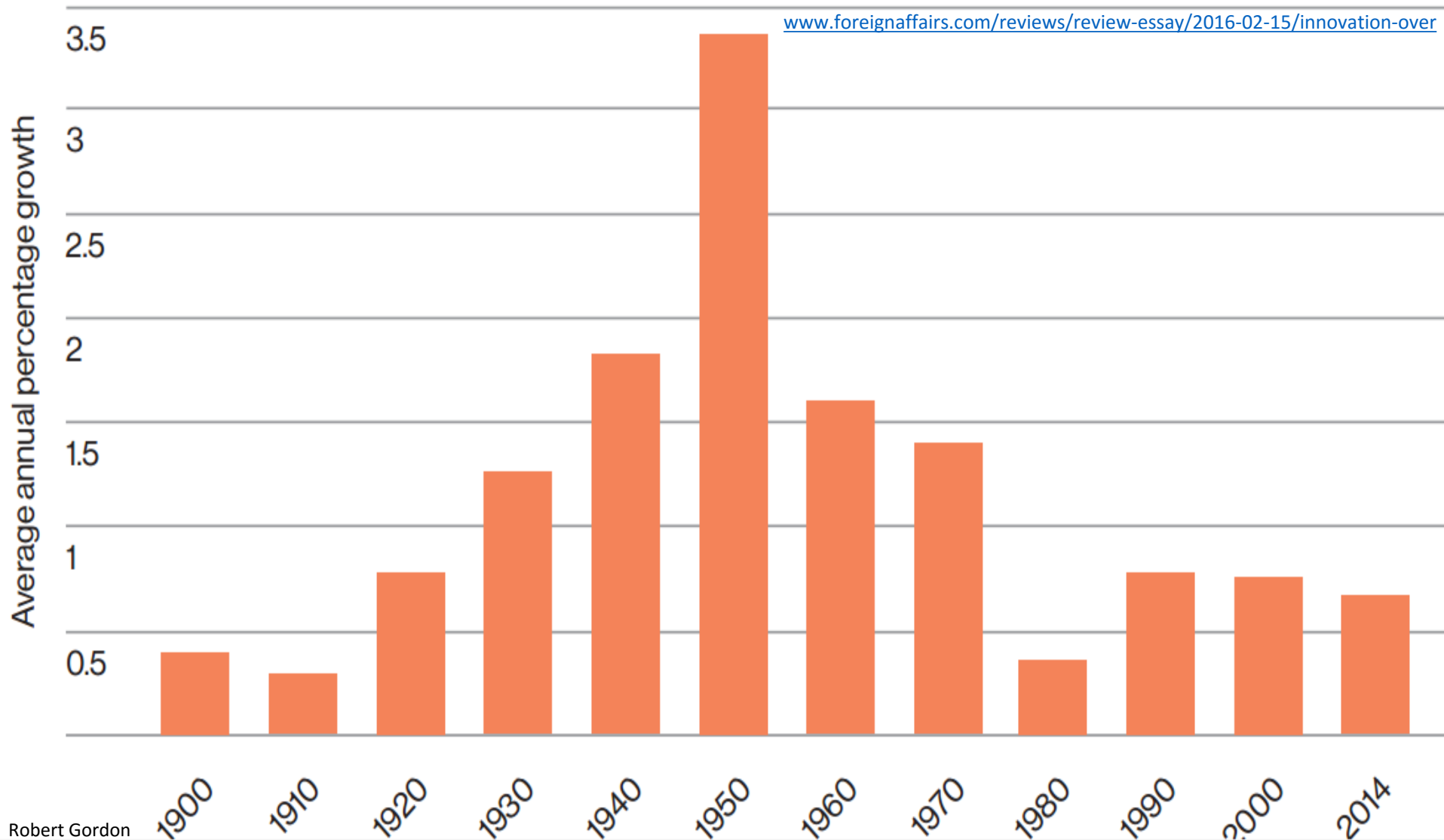
Alipay (Ant Financial) has >400 million users, about 100 million transactions per day (70% share of the Chinese payments market). Ant Financial also owns Yu'eobao, money-market fund with 200 million users and managed nearly \$100 billion in assets (2014). Now add Huawei to Alibaba!
<http://hweblog.com/the-age-banking-revolution> • www.statista.com/statistics/478527/paypal-mobile-tpv-share-quarter/ • Don't forget India.

Is productivity a suitable indicator of progress?



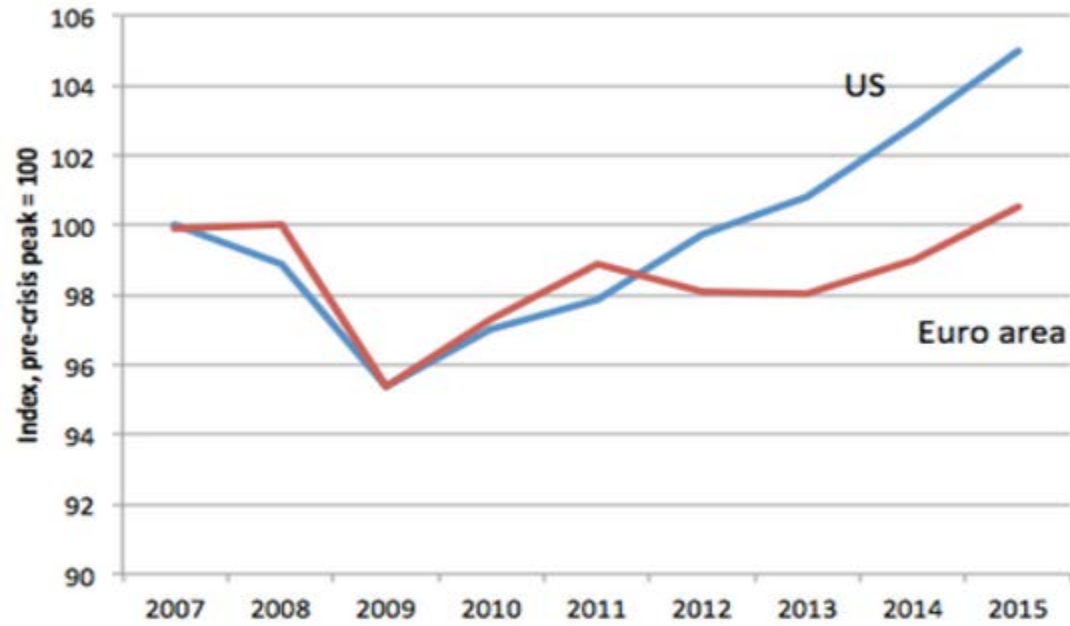
US incomes shrank between 1972 and 2013

Each bar shows a 10-year average prior to the year shown (2014 bar is for 2001–2014).

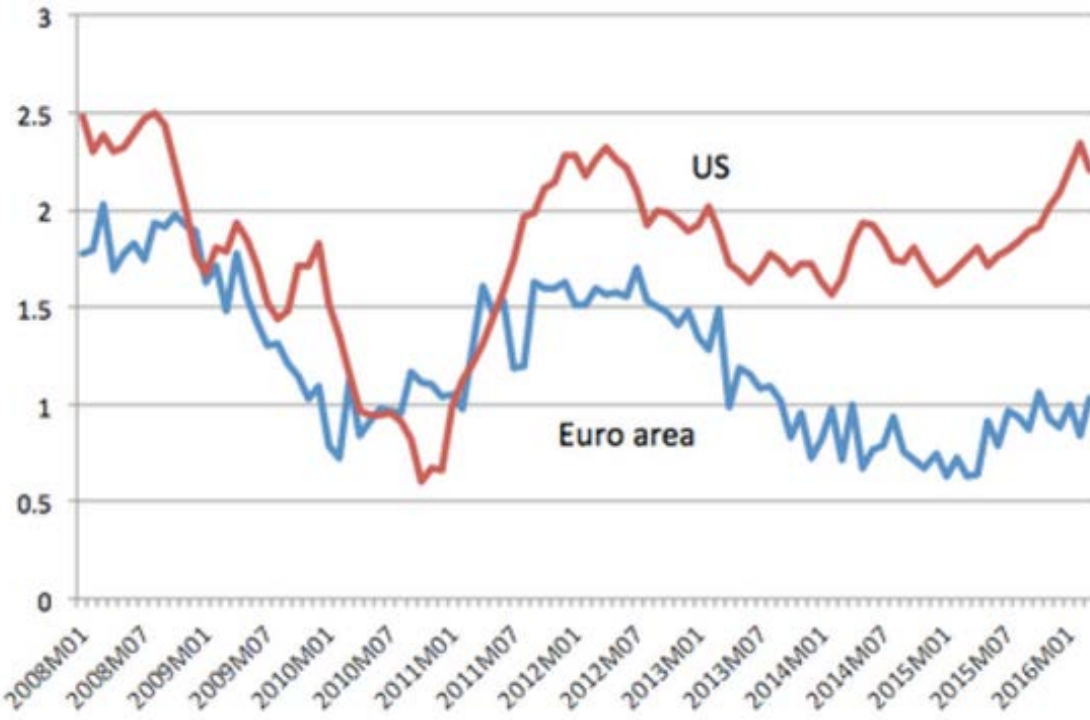


EU vs US

Real GDP per working-age adult

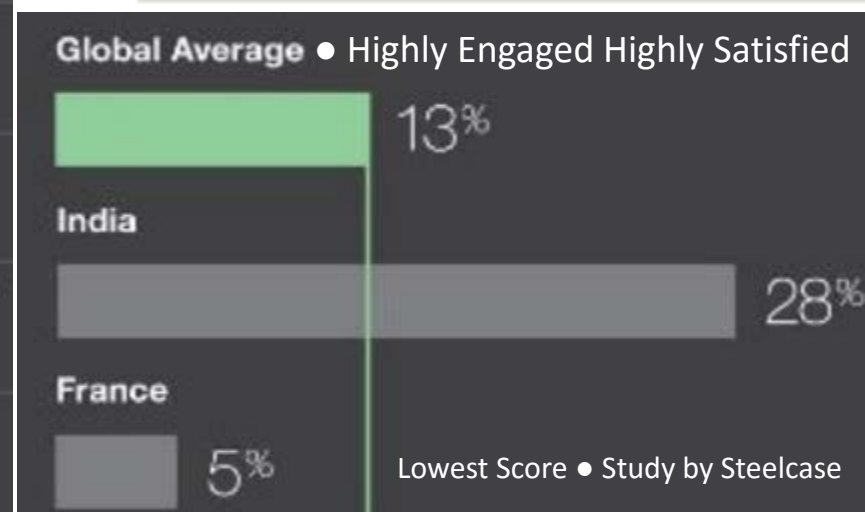
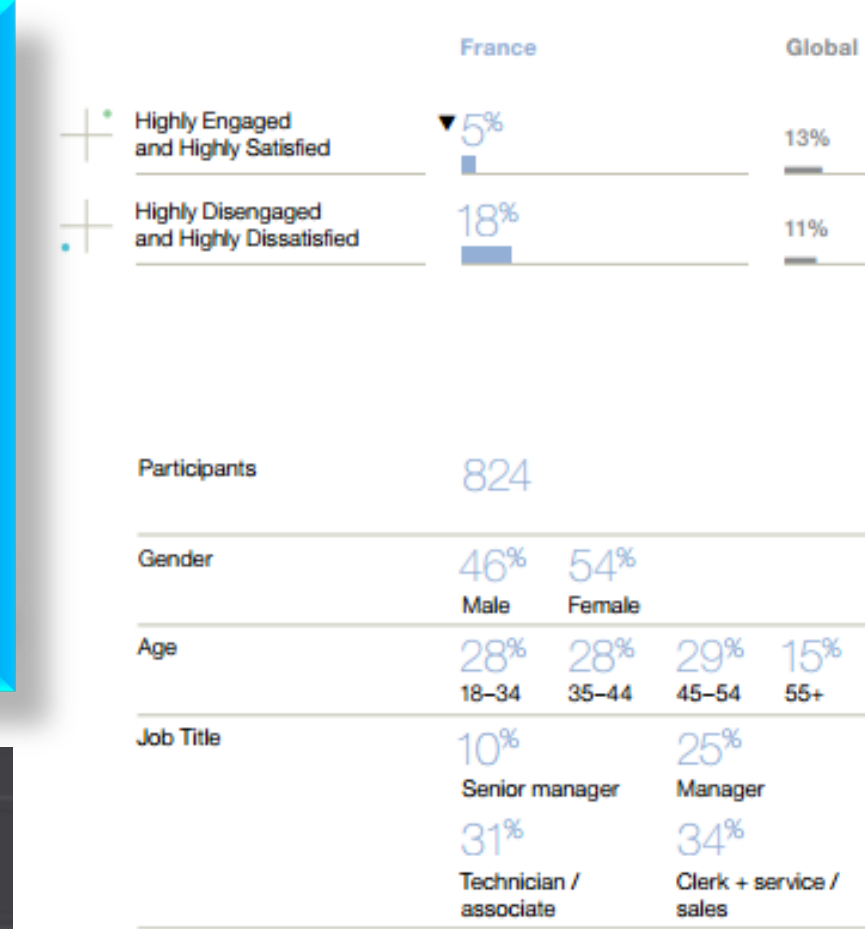
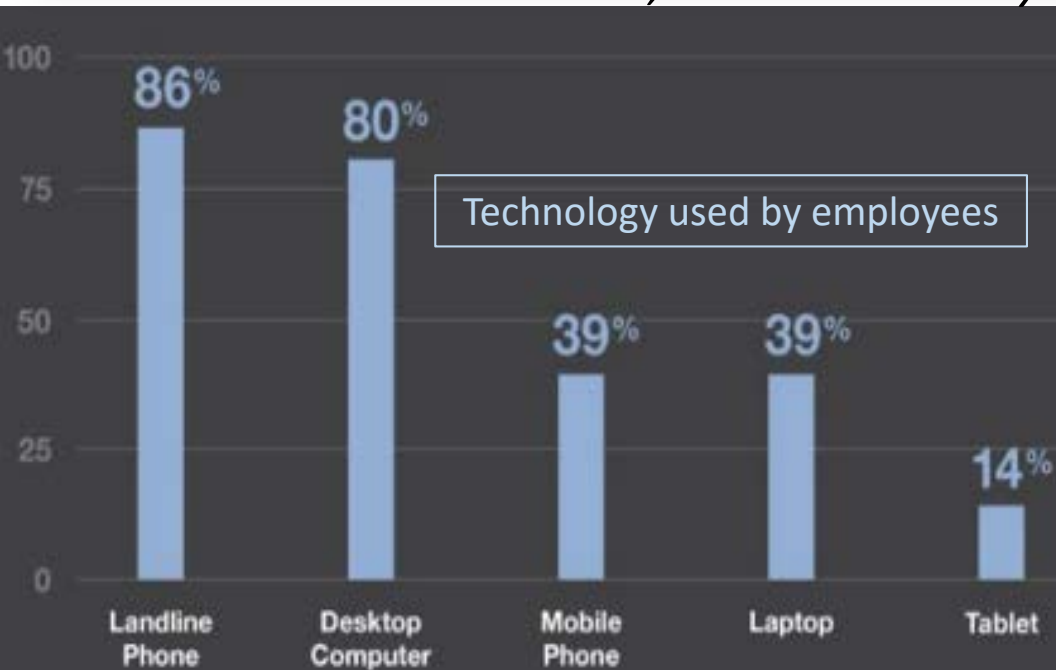


Core inflation

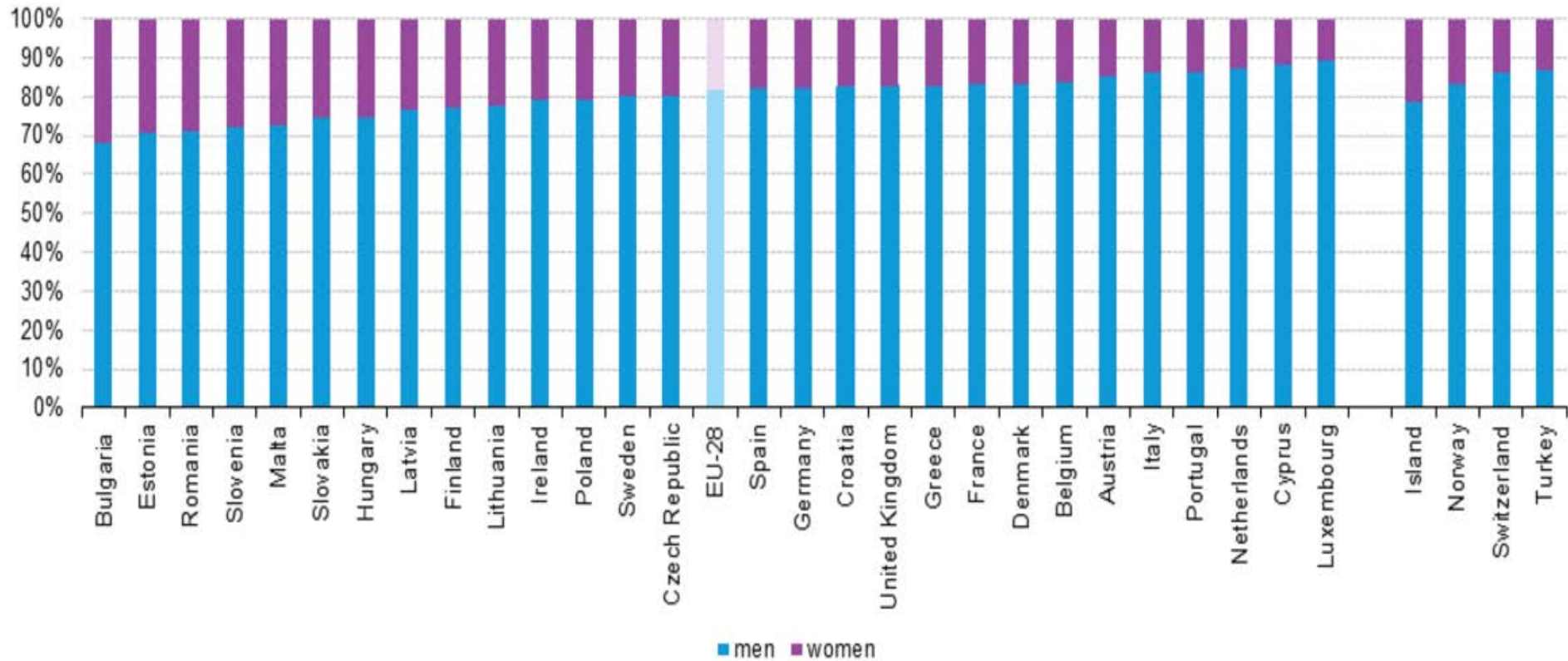


Deep Divisive Denominators

A wide chasm between ideas, vision and reality.



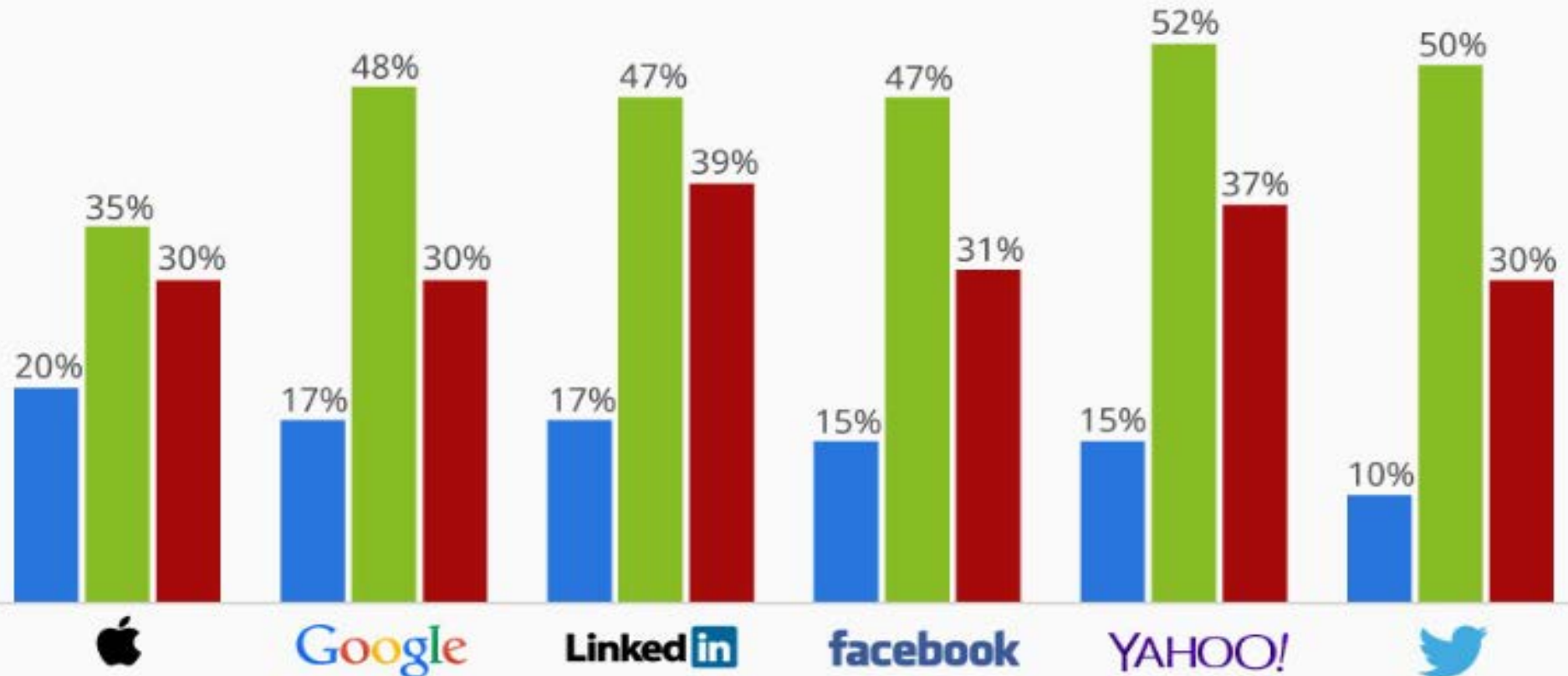
Gender of ICT Experts



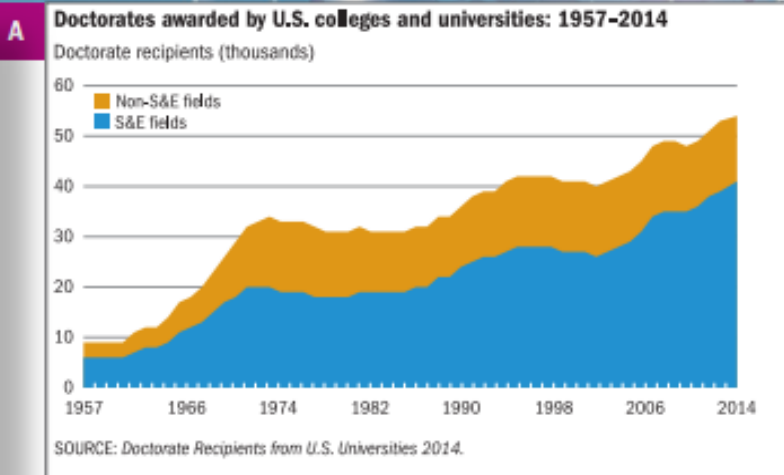
TWO.MEN = WOMEN

■ Tech Jobs ■ Non-Tech Jobs ■ Total Workforce

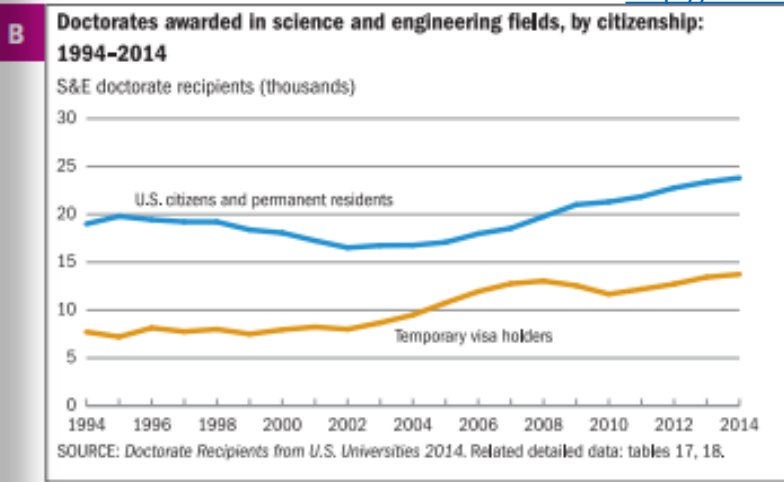
Percent of female employees in prominent information technology companies in the US



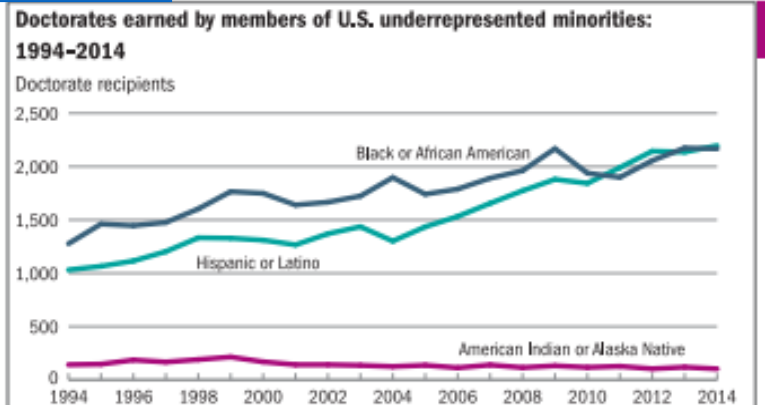
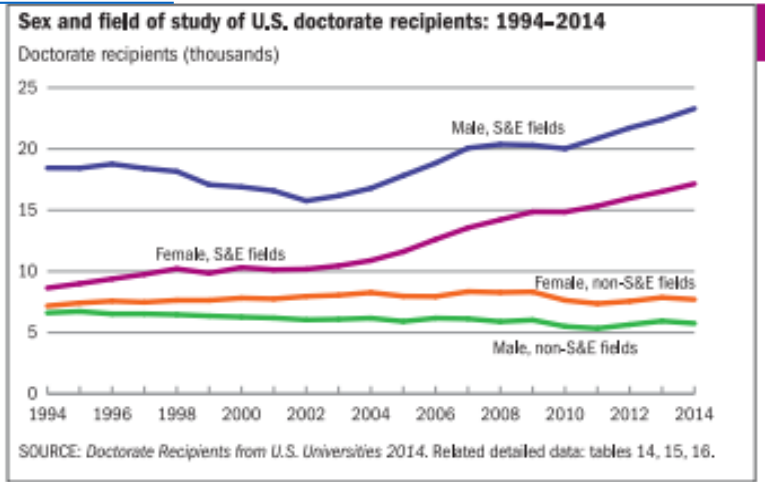
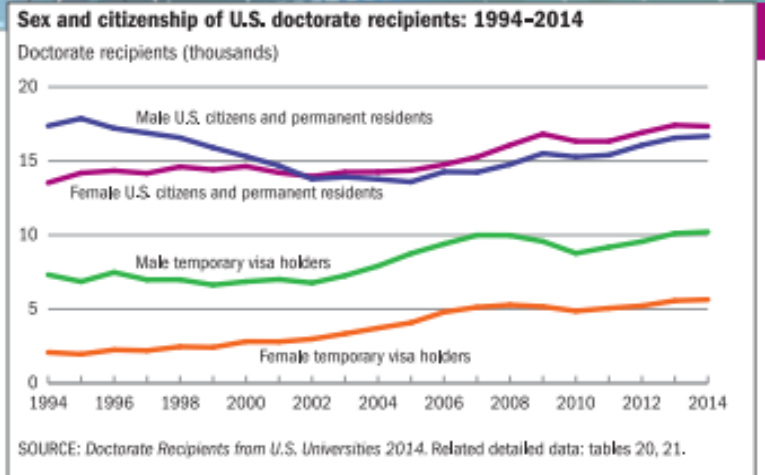
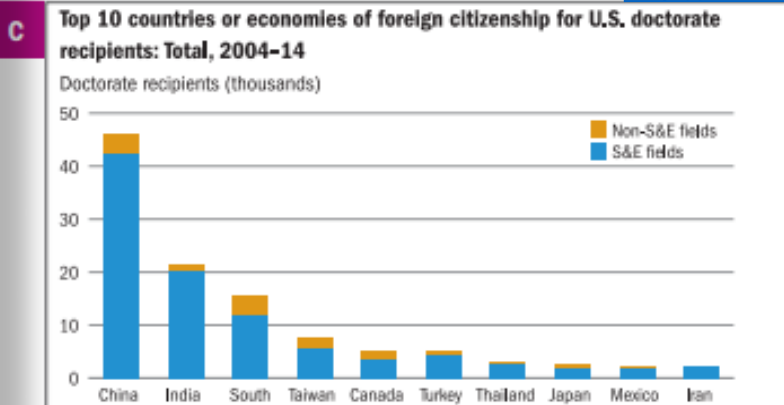
NUMERATOR



<http://bit.do/NSF-2014-DOC>

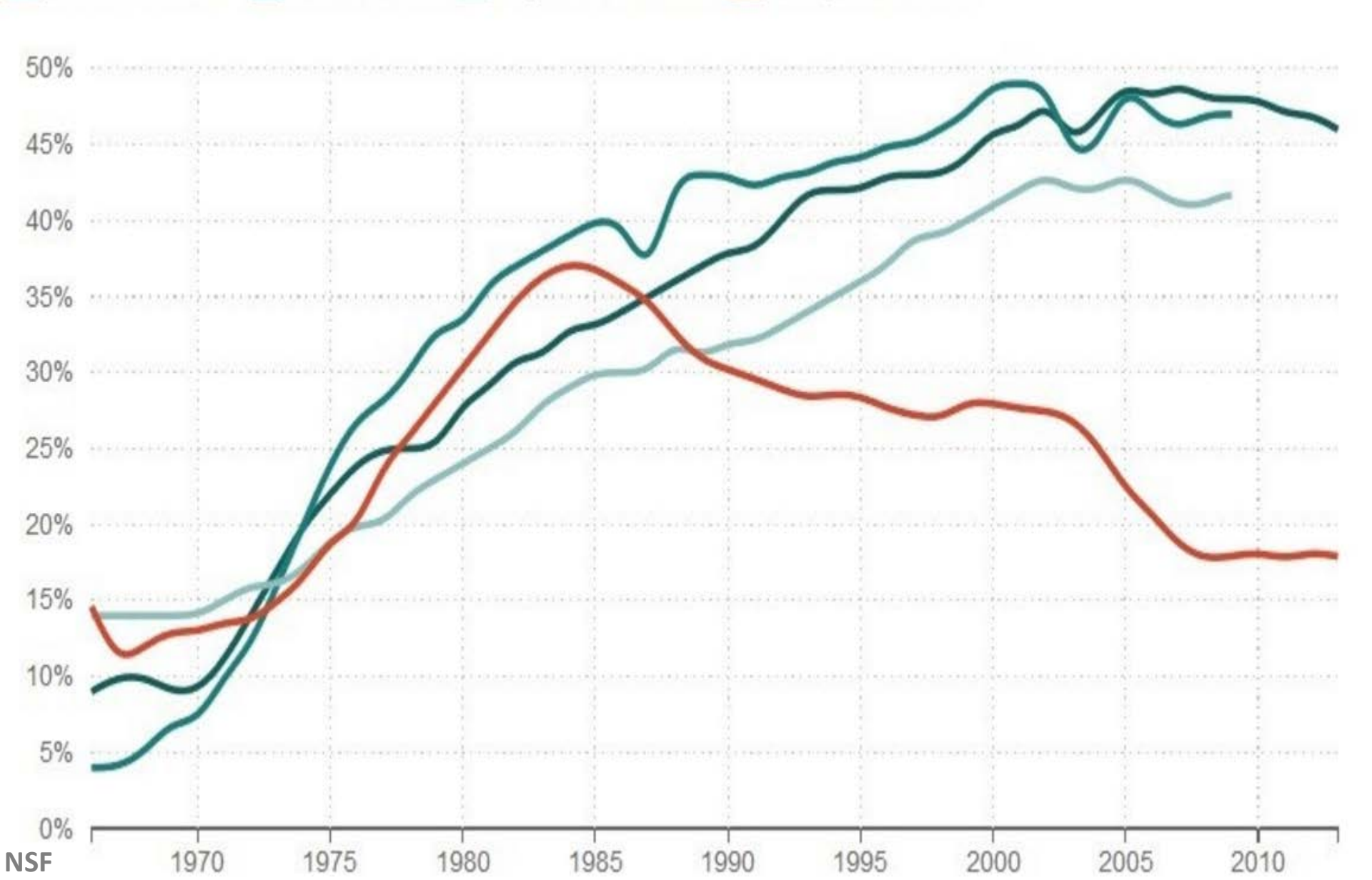


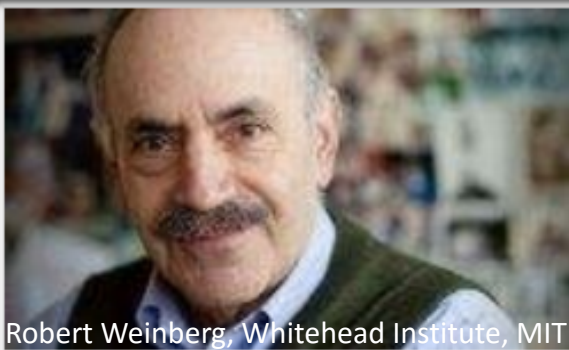
<http://bit.do/NSF-2014-DOC>



Is this the impact of math-phobia spread by female teachers in US elementary schools?

Medical School Law School Physical Sciences Computer science **Majors chosen by Women**





Cancer Pioneer Laments 'Marginalization' of Basic Research

medpagetoday.com • Is the bench forgotten?

Like • Comment • Share • 1



Shoumen Datta Pandering to the hype of the "app" generation, even the august institutions are being converted to proselytizing agencies and marketing machines evangelizing that you can download an app to cure cancer from Google Play only if we fish out the "disruptive" data from the "big data lake" (Loch Ness). [show less](#)

WeChat Transforms China's School Days

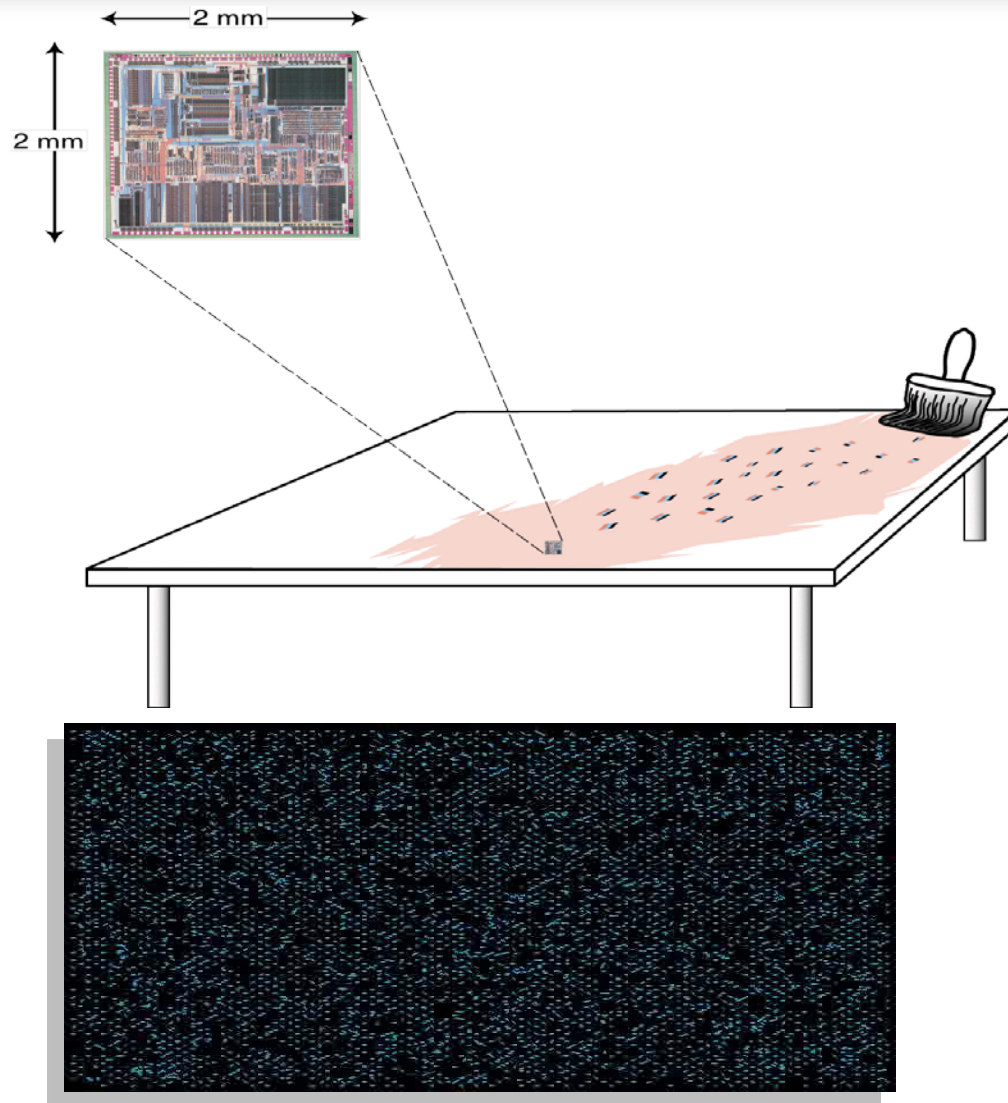
How teachers, parents, and students in some schools in China are using the messaging app to perpetuate round-the-clock pressure.

On a recent Thursday evening, Zhang Zehao, a seventh grader in Tianjin, China, braced himself for extra math assignments posted by his teacher on WeChat, a messaging app. At 7 P.M., his mother received a picture on her phone: a piece of paper with three handwritten geometry problems concerning parallel lines. He

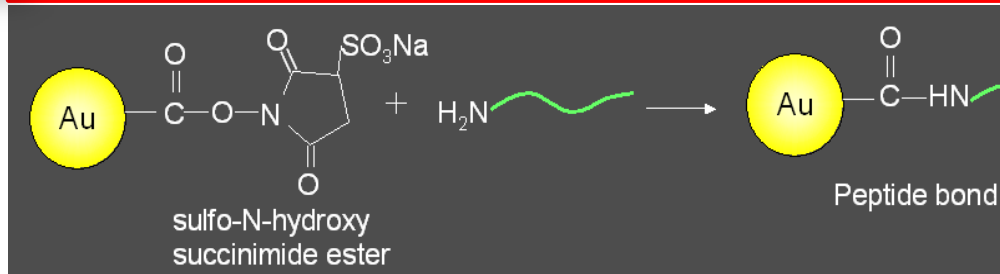
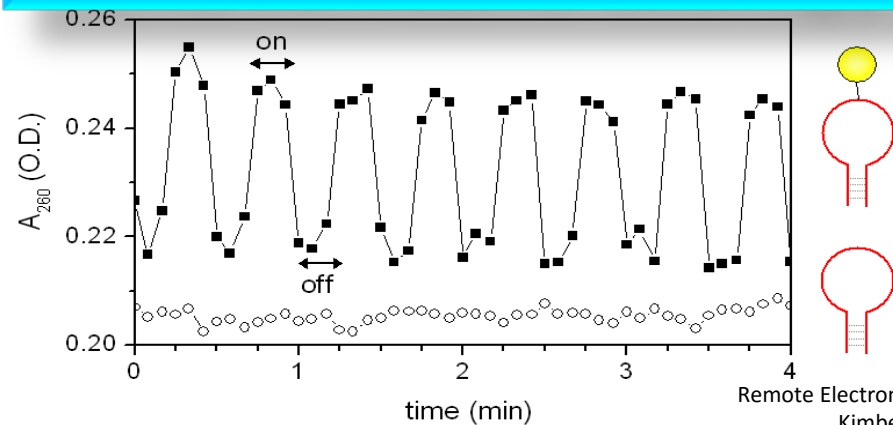
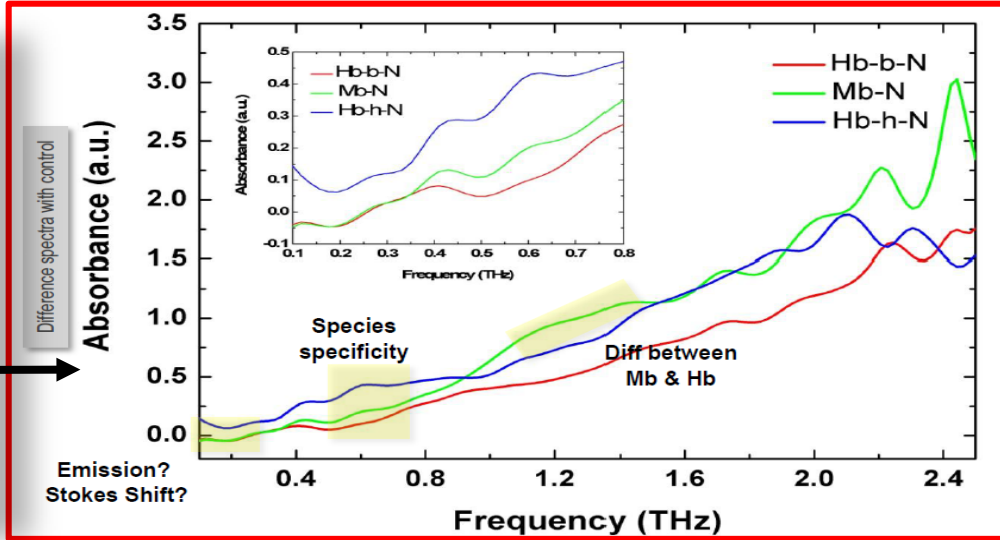


L/ Gulbin checks WeChat to see what his math homework assignments are.

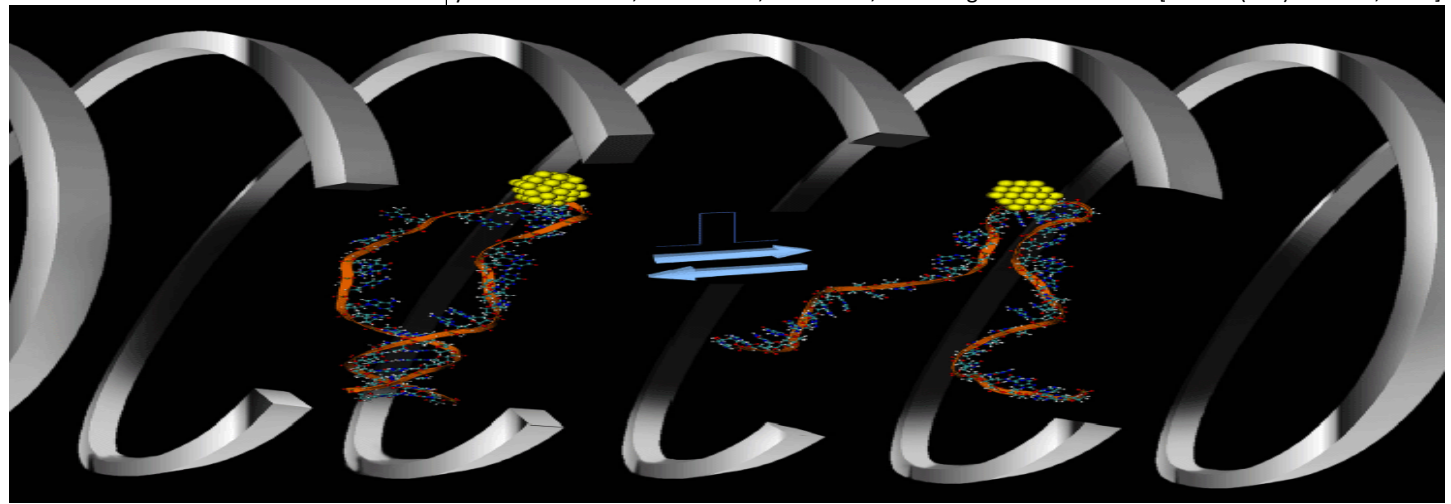
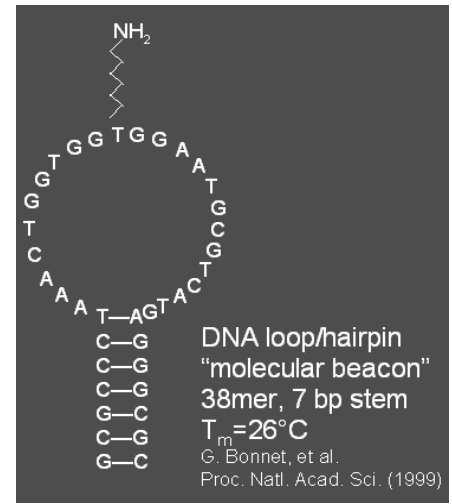
Can we paint a self-organizing computing surface agnostic of material?



Convergence (?) of TeraHertz Medicine (proteins are radios) and RF Nano Biology



Remote Electronic Control of DNA Hybridization Through Inductive Coupling to an Attached Metal Nanocrystal Antenna
 Kimberly Hamad-Schifferli, J J Schwartz, A T Santos, S G Zhang and J M Jacobson [Nature (415) 152-155, 2002]



“Did not entail being right all the time.
It was rather to dare, to propose new
ideas, and then to verify them and to
know how to admit errors.”

Professor Pierre-Gilles de Gennes^{*} (1932-2007)
after receiving the 1991 Nobel Prize for Physics

In Praise of Imperfection



Gerald Santucci

Head of Unit "Knowledge Sharing" at European Commission

Dear Shoumen,

Thank you so much! This is the BEST report I ever read on the IoT, Industrial Internet, whatever it's called. I like the evidence-based analysis, the notion of "impotence" of II without data and data analytics, the description of II around the dimensions of Technology, Strategy and Organisation (with an emphasis on culture change), the detailed analysis and predictions about application fields, etc. So well done!

To explore the collection of ideas – REVIEW IOT <http://bit.ly/MIT-IOT>

I hope I didn't bore you to sleep ...



Thank you



Shoumen Datta